FreeCAD Fasteners Python API Guide

Summary of Common Errors and Solutions

This guide documents the correct way to create fasteners programmatically in FreeCAD, based on troubleshooting sessions.

X Common Mistakes to Avoid

1. Wrong Module Name

```
python

# **\times WRONG - Module is not called 'fasteners'
import fasteners

# **\times CORRECT - Use FastenersCmd (capital letters)
import FastenersCmd
```

2. Wrong Function Names

```
python

# ** WRONG - These functions don't exist

FastenersCmd.FSCreateHexHeadScrew('ISO4017', 'M8', '40')

FreeCADGui.runCommand('FSHexScrew')

# ** CORRECT - Use the object constructors

FastenersCmd.FSScrewObject(obj, "ISO4017", None)
```

3. Wrong Parameter Order

```
python

# **\times WRONG - Passing strings directly

screw = FastenersCmd.FSScrewObject("ISO4017", "M8-40", None)

# **\times CORRECT - First parameter must be a FreeCAD object

obj = doc.addObject("Part::FeaturePython", "Screw")

FastenersCmd.FSScrewObject(obj, "ISO4017", None)
```

4. Missing View Provider

```
python

# ** WRONG - Fastener won't be visible in 3D view

obj = doc.addObject("Part::FeaturePython", "Screw")

FastenersCmd.FSScrewObject(obj, "ISO4017", None)

# ** CORRECT - Add view provider for visibility

obj = doc.addObject("Part::FeaturePython", "Screw")

FastenersCmd.FSScrewObject(obj, "ISO4017", None)

FastenersCmd.FSViewProviderTree(obj.ViewObject)
```

5. No Active Document

```
python

# ** WRONG - Assuming document exists

doc = FreeCAD.ActiveDocument

obj = doc.addObject(...) # Crashes if doc is None

# ** CORRECT - Check and create if needed

doc = FreeCAD.ActiveDocument

if not doc:

doc = FreeCAD.newDocument("MyDocument")
```

Correct Pattern for Creating Fasteners

Basic Template

python

```
import FreeCAD
import FreeCADGui
import FastenersCmd
# 1. Get or create document
doc = FreeCAD.ActiveDocument
if not doc:
  doc = FreeCAD.newDocument("FastenerProject")
# 2. Create FreeCAD object
obj = doc.addObject("Part::FeaturePython", "MyFastener")
# 3. Initialize fastener (choose one based on type)
FastenersCmd.FSScrewObject(obj, "ISO4017", None) #For screws/bolts/nuts
# OR
FastenersCmd.FSWasherObject(obj, "ISO7089", None) # For washers
# 4. Add view provider for visualization
FastenersCmd.FSViewProviderTree(obj.ViewObject)
# 5. Recompute and display
doc.recompute()
FreeCADGui.SendMsgToActiveView("ViewFit")
```

Available Fastener Classes

Based on the FastenersCmd module, here are the main object types:

| Class | Purpose Example | |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|
| FSScrewObject | Screws, bolts, and nuts | ISO4017, ISO4032 |
| FSWasherObject | Washers | ISO7089, ISO7093 |
| FSScrewRodObject | Threaded rods | DIN975, DIN976 |
| FSThreadedRodObject | Threaded rods Various standards | |
| FSScrewDieObject | Dies Not commonly used | |
| 4 | ' | • |



Working with Fastener Properties

After creating a fastener, inspect its properties:

```
python

obj = doc.addObject("Part::FeaturePython", "Screw")
FastenersCmd.FSScrewObject(obj, "ISO4017", None)

# List all properties
print("Available properties:")
for prop in obj.PropertiesList:
    try:
        value = getattr(obj, prop)
        print(f" {prop}: {value}")
        except:
        print(f" {prop}: <cannot read>")
```

Common Properties (varies by fastener type)

- diameter (e.g., "M8", "M10")
- (length) Fastener length (e.g., "40 mm", "50 mm")
- (type) Fastener standard (e.g., "ISO4017")
- (invert) Boolean to flip orientation
- (offset) Offset value

Note: Property names may vary. Always inspect first!



