Final project Analysis of Deep Learning Architectures

Harvard CS 109B, Spring 2017 Submission of: Group 26 Feb 2017

Importing Libraries

```
# Libraries
library(gam)
                         # Additive Models
## Loading required package: splines
## Loading required package: foreach
## Loaded gam 1.14
library(splines)
                        # splines fit
library(ggplot2) # Graphing
library(ggthemes) # Graphing Themes
library(grid) # For multiplot
library(gridExtra) # For multiplot
library(reshape2) # to reshape dataframes
                      # to combine dataframe
library(tidyr)
## Attaching package: 'tidyr'
## The following object is masked from 'package:reshape2':
##
##
        smiths
```

SBuild up data arrays

The reference Labels from the test set

```
Labels = subset(read.csv("labels.csv"), select=Action:Other)
```

Function to transform the probabilities to categories

```
# Define Function
categ = function(filename) {

# Specify the data range from the file
item = subset(read.csv(filename) , select = Action:Other)
```

```
# Create a copy for editing
  clone = item
  # Execute per row
  for (i in 1:nrow(item)){
    # Execute per column
    for (j in 1:ncol(item)){
      # Apply cuttof probability
      if (item[[i,j]] < 0.5) {</pre>
        # Modify the array
        clone[[i,j]] = 0
      }
      else \{clone[[i,j]] = 1\}
    }
 }
 return(clone)
}
```

Function to perform a multiple plot

```
# Multiple plot function (Source : "Cookbook for R"
#
          "http://www.cookbook-r.com/Graphs/Multiple_graphs_on_one_page_(ggplot2)/")
# ggplot objects can be passed in ..., or to plotlist (as a list of ggplot objects)
# - cols: Number of columns in layout
# - layout: A matrix specifying the layout. If present, 'cols' is ignored.
# If the layout is something like matrix(c(1,2,3,3), nrow=2, byrow=TRUE),
# then plot 1 will go in the upper left, 2 will go in the upper right, and
# 3 will go all the way across the bottom.
multiplot <- function(..., plotlist=NULL, file, cols=1, layout=NULL) {</pre>
 library(grid)
  \# Make a list from the ... arguments and plotlist
  plots <- c(list(...), plotlist)</pre>
 numPlots = length(plots)
  # If layout is NULL, then use 'cols' to determine layout
  if (is.null(layout)) {
   # Make the panel
```

```
# ncol: Number of columns of plots
   # nrow: Number of rows needed, calculated from # of cols
  layout <- matrix(seq(1, cols * ceiling(numPlots/cols)),</pre>
                   ncol = cols, nrow = ceiling(numPlots/cols))
}
if (numPlots==1) {
  print(plots[[1]])
} else {
   # Set up the page
  grid.newpage()
  pushViewport(viewport(layout = grid.layout(nrow(layout), ncol(layout))))
  # Make each plot, in the correct location
  for (i in 1:numPlots) {
     # Get the i,j matrix positions of the regions that contain this subplot
    matchidx <- as.data.frame(which(layout == i, arr.ind = TRUE))</pre>
    print(plots[[i]], vp = viewport(layout.pos.row = matchidx$row,
                                     layout.pos.col = matchidx$col))
  }
}
```

Function to calculate accuracy based on the categories

```
# Define Function
accuacy = function(categories){
  # Intiate the counter for accuracy
 Count = rep(0 , ncol(categories))
  # Loop over rows
 for(i in 1:nrow(categories)) {
    # Loop over columns
   for (j in 1:ncol(categories)) {
      # Check for similarity
     if (Labels[i, j] == categories[i,j]){
        # Modify the counter
       Count[j] = Count[j] + 1
     }
   }
  }
 return(Count/nrow(Labels))
```

}

Execution for the 12 architecture

```
# Perform for the fist file (as a seed)
acc1 = accuacy(categ("1pred.csv"))

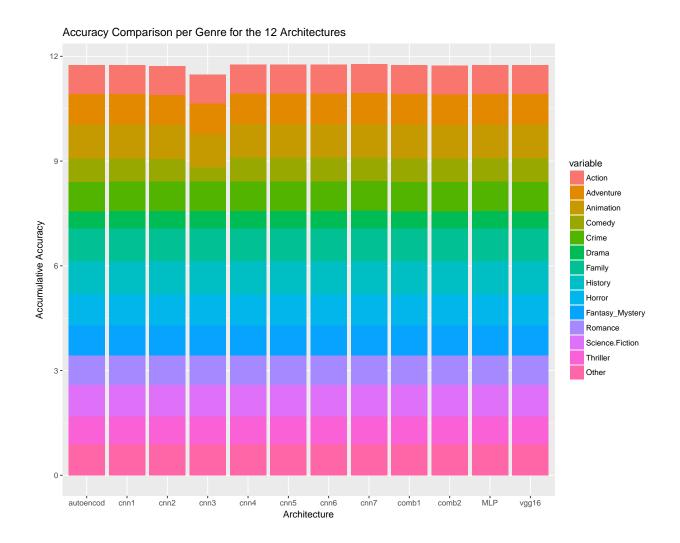
# Loop for the other files
for (i in 2:12) {

    # onstruct file name
    fname = paste(toString(i) ,"pred.csv" , sep = "")

    # Calculate the accurracy
    acc = accuacy(categ(fname))

# Add to the Array
    acc1 = rbind(acc1 , acc)
}
```

