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# Bayesian Networks and Inference

### Today:

- Bayesian Networks
- How do we perform exact inference on Bayesian Networks?
- How do we reason about independence in Bayesian Networks?

# Review

Marginal Distribution
$$P(X) P(Y)$$

Independence  

$$P(X,Y) = P(X)P(Y)$$
  
 $X \perp Y \qquad P(X) = P(X|Y)$ 

Conditional Indep
$$P(X,Y|Z) = P(X|Z) P(Y|Z)$$

$$XLY|Z$$

$$P(X|Z) = P(X|Y,Z)$$

Binary Random Variables  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$ How many independent parameters to specify joint distribution?

Xı	Xz	X3	P(X,,X,X,3)
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Binary Random Variables  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$ How many independent parameters to specify joint distribution?

7

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How many independent parameters to specify joint distribution?

For n binary R.V.s,  $2^n - 1$  independent parameters specify the joint distribution.

Binary Random Variables  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$ 

How many independent parameters to specify joint distribution?

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For n binary R.V.s,  $2^n - 1$  independent parameters specify the joint distribution.

In general

$$\prod_{i=1}^n |\mathrm{support}(X_i)| - 1$$

Binary Random Variables  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$ 

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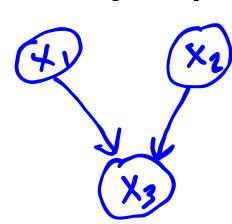
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Binary Random Variables  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$ 

How many independent parameters to specify joint distribution?

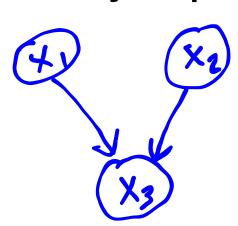
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In general

$$\prod_{i=1}^n |\mathrm{support}(X_i)| - 1$$





- Node:
- Edges encode:

Binary Random Variables  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$ 

How many independent parameters to specify joint distribution?

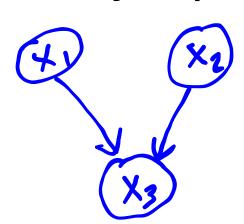
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For n binary R.V.s,  $2^n - 1$  independent parameters specify the joint distribution.

In general

$$\prod_{i=1}^n |\mathrm{support}(X_i)| - 1$$





- Node: Random Variable
- Edges encode:

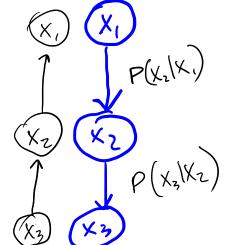
Binary Random Variables  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$ 

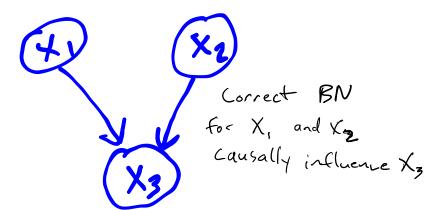
How many independent parameters to specify joint distribution?

For n binary R.V.s,  $2^n - 1$  independent parameters specify the joint distribution.

In general

$$\prod_{i=1}^n |\mathrm{support}(X_i)| - 1$$



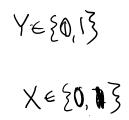


- Node: Random Variable

Correct BN • Edges encode: Chair for X, and X2 Causally influence 
$$X_3$$
 •  $P(X_{1:n}) = \prod_{i=1}^n P(X_i \mid \operatorname{pa}(X_i))$ 

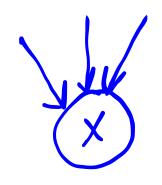
Joint parents

# **Counting Parameters**



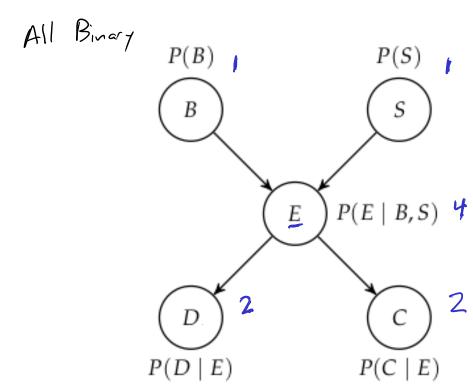
For discrete R.V.s:

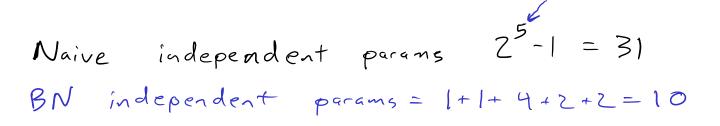
# **Counting Parameters**



For discrete R.V.s:

$$\dim( heta_X) = (|\mathrm{support}(X)| - 1) \prod_{Y \in Pa(X)} |\mathrm{support}(Y)|$$





Inputs

### **Inputs**

• Bayesian network structure

### **Inputs**

- Bayesian network structure
- Bayesian network parameters

### **Inputs**

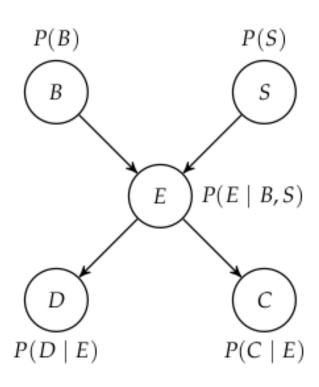
- Bayesian network structure
- Bayesian network parameters
- Values of evidence variables

