Importing all essential libraries

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```
#Importing all libraries
import pandas as pd
import sqlite3
import numpy as np
import pickle as pickle
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
import subprocess
import io
#Optional Libraries
#from gensim.models import word2vec
#import gensim.downloader as api
#from gensim.models import KeyedVectors
#Glove pretrained word embeddings: https://nlp.stanford.edu/projects/glove/
#Connect your drive as file system (If you have your files on drive)
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call
Word Embeddings part (Pre-trained embeddings used: Glove)
Reducing the vector dimensions unsing PCA
#Reducing Glove word embeddings from 50 to 10 dimensions
Glove = \{\}
with io.open('/content/drive/My Drive/NLP Data/glove.6B.50d.txt', encoding='utf8')
#f = open('/content/drive/mydrive/glove.6B.50d.txt')
   print("Loading Glove vectors.")
    for line in f:
        values = line.split()
        word = values[0]
        coefs = np.asarray(values[1:], dtype='float32')
        Glove[word] = coefs
    f.close()
   print("Done.")
   X train = []
   X train names = []
    for x in Glove:
            X train.append(Glove[x])
            X train names.append(x)
    X_train = np.asarray(X_train)
```

```
# PCA to get Top Components
    pca = PCA(n components = 50)
    X train = X train - np.mean(X train)
   X fit = pca.fit transform(X train)
   U1 = pca.components
    z = []
# Removing Projections on Top Components
    for i, x in enumerate(X train):
      for u in U1[0:7]:
              x = x - np.dot(u.transpose(),x) * u
      z.append(x)
    z = np.asarray(z)
# PCA Dim Reduction
    pca = PCA(n components = 10)
    X \text{ train} = z - np.mean(z)
    X new final = pca.fit transform(X train)
# PCA to do Post-Processing Again
    pca = PCA(n components = 10)
   X new = X new final - np.mean(X new final)
   X_new = pca.fit_transform(X_new)
   Ufit = pca.components
   X new final = X new final - np.mean(X new final)
    final pca embeddings = {}
    embedding file = open('/content/drive/My Drive/NLP Data/pca embed2.txt', 'w')
    for i, x in enumerate(X_train_names):
      final pca embeddings[x] = X new final[i]
      embedding_file.write("%s\t" % x)
      for u in Ufit[0:7]:
        final pca embeddings[x] = final_pca_embeddings[x] - np.dot(u.transpose(),fi
      for t in final pca embeddings[x]:
        embedding file.write("%f\t" % t)
      embedding file.write("\n")
   print("Reduced the dimensionality of the vector to 10 dimensions! \nPlease chec

    Loading Glove vectors.

    Reduced the dimensionality of the vector to 10 dimensions!
    Please check pca embed2.txt file
#Function to get 10 dimensional vector from txt file
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aer get vector(given wora):
 Glove = \{\}
 with io.open('/content/drive/My Drive/NLP Data/pca embed2.txt', encoding='utf8')
 #f = open('/content/drive/My Drive/NLP Data/pca embed2.txt')
      #print("Loading Glove vectors.")
      for line in f:
          values = line.split()
          word = values[0]
          if word == given word:
            coefs = np.asarray(values[1:], dtype='float32')
            given word vector = coefs
            break
 f.close()
 return given word vector
#Getting Vectors for available posts
engineer vector = get vector('engineer')
manager_vector = get_vector('manager')
developer vector = get vector('developer')
ceo vector = get vector('ceo')
cto vector = get vector('cto')
coo vector = get vector('coo')
waiter vector = get vector('waiter')
#Getting Vectors for available cities
victoria vector = get vector('victoria')
vancouver vector = get vector('vancouver')
delhi vector = get vector('delhi')
pune vector = get vector('pune')
ottawa_vector = get_vector('ottawa')
toronto vector = get vector('toronto')
mumbai vector = get vector('mumbai')
#Stored these vectors in CSV Files
#File names:
#1. table1 name post city.csv
#2. table2 vectors for post city.csv
#3. table3 vectors for posts.csv
#4. table4 vectors for cities.csv
#Defining Cosine Similarity Function
def cos sim(a, b):
    """Takes 2 vectors a, b and returns the cosine similarity according
   to the definition of the dot product
   dot product = np.dot(a, b)
   norm a = np.linalq.norm(a)
   norm b = np.linalg.norm(b)
   return dot_product / (norm_a * norm_b)
#Testing the function
similarity = cos_sim(engineer_vector,manager_vector)
print(similarity)
```

Database creation part

1. Reading data with Pandas

