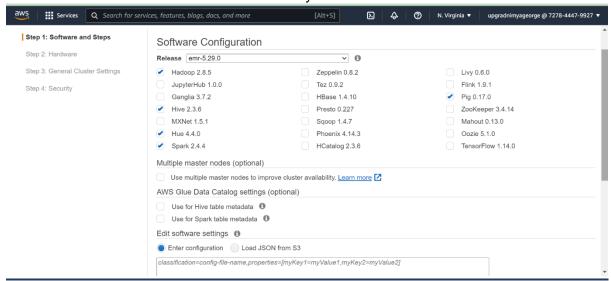
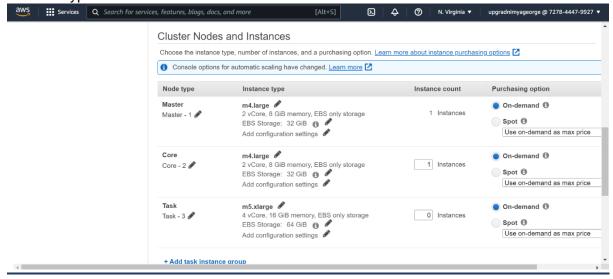
HIVE CASE STUDY

EMR CLUSTER CREATION

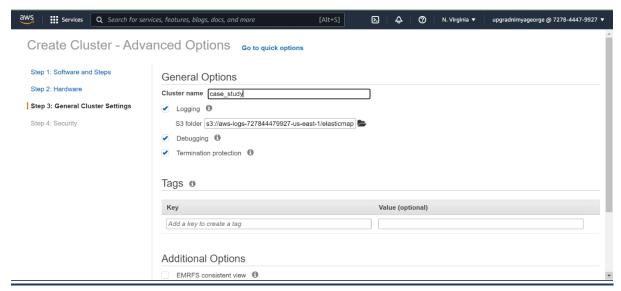
• Login to your AWS account & search EMR services. After the EMR home page appears click on Create cluster & follow the steps as mentioned. We have chosen cluster release version 5.29.0 in our case study.



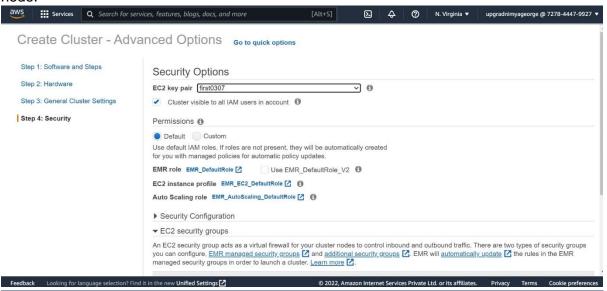
• We will be going for a 2-node cluster for our analysis & we will select m4.large instance type each for both master & core node.



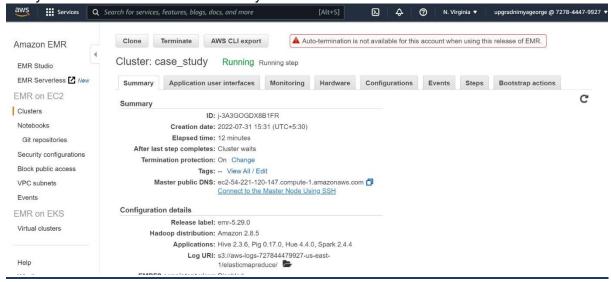
• Select a cluster name. Here we have taken the cluster name as case_study.



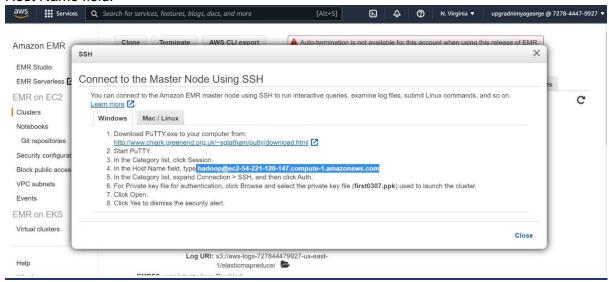
 Select an already created key-pair which will be used while connecting to master node.