Visualization



Sample heatmap for two architectures

- Heatmap will represent the proximity between the actual class and the predicted class
- All values are scaled between 0 and 1

Open Data File

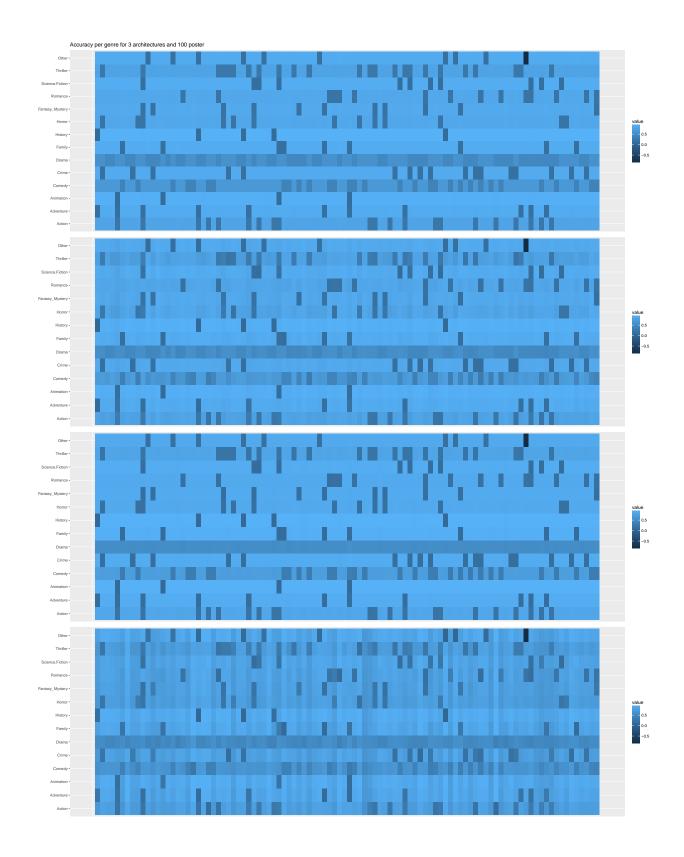
```
# Auto encoder architecture
meas_enc = subset(read.csv("9_prox.csv") , select = Action:Other)

# Fine-tunned VGG16 architecture
meas_vgg = subset(read.csv("10_prox.csv") , select = Action:Other)

# CNN with Dropout, Batch Normalization and regularization
meas_cnn = subset(read.csv("7_prox.csv") , select = Action:Other)

# Simple MLP for the color features
meas_simple = subset(read.csv("8_prox.csv") , select = Action:Other)
```

```
# Combined autoencoder and simple MLP
meas_comb1 = subset(read.csv("11_prox.csv") , select = Action:Other)
# Combined CNN and simple MLP
meas_comb2 = subset(read.csv("12_prox.csv") , select = Action:Other)
# Add an index
id = seq(1,100)
# Attach the index to the data frames:
meas_encid = id
meas_vgg$id = id
meas_cnn$id = id
meas_simple$id = id
meas comb1$id = id
meas_comb2$id = id
p1 <- ggplot(melt(meas_enc , id.vars = "id") , aes(x = id , y = variable)) +
         geom_tile(aes(fill = value)) + ylab ("") + xlab("") +
  theme(axis.title.x=element_blank(),
       axis.text.x=element_blank(),
        axis.ticks.x=element_blank()) +
  ggtitle("Accuracy per genre for 3 architectures and 100 poster")
p2 <- ggplot(melt(meas_vgg , id.vars = "id") , aes(x = id , y = variable)) +
         geom_tile(aes(fill = value)) + ylab ("") + xlab("") +
  theme(axis.title.x=element_blank(),
       axis.text.x=element_blank(),
        axis.ticks.x=element_blank())
p3 <- ggplot(melt(meas_cnn , id.vars = "id") , aes(x = id , y = variable)) +
         geom_tile(aes(fill = value)) + ylab ("") + xlab("") +
  theme(axis.title.x=element_blank(),
        axis.text.x=element_blank(),
        axis.ticks.x=element blank())
p4 <- ggplot(melt(meas_simple , id.vars = "id") , aes(x = id , y = variable)) +
         geom_tile(aes(fill = value)) + ylab ("") + xlab("") +
  theme(axis.title.x=element blank(),
        axis.text.x=element_blank(),
        axis.ticks.x=element_blank())
p5 <- ggplot(melt(meas_comb1 , id.vars = "id") , aes(x = id , y = variable)) +
         geom_tile(aes(fill = value)) + ylab ("") + xlab("") +
  theme(axis.title.x=element_blank(),
        axis.text.x=element_blank(),
```



Plot Average Accurracy across the 12 architectures

• The accuracy will be evaluated per genre basis

```
# Calculate the average
accavg = colMeans(acc1)

# Construct a data frame
Avg = data.frame(accavg)

# Agg Genres
Avg$genres = colnames(Labels)

# Plotgeneration
ggplot(Avg , aes(genres , accavg)) + geom_bar(fill = "steelblue" , stat = "identity") +
ylab("Average Accurracy") +
ggtitle("Average Accurracy per Genre")
```