Complete Examples

Example 1: Single Hex Bolt

python

```
import FreeCAD
import FreeCADGui
import FastenersCmd

doc = FreeCAD.ActiveDocument
if not doc:
    doc = FreeCAD.newDocument("BoltTest")

obj = doc.addObject("Part::FeaturePython", "HexBolt")
FastenersCmd.FSScrewObject(obj, "ISO4017", None)
FastenersCmd.FSViewProviderTree(obj.ViewObject)

doc.recompute()
FreeCADGui.SendMsgToActiveView("ViewFit")
print("Hex bolt created!")
```

Example 2: Multiple Fasteners (Bolt + Washer + Nut)

| python | |
|--------|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

```
import FreeCAD
import FreeCADGui
import FastenersCmd
doc = FreeCAD.ActiveDocument
if not doc:
  doc = FreeCAD.newDocument("Assembly")
# Create hex bolt
bolt = doc.addObject("Part::FeaturePython", "Bolt")
FastenersCmd.FSScrewObject(bolt, "ISO4017", None)
FastenersCmd.FSViewProviderTree(bolt.ViewObject)
bolt.Label = "M8x40 Hex Bolt"
# Create washer
washer = doc.addObject("Part::FeaturePython", "Washer")
FastenersCmd.FSWasherObject(washer, "ISO7089", None)
FastenersCmd.FSViewProviderTree(washer.ViewObject)
washer.Label = "M8 Washer"
# Create nut
nut = doc.addObject("Part::FeaturePython", "Nut")
FastenersCmd.FSScrewObject(nut, "ISO4032", None)
FastenersCmd.FSViewProviderTree(nut.ViewObject)
nut.Label = "M8 Hex Nut"
doc.recompute()
FreeCADGui.SendMsgToActiveView("ViewFit")
print("Assembly created!")
```

Example 3: Finding Existing Objects

| python | | |
|--------|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

```
import FreeCAD
doc = FreeCAD.ActiveDocument
if doc:
  print("Objects in document:")
  for obj in doc.Objects:
    print(f" Name: {obj.Name}, Label: {obj.Label}, Type: {obj.TypeId}")
  # Find specific object
  screw_obj = None
  for obj in doc.Objects:
    if "Screw" in obj.Label:
       screw obj = obj
       break
  if screw obj:
    print(f"\nFound screw: {screw obj.Label}")
else:
  print("No active document")
```

Useful Fastener Groups and Standards

The module organizes fasteners into groups:

- (HexHeadGroup) Hex head bolts
- (HexagonSocketGroup) Socket head cap screws
- (NutGroup) Various nuts
- (WasherGroup) Washers
- (ThreadedRodGroup) Threaded rods
- (SetScrewGroup) Set screws
- (SlottedGroup) Slotted screws
- (PinGroup) Pins
- RetainingRingGroup Retaining rings

Common Standards:

• ISO 4017 - Hex head bolts

- ISO 4032 Hex nuts
- ISO 7089 Washers
- DIN 912 Socket head cap screws
- **DIN 934** Hex nuts

% Debugging Tips

1. Check if module is loaded:

```
python

import FastenersCmd

print(dir(FastenersCmd))
```

2. Verify workbench is available:

```
python

import FreeCADGui

print('FastenersWorkbench' in FreeCADGui.listWorkbenches())
```

3. Always recompute after changes:

```
python

doc.recompute()
```

4. Use try-except for robust code:

```
try:

obj = doc.addObject("Part::FeaturePython", "Fastener")

FastenersCmd.FSScrewObject(obj, "ISO4017", None)

FastenersCmd.FSViewProviderTree(obj.ViewObject)

doc.recompute()

except Exception as e:

print(f"Error creating fastener: {e}")
```

Key Takeaways

- 1. Always use FastenersCmd (not fasteners)
- 2. Create FreeCAD object first, then initialize fastener class
- 3. Add (FSViewProviderTree) for 3D visualization
- 4. Check for active document before creating objects
- 5. Use (doc.recompute()) after creating/modifying fasteners
- 6. **Inspect properties** before trying to set them
- 7. **Third parameter is (attachTo)** use (None) for standalone fasteners

🚀 Where to Use This Code

- Python Console For single-line commands only
- Macro Editor Best for multi-line scripts (Macro → Macros → Create)
- External .py files Execute via Macro → Execute macro

Last Updated: Based on FreeCAD 1.0.2 with Fasteners Workbench