

NODE js

1. Save file into your folder-

2. Initiate "myfirst.js":

```
C:\Users\Your Name>node myfirst.js
```

```
Port 8080
```

3. What is a Module in Node.js?

Consider modules to be the same as JavaScript libraries.

A set of functions you want to include in your application.

[http](#)

To make Node.js act as an HTTP server

[https](#)

To make Node.js act as an HTTPS server.

[path](#)

To handle file paths

url

Create Your Own Modules

You can create your own modules, and easily include them in your applications

The Built-in HTTP Module

Node.js has a built-in module called HTTP, which allows Node.js to transfer data over the Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP).

To include the HTTP module, use the `require()` method:

```
var http = require('http');
```

Node.js as a Web Server

The HTTP module can create an HTTP server that listens to server ports and gives a response back to the client.

Use the `createServer()` method to create an HTTP server:

Example

```
var http = require('http');
```

```
//create a server object:
```

```
http.createServer(function (req, res) {
```

```
  res.write('Hello World!'); //write a response to the client
```

```
  res.end(); //end the response
```

```
}).listen(8080); //the server object listens on port 8080
```

The function passed into the `http.createServer()` method, will be executed when someone tries to access the computer on port 8080.

Save the code above in a file called "demo_http.js", and initiate the file:

Initiate demo_http.js:

```
C:\Users\Your Name>node demo_http.js
```

Add an HTTP Header

If the response from the HTTP server is supposed to be displayed as HTML, you should include an HTTP header with the correct content type:

Example

```
var http = require('http');
http.createServer(function (req, res) {
  res.writeHead(200, {'Content-Type': 'text/html'});
  res.write('Hello World!');
  res.end();
}).listen(8080);
```

The first argument of the `res.writeHead()` method is the status code, 200 means that all is OK, the second argument is an object containing the response headers.

Read the Query String

The function passed into the `http.createServer()` has a `req` argument that represents the request from the client, as an object (`http.IncomingMessage` object).

This object has a property called "url" which holds the part of the url that comes after the domain name:

demo_http_url.js

```
var http = require('http');
http.createServer(function (req, res) {
  res.writeHead(200, {'Content-Type': 'text/html'});
  res.write(req.url);
  res.end();
}).listen(8080);
```

Save the code above in a file called "demo_http_url.js" and initiate the file:

Initiate demo_http_url.js:

```
C:\Users\Your Name>node demo_http_url.js
```

If you have followed the same steps on your computer, you should see two different results when opening these two addresses:

<http://localhost:8080/summer>

Will produce this result:

/summer

<http://localhost:8080/winter>

Will produce this result:

/winter

Split the Query String

There are built-in modules to easily split the query string into readable parts, such as the URL module.

Node.js as a File Server

The Node.js file system module allows you to work with the file system on your computer.

To include the File System module, use the `require()` method:

```
var fs = require('fs');
```

Common use for the File System module:

1] Read files: The `fs.readFile()` method is used to read files on your computer.

2] Create files: The File System module has methods for creating new files:

`fs.open()`

`fs.writeFile()`

3] Update files: The `fs.appendFile()` method appends the specified content at the end of the specified file:

4] Delete files: To delete a file with the File System module, use the `fs.unlink()` method.

The `fs.unlink()` method deletes the specified file:

5] Rename files: To rename a file with the File System module, use the `fs.rename()` method.

The Built-in URL Module

The URL module splits up a web address into readable parts. Parse an address with the `url.parse()` method

1.create two html file summer.html & winter.html

2.Create a Node.js file that opens the requested file and returns the content to the client. If anything goes wrong, throw a 404 error

Initiate myfirst.js

3.<http://localhost:8080/summer.html>

<http://localhost:8080/winter.html>

What is NPM?

NPM is a package manager for Node.js packages, or modules if you like.

What is a Package?

A package in Node.js contains all the files you need for a module.

Modules are JavaScript libraries you can include in your project.

```
C:\Users\Your Name>npm install upper-case
```

Create a Node.js file that will convert the output "Hello World!" into upper-case letters

Node.js Events

Node.js is perfect for event-driven applications.

Events in Node.js

Every action on a computer is an event. Like when a connection is made or a file is opened.

Objects in Node.js can fire events, like the `readStream` object fires events when opening and closing a file:

where you can create-, fire-, and listen for- your own events.

You can assign event handlers to your own events with the `EventEmitter` object

Node.js Upload Files

The Formidable Module

There is a very good module for working with file uploads, called "Formidable".

The Formidable module can be downloaded and installed using NPM:

```
C:\Users\Your Name>npm install formidable
```

Node.js Send an Email

The Nodemailer Module

The Nodemailer module makes it easy to send emails from your computer.

The Nodemailer module can be downloaded and installed using npm:

```
C:\Users\Your Name>npm install nodemailer
```