### **Inputs**

- Bayesian network structure
- Bayesian network parameters
- Values of evidence variables

### **Outputs**

Posterior distribution of query variables



B battery failure
S solar panel failure
E electrical system failure
D trajectory deviation
C communication loss

### **Inputs**

- Bayesian network structure
- Bayesian network parameters
- Values of evidence variables

### **Outputs**

Posterior distribution of query variables

# P(B) P(S) S E $P(E \mid B, S)$ C

 $P(C \mid E)$ 

B battery failure
S solar panel failure
E electrical system failure
D trajectory deviation
C communication loss

 $P(D \mid E)$ 

# Inference

### **Inputs**

- Bayesian network structure
- Bayesian network parameters
- Values of evidence variables

### **Outputs**

Posterior distribution of query variables

Given that you have detected a trajectory deviation, and the battery has not failed what is the probability of a solar panel failure?

# P(B) P(S) E $P(E \mid B, S)$ $P(C \mid E)$

B battery failure
S solar panel failure
E electrical system failure
D trajectory deviation
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# Inference

### **Inputs**

- Bayesian network structure
- Bayesian network parameters
- Values of evidence variables

### **Outputs**

Posterior distribution of query variables

Given that you have detected a trajectory deviation, and the battery has not failed what is the probability of a solar panel failure?

$$P(S = 1 \mid D = 1, B = 0)$$

# P(B) P(S) E $P(E \mid B, S)$ $P(C \mid E)$

B battery failure
S solar panel failure
E electrical system failure
D trajectory deviation
C communication loss

# Inference

### **Inputs**

- Bayesian network structure
- Bayesian network parameters
- Values of evidence variables

### **Outputs**

Posterior distribution of query variables

Given that you have detected a trajectory deviation, and the battery has not failed what is the probability of a solar panel failure?

$$P(S = 1 \mid D = 1, B = 0)$$

Exact

# P(B) P(S) E $P(E \mid B, S)$ $P(C \mid E)$

B battery failure
S solar panel failure
E electrical system failure
D trajectory deviation
C communication loss

# Inference

### **Inputs**

- Bayesian network structure
- Bayesian network parameters
- Values of evidence variables

### **Outputs**

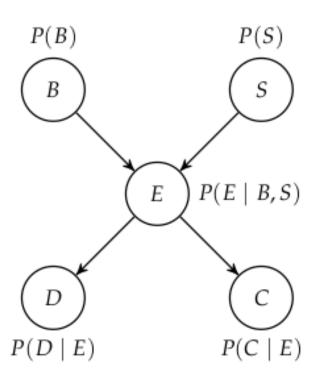
Posterior distribution of query variables

Given that you have detected a trajectory deviation, and the battery has not failed what is the probability of a solar panel failure?

$$P(S = 1 \mid D = 1, B = 0)$$

Exact

Approximate

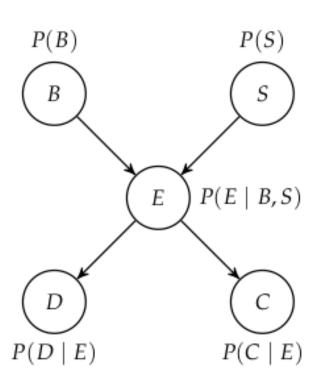


 ${\it B}$  battery failure

S solar panel failure

E electrical system failure

D trajectory deviation



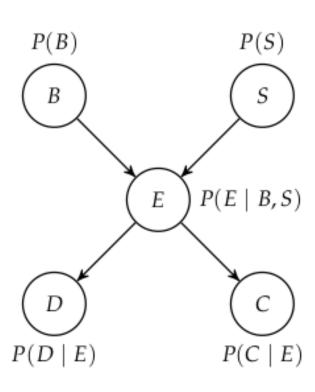
$$P(S=1 \mid D=1, B=0)$$

B battery failure

S solar panel failure

E electrical system failure

D trajectory deviation



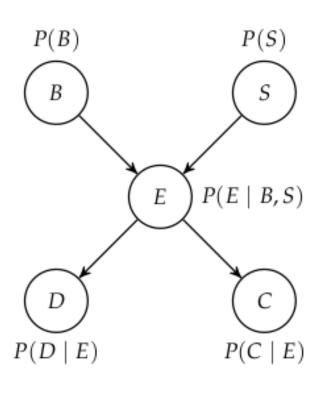
$$P(S=1 \mid D=1, B=0) = \frac{P(S=1, D=1, B=0)}{P(D=1, B=0)}$$