```
#Opening & Reading CSV files into pandas dataframe
#Dataframe with Person name, Applicable Post and City
data = pd.read csv (r'/content/drive/My Drive/NLP Data/table1 name post city.csv')
df1 = pd.DataFrame(data, columns= ['Name','pi1','pi2','pi3','pi4','pi5','pi6','pi7'
#print(df1)
#Dataframe with Post Available and City
data = pd.read csv (r'/content/drive/My Drive/NLP Data/table2 vectors for post city
df2 = pd.DataFrame(data, columns= ['pi1','pi2','pi3','pi4','pi5','pi6','pi7','pi8',
#print(df2)
#Dataframe with Vectors for respective posts and post
data = pd.read csv (r'/content/drive/My Drive/NLP Data/table3 vectors for posts.csv
df3 = pd.DataFrame(data, columns= ['pi1','pi2','pi3','pi4','pi5','pi6','pi7','pi8',
#print(df3)
#Dataframe with Vectors for respective cities and city
data = pd.read csv (r'/content/drive/My Drive/NLP Data/table4 vectors for cities.cs
df4 = pd.DataFrame(data, columns= ['ci1','ci2','ci3','ci4','ci5','ci6','ci7','ci8',
#print(df4)
```

Database creation part

2. Creating Sqlite database

```
#Creating database
connection = sqlite3.connect("position_city_database_with_embeddings.db")
crsr = connection.cursor()

#Comment the table creation and insertion of data into the table if the database is

#Creating table1 with name, embeddings of post, and embeddings of city
crsr.execute('CREATE TABLE name_post_city (NAME nvarchar(50),pil float,pil float,pil dfl.to_sql('name_post_city', connection, if_exists='replace', index = False)
crsr.execute('''SELECT * FROM name_post_city''')
print("Table 1: Name_Post_City_Data")
for row in crsr.fetchall():
    print (row)

#Creating table2 with embeddings of post and embeddings of city
crsr.execute('CREATE TABLE post_city (cil float,cil floa
```

```
crsr.execute('''SELECT * FROM post city''')
for row in crsr.fetchall():
   print (row)
#Creating table3 with embeddings of post and name of posts
crsr.execute('CREATE TABLE em post name (pil float,pi2 float,pi3 float,pi4 float,pi
df3.to sql('em post name', connection, if exists='replace', index = False)
print("Table 3: Em Post Name Data")
crsr.execute('''SELECT * FROM em post name''')
for row in crsr.fetchall():
   print (row)
#Creating table4 with embeddings of city and name of cities
crsr.execute('CREATE TABLE em city name (cil float, ci2 float, ci3 float, ci4 float, ci
df4.to_sql('em_city_name', connection, if_exists='replace', index = False)
print("Table 4: Em City Name Data")
crsr.execute('''SELECT * FROM em city name''')
for row in crsr.fetchall():
   print (row)
connection.commit()
#Incase of you want to drop all tables:
#crsr.execute('DROP TABLE name post city')
#crsr.execute('DROP TABLE post city')
#crsr.execute('DROP TABLE em_post_name')
#crsr.execute('DROP TABLE em city name')
#connection.commit()
```

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```
Table 1: Name Post City Data
('Tom', 0.0, -1e-06, 0.0, 0.0, -1e-06, 1.1e-05, -4e-06, -0.252, 0.00328, 1.39,
('Henry', 0.0, -le-06, le-06, 0.0, -4e-06, 5e-06, 1.49999999999999999-05, 0.47
('Bush', 0.0, -1e-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -1e-06, 6e-06, 1.2e-05, 0.32, -0.31, 0.966,
('Ram', 0.0, -1e-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -4e-06, 5e-06, 1.49999999999999e-05, 0.478,
('Bharat', 0.0, -2e-06, 2e-06, 0.0, -3e-06, 5e-06, 2.4e-05, 0.733, -0.16899999
('Laxman', 0.0, 0.0, -2e-06, 0.0, -1e-06, 6e-06, -2.2e-05, -0.736, 0.625, 0.42
('Krishna', 0.0, -2e-06, 2e-06, 0.0, -1e-06, 8e-06, 1.2e-05, 0.28, -0.44, 1.17
('Jelly', 0.0, -le-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -4e-06, 5e-06, 1.49999999999999999-05, 0.47
('Akash', 0.0, -1e-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -4e-06, 5e-06, 1.4999999999999999-05, 0.47
('Ritul', 0.0, -1e-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -1e-06, 6e-06, 1.2e-05, 0.32, -0.31, 0.966,
('Rosie', 0.0, -1e-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -1e-06, 6e-06, 1.2e-05, 0.32, -0.31, 0.966,
('Alexa', 0.0, -2e-06, 2e-06, 0.0, -3e-06, 5e-06, 2.4e-05, 0.733, -0.168999999
('Sita', 0.0, -1e-06, 0.0, 0.0, -1e-06, 1.1e-05, -4e-06, -0.252, 0.00328, 1.39
('Erik', 0.0, -1e-06, 0.0, 0.0, -1e-06, 1.1e-05, -4e-06, -0.252, 0.00328, 1.39
('Deepika', 0.0, -1e-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -4e-06, 5e-06, 1.4999999999999999e-05, 0.
('Jerry', 0.0, -1e-06, 0.0, 0.0, 2e-06, 6e-06, -9e-06, -0.424, -0.657999999999
('Angelina', 0.0, -1e-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -1e-06, 6e-06, 1.2e-05, 0.32, -0.31, 0.9
('Selena', 0.0, -1e-06, 0.0, 0.0, -1e-06, 1.1e-05, -4e-06, -0.252, 0.00328, 1.
Table 2: Post City Data
(0.0, -1e-06, 0.0, 0.0, -1e-06, 1.1e-05, -4e-06, -0.252, 0.00328, 1.39, 0.0, 0.0)
(0.0, -1e-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -4e-06, 5e-06, 1.4999999999999999e-05, 0.478, 0.431,
(0.0, -1e-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -4e-06, 5e-06, 1.4999999999999999e-05, 0.478, 0.431,
(0.0, -1e-06, 0.0, 0.0, -1e-06, 1.1e-05, -4e-06, -0.252, 0.00328, 1.39, 0.0, -
(0.0, -1e-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -1e-06, 6e-06, 1.2e-05, 0.32, -0.31, 0.966, 0.0, 1e-
(0.0, -2e-06, 2e-06, 0.0, -3e-06, 5e-06, 2.4e-05, 0.733, -0.168999999999999,
(0.0, -1e-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -1e-06, 6e-06, 1.2e-05, 0.32, -0.31, 0.966, 0.0, 1e-06, 
(0.0, -1e-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -4e-06, 5e-06, 1.49999999999999e-05, 0.478, 0.431,
(0.0, -1e-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -1e-06, 6e-06, 1.2e-05, 0.32, -0.31, 0.966, 0.0, -1e-06, 1.2e-05, 0.32, -0.31, 0.966, 0.0, -1e-06, 0.0, -1e
(0.0, -1e-06, 1e-06, 0.0, -1e-06, 6e-06, 1.2e-05, 0.32, -0.31, 0.966, 0.0, -1e-06, 1.2e-06, 0.32, -0.31, 0.966, 0.0, -1e-06, 1.2e-06, 1.2e
```

