

### **b) Prelab Questions**

1. What is the difference between synchronous and asynchronous communication?
  - a. With synchronous communication, an external clock is used to synchronize sending and receiving. With asynchronous communication, special signals such as "DREIF" on the XMEGA are used to synchronize sending and receiving.
2. What is the difference between serial and parallel communication?
  - a. Serial communication uses a single transmission medium, and transmits data one bit at a time. Parallel communication uses multiple transmission mediums simultaneously to transmit multiple bits at once.
3. List the XMEGA's USART registers used in your programs and briefly describe their functions.
  - a. USARTp#\_STATUS: Provides the current status of the Rx/Tx. Checking appropriate values allows for receiving or transmitting at the right times.
  - b. USARTp#\_DATA: Register to check when it is time to transmit or receive.
  - c. USARTp#\_CTRLA: Controls USART interrupt levels.
  - d. USARTp#\_CTRLB: Configures USART, enables Rx/Tx.
  - e. USARTp#\_CTRLC: Configures USART's communication mode, parity mode, stop bit mode, character size, and data order.
  - f. USARTp#\_BAUDCTRLA: Holds the lower 8 bits of the BSel.
  - g. USARTp#\_BAUDCTRLB: Holds the BScale and upper 4 bits of the BSel.
4. List the number of bounces from part A of this lab. How long (in ms) is your delay routine for debouncing?
  - a. Variable from 0 to ~8. My delay routine is approximately 10ms.
5. What is the maximum possible baud you can use for asynchronous communication if your board runs at 2MHz? Support your answer with the values you would place in any special registers that are needed.
  - a. Max Baud = 125000Hz; BSel = 0; BScale = 0

### **c) Problems Encountered**

1. Initially I forgot to include the null character at the end of my strings, so I was having trouble debugging the OUT\_STRING method in part E.
2. I did not understand how to verify the baud rate initially; mainly I misunderstood what was meant by the lab document when it mentioned using Port E or Port F for the USART.

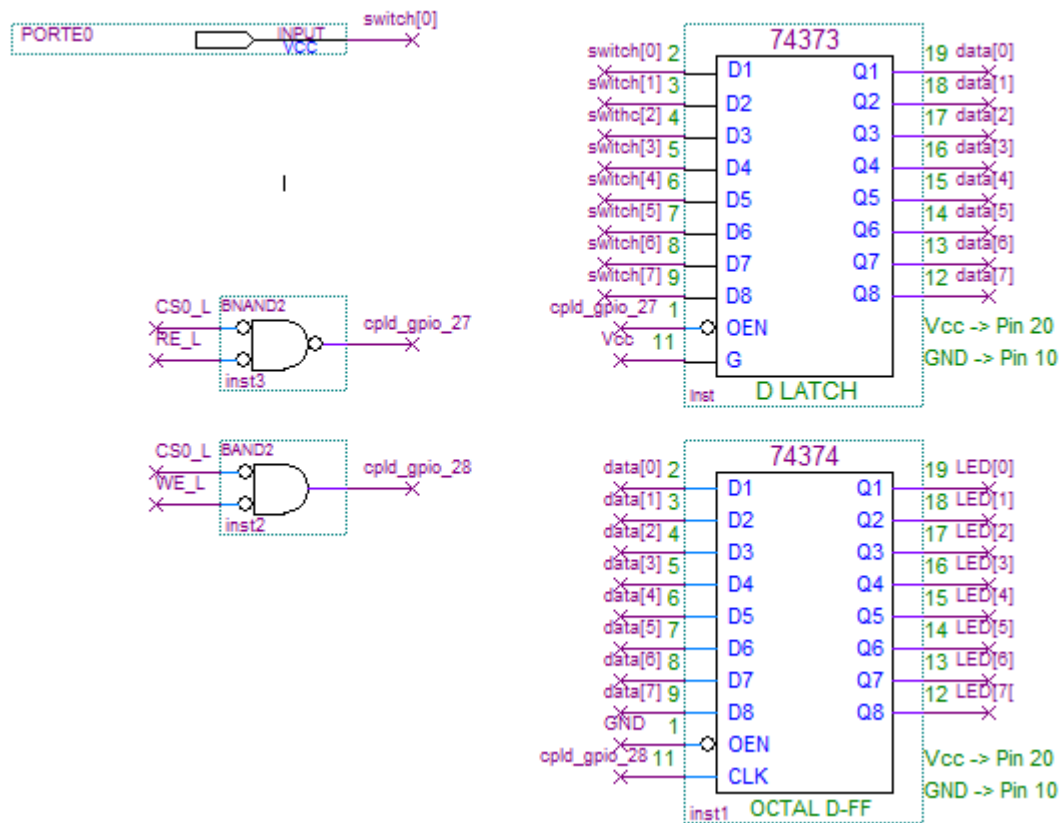
### **d) Future Work/Applications**

In the lab we used serial communication to transmit ASCII characters from our processor to our computer; this concept represents the much more general process of sending a stream of data

between devices. Such a configuration is reminiscent of a networking scenario, where there is a sending a receiving device, the receiving device constantly accepting packets of some sort from the sending device.

