Inclusion - Exclusion for 3 sets Consider the Venn diagram associated with A, B&C Let's view A u B u C as the union of the Pairwise disjoint regions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7: A 1 4 2 B U
5 76
3 C We note that region I is the set of elements in A that are not in B and not in C. Thus, region 1 is AnBnc. Similarly, region 2 is BAAAC, region 3 is CAAAB, region 4 is AABAC (as these elements are in A and B but not C), region 5 is AnchB, region 6 is BACA A and region 7 is AnBnC. We know that LAUBUCI = LANBACI + 1BAAACI + 1CAAABI + (AnBnC) + (AnCnB) + (BnCnA) + (AnBnC). Let's contirm that 1A v B v Cl = |A| + 1B| + |C| - |AnB| - |AnC| - |BnC| + |AnBnC| by showing that the expression on the right hand side counts each of the 7 regions once and only once. We can use a table to do this:

	AnBno	BnAnC	CnĀnB	AnBnO	AncaB	BnCnA	(AnBnC
+  A		0		l l			
+ 131	0			1			1
+ 101					1		
- (AnB)	0			-1		0	-
- IAncl	0				-1		- [
- (BnC)	0					-	- 1
+ lAnBnCl	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total.		1	1	1	1	1	1

Ow final row of column totals shows that each of ow-7 regions is counted once and only once.

Hence | AOBOC| = | A| + |B| + |C| - |ANB| - |ANC| - |BNC| + |ANBNC|,

as desired.