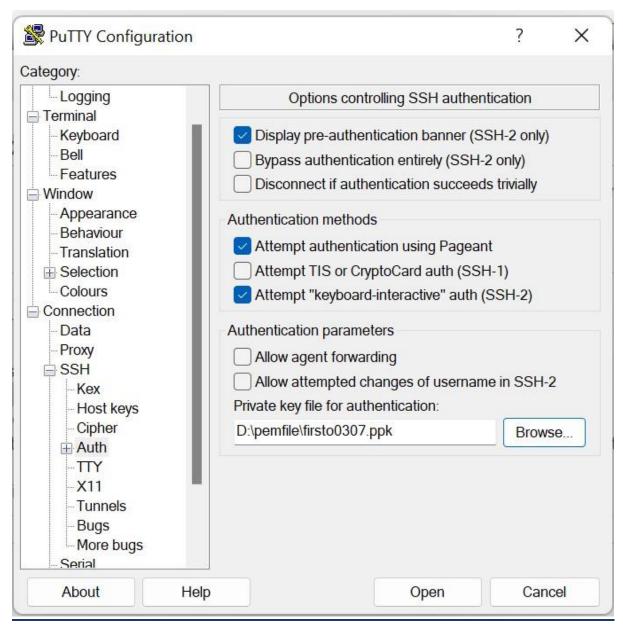
 Our cluster has been created successfully and is in running state which indicates its ready to be connected from the local system.



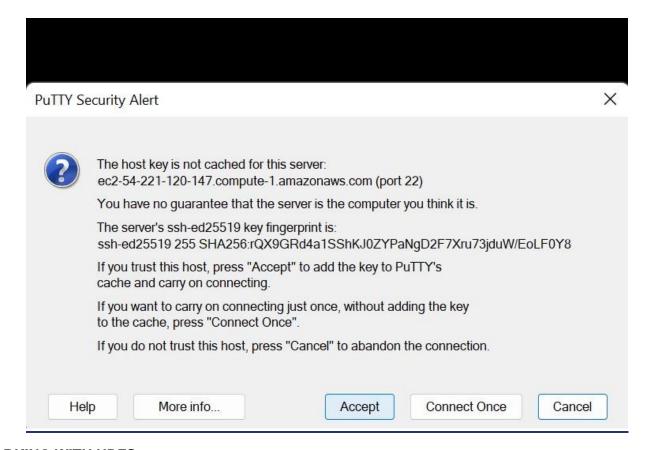
• Copy the highlighted link i.e., the master public DNS.Next, paste the address in the Host Name field.



 Click on SSH & then Auth. Give the location where the key pair is stored in the local system and click on Open.



 Next click on Accept which will open the SSH terminal. After we have created an EMR cluster & successfully connected to it via putty we can begin to code in the Terminal.



WORKING WITH HDFS:

Creating a folder in Hadoop

hadoop fs -mkdir /ecom_cstudy

hadoop fs -ls /

```
[hadoop@ip-10-0-3-145 ~]$ hadoop fs -mkdir /ecom_cstudy
[hadoop@ip-10-0-3-145 ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /
Found 5 items
drwxr-xr - hdfs hadoop 0 2022-08-01 02:24 /apps
drwxr-xrr - hadoop hadoop 0 2022-08-01 02:31 /ecom_cstudy
drwxrwxrwt - hdfs hadoop 0 2022-08-01 02:26 /tmp
drwxr-xr-x - hdfs hadoop 0 2022-08-01 02:24 /user
drwxr-xr-x - hdfs hadoop 0 2022-08-01 02:24 /var
```

Copying October & November data from S3 bucket into HDFS.

hadoop distcp s3://e-commerce-events-ml/2019-Oct.csv /ecom_cstudy/2019-Oct.csv hadoop distcp s3://e-commerce-events-ml/2019-Nov.csv /ecom_cstudy/2019-Nov.csv

```
FILE: Number of Isad operations=0
FILE: Number of large read operations=0
FILE: Number of large read operations=0
HHFS: Number of bytes read=359
HHFS: Number of bytes vritten=402542278
HHFS: Number of bytes vritten=402542278
HHFS: Number of read operations=0
HHFS: Number of read operations=0
S3: Number of bytes vritten=0
S3: Number of pytes vritten=0
S3: Number of pytes vritten=0
S3: Number of systes vr
```

The same way we will upload data of November month.