## e) Schematics

Nicholas Imamshah

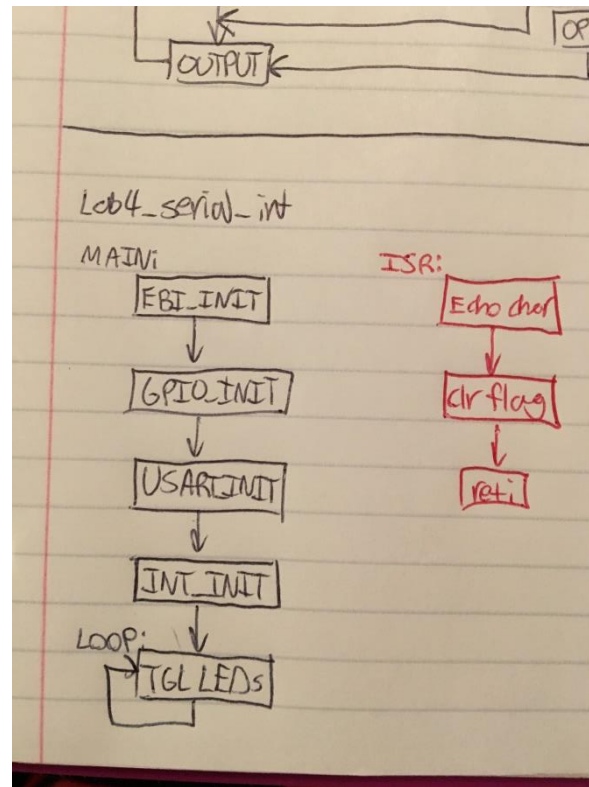


## f) Decoding Logic

N/A

## g) Pseudocode/Flowcharts





## h) Program Code

### Lab4\_ext\_int.asm

```

/* Lab4_ext_intr.asm
 *
 * Lab 4 External Interrupt
 * Name: Nicholas Imamshah
 * Section: 6957
 * TA Name: Daniel Gonzalez
 * Description: The purpose of this program is to configure an interrupt on the XMEGA that will watch for a falling edge.
 */
  
```

.nolist

.include "ATxmega128A1Udef.inc"

.list

.org 0x0000

    rjmp MAIN

.org PORTE\_INT0\_VECT

    jmp ISR\_LED\_COUNT

    ;place code at the interrupt vector for the PORTE\_INT0 interrupt

    ;jump to our interrupt routine

;must org program at 0x0200 so it doesn't conflict with interrupt vectors that are at 0x0000-0x00FE

.org 0x0200

MAIN:

    rcall CONFIG\_EBI

```
    nop
    rcall INIT_INTERRUPT
    nop

    ldi r18, 0                ;initialize count

LOOP:
    rjmp LOOP

/*****
* Name:   INIT_INTERRUPT
* Purpose: Subroutine to initialize the PortE external pin interrupt PE0 using INT0
* Inputs: None
* Outputs: None
* Affected: r16, PMIC_CTRL, PORTE: _INT0MASK_OUT, _DIRCLR, _INTCTRL, _PIN0CTRL
*****/
INIT_INTERRUPT:
    ldi r16, 0x01              ;set output to default to '1'.
    sts PORTE_OUT, r16
    sts PORTE_DIRCLR, r16      ;Set external interrupt pin (PE0) as an input

    ldi r16, 0x01              ;select the external interrupt as a low-level priority
    sts PORTE_INTCTRL, r16

    ldi r16, 0x01              ;select PORTE_PIN0 as the interrupt source
    sts PORTE_INT0MASK, r16

    ldi r16, 0x02              ;select falling edge for external interrupt
    sts PORTE_PIN0CTRL, r16

    ldi r16, 0x01              ;enable low-level interrupts
    sts PMIC_CTRL, r16

    sei                        ;set global interrupt flag LAST!
    ret

/*****
* Name:   ISR_LED_COUNT
* Purpose: Interrupt service routine to increment the count of executions on LEDs
* Inputs: None
* Outputs: None
* Affected: r17, r18
*****/
ISR_LED_COUNT:
    ldi r16, 255
    rcall DELAY
    nop

    lds r16, PORTE_IN
    nop
    sbrc r16, 0                ;if bit0 is cleared, then continue
    reti                       ;else, we got a rising edge
```

```
inc r18                                ;inc each time ISR runs
st X, r18                             ;store to LEDs
ldi r17, 0x01
sts PORTE_INTFLAGS, r17              ;clear the PORTE_INTFLAGS
reti                                 ;return from the interrupt service routine

DELAY:
ldi r17, 50
rcall DELAY_INNER
dec r16
nop
brne DELAY
ret

DELAY_INNER:
dec r17
nop
brne DELAY_INNER
ret

/*****
* Name:   CONFIG_EBI
* Purpose: Subroutine to initialize Ports H,J,K/EBI for additional Input/Output ports
* Inputs: None
* Outputs: None
* Affected: R16, X, Z, EBI_CTRL, PORTH,J,K,
*****/

.set PORT = 0x288000
.set PORT_END = 0x289FFF

CONFIG_EBI:
ldi r16, 0x17                        ;Configure PORTH bits 4, 2, 1, and 0 as outputs.
sts PORTH_DIRSET, r16                ; These are the CS0(L), ALE1(H), RE(L), and WE(L) outputs.
                                     ; (CS0 is bit 4; ALE1 is bit 2; RE is bit 1; WE is bit 0)

ldi r16, 0x13                        ;Default CS0(L), RE(L), and WE(L) to H = false.
sts PORTH_OUTSET, r16                ; ALE defaults to 0 = L = false.

ldi r16, 0xFF                        ;Set all PORTK pins (A15-A0) to be outputs.
sts PORTK_DIRSET, r16

ldi r16, 0xFF                        ;Set all PORTJ pins (D7-D0) to be outputs.
sts PORTJ_DIRSET, r16

ldi r16, 0x01                        ;Store 0x41 in EBI_CTRL reg to select 3 port EBI(H,J,K)
sts EBI_CTRL, r16                    ; mode and SRAM ALE1 mode

;Initialize the Z pointer to point to the base address for CS0 in memory
ldi ZH, high(EBI_CS0_BASEADDR)
ldi ZL, low(EBI_CS0_BASEADDR)

;Load the middle byte (A15:8) of the three byte addr into a reg and store it as the
; LOW byte of the Base Address, BASEADDR.L.
```

```
ldi r16, byte2(PORT)
st Z+, r16

;Load the highest byte (A23:16) of the three byte addr into a reg and store it as the
; HIGH byte of the Base Address, BASEADDRH.
ldi r16, byte3(PORT)
st Z, r16

ldi r16, 0x15 ;Set to 8KB CS space and turn on SRAM mode, 0x288000 - 0x289FFF
sts EBI_CS0_CTRLA, r16

;Steps for using the port expansion
ldi r16, byte3(PORT) ;initialize a pointer to point to the base addr of the PORT
sts CPU_RAMPX, r16 ;use the CPU_RAMPX reg to set the third byte of the pointer

ldi XH, high(PORT) ;set the middle (XH) and low (XL) bytes of the pointer as usual
ldi XL, low(PORT)

ret
```

