Features of Kubernetes

The following are some features of Kubernetes:

- Horizontal auto-scaling: Dynamically scales containers based on resource demands
- Self-healing: Re-provisions failed nodes in response to health checks
- Load balancing: Efficiently distributes requests between containers in a pod
- Rollbacks and updates: Easily update or revert to a previous container deployment without causing application downtime
- DNS service discovery: Uses Domain Name System (DNS) to manage container groups as a Kubernetes service

Components of Kubernetes

The main components of the Kubernetes engine are

- Master node(s): Manages the Kubernetes cluster. There may be more than one master node in high availability mode for fault-tolerance purposes. In this case, only one is the master, and the others follow.
- Worker node(s): Machine(s) that runs containerized applications that are scheduled as pod(s).

The illustration in Figure 45-6 provides an overview of the Kubernetes architecture.