B battery failure

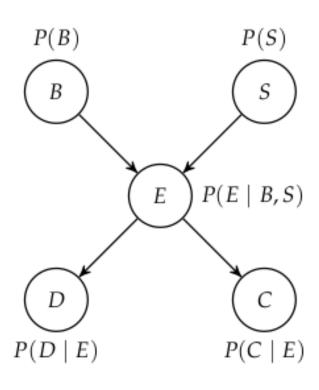
S solar panel failure

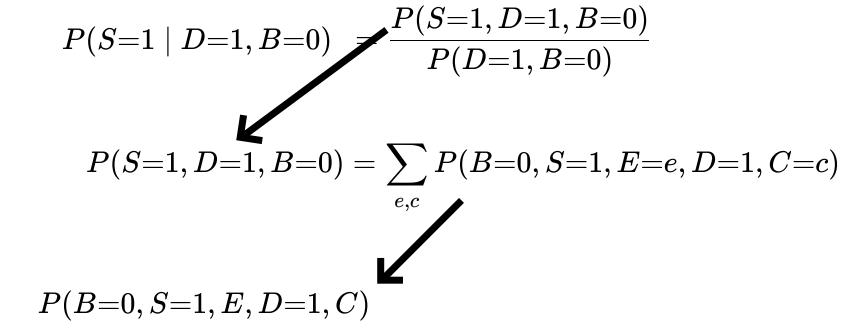
E electrical system failure

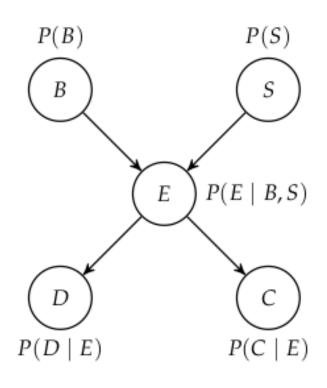
D trajectory deviation

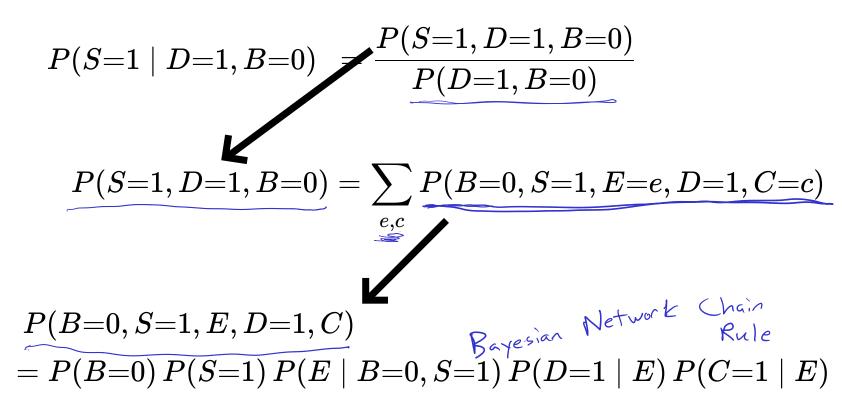


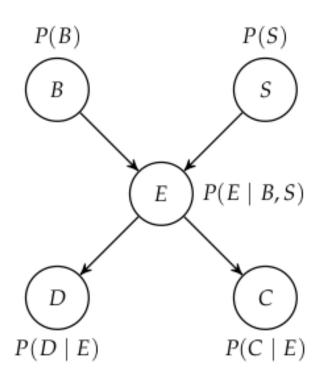
 $P(S=1 \mid D=1, B=0)$  P(S=1, D=1, B=0) P(D=1, B=0) P(S=1, D=1, B=0)  $P(S=1, D=1, B=0) = \sum_{e,c} P(B=0, S=1, E=e, D=1, C=c)$ 