#### Lab4\_serial.asm

```
/* Lab4_serial.asm
*
* Lab 4 XMEGA USART System
* Name: Nicholas Imamshah
* Section: 6957
* TA Name: Daniel Gonzalez
* Description: The purpose of this program is to configure the XMEGA USART for communication with a terminal program.
*/

.nolist
.include "ATxmega128A1Udef.inc"
.list

.equ BSe1 = 289
.equ BScale = -7

.equ Prompt = '?'

.equ StringLength = 10
.dseg
.org 0x2000 ;where inputs will be stored, outputs written to
STRING: .byte StringLength

.cseg
.org 0x0000
rjmp MAIN

.org 0x0200
MAIN:
rcall GPIO_INIT
rcall USART_INIT
```



REPEAT:

```
    ldi r16, Prompt                ;load Prompt character
    ldi r17, StringLength
    ldi ZL, low(String)
    ldi ZH, high(String)
```

LOOP:

```
    rcall OUT_CHAR                ;echo character

    rcall IN_CHAR

    st Z+, r16                    ;store input char
    dec r17
    brne LOOP
    rcall OUT_CHAR                ;echo last entered char

    ldi r16, '!'
    rcall OUT_CHAR                ;signify end of string
    rcall OUT_STRING

    rjmp REPEAT
```

/\*\*\*\*\*\*

\* Name: USART\_INIT

\* Purpose: Subroutine to initialize the XMEGA USART system

\* Inputs: None

\* Outputs: None

\* Affected: r16, USARTD0\_CTRLB, USARTD0\_CTRLA, USARTD0\_BAUDCTRLA, USARTD0\_BAUDCTRLB

\*\*\*\*\*/

USART\_INIT:

```
    ldi r16, 0x18
    sts USARTD0_CTRLB, r16        ;turn on TXEN and RXEN lines

    ldi r16, 0x23
    sts USARTD0_CTRLA, r16        ;Parity = even, 8 bit frame, 1 stop bit

    ldi r16, (BSEL & 0xFF)
    sts USARTD0_BAUDCTRLA, r16    ;set BAUDCTRLA to lower 8 bits of BSEL

    ldi r16, ((BSCALE << 4) & 0xF0) | ((BSEL >> 8) & 0x0F)
    sts USARTD0_BAUDCTRLB, r16    ;set BAUDCTRLB to BSCALE | BSEL.

                                ; Lower 4 bits are upper 4 bits of BSEL.
                                ; Upper 4 bits are upper 4 bits of BSCALE.

    ret
```

/\*\*\*\*\*\*

\* Name: GPIO\_INIT

\* Purpose: Subroutine to initialize the XMEGA GPIO for use with the USART System

\* Inputs: None

\* Outputs: None

\* Affected: r16, PORTD\_DIR, PORTD\_OUT, PORTQ\_DIR, PORTQ\_OUT

\*\*\*\*\*/

GPIO\_INIT:

```
ldi r16, 0x08
sts PORTD_DIRSET, r16      ;set PORTD_PIN3 as output for TX pin of USARTD0
sts PORTD_OUTSET, r16     ;set the TX line to default to '1'

ldi r16, 0x04
sts PORTD_DIRCLR, r16     ;set RX pin for input

ldi r16, 0xA
sts PORTQ_DIRSET, r16     ;set pins 1 and 3 of PORTQ to output
sts PORTQ_OUTCLR, r16     ;set USB_SW_EN = '0', USB_SW_SEL = '0'
```

ret

/\*\*\*\*\*

\* Name: OUT\_CHAR

\* Purpose: Subroutine to output a single character to the transmit pin of the USART