Verifying if data has been copied successfully.

hadoop fs -ls /ecom_cstudy

```
[hadoop@ip-10-0-3-145 ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /ecom_cstudy
Found 2 items
-rw-r-r-- 1 hadoop hadoop 545839412 2022-08-01 02:33 /ecom_cstudy/2019-Nov.csv
-rw-r-r-- 1 hadoop hadoop 482542278 2022-08-01 02:32 /ecom_cstudy/2019-Oct.csv
```

Working on hive.

create database if not exists cstudy;

use cstudy;

```
[hadoop@ip-10-0-3-145 ~]$ hive

Logging initialized using configuration in file:/etc/hive/conf.dist/hive-log4j2.properties Async: false hive> create database if not exists cstudy;

OK

Time taken: 1.139 seconds hive> use cstudy;

OK

Time taken: 0.062 seconds
```

Creating a common table named clickstream and storing both October & November data in it.

create external table if not exists clickstream_info(event_time timestamp, event_type string , product_id string , category_id string , category_code string , brand string , price float, user_id bigint, user_session string) ROW FORMAT SERDE 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2.OpenCSVSerde' WITH SERDEPROPERTIES ("separatorChar"=",","quoteChar"="\"","escapeChar"="\\"") STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION 'hdfs:///ecom_cstudy/' TBLPROPERTIES ("skip.header.line.count"="1"); select * from clickstream_info limit 5 ;

```
hive> create external table if not exists clickstream_info( event_time timestamp, event_type string , product_id string , category_code string , brand string , price float, user_id bigint, user_session string) ROW FORMAT SERDE 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2.OpenCSVSerde' WITH SERDEPROPERTIES ( "skip.header.line.count"="1"); OK

Time taken: 0.487 seconds hive> select * from clickstream_info limit 5 ;

OK

2019-11-01 00:00:02 UTC view 5802432 1487580009286598681 0.32 562076640 09fafd6c-6c99-46b1-834f-33527f4de241 2019-11-01 00:00:09 UTC cart 5844397 1487580006317032337 2.38 553329724 2067216c-31b5-455d-alcc-af0575a34ffb 2019-11-01 00:00:11 UTC cart 5876812 148758001100293687 jessnail 3.16 564506666 186c1951-8052-4b37-adce-dd9644b1d5f7 2019-11-01 00:00:24 UTC remove_from_cart 5826182 1487580007483048900 3.33 553329724 2067216c-31b5-455d-alcc-af0575a34ffb Time taken: 3.345 seconda, Fetched: 5 row(s)
```

To create optimised table having partitions & buckets we need to enable some settings:

```
set hive.exec.dynamic.partition = true;
set hive.exec.dynamic.partition.mode = nonstrict;
set hive.enforce.bucketing = true;
```

```
hive> set hive.exec.dynamic.partition = true ;
hive> set hive.exec.dynamic.partition.mode = nonstrict ;
hive> set hive.enforce.bucketing = true ;
```

Creating table with partitions and buckets and inserting data into it.

create table if not exists part_buck_clickstream (event_time string, product_id string, category_id string, category_code string, brand string, price float, user_id bigint, user_session string) partitioned by (event_type string) clustered by (category_code) into 13 buckets row format delimited fields terminated by '\n' stored as textfile;

```
hive> create table if not exists part buck clickstream (event_time string, product_id string, category_id string, category_code string, brand string, price f loat, user_id bigint, user_session string | partitioned by (event_type string) clustered by (user_id) into 5 buckets row format SERDE 'org.apache.hadoop.hive .serde2.OpenCSVSerde' STORED AS TEXTFILE;

OK

Time taken: 0.144 seconds
hive> insert into table part_buck_clickstream partition (event_type) select_event_time,product_id,category_id,category_code,brand,price,user_id,user_session,
```

