## **APPENDIX A**

## **Exercise Solutions**



Solutions to the coding exercises are available in the online Jupyter notebooks at <a href="https://github.com/ageron/handson-ml">https://github.com/ageron/handson-ml</a>.

## **Chapter 1: The Machine Learning Landscape**

- 1. Machine Learning is about building systems that can learn from data. Learning means getting better at some task, given some performance measure.
- 2. Machine Learning is great for complex problems for which we have no algorithmic solution, to replace long lists of hand-tuned rules, to build systems that adapt to fluctuating environments, and finally to help humans learn (e.g., data mining).
- 3. A labeled training set is a training set that contains the desired solution (a.k.a. a label) for each instance.
- 4. The two most common supervised tasks are regression and classification.
- 5. Common unsupervised tasks include clustering, visualization, dimensionality reduction, and association rule learning.
- 6. Reinforcement Learning is likely to perform best if we want a robot to learn to walk in various unknown terrains since this is typically the type of problem that Reinforcement Learning tackles. It might be possible to express the problem as a supervised or semisupervised learning problem, but it would be less natural.
- 7. If you don't know how to define the groups, then you can use a clustering algorithm (unsupervised learning) to segment your customers into clusters of similar customers. However, if you know what groups you would like to have, then you