\* Inputs: None

\* Outputs: Transmits data via USART

\* Affected: USARTD0\_STATUS, USARTD0\_DATA

\*\*\*\*\*/

OUT\_CHAR:

push r17

TX\_POLL:

```
lds r17, USARTD0_STATUS   ;load status register
sbrs r17, 5                ;proceed to writing out the char if
                           ; the DREIF flag is set
rjmp TX_POLL              ;else go back to polling
sts USARTD0_DATA, r16     ;send the character out over the USART

pop r17
```

ret

/\*\*\*\*\*

\* Name: OUT\_STRING

\* Purpose: Subroutine to output character strings stored in memory

\* Inputs: None

\* Outputs: Transmits data via USART

\* Affected: r16

\*\*\*\*\*/

OUT\_STRING:

```
ldi ZL, low(String)
ldi ZH, high(String)
```

PRINT\_CHAR:

```
ld r16, Z+                ;load char pointed to by Z, POST-increment
cpi r16, 0x00             ;check if char is null
breq PRINT_DONE           ; if null -> DONE printing string
rcall OUT_CHAR            ; else OUTPUT that char
rjmp PRINT_CHAR           ;repeat
```

PRINT\_DONE:

```
ret
/*****
* Name:  IN_CHAR
* Purpose: Subroutine to receive a single character from receiver pin of the USART
* Inputs:  None
* Outputs: r16 loaded with input from SCI
* Affected: r16, USARTD0_STATUS, USARTD0_DATA
*****/
IN_CHAR:

RX_POLL:
    lds r16, USARTD0_STATUS      ;load the status register
    sbrs r16, 7                 ;proceed to reading in a char if
                                ; the RXB8 flag is set
    rjmp RX_POLL                ;else continue polling
    lds r16, USARTD0_DATA       ;read the character into r16

ret
```

### Lab4\_serial\_baud\_test.asm

```
/* Lab4_serial_baud_test.asm
*
* Lab 4 XMEGA USART Baud Rate Test
* Name: Nicholas Imamshah
* Section: 6957
* TA Name: Daniel Gonzalez
* Description: The purpose of this program is to test the Baud Rate of the XMEGA's USART System.
*/

.nolist
.include "ATxmega128A1Udef.inc"
.list

.equ BSel = 289
.equ BScale = -7

.org 0x0000
    rjmp MAIN

.org 0x0200
MAIN:
    rcall GPIO_INIT
    rcall USART_INIT
    ldi r16, 0x55                ;load U

REPEAT:
    rcall OUT_CHAR                ;echo U to console
    rcall DELAY_1MS              ;delay 1000us

    rjmp REPEAT
/*****
* Name:  USART_INIT
```

\* Purpose: Subroutine to initialize the XMEGA USART system

\* Inputs: None

\* Outputs: None

\* Affected: r16, USARTE0\_CTRLB, USARTE0\_CTRLA, USARTE0\_BAUDCTRLA, USARTE0\_BAUDCTRLB

\*\*\*\*\*/

USART\_INIT:

ldi r16, 0x18

sts USARTE0\_CTRLB, r16 ;turn on TXEN and RXEN lines

ldi r16, 0x23

sts USARTE0\_CTRLA, r16 ;Parity = even, 8 bit frame, 1 stop bit

ldi r16, (BSEL & 0xFF) ;select only lower 8 bits of BSEL

sts USARTE0\_BAUDCTRLA, r16 ;set BAUDCTRLA to lower 8 bits of BSEL

ldi r16, ((BSCALE << 4) & 0xF0) | ((BSEL >> 8) & 0x0F)

sts USARTE0\_BAUDCTRLB, r16 ;set BAUDCTRLB to BSCALE | BSEL.

; Lower 4 bits are upper 4 bits of BSEL.

; Upper 4 bits are upper 4 bits of BSCALE.

ret

\*\*\*\*\*

\* Name: USART\_INIT

\* Purpose: Subroutine to initialize the XMEGA USART system

\* Inputs: None

\* Outputs: None

\* Affected: r16, PORTE\_DIR, PORTE\_OUT, PORTQ\_DIR, PORTQ\_OUT

\*\*\*\*\*/

GPIO\_INIT:

ldi r16, 0x08

sts PORTE\_DIRSET, r16

;set PORTE\_PIN3 as output for TX pin of USARTE0

sts PORTE\_OUTSET, r16

;set the TX line to default to '1'

ldi r16, 0x04

sts PORTE\_DIRCLR, r16

;set RX pin for input

ldi r16, 0xA

sts PORTQ\_DIRSET, r16

;set pins 1 and 3 of PORTQ to output

sts PORTQ\_OUTCLR, r16

;set USB\_SW\_EN = '0', USB\_SW\_SEL = '0'

ret

\*\*\*\*\*

\* Name: OUT\_CHAR

\* Purpose: Subroutine to output a single character to the transmit pin of the USART

