

0.8 — A few common C++ problems

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In this section, we'll address some of the common issues that new programmers seem to run across with fairly high probability. This is not meant to be a comprehensive list of compilation or execution problems, but rather a pragmatic list of solutions to very basic issues. If you have any suggestions for other issues that might be added to this list, post them in the comments section below.

General run-time issues

Q: When executing a program, the console window blinks and then closes immediately.

First, add or ensure the following lines are near the top of your program (Visual Studio users, make sure these lines appear after `#include "pch.h"` or `#include "stdafx.h"`, if those exist):

```
1 | #include
   | <iostream>
   | #include <limits>
```

Second, add the following code at the end of your `main()` function (right before the return statement):

```
1 | std::cin.clear(); // reset any error flags
   | std::cin.ignore(std::numeric_limits<std::streamsize>::max(), '\n'); // ignore any characters in the input buffer
   | until we find an enter character
   | std::cin.get(); // get one more char from the user
```

This will cause your program to wait for the user to press a key before continuing, which will give you time to examine your program's output before your operating system closes the console window.

Other solutions, such as the commonly suggested `system("pause")` solution may only work on certain operating systems and should be avoided.

Older versions of Visual Studio may not pause when the program is run in Start With Debugging (F5) mode. Try running in Start Without Debugging (Ctrl-F5) mode.

Q: I ran my program and get a window but no output.

Your virus scanner or anti-malware may be blocking execution. Try disabling it temporarily and see if that's the issue.

Q: My program compiles but it isn't working correctly. What do I do?

Debug it! There are tips on how to diagnose and debug your programs later in chapter 3.

General compile-time issues

Q: When I compile my program, I get an error about unresolved external symbol `_main` or `_WinMain@16`

This means your compiler can't find your `main()` function. All programs must include a `main()` function.

There are a few things to check:

- Does your code include a function named `main`?
- Is `main` spelled correctly?
- When you compile your program, do you see the file that contains function `main()` get compiled? If not, either move the `main()` function to one that is, or add the file to your project (see lesson [2.8 -- Programs with multiple code files](https://www.learncpp.com/cpp-tutorial/programs-with-multiple-code-files/) (<https://www.learncpp.com/cpp-tutorial/programs-with-multiple-code-files/>) for more information about how to do this).
- Did you create a console project? Try creating a new console project.

Q: I'm trying to use C++11/14/17/XX functionality and it doesn't work

If your compiler is old, it may not support these more recent additions to the language. In that case, upgrade your compiler.

For modern IDEs/compiler, your compiler may be defaulting to an older language standard. We cover how to change your language standard in lesson [0.12 -- Configuring your compiler: Choosing a language standard](https://www.learncpp.com/cpp-tutorial/configuring-your-compiler-choosing-a-language-standard/) (<https://www.learncpp.com/cpp-tutorial/configuring-your-compiler-choosing-a-language-standard/>).

Q: When trying to use cin, cout, or endl, the compiler says cin, cout, or endl is an 'undeclared identifier'

First, make sure you have included the following line near the top of your file:

```
1 | #include  
   | <iostream>
```

Second, make sure each use of cin, cout, and endl are prefixed by "std:". For example:

```
1 | std::cout << "Hello world!" <<  
   | std::endl;
```

If this doesn't fix your issue, then it may be that your compiler is out of date, or the install is corrupted. Try reinstalling and/or upgrading to the latest version of your compiler.

Q: When trying to use endl to end a printed line, the compiler says endl is an 'undeclared identifier'

Make sure you do not mistake the letter l (lower case L) in endl for the number 1. endl is all letters. Make sure your editor is using a font that makes clear the differences between the letter lower case L, upper case i, and the number 1. Also the letter capital o and the number zero can easily be confused in many non-programming fonts.

Visual Studio issues

Q: When compiling with Microsoft Visual C++, you get a C1010 fatal error, with an error message like "c:\vcprojects\test.cpp(263) :fatal error C1010: unexpected end of file while looking for precompiled header directive"

This error occurs when the Microsoft Visual C++ compiler is set to use precompiled headers but one (or more) of your C++ code files does not #include "stdafx.h" or #include "pch.h" as the first line of the code file.

Our suggested fix is to turn off precompiled headers, which we show how to do in lesson [0.7 -- Compiling your first program](https://www.learncpp.com/cpp-tutorial/compiling-your-first-program/) (<https://www.learncpp.com/cpp-tutorial/compiling-your-first-program/>).

If you would like to keep precompiled headers turned on, to fix this problem, simply locate the file(s) producing the error (in the above error, test.cpp is the culprit), and add the following line at the very top of the file(s):

```
1 | #include  
   | "pch.h"
```

Older versions of Visual Studio use "stdafx.h" instead of "pch.h", so if pch.h doesn't resolve the issue, try stdafx.h.

Note that for programs with multiple files, every C++ code file needs to start with this line.

Alternatively, you can turn off precompiled headers.

Q: Visual Studio gives the following error: "1MSVCRD.lib(exe_winmain.obj) : error LNK2019: unresolved external symbol _WinMain@16 referenced in function "int __cdecl invoke_main(void)" (? invoke_main@@YAHXZ)"

You've likely created a Windows graphical application rather than a console application. Recreate your project, and make sure to create it as a Windows (or Win32) Console project.

Q: When I compile my program, I get a warnings about "Cannot find or open the PDB file"

This is a warning, not an error, so it shouldn't impact your program. However, it is annoying. To fix it, go into the Debug menu -> Options and Settings -> Symbols, and check "Microsoft Symbol Server".

Something else

Q: I have some other problem that I can't figure out. How can I get an answer quickly?

As you progress through the material, you'll undoubtedly have questions or run into unexpected problems. What to do next depends on your problem. But in general, there are a few things you can try.

First, **ask a search engine**. Find a good way to phrase your question and do a search. If you are searching an error message, paste in the exact error message using quotes (exclude any filenames or line numbers). Odds are someone has already asked the same question and there is an answer waiting for you.

If that fails, **ask on a Q&A board**. There are websites designed for programming questions and answers, like [Stack Overflow](https://www.stackoverflow.com) (<https://www.stackoverflow.com>). Try posting your question there. Remember to be thorough about what your problem is, and include all relevant information like what OS you're on and what IDE you're using.



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