

# Test listfun.sty

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## 1 Standard functions

### 1.1 writeList

```
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%% \writeList \lst \b \sep \e
%% -- \lst ..... the list to display
%% -- \b ..... the begin character, e.g. '['
%% -- \sep ..... the separator, e.g. ', '
%% -- \e ..... then end character, e.g. ']'
%% Writes out a list in the form specified.
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%

(\define \lstA (\list 'a' 'b' '$\delta$' :12 '$\pi$'))
(\define \lstB (\list '\LaTeX' (\list '$\frac{\xi}{\Omega}$' :999) '$\partial\Gamma$'))
%
(\texprint '\begin{center}')
(\writeList \lstA '[' ' ', ' '])
(\texprint '\end{center}')
%
(\texprint '\begin{center}')
(\writeList \lstB '[' ' ', ' '])
(\texprint '\end{center}')
%
(\texprint '\begin{center}')
(\writeList \lstA '(' ' ', ' '))
(\texprint '\end{center}')
%
```

$$\begin{array}{c} [\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}, \delta, 12, \pi] \\ [\mathrm{L}^{\mathrm{A}}\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{E}}\mathrm{X}, [\frac{\xi}{\Omega}, 999], \partial\Gamma] \\ (\mathrm{a} \ \mathrm{b} \ \delta \ 12 \ \pi) \\ \{\mathrm{L}^{\mathrm{A}}\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{E}}\mathrm{X} :: \{\frac{\xi}{\Omega} :: 999\} :: \partial\Gamma\} \end{array}$$

$/t/f/t/t/t/t/f$
------------------

$/f/t/t/t/f$
--------------

```
(a, b,  $\delta$ , 12,  $\pi$ , LATEX, ( $\frac{\xi}{\Omega}$ , 999),  $\partial\Gamma$ )
[a, b,  $\delta$ , 12,  $\pi$ , the end of the list]
```

## 1.5 subst

```
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%% \subst \x \y \z
%% Substitute \x for \y in the list \z.
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
(\writeList (\subst '\copyright' 'LaTeX' \lstAB) '[' ' ', ' '])
(\texprint '\') % newline
(\writeList (\subst 'nine' :999 \lstAB) '[' ' ', ' '])
(\texprint '\') % newline
(\writeList (\subst (\list :1 :2 'Z') :999 \lstAB) '[' ' ', ' '])
```

```
[a, b,  $\delta$ , 12,  $\pi$ , ©, ( $\frac{\xi}{\Omega}$ , 999),  $\partial\Gamma$ ]
[a, b,  $\delta$ , 12,  $\pi$ , LATEX, ( $\frac{\xi}{\Omega}$ , nine),  $\partial\Gamma$ ]
[a, b,  $\delta$ , 12,  $\pi$ , LATEX, ( $\frac{\xi}{\Omega}$ , [1, 2, Z]),  $\partial\Gamma$ ]
```

## 1.6 memberQ

```
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%% \memberQ \x \y
%% If \x is a member of \y then return /t else /f.
%% Note: \x may be a sublist, and atoms are members only on first level!
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
(\print (\memberQ 'LaTeX' \lstAB))
(\print (\memberQ :999 \lstAB))
(\print (\memberQ '$\partial\Gamma$' \lstAB))
(\print (\memberQ (\list 'abc' :99) (\list \lstA (\list 'abc' :99) \lstB))) % /t
(\print (\memberQ (\list '$\frac{\xi}{\Omega}$' :999) \lstAB))
```

```
/t/f/t/t/t
```

## 1.7 pairlis

```
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%% \pairlis \x \y \a
%% Give the list of pairs of corresponding elements of the lists \x and
%% \y, and appends this to the list \a. The resultant list of pairs, which
%% is like a table with two columns, is called an association list.
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
(\define \lstPL (\pairlis (\list 'A' 'B' 'C') (\list 'U' 'V' 'W'))
  (\list (\cons 'D' 'X') (\cons 'E' 'Y'))))
%(\writeList \lstPL '[' ' ', ' '])
(\print \lstPL)
```

```
((A'U) (B'V) (C'W) (D'X) (E'Y))
```