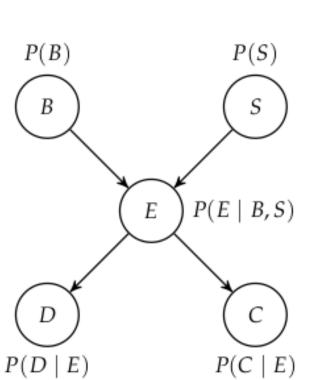


 ${\it B}$  battery failure

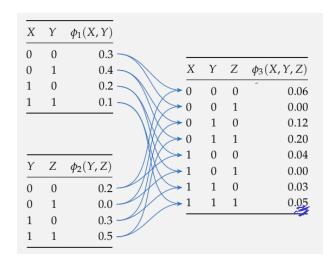
S solar panel failure

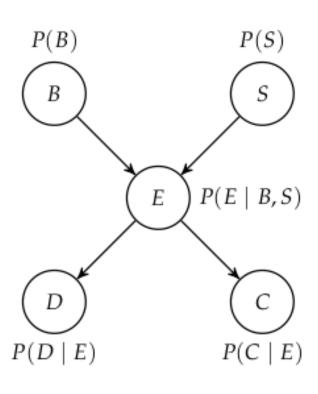
E electrical system failure

D trajectory deviation

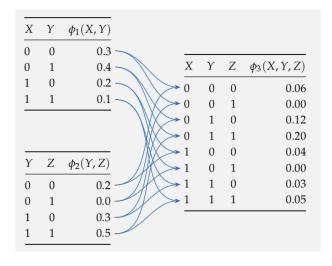


 $\phi_{3}(X,Y,Z) = \phi_{1}(X,Y)\phi_{2}(Y,Z)$ Product

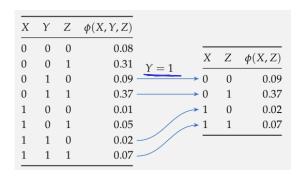




### **Product**



### Condition

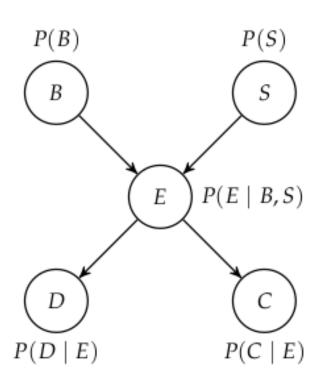


B battery failure

S solar panel failure

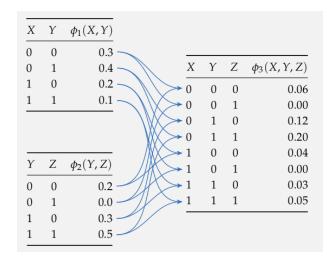
E electrical system failure

D trajectory deviation

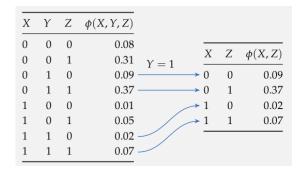


B battery failure
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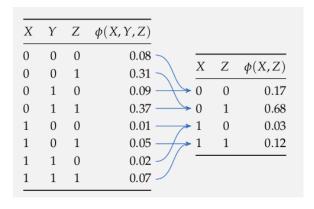
### **Product**



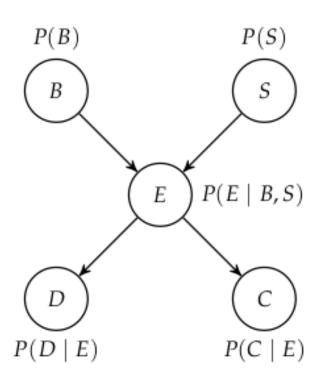
### Condition



### Marginalize

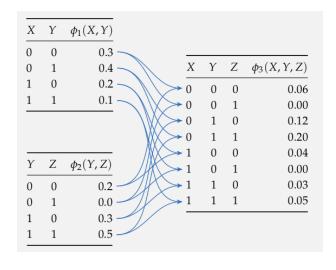


#### **Exact Inference**

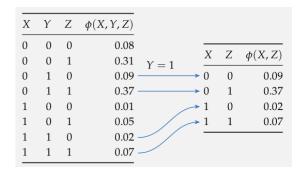


B battery failure
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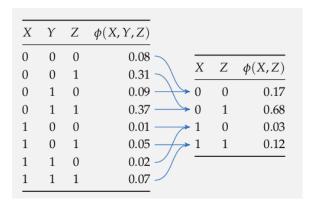
#### **Product**

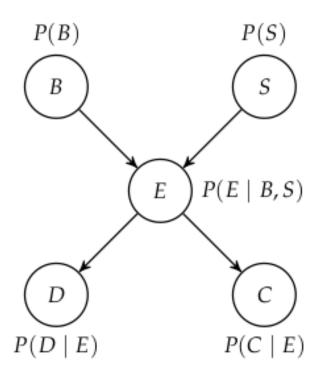


#### Condition



#### Marginalize



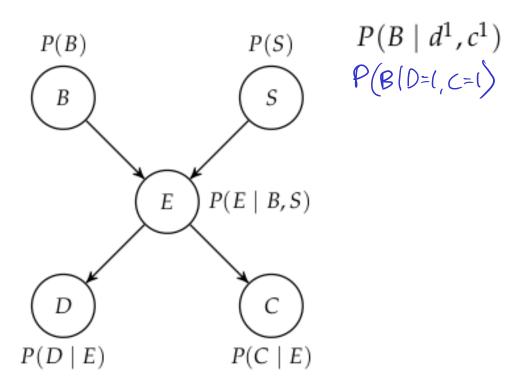


B battery failure

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D trajectory deviation

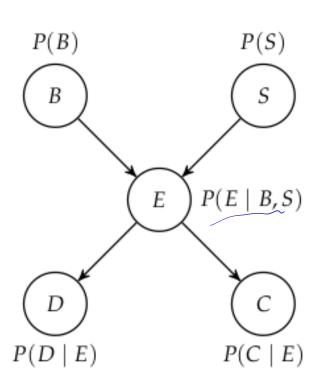


B battery failure

S solar panel failure

E electrical system failure

D trajectory deviation



 $P(B \mid d^1, c^1)$ 

Start with

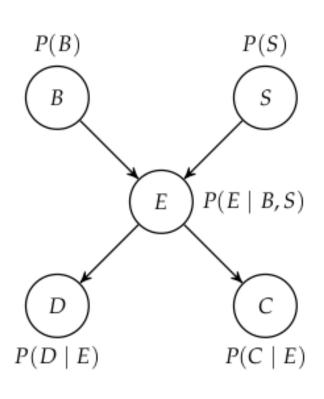
 $\phi_1(B), \phi_2(S), \phi_3(E, B, S), \phi_4(D, E), \phi_5(C, E)$ 

