Software Security Engineering [WIP]

Sommersemester 2025



Alle Angaben ohne Gewähr. Keine Garantie auf Vollständigkeit oder Richtigkeit.

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1 Introduction

1.1 Motivation

Influencing factors of secure software include

- Security features: Authentication, Authorization, Access control, cryptography, etc.
- **Technology**: Programming languages, development tools, etc.
- Operational environments: Firewalls, Intrusion detection systems, etc.

1.2 Terminology

- **Asset**: anything that has value to an organization, including human, physical, information, intangible and environmental resources (ISO 22300:2021)
- **Thread**: potential cause of an unwanted incident, which could result in harm to individuals, assets, a system or organization (ISO 22300:2021)
- **Adversary**: any person or a thing that acts (or has the power to act) to cause, carry, transmit, or support a threat Mussa and Malaiya (2015)
- **Vulnerability**: weakness of an asset or control that can be exploited by one or more threats (ISO/IEC 27000:2018)
- **Exploit**: method that identifies and takes advantage of a vulnerability in an asset Mussa and Malaiya (2015)
- **Attack**: attempt to destroy, expose, alter, disable, steal or gain unauthorized access to or make unauthorized use of an asset (ISO/IEC 27000:2018)

1.3 Protection Goals

- Confidentiality: property that information is not made available or disclosed to unauthorized individuals, entities, or processes (ISO/IEC 27000:2018)
- Integrity: property of accuracy and completeness (ISO/IEC 27000:2018)
- Availability: property of being accessible and usable on demand by an authorized entity (ISO/IEC 27000:2018)
- Authenticity: property that an entity is what it claims to be (ISO/IEC 27000:2018)
- Possession: holding, controlling, and having the ability to use information Parker (2015)
- Utility: usefulness of information Parker (2015)

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