## 1.8 assoc

```
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%% \assoc \x \a
%% If \a is an association list, then \assoc will produce the first pair
```

```

%%% whose first term is \x. Thus it is a table searching function.
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%(\writeList (\assoc 'B' \lstPL) '[' , ' '])
(\print (\assoc 'B' \lstPL))

```

```
(B'V')
```

## 1.9 sublis

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%%% \sublis \a \y
%%% Here \a is assumed to be an association list of the form
%%% ((ul . v1) . . . (un . vn)), where the ui's are atomic, and \y is
%%% any S-expression. What \sublis does, is to treat the ui's as variables
%%% when they occur in \y, and to substitute the corresponding vi's
%%% from the pair list.
%%% Note: \sublisXXX is the helper function sub2 in the LISP 1.5 Programmer
%%% Manual (from where we have the info:).
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%(\define \lstSL
% (\sublis (\list (\list 'X' 'SHAKESPEARE')) (\list 'Y' (\list 'THE TEMPEST'))))
% (\list 'X' 'WROTE' 'Y'))
(\writeList (\list (\list 'a' 'b') ) '[' , ' '])

```

```
[[a, b]]
```

## 1.10 union

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%%% \union \x \y
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
(\define \lstUN (\union (\list 'A' 'B' 'C') (\list 'A' 'X' 'C' 'D')))
(\writeList \lstUN '[' , ' '])

```

```
[B, A, X, C, D]
```

## 1.11 intersection

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%%% \intersection \x \y
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
(\define \lstIN (\intersection (\list 'A' 'B' 'C') (\list 'A' 'X' 'C' 'D')))
(\writeList \lstIN '[' , ' '])

```

```
[A, C]
```

## 1.12 reverse

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%%% \reverse \x
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
(\writeList (\reverse \lstA) '[' , ' '])
(\texprint '\\')
(\writeList (\reverse \lstB) '[' , ' '])
(\texprint '\\')
(\writeList (\reverse \lstAB) '[' , ' '])

```

$[\pi, 12, \delta, b, a]$   
 $[\partial\Gamma, [\frac{\xi}{\Omega}, 999], \text{\LaTeX}]$   
 $[\partial\Gamma, [\frac{\xi}{\Omega}, 999], \text{\LaTeX}, \pi, 12, \delta, b, a]$

### 1.13 foldr

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%% \foldr \f \x \y
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
(\texprint (\foldr (\lambda (\x \y) (\+ \x \y)) :0 (\list :1 :2 :3)))
(\texprint '\')
(\texprint (\foldr (\lambda (\x \y) (\+ \x \y)) :1000 (\list :1 :2 :3)))

```

6  
1006

### 1.14 foldl

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%% \foldl \f \x \y
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
(\texprint (\foldl (\lambda (\x \y) (\+ \x \y)) :1 (\list :1 :2 :3)))
(\texprint '\')
(\texprint (\foldl (\lambda (\x \y) (\* \x \y)) :3 (\list :1 :2 :3)))

```

7  
18

### 1.15 filter

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%% \filter \f \x
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
(\print (\filter (\lambda (\x) (> \x :3)) (\list :1 :2 :3 :4 :5 :6 :7)))

```

(:4 :5 :6 :7)

### 1.16 allQ

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%% \allQ \f \x
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
(\print (\allQ (\lambda (\x) (> \x :3)) (\list :1 :2 :3 :4 :5 :6 :7)))
(\texprint '\')
(\print (\allQ (\lambda (\x) (< \x :10)) (\list :1 :2 :3 :4 :5 :6 :7)))

```

/f  
/t

### 1.17 anyQ

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%% \anyQ \f \x

```

```

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
(\print (\anyQ (\lambda (x) (< x :3)) (\list :1 :2 :3 :4 :5 :6 :7)))
(\texprint '\')
```

```

(\print (\anyQ (\lambda (x) (> x :10)) (\list :1 :2 :3 :4 :5 :6 :7)))

/t
/f
```

/t/t/t('A'B')