\* Inputs: None

\* Outputs: Transmits data via USART

\* Affected: USARTE0\_STATUS, USARTE0\_DATA

\*\*\*\*\*/

OUT\_CHAR:

push r17

TX\_POLL:

```
lds r17, USARTE0_STATUS      ;load status register
sbrs r17, 5                   ;proceed to writing out the char if
                               ;           the DREIF flag is set

rjmp TX_POLL                  ;else go back to polling
sts USARTE0_DATA, r16         ;send the character out over the USART

pop r17

ret

/*****
* Name:   OUT_STRING
* Purpose: Subroutine to output character strings stored in memory
* Inputs: None
* Outputs: Transmits data via USART
* Affected: r16
*****/
OUT_STRING:
PRINT_CHAR:
    ld r16, Z+                ;load char pointed to by Z, POST-increment
    cpi r16, 0x00             ;check if char is null
    breq PRINT_DONE           ;           if null -> DONE printing string
    rcall OUT_CHAR            ;           else OUTPUT that char
    rjmp PRINT_CHAR           ;repeat

PRINT_DONE:
    ret

/*****
* Name:   IN_CHAR
* Purpose: Subroutine to receive a single character from receiver pin of the USART
* Inputs: None
* Outputs: r16 loaded with input from SCI
* Affected: r16, USARTE0_STATUS, USARTE0_DATA
*****/
IN_CHAR:

RX_POLL:
    lds r16, USARTE0_STATUS    ;load the status register
    sbrs r16, 7               ;proceed to reading in a char if
                               ;           the RXCIF flag is set

    rjmp RX_POLL              ;else continue polling
    lds r16, USARTE0_DATA      ;read the character into r16

    ret

/*****
* Name:   DELAY_1MS
* Purpose: Subroutine to delay for X*10ms
* Inputs: X stored in r20
* Outputs: None
* Affected: r20
*****/>
```

```
.equ jcycles = 2
.equ kcycles = 246

DELAY_1MS:
    dec r20
    rcall JLOOP_INIT
    cpi r20, 0
    brne DELAY_1MS
    ret

JLOOP_INIT:
    push r20
    ldi r20, jcycles
JLOOP:
    dec r20
    rcall KLOOP_INIT
    cpi r20, 0
    brne JLOOP
    pop r20
    ret

KLOOP_INIT:
    push r20
    ldi r20, kcycles
KLOOP:
    dec r20
    nop
    brne KLOOP
    pop r20
    ret
```

### Lab4\_serial\_menu.asm

```
/* Lab4_serial_menu.asm
*
* Lab 4 Serial Menu
* Name: Nicholas Imamshah
* Section: 6957
* TA Name: Daniel Gonzalez
* Description: The purpose of this program is to provide a menu with responses by using the XMEGA USART System.
*/

.nolist
.include "ATxmega128A1Udef.inc"
.list

.equ BSel = 289
.equ BScale = -7

.equ Prompt = '?'
.equ CR = 0x0D
.equ LF = 0x0A
.equ ESC = 0x1B
```

```
.equ TAB = 0x09
.equ NUL = 0x00

.org 0x100
MENU:  .db "Nick's favorite:", CR, LF
        .db "1.", TAB, "OS/Computer (Mac or PC)", CR, LF
        .db "2.", TAB, "EE/CE Course ", CR, LF
        .db "3.", TAB, "Hobby", CR, LF
        .db "4.", TAB, "Quote", CR, LF
        .db "5.", TAB, "Movie", CR, LF
        .db "6.", TAB, "Re-display menu", CR, LF
        .db "ESC: exit", CR, LF, CR, LF, NUL
FAV_OS: .db      "Windows, unless Danny is looking, then Linux ", CR, LF, CR, LF, NUL
FAV_CE: .db      "Design Patterns", CR, LF, CR, LF, NUL
FAV_HO: .db      "Gaming with friends", CR, LF, CR, LF, NUL
FAV_QT: .db      "From an archery instructor: 'The reason you are missing, is because you are focusing on the target and not on your actions.' ", CR, LF, CR, LF, NUL
FAV_MV: .db      "Kung Fury", CR, LF, CR, LF, NUL
PR_ESC: .db      "Done!", CR, LF, CR, LF, NUL
.org 0x0000
        rjmp MAIN

.org 0x0200
MAIN:
        rcall GPIO_INIT
        rcall USART_INIT

REPEAT:
        ldi r16, Prompt                                ;load Prompt character
        ldi ZL, low(MENU << 1)
        ldi ZH, high(MENU << 1)
        rcall OUT_STRING

        rcall IN_CHAR                                  ;read input
        rcall OUT_CHAR                                  ;echo to console
        push r16                                        ;push to stack
        ldi r16, CR                                     ;CRLF
        rcall OUT_CHAR
        ldi r16, LF
        rcall OUT_CHAR
        pop r16                                         ;pop input off stack

        cpi r16, '1'
        breq OPT_1                                     ;option 1 chosen

        cpi r16, '2'
        breq OPT_2                                     ;option 2 chosen

        cpi r16, '3'
        breq OPT_3                                     ;option 3 chosen
```

```
    cpi r16, '4'
    breq OPT_4                ;option 4 chosen

    cpi r16, '5'
    breq OPT_5                ;option 5 chosen

    cpi r16, '6'
    breq REPEAT               ;option 6 chosen

    cpi r16, ESC
    breq OPT_E                ;option ESC chosen

    rjmp REPEAT
```

OUTPUT:

```
    rcall OUT_STRING
    rjmp REPEAT
```

OPT\_1:

```
    ldi ZL, low(FAV_OS << 1)
    ldi ZH, high(FAV_OS << 1)
    rjmp OUTPUT
```

OPT\_2:

```
    ldi ZL, low(FAV_CE << 1)
    ldi ZH, high(FAV_CE << 1)
    rjmp OUTPUT
```

OPT\_3:

```
    ldi ZL, low(FAV_HO << 1)
    ldi ZH, high(FAV_HO << 1)
    rjmp OUTPUT
```

OPT\_4:

```
    ldi ZL, low(FAV_QT << 1)
    ldi ZH, high(FAV_QT << 1)
    rjmp OUTPUT
```

