Shell Commands in IPython

You can use any command that works at the command line in IPython by prefixing it with the ! character. For example, the ls, pwd, and echo commands can be run as follows:

```
In [1]: !ls
myproject.txt
In [2]: !pwd
/home/jake/projects/myproject
In [3]: !echo "printing from the shell"
printing from the shell
```

Passing Values to and from the Shell

Shell commands can not only be called from IPython, but can also be made to interact with the IPython namespace. For example, you can save the output of any shell command to a Python list using the assignment operator:

```
In [4]: contents = !ls
In [5]: print(contents)
['myproject.txt']
In [6]: directory = !pwd
In [7]: print(directory)
['/Users/jakevdp/notebooks/tmp/myproject']
```

Note that these results are not returned as lists, but as a special shell return type defined in IPython:

```
In [8]: type(directory)
IPython.utils.text.SList
```

This looks and acts a lot like a Python list, but has additional functionality, such as the grep and fields methods and the s, n, and p properties that allow you to search, filter, and display the results in convenient ways. For more information on these, you can use IPython's built-in help features.

Communication in the other direction—passing Python variables into the shell—is possible through the {varname} syntax:

```
In [9]: message = "hello from Python"
In [10]: !echo {message}
hello from Python
```