B battery failure

S solar panel failure

E electrical system failure

D trajectory deviation



 $P(B \mid d^1, c^1)$ 

Start with  $\phi_1(B), \phi_2(S), \phi_3(E,B,S), \phi_4(D,E), \phi_5(C,E)$ 

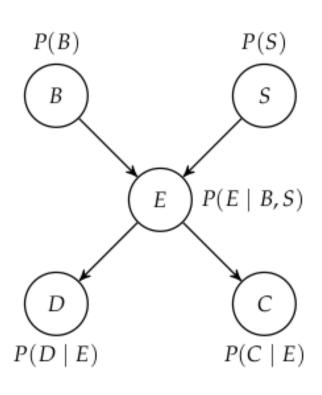
Eliminate D and C (evidence) to get  $\phi_6(E)$  and  $\phi_7(E)$ 

B battery failure

S solar panel failure

E electrical system failure

D trajectory deviation



 $P(B \mid d^1, c^1)$ 

Start with

$$\phi_1(B), \phi_2(S), \phi_3(E, B, S), \phi_4(D, E), \phi_5(C, E)$$

Eliminate D and C (evidence) to get  $\phi_6(E)$  and  $\phi_7(E)$ 

Eliminate *E* 

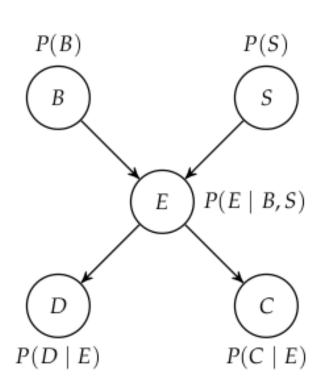
$$\phi_8(B,S) = \sum_e \phi_3(e,B,S) \phi_6(e) \phi_7(e)$$

D trajectory deviation C communication loss

S solar panel failure

E electrical system failure

*B* battery failure



 $P(B \mid d^1, c^1)$ 

Start with

$$\phi_1(B), \phi_2(S), \phi_3(E, B, S), \phi_4(D, E), \phi_5(C, E)$$

Eliminate D and C (evidence) to get  $\phi_6(E)$  and  $\phi_7(E)$ 

Eliminate *E* 

$$\phi_8(B,S) = \sum_e \phi_3(e,B,S)\phi_6(e)\phi_7(e)$$

Eliminate S

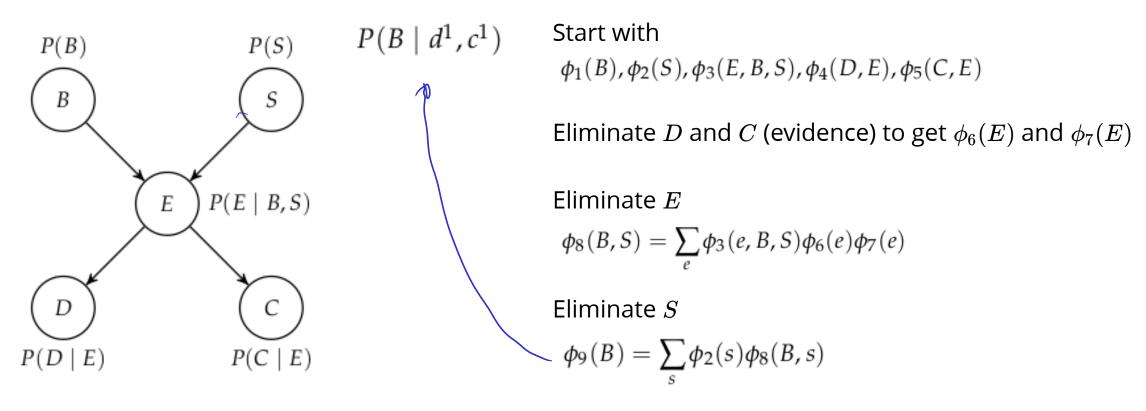
$$\phi_9(B) = \sum_s \phi_2(s) \phi_8(B, s)$$

B battery failure

S solar panel failure

E electrical system failure

D trajectory deviation



B battery failure

S solar panel failure

E electrical system failure

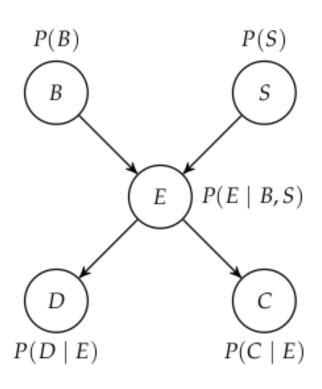
D trajectory deviation

C communication loss

$$P(B \mid d^1, c^1) \propto \phi_1(B) \sum_{s} \left( \phi_2(s) \sum_{e} \left( \phi_3(e \mid B, s) \phi_4(d^1 \mid e) \phi_5(c^1 \mid e) \right) \right)$$

VS

Naive 
$$\longrightarrow$$
  $P(B \mid d^1, c^1) \propto \sum_s \sum_e \phi_1(B) \phi_2(s) \phi_3(e \mid B, s) \phi_4(d^1 \mid e) \phi_5(c^1 \mid e)$ 