OPT\_5:

```
    ldi ZL, low(FAV_MV << 1)
    ldi ZH, high(FAV_MV << 1)
    rjmp OUTPUT
```

OPT\_E:

```
    ldi ZL, low(PR_ESC << 1)
    ldi ZH, high(PR_ESC << 1)
    rcall OUT_STRING
    rjmp DONE
```

DONE:

```
    rjmp DONE
```

/\*\*\*\*\*\*

\* Name: USART\_INIT

\* Purpose: Subroutine to initialize the XMEGA USART system

\* Inputs: None

\* Outputs: None



\* Affected: r16, USARTD0\_CTRLB, USARTD0\_CTRLC, USARTD0\_BAUDCTRLA, USARTD0\_BAUDCTRLB

\*\*\*\*\*

USART\_INIT:

```
ldi r16, 0x18
```

```
sts USARTD0_CTRLB, r16           ;turn on TXEN and RXEN lines
```

```
ldi r16, 0x23
```

```
sts USARTD0_CTRL, r16; Parity = even, 8 bit frame, 1 stop bit
```

```
ldi r16, (BSel & 0xFF)           ;select only lower 8 bits of BSel
```

```
sts USARTD0_BAUDCTRLA, r16      ;set BAUDCTRLA to lower 8 bits of BSel
```

```
ldi r16, ((BScale << 4) & 0xF0) | ((BSel >> 8) & 0x0F)
```

```
sts USARTD0_BAUDCTRLB, r16      ;set BAUDCTRLB to BScale | Bsel.
```

```

; Lower 4 bits are upper 4 bits of BSel.

```

; Upper 4 bits are upper 4 bits of BScale.

ret

\*\*\*\*\*

\* Name: GPIO\_INIT

\* Purpose: Subroutine to initialize the XMEGA GPIO for the USART System

\* Inputs: None

\* Outputs: None

\* Affected: r16, PORTD\_DIR, PORTD\_OUT, PORTQ\_DIR, PORTQ\_OUT

\*\*\*\*\*

GPIO\_INIT:

```
ldi r16, 0x08
```

```
sts PORTD_DIRSET, r16           ;set PORTD_PIN3 as output for TX pin of USARTD0
```

```
sts PORTD_OUTSET, r16           ;set the TX line to default to '1'
```

```
ldi r16, 0x04
```

```
sts PORTD_DIRCLR, r16           ;set RX pin for input
```

```
ldi r16, 0xA
```

```
sts PORTQ_DIRSET, r16           ;set pins 1 and 3 of PORTQ to output
```

```
sts PORTQ_OUTCLR, r16 ;set USB_SW_EN = '0', USB_SW_SEL = '0'
```

ret

\*\*\*\*\*

\* Name: OUT CHAR

\* Purpose: Subroutine to output a single character to the transmit pin of the USART

\* Inputs: None

\* Outputs: Transmits data via USART

\* Affected: USARTD0\_STATUS, USARTD0\_DATA

\*\*\*\*\*

OUT\_CHAR:

push r17

TX\_POLL:

```
lds r17, USARTD0_STATUS      ;load status register
```

```
sbrs r17, 5; proceed to writing out the char if
```

; the DREIF flag is set

```
        rjmp TX_POLL                ;else go back to polling
        sts USARTD0_DATA, r16       ;send the character out over the USART

        pop r17

        ret

/*****
* Name:   OUT_STRING
* Purpose: Subroutine to output character strings stored in memory
* Inputs: Z pointing to desired output string
* Outputs: Transmits data via USART
* Affected: r16
*****/
OUT_STRING:
        ;push r16
PRINT_CHAR:
        lpm r16, Z+                ;load char pointed to by Z, POST-increment
        cpi r16, NUL               ;check if char is null
        breq PRINT_DONE           ; if null -> DONE printing string
        rcall OUT_CHAR            ; else OUTPUT that char
        rjmp PRINT_CHAR           ;repeat

        ;pop r16
PRINT_DONE:
        ret

/*****
* Name:   IN_CHAR
* Purpose: Subroutine to receive a single character from receiver pin of the USART
* Inputs: None
* Outputs: r16 loaded with input from SCI
* Affected: r16, USARTD0_STATUS, USARTD0_DATA
*****/
IN_CHAR:

RX_POLL:
        lds r16, USARTD0_STATUS    ;load the status register
        sbrc r16, 7               ;proceed to reading in a char if
                                   ; the RXCIF flag is set
        rjmp RX_POLL             ;else continue polling
        lds r16, USARTD0_DATA     ;read the character into r16

        ret
```

