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## Look at the Big Picture

Welcome to Machine Learning Housing Corporation! The first task you are asked to perform is to build a model of housing prices in California using the California census data. This data has metrics such as the population, median income, median housing price, and so on for each block group in California. Block groups are the smallest geographical unit for which the US Census Bureau publishes sample data (a block group typically has a population of 600 to 3,000 people). We will just call them "districts" for short.

Your model should learn from this data and be able to predict the median housing price in any district, given all the other metrics.



Since you are a well-organized data scientist, the first thing you do is to pull out your Machine Learning project checklist. You can start with the one in Appendix B; it should work reasonably well for most Machine Learning projects but make sure to adapt it to your needs. In this chapter we will go through many checklist items, but we will also skip a few, either because they are selfexplanatory or because they will be discussed in later chapters.

## Frame the Problem

The first question to ask your boss is what exactly is the business objective; building a model is probably not the end goal. How does the company expect to use and benefit from this model? This is important because it will determine how you frame the problem, what algorithms you will select, what performance measure you will use to evaluate your model, and how much effort you should spend tweaking it.

Your boss answers that your model's output (a prediction of a district's median housing price) will be fed to another Machine Learning system (see Figure 2-2), along with many other signals.3 This downstream system will determine whether it is worth investing in a given area or not. Getting this right is critical, as it directly affects revenue.

<sup>3</sup> A piece of information fed to a Machine Learning system is often called a signal in reference to Shannon's information theory: you want a high signal/noise ratio.