 $P(B \mid d^1, c^1)$ 

Start with

$$\phi_1(B), \phi_2(S), \phi_3(E, B, S), \phi_4(D, E), \phi_5(C, E)$$

Eliminate D and C (evidence) to get  $\phi_6(E)$  and  $\phi_7(E)$ 

Eliminate *E* 

$$\phi_8(B,S) = \sum_e \phi_3(e,B,S)\phi_6(e)\phi_7(e)$$

Eliminate S

$$\phi_9(B) = \sum_s \phi_2(s)\phi_8(B,s)$$

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$$P(B \mid d^{1}, c^{1}) \propto \phi_{1}(B) \sum_{s} \left( \phi_{2}(s) \sum_{e} \left( \phi_{3}(e \mid B, s) \phi_{4}(d^{1} \mid e) \phi_{5}(c^{1} \mid e) \right) \right)$$

$$VS$$

$$P(B \mid d^1, c^1) \propto \sum_{s} \sum_{e} \phi_1(B) \phi_2(s) \phi_3(e \mid B, s) \phi_4(d^1 \mid e) \phi_5(c^1 \mid e)$$

Choosing optimal order is NP-hard

### Break

 $X \perp Y \mid Z$ 

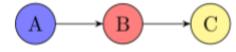
$$X \perp Y \mid Z \implies$$

 $X \perp Y \mid Z \implies \mathsf{All} \; \mathsf{of} \; X \mathsf{'s} \; \mathsf{influence} \; \mathsf{on} \; Y \; \mathsf{comes} \; \mathsf{through} \; Z$ 

$$P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$$

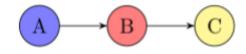
 $X \perp Y \mid Z \implies \mathsf{All} \; \mathsf{of} \; X$ 's influence on Y comes through Z

$$P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$$



 $X \perp Y \mid Z \implies \mathsf{All} \; \mathsf{of} \; X$ 's influence on Y comes through Z

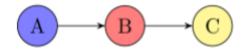
$$P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$$



$$A \perp C \mid B$$
 ?

 $X \perp Y \mid Z \implies \text{All of } X \text{'s influence on } Y \text{ comes through } Z \qquad P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$ 

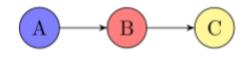
$$P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$$



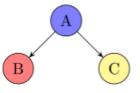
$$A \perp C \mid B$$
 ? Yes

 $X \perp Y \mid Z \implies \mathsf{All} \; \mathsf{of} \; X \mathsf{'s} \; \mathsf{influence} \; \mathsf{on} \; Y \; \mathsf{comes} \; \mathsf{through} \; Z$ 

$$P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$$

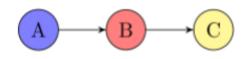


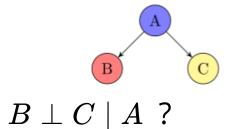




 $X \perp Y \mid Z \implies \text{All of } X \text{'s influence on } Y \text{ comes through } Z \qquad P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$ 

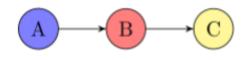
$$P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$$

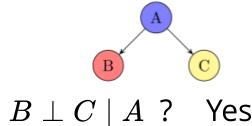




 $X \perp Y \mid Z \implies \text{All of } X \text{'s influence on } Y \text{ comes through } Z \qquad P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$ 

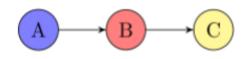
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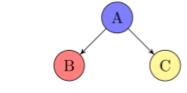




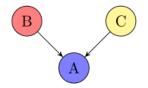
 $X \perp Y \mid Z \implies \mathsf{All} \; \mathsf{of} \; X \mathsf{'s} \; \mathsf{influence} \; \mathsf{on} \; Y \; \mathsf{comes} \; \mathsf{through} \; Z$ 

$$P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$$



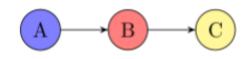


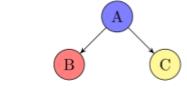
$$B \perp C \mid A$$
 ? Yes



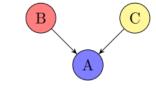
 $X \perp Y \mid Z \implies \mathsf{All} \; \mathsf{of} \; X$ 's influence on Y comes through Z

$$P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$$





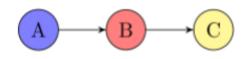
$$B \perp C \mid A$$
 ? Yes



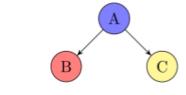
$$B \perp C \mid A$$
 ?

 $X \perp Y \mid Z \implies \mathsf{All} \; \mathsf{of} \; X \mathsf{'s} \; \mathsf{influence} \; \mathsf{on} \; Y \; \mathsf{comes} \; \mathsf{through} \; Z$ 

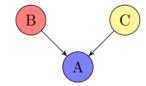
$$P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$$



 $A \perp C \mid B$  ? Yes



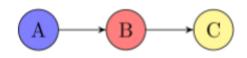
 $B \perp C \mid A$  ? Yes



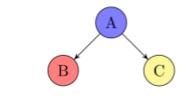
 $B \perp C \mid A$  ? Inconclusive

 $X \perp Y \mid Z \implies \mathsf{All} \; \mathsf{of} \; X \mathsf{'s} \; \mathsf{influence} \; \mathsf{on} \; Y \; \mathsf{comes} \; \mathsf{through} \; Z$ 

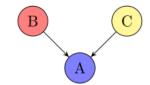
$$P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$$