### Lab4\_serial\_int.asm

```
/* Lab4_serial_int.asm
*
* Lab 4 Serial Interrupt
* Name: Nicholas Imamshah
* Section: 6957
* TA Name: Daniel Gonzalez
* Description: This is an interrupt driven echo program.
*/
```



```

    pop r17

    ret
/*****
* Name:   USART_INIT
* Purpose: Subroutine to initialize the XMEGA USART system
* Inputs: None
* Outputs: None
* Affected: r16, USARTD0_CTRLB, USARTD0_CTRLA, USARTD0_BAUDCTRLA, USARTD0_BAUDCTRLB
*****/
USART_INIT:
    ldi r16, 0x10
    sts USARTD0_CTRLA, r16           ;enable low-level interrupts on USART receive

    ldi r16, 0x18
    sts USARTD0_CTRLB, r16           ;turn on TXEN and RXEN lines

    ldi r16, 0x23
    sts USARTD0_CTRLA, r16           ;Parity = even, 8 bit frame, 1 stop bit

    ldi r16, (BSel & 0xFF)
    sts USARTD0_BAUDCTRLA, r16       ;select only lower 8 bits of BSEL
                                     ;set BAUDCTRLA to lower 8 bits of BSEL

    ldi r16, ((BScale << 4) & 0xF0) | ((BSel >> 8) & 0x0F)
    sts USARTD0_BAUDCTRLB, r16       ;set BAUDCTRLB to BScale | BSEL.
                                     ;
                                     ; Lower 4 bits are upper 4 bits of BSEL.
                                     ; Upper 4 bits are upper 4 bits of BScale.

    ret
/*****
* Name:   GPIO_INIT
* Purpose: Subroutine to initialize the XMEGA GPIO for the USART System
* Inputs: None
* Outputs: None
* Affected: r16, PORTD_DIR, PORTD_OUT, PORTQ_DIR, PORTQ_OUT
*****/
GPIO_INIT:
    ldi r16, 0x08
    sts PORTD_DIRSET, r16             ;set PORTD_PIN3 as output for TX pin of USARTD0
    sts PORTD_OUTSET, r16             ;set the TX line to default to '1'

    ldi r16, 0x04
    sts PORTD_DIRCLR, r16             ;set RX pin for input

    ldi r16, 0xA
    sts PORTQ_DIRSET, r16             ;set pins 1 and 3 of PORTQ to output
    sts PORTQ_OUTCLR, r16             ;set USB_SW_EN = '0', USB_SW_SEL = '0'

    ret
/*****
* Name:   EBI_INIT
* Purpose: Subroutine to initialize Ports H,J,K/EBI for additional Input/Output ports

```

```
* Inputs: None
* Outputs: None
* Affected: R16, X, Z, EBI_CTRL, PORTH,J,K,
*****/

.set PORT = 0x288000
.set PORT_END = 0x289FFF

EBI_INIT:
    ldi r16, 0x17                ;Configure PORTH bits 4, 2, 1, and 0 as outputs.
    sts PORTH_DIRSET, r16        ; These are the CS0(L), ALE1(H), RE(L), and WE(L) outputs.
                                ; (CS0 is bit 4; ALE1 is bit 2; RE is bit 1; WE is bit 0)

    ldi r16, 0x13                ;Default CS0(L), RE(L), and WE(L) to H = false.
    sts PORTH_OUTSET, r16        ; ALE defaults to 0 = L = false.

    ldi r16, 0xFF                ;Set all PORTK pins (A15-A0) to be outputs.
    sts PORTK_DIRSET, r16

    ldi r16, 0xFF                ;Set all PORTJ pins (D7-D0) to be outputs.
    sts PORTJ_DIRSET, r16

    ldi r16, 0x01                ;Store 0x41 in EBI_CTRL reg to select 3 port EBI(H,J,K)
    sts EBI_CTRL, r16            ; mode and SRAM ALE1 mode

;Initialize the Z pointer to point to the base address for CS0 in memory
    ldi ZH, high(EBI_CS0_BASEADDR)
    ldi ZL, low(EBI_CS0_BASEADDR)

;Load the middle byte (A15:8) of the three byte addr into a reg and store it as the
; LOW byte of the Base Address, BASEADDR.L.
    ldi r16, byte2(PORT)
    st Z+, r16

;Load the highest byte (A23:16) of the three byte addr into a reg and store it as the
; HIGH byte of the Base Address, BASEADDR.H.
    ldi r16, byte3(PORT)
    st Z, r16

    ldi r16, 0x15                ;Set to 8KB CS space and turn on SRAM mode, 0x288000 - 0x289FFF
    sts EBI_CS0_CTRLA, r16

;Steps for using the port expansion
    ldi r16, byte3(PORT)        ;initialize a pointer to point to the base addr of the PORT
    sts CPU_RAMPX, r16          ;use the CPU_RAMPX reg to set the third byte of the pointer

    ldi XH, high(PORT)          ;set the middle (XH) and low (XL) bytes of the pointer as usual
    ldi XL, low(PORT)

    ret
/*****
* Name:  INTERRUPT_INIT
```

```
* Purpose: Subroutine to initialize the PortE external pin interrupt PE0 using INT0
* Inputs: None
* Outputs: None
* Affected: r16, PMIC_CTRL, PORTE: _INT0MASK_OUT, _DIRCLR, _INTCTRL, _PIN0CTRL
*****/

INTERRUPT_INIT:
    ldi r16, 0x01                ;enable low-level interrupts
    sts PMIC_CTRL, r16

    sei                        ;set global interrupt flag LAST!
    ret

/*****
* Name:   ISR_ECHO
* Purpose: Interrupt service routine to echo char on USART receive pin to transmit
* Inputs: None
* Outputs: None
* Affected: USARTD0_STATUS
*****/

ISR_ECHO:
    push r16                    ;push any registers used to ensure they can be used after

    lds r16, USARTD0_DATA      ;read character into r16
    rcall OUT_CHAR            ;echo character

    ldi r16, 0x80
    sts USARTD0_STATUS, r16    ;ensure RXCIF is cleared

    pop r16                    ;restore registers used in ISR
    reti

/*****
* Name:   DELAY_X_MS
* Purpose: Subroutine to delay for X*10ms
* Inputs: X stored in r20
* Outputs: None
* Affected: r20
*****/

.equ jcycles = 20
.equ kcycles = 246

DELAY_X_MS:
    dec r20
    rcall JLOOP_INIT
    cpi r20, 0
    brne DELAY_X_MS
    ret

JLOOP_INIT:
    push r20
    ldi r20, jcycles

JLOOP:
    dec r20
```

```
rcall KLOOP_INIT  
cpi r20, 0  
brne JLOOP  
pop r20  
ret
```