insert into table part_buck_clickstream partition (event_type) select event_time,product_id,category_id,category_code,brand,price,user_id,user_session,event_type from clickstream_info;

```
Time taken: 0.144 Seconds

Fine taken: 0.144 Seconds

Fine taken: 10.144 Seconds

Time taken: 184.581 Seconds

OK

Time taken: 184.581 Seconds

Intox type from clickstream partition (event_type) select event_time, product_id, category_id, category_code, brand, price, user_id, user_session, event_type from clickstream partition (event_type) select event_time, product_id, category_id, category_code, brand, price, user_id, user_session, event_type from clickstream partition (event_type) select event_time, product_id, category_id, category_code, brand, price, user_id, user_session, event_type from clickstream partition (event_type) select event_time, product_id, category_id, category_code, brand, price, user_id, user_session, event_type from clickstream partition (event_type) select event_time, product_id, category_id, ca
```

Describing both tables.

describe clickstream_info;

describe part_buck_clickstream;

```
ve> describe clickstream_info;
event_type
product_id
category_id
                                                                          from deserializer
                                                                          from deserializer from deserializer
                                     string
 category_code
                                                                          from deserializer
                                     string
 user_session string
Time taken: 0.075 seconds, Fetched: 9 row(s)
hive> describe part_buck_clickstream;
                                                                          from deserializer
product_id
category_id
category_code
                                    string
string
                                                                          from deserializer from deserializer
                                    string
string
brand
                                                                          from deserializer
price
                                     string
user_id
user_session
                                                                          from deserializer
from deserializer
 event_type
 # Partition Information
                                                                          comment
event_type string
Time taken: 0.219 seconds, Fetched: 14 row(s)
```

Checking data in both tables.

```
set hive.cli.print.header=true;
select * from clickstream_info limit 5 ;
select * from part_buck_clickstream limit 5 ;
```

Checking if partitions were created successfully.

show partitions part_buck_clickstream;

```
hive> show partitions part_buck_clickstream;
OK
partition
event_type=cart
event_type=purchase
event_type=remove_from_cart
event_type=view
Time taken: 0.086 seconds, Fetched: 4 row(s)
```

Overall, we have made two tables,

- One common table named clickstream_info which contains data of both October
 & November.
- One table with partitions & buckets named part_buck_clickstream for optimised querying which also contains data of both October & November.

So, all the preparations are done & now we can move to query analysis-

QUERY ANALYSIS

- 1. Find the total revenue generated due to purchases made in October.
- a) Unoptimized query:

select sum(price) as total_revenue_oct from clickstream_info where event_type='purchase' and month(event_time)=10;

Optimized query:

select sum(price) as total_revenue from part_buck_clickstream where event_type='purchase' and month(event_time)=10;

```
hive> select sum(price) as total_revenue from part_buck_clickstream where event_type='purchase' and month(event_time)=10;
Query ID = hadoop_20220801024348_722cb33b-5c44-4c2b-9e38-7d445d8f8162
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_1659320744340_0003)

VERTICES MODE STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED

Map 1 ...... container SUCCEEDED 3 3 0 0 0 0 0
Reducer 2 ..... container SUCCEEDED 1 1 0 0 0 0
VERTICES: 02/02 [------->] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 27.70 s

OK
total_revenue
1211538.429999898
Time taken: 28.784 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
```

The total revenue generated in October is 1211538.429. Optimized query took 28.784 secs while unoptimized query took 57.04 secs to fetch the same result.

2. Write a query to yield the total sum of purchases per month in a single output.

select month(event_time) as month, sum(price) as total_revenue from part_buck_clickstream where event_type='purchase' group by month(event_time);

| otal jobs = 1 aunching Job 1 out Status: Running (Ex | | | -30aa-4 | | 9625b7b6d | | | | here event_type='pur | |
|--|------|--------|---------|------------|-----------|---------|--------|--------|----------------------|--|
| VERTICES | MODE | STATUS | TOTAL | COMPLETED | RUNNING | PENDING | FAILED | KILLED | | |
| fap 1 co: | | | | | | | | | | |
| ERTICES: 02/02 [= | | | | 100% ELAPS | ED TIME: | | | | | |

Total sum of purchases for October is 1211538.429 while for the November it's 1531016.899.