 $A \perp C \mid B$  ? Yes

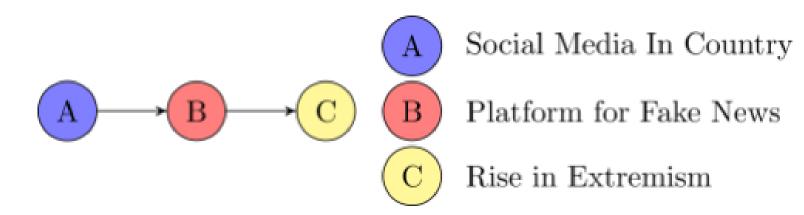


 $B \perp C \mid A$  ? Yes



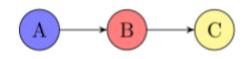
 $B \perp C \mid A$  ? Inconclusive

Mediator



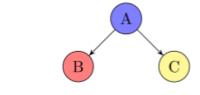
 $X \perp Y \mid Z \implies \mathsf{All} \; \mathsf{of} \; X \mathsf{'s} \; \mathsf{influence} \; \mathsf{on} \; Y \; \mathsf{comes} \; \mathsf{through} \; Z$ 

$$P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$$

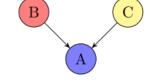


 $A \perp C \mid B$  ? Yes

Mediator

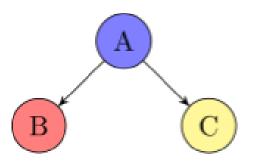


 $B \perp C \mid A$  ? Yes



 $B \perp C \mid A$  ? Inconclusive

Confounder



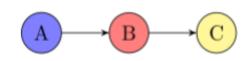
A Is a Child



C Diagnosed with Autism

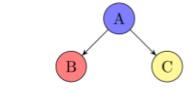
 $X \perp Y \mid Z \implies \mathsf{All} \; \mathsf{of} \; X \mathsf{'s} \; \mathsf{influence} \; \mathsf{on} \; Y \; \mathsf{comes} \; \mathsf{through} \; Z$ 

$$P(X \mid Z) = P(X \mid Y, Z)$$



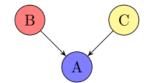
 $A \perp C \mid B$  ? Yes

Mediator



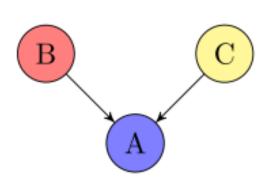
 $B \perp C \mid A$  ? Yes

Confounder



 $B \perp C \mid A$  ? Inconclusive

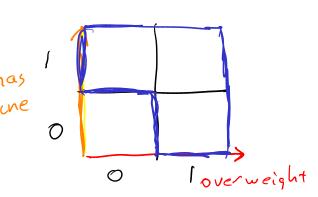
Collider

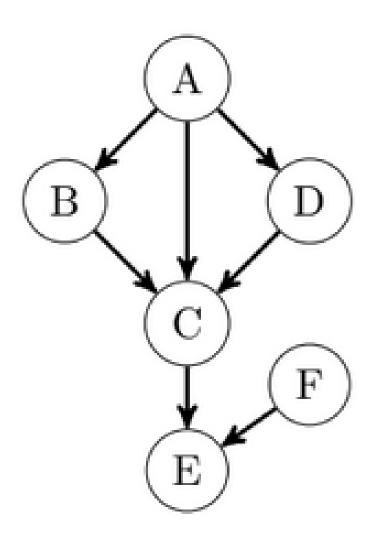


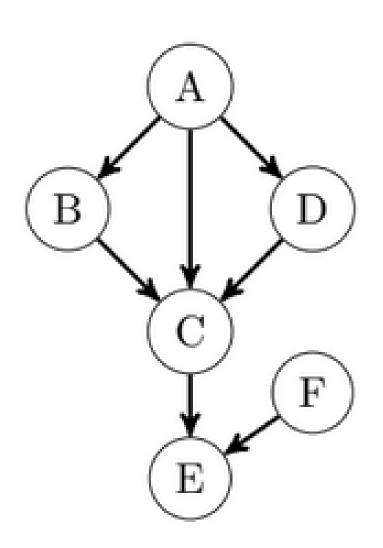
A Saw the Dietician

Is Overweight

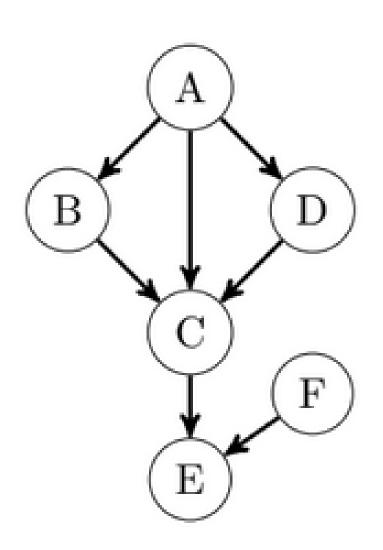
C) Has Acne -



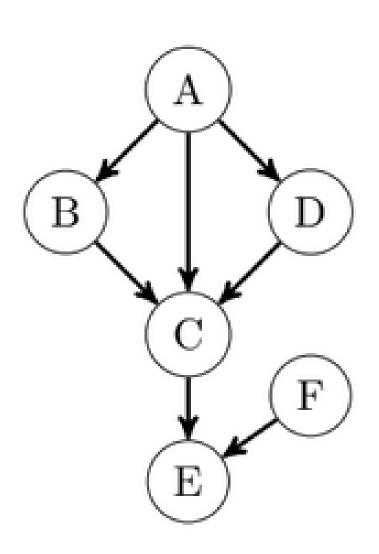




 $(B \perp D \mid A)$ ?

