

Ink note

Notebook: DGT

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Prop 7.11: $(L, \partial) / (K, \partial)$ PV-extension

- K alg. closed
- $(L, \partial) \supseteq (M, \partial) \supseteq (K, \partial)$ intermediate differential field

Then: $\text{Aut}_\partial(L/M) \subseteq \text{Aut}_\partial(L/K)$
algebraic subgroup

Proof: Prop 7.10

$\Rightarrow (L, \partial) / (M, \partial)$ PV-extension

$\Rightarrow \text{Aut}_\partial(L/M)$ algebraic group

- $\mathcal{L} \in K[\partial]$ monic diff. operator

s.t. $(L, \partial) / (K, \partial)$ PV-ext. for \mathcal{L}

- $S = K[Y_{ij}][w^{-1}]$ full univ. sol. algebra

- $S_M := M \otimes_K S$ ————— || —————

over K (identity 1 with image in S_n)

- $V \subseteq S_n \cap S$, $V := \text{span}_K \{y_{0i} \mid 1 \leq i \leq n\}$
- If $\mathcal{Q} \subset S$ proper differential ideal
 $\Rightarrow \mathcal{Q}_n := M \otimes_K \mathcal{Q} \subset S_n$

Proper differential ideal

- If $m \subset S$ max. diff. ideal

$$m' \subset S_n \text{ ————— } || \text{ —————}$$

$$\Rightarrow m' \cap S = m$$

- $L = Q(S/m) \cong Q(S_n/m')$

$$\text{Thm 7.1} \Rightarrow \text{Aut}_Q(L/K) \cong GL(V)_m$$

$$\text{Aut}_Q(L/M) \cong GL(V)_{m'}$$

- $S \subset S_n$ $GL(V)$ -submodule and
 $m = S \cap m'$

$$\Rightarrow GL(V)_{m'} \subseteq GL(V)_m \subseteq GL(V)$$

algebraic subgroups \square

Ex. 13: $(L, \partial)/(K, \partial)$ PV-extension

$$\text{for } \alpha = \partial^n + \sum_{i=1}^n a_i \partial^{n-i} \in K[\partial]$$

• Assume R alg. closure

• $V = \text{span}_R \{y_1, \dots, y_n\}$, y_1, \dots, y_n full set of solutions of $\mathcal{L} = 0$

• $w = w(y_1, \dots, y_n)$ Wronskian

• Then: $M = K(w)$ is a PV-extension for $\partial + a_1 \partial^2$

Hint: show that $\partial(w) = -a_1 w$

Prop 7.12. Notation as in Ex. 13

we have $\text{Aut}_{\partial}(L/M) = \text{Aut}_{\partial}(L/K) \cap \text{SL}(V)$

where we view $\text{Aut}_{\partial}(L/K) \subseteq \text{GL}(V)$

Proof: Let $\sigma \in \text{Aut}_{\partial}(L/K)$

Ex. 12 $\Rightarrow \sigma(w) = \det(\sigma) \cdot w$

$\Rightarrow \text{Aut}_{\partial}(L/K)_w = \{\sigma \in \text{Aut}_{\partial}(L/K) \mid \det(\sigma) = 1\}$

$\Rightarrow \text{Aut}_{\partial}(L/M) = \text{Aut}_{\partial}(L/K) \cap \text{SL}(w)$ \square