3. Write a query to find the change in revenue due to purchases from October to November?

select (sum(case when month(event_time)=11 then price else 0 end) - sum(case when month(event_time)=10 then price else 0 end)) as change_in_revenue from part_buck_clickstream where event_type='purchase';

```
hive select (sum(case when month(event time)=11 then price else 0 end) - sum(case when month(event_time)=10 then price else 0 end)) as change_in_revenue from part_buck_clickstream where event_type="purchase'; compart_buck_clickstream where even_type="purchase'; compart_buck_clickstream where event_type="purchase'; compart_buck_clickstream where event_type="purchase'; co
```

Change in revenue is 319478.47

4. Find distinct categories of products. Categories with null category code can be ignored.

select distinct(category_code) from part_buck_clickstream where category_code != ";

```
hive> select distinct(category_code) from part_buck_clickstream where category_code != '';
Query ID = hadoop_20220801024711_413b70cf-a93b-4603-9b5b-8d2c9ba9c0e9
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_1659320744340_0003)

VERTICES MODE STATUS TOTAL COMPLETED RUNNING PENDING FAILED KILLED

Map 1 ...... container SUCCEEDED 6 6 6 0 0 0 0 0
Reducer 2 ..... container SUCCEEDED 5 5 0 0 0 0 0

VERTICES: 02/02 [------->] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 68.42 s

OK
category_code
accessories.cosmetic_bag
stationery.cartrige
accessories.bag
appliances.environment.vacuum
furniture.living room.chair
sport.diving
appliances.personal.hair_cutter
appliances.personal.hair_cutter
appliances.environment.air_conditioner
apparel.glove
furniture.living room.cabinet
furniture.living room.cabinet
furniture.living room.cabinet
furniture.living room.cabinet
furniture.living room.cabinet
firm taken: 69.157 seconds, Fetched: 11 row(s)
```

There are 6 categories and 11 distinct sub-categories

5. Find the total number of products available under each category.

select category_code, count(product_id) as total_products from part_buck_clickstream where category_code != " group by category_code ;

6. Which brand had the maximum sales in October and November combined?

select brand, sum(price) as total_sales from part_buck_clickstream where event_type='purchase' and brand != " group by brand order by total_sales desc limit 1;

The top brand is runail with total_sales 148297.939

7. Which brands increases their sales from October to November?

with sales_summary as (select brand, sum(case when month(event_time)=10 then price else 0 end) as oct_sales, sum(case when month(event_time)=11 then price else 0 end) as

nov_sales from part_buck_clickstream where event_type='purchase' group by brand) select brand from sales_summary where (nov_sales-oct_sales)>0;

```
neoleor
nitvel

nitvel

omiq

orly

omo

owale

plazam

plazam

proteption

proteption

proteption

refectod:

resident

resid
```

There is a total of 161 brands that had increased sales from October to November.

8. Your company wants to reward the top 10 users of its website with a Golden Customer plan. Write a query to generate a list of top 10 users who spend the most.

with spndng_sum as (select user_id, sum(price) as overall_spndng from part_buck_clickstream where event_type='purchase' group by user_id order by overall_spndng desc) select user_id from spndng_sum limit 10;

Dropping database

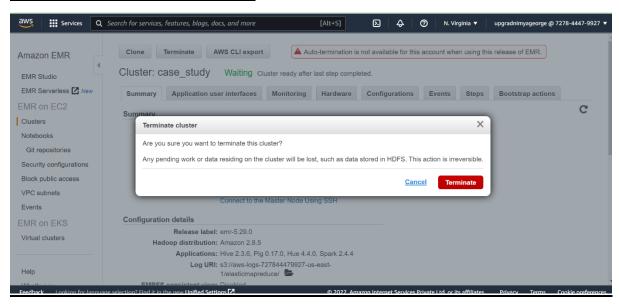
drop database cstudy cascade;

```
hive> drop database cstudy cascade;
OK
Time taken: 0.828 seconds
```

show databases:

```
hive> show databases;
OK
database_name
default
Time taken: 0.054 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
```

TERMINATING THE EMR CLUSTER



On clicking terminate the cluster gets terminated and then we can log out from our AWS console.