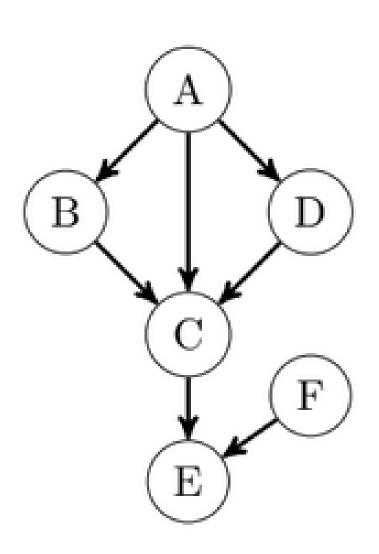


 $(B \perp D \mid A)$  ? Yes!



$$(B \perp D \mid A)$$
 ? Yes!

$$(B \perp D \mid E)$$
?

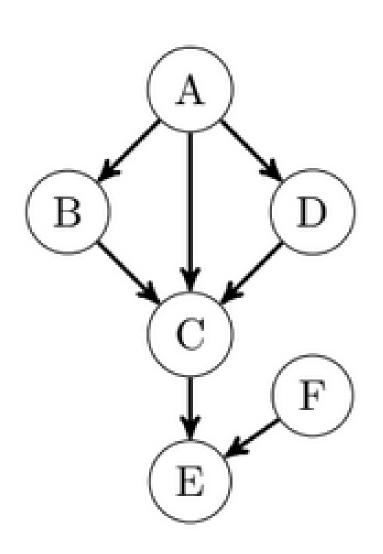


$$(B \perp D \mid A)$$
 ? Yes!

$$(B \perp D \mid E)$$
 ?



. Inconclusive



$$(B \perp D \mid A)$$
 ? Yes!

$$(B\perp D\mid E)$$
 ?

Why is this relevant?

### d-Separation

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Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be a set of random variables.

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G

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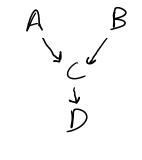
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path 
$$A \rightarrow C \leftarrow B$$

not d-separated



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We say that A and B are d-separated by C if all paths between A and B are d-separated by C.

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If A and B are d-separated by  $\mathcal C$  then  $A \perp B \mid \mathcal C$ 

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1. Enumerate all (non-cyclic) paths between nodes in question

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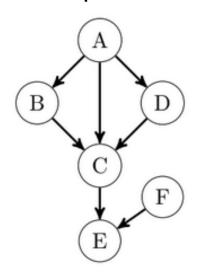
- 1. Enumerate all (non-cyclic) paths between nodes in question
- 2. Check all paths for d-separation

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- 1. Enumerate all (non-cyclic) paths between nodes in question
- 2. Check all paths for d-separation
- 3. If all paths d-separated, then CE

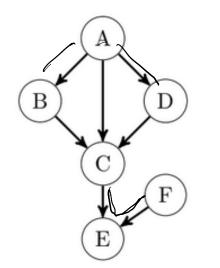
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- 1. Enumerate all (non-cyclic) paths between nodes in question
- 2. Check all paths for d-separation
  3. If all paths d-separated, then CE independence

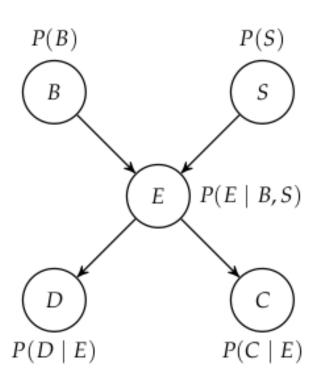


G= {C, E}

Example: 
$$(B \perp D \mid \widetilde{C,E})$$
 ?

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B battery failure

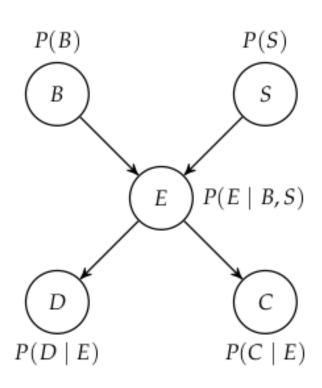
S solar panel failure

E electrical system failure

D trajectory deviation

C communication loss

- 1. The path contains a *chain* X o Y o Z such that  $Y \in \mathcal{C}$
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$$D \perp C \mid B$$
 ?

B battery failure

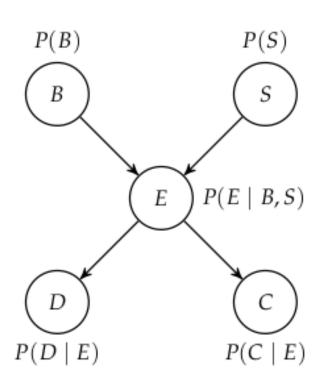
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C communication loss

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$$D \perp C \mid B$$
 ?

$$D\perp C\mid E$$
 ?

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- S solar panel failure
- E electrical system failure
- D trajectory deviation
- C communication loss

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# Recap