

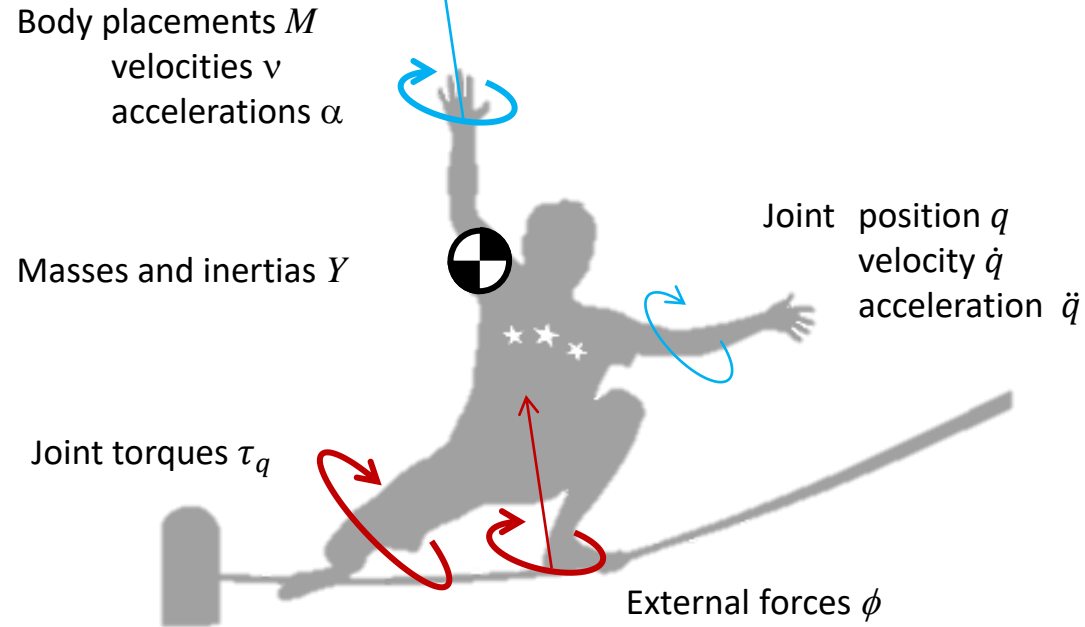
# Collision-free dynamics

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# Quantities in dynamics



Inertia	Coriolis	Gravity	Forces
$Y \alpha$	$+ \mathbf{v} \times Y \mathbf{v}$	$+ g$	$= \phi$
$M(q) \ddot{q}$	$+ b(q, \dot{q})$	$+ g(q)$	$= \tau_q$

# Direct/inverse dynamics

- Inverse dynamics

$$M(q)\ddot{q} + b(q, \dot{q}) + g(q) = \tau_q$$

- Control equation: from desired movement to needed torque

- Direct dynamics

$$\ddot{q} = M(q)^{-1}(\tau_q - b(q, \dot{q}) - g(q))$$

- Simulation equation: from current state and torque, to acceleration

# Dynamics of articulated bodies

- Dynamic equation of the robot

$$M(q)\dot{v}_q + h(q, v_q) + g(q) = \tau_q$$

- Actuation of the robot

- Fixed manipulator:  $\tau_q = \tau_m$

- Floating robot:  $\tau_q = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \tau_m \end{bmatrix} = S^T \tau_m$

- Floating in contact:  $\tau_q = S^T \tau_m + J^T \phi$



# Dynamics for simulation

- Complementarity problem

$$\ddot{q} = M^{-1}(\tau - b + J^T f)$$

$$J\ddot{q} + \dot{J}\dot{q} \geq 0 \quad \perp \quad f \geq 0$$

*no penetration*

*no pulling*

*one or the other*

- Equivalent to a principled QP

$$\min_{\ddot{q}} \|\ddot{q} - \ddot{q}_{free}\|_M \quad \text{s.t.} \quad J\ddot{q} + \dot{J}\dot{q} \geq 0$$