

Question 2)

Part 1)

**Courses:**

There are 10,000 entries in the Courses table.

There will be 1 rid per entry.

The size of the data entry will be  $10 + 10 = 20$  bytes.

Entries in the leaf page =  $\frac{2600}{20} = 130$  *entries per leaf page*.

$$\frac{\text{total entries}}{\text{entries in leaf page}} = \frac{10000}{130} = 76.9 \Rightarrow 76 \text{ leaves}$$

Intermediate node entry size = cid + ptr =  $10 + 6 = 16$  bytes per entry.

Entries in intermediate node =  $\frac{3000}{16} = 187$  *entries per index page*

$$\frac{\# \text{ leaf pages}}{\# \text{ entries per index page}} = 1 = \text{height}.$$

**Enrollment:**

Rid: 10 bytes

Intermediate pointer: 6 bytes

Leaf pages: 65% filled.

Intermediate page: 75% filled

Both have 4k size

Enrolled tree: index : cid

5000 cid for every term

Average number of rid per data entry:

$$\frac{250,000}{5000} = 50 \text{ rid's on average per cid (i.e. data entry)}$$

$10 * 50 + 10 = 510$  bytes, size of every data entry

$4000 * 0.65 = 2600$

$2600 / 510 = 5.098 = 5$  data entries per leaf page

$$\frac{5000 \text{ entries}}{5 \text{ leaves per page}} = 1000 \text{ leaf pages}$$

6 bytes + 10 bytes = 16 bytes for each index node entry size

75% of 4000 bytes are filled, that is 3000 bytes

$3000/16 = 187$  entries per intermediate node

$$\frac{\# \text{ leaf pages}}{\# \text{ entries per intermediate node}} = \left( \frac{1000}{187} \right) = 6 \text{ intermediate nodes}$$

Height = 2

Part 2)

- (a) The average number of rids per data entry will not change as part of the index includes the primary key of the tuples and that means that there will be no possible tuples that can include the similar cid.
- (b) The size of the data entry will increase by 10 bytes
- (c) The total number of data entries will not change as there are the same number of rids as before.
- (d) The number of leaves will increase because the size of each data entry increased while the capacity of a leaf page does not.
- (e) The average fanout will decrease because since the number of leaves increased, the number of intermediate nodes must increase as well. However, for each increase in the number of intermediate nodes, there will be capacity for way more leaves and that is why it will most likely outweigh the increase in the number of leaves by a factor that causes the fanout to decrease.