KLOOP\_INIT:

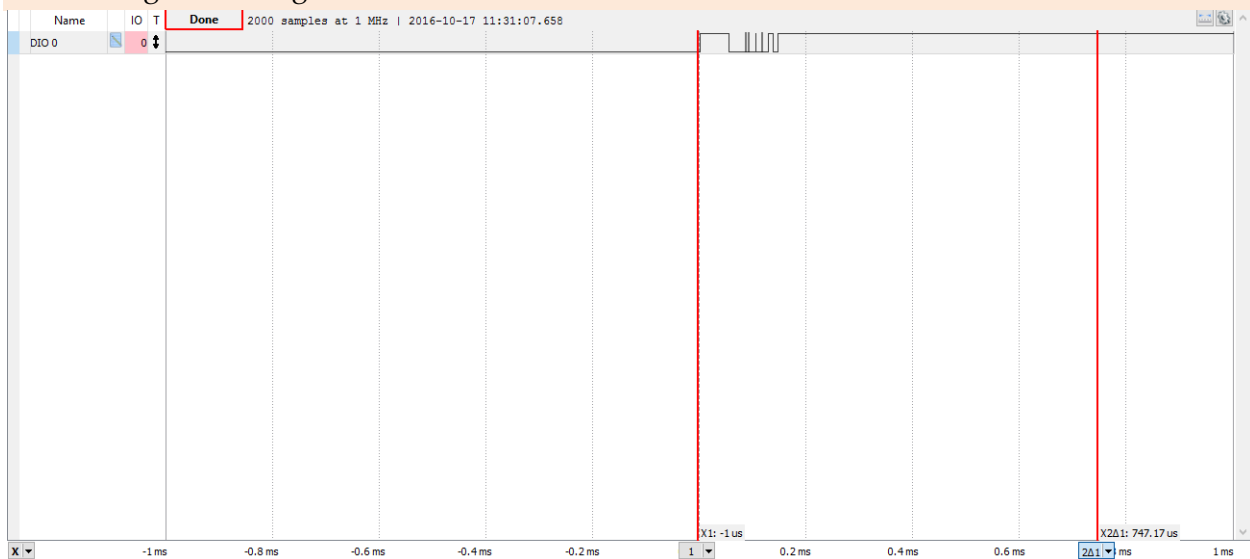
```
push r20  
ldi r20, kcycles
```

KLOOP:

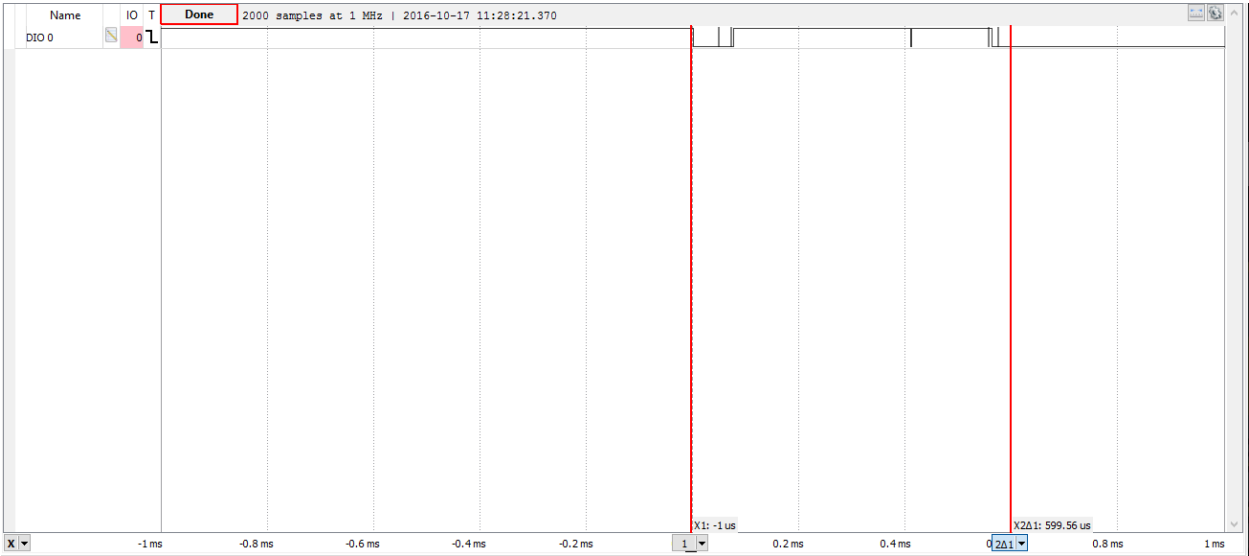
```
dec r20  
nop  
brne KLOOP  
pop r20  
ret
```

## i) Appendix

### Low-to-High Bouncing



### High-to-Low Bouncing



Baud Rate Verification