Function for calculating cosine similarity on:

```
1. Posts (Engineer, Developer, etc)
```

```
(U.U, -10-U0, 10-U0, U.U, -10-U0, 00-U0, 1.20-U5, U.32, -0.31, U.900, U.U, -26
connection = sqlite3.connect("position city database with embeddings.db")
crsr = connection.cursor()
def sel func post(q):
 crsr.execute("select pi1,pi2,pi3,pi4,pi5,pi6,pi7,pi8,pi9,pi10 from em post name w
 q vect = crsr.fetchall()
 crsr.execute("select pi1,pi2,pi3,pi4,pi5,pi6,pi7,pi8,pi9,pi10,post from em_post_n
 t_vect = crsr.fetchall()
 vect_t = [tuple(list(x)[0:10]) for x in t_vect]
 vect_names = [list(x).pop(-1) for x in t_vect]
 #print(vect t)
 print(vect_names)
 similarity array = [cos sim(q vect, x)[0] for x in vect t]
 print(similarity array)
 \#print([x for x, y in vect names, similarity array if y > 0.8])
sel func post('engineer')
```

```
['engineer', 'developer', 'manager', 'coo', 'cto', 'ceo', 'waiter']
```

Function for calculating cosine similarity on:

2. Cities (Victoria, Pune, etc)

```
def sel func city(q):
 crsr.execute("select ci1,ci2,ci3,ci4,ci5,ci6,ci7,ci8,ci9,ci10 from em city name w
 q vect = crsr.fetchall()
 crsr.execute("select ci1,ci2,ci3,ci4,ci5,ci6,ci7,ci8,ci9,ci10,city from em city n
 t vect = crsr.fetchall()
 vect_t = [tuple(list(x)[0:10]) for x in t_vect]
 vect names = [list(x).pop(-1)] for x in t vect]
 #print(vect t)
 print(vect names)
 similarity_array = [cos_sim(q_vect, x)[0] for x in vect_t]
 print(similarity array)
 a = np.array(similarity array)
 index = np.where(a > 0.85)[0]
 print(index)
 new_vect_t = [vect_t[x] for x in index]
 #print(list(np.array(vect t)[index][0]))
  join list = []
 for x in range(0,len(new_vect_t[0])):
    join list.append([i[x] for i in new vect t])
 print(join list)
 return join list
#sel_func_city('victoria')
```

Joining two tables according to word cosine similarities

In progress

```
connection = sqlite3.connect("position city database with embeddings.db")
crsr = connection.cursor()
#join list = sel func city('victoria')
#format strings = ','.join(['%s'] * len(join list[0]))
#print(format strings)
# Testing done by ninad, not yet working
join list = sel func city('victoria')
format_strings = ','.join(['%s'] * len(join_list[0]))
crsr.execute('''SELECT *
FROM post city a
INNER JOIN name_post_city b
ON a.ci1 = b.ci1 AND
a.ci2 = b.ci2 AND
a.ci3 = b.ci3 AND
a.ci4 = b.ci4 AND
a.ci5 = b.ci5 AND
a.ci6 = b.ci6 AND
2 217 - h 217 AND
```

```
a.CI/ = D.CI/ AND
a.ci8 = b.ci8 AND
a.ci9 = b.ci9 AND
a.ci10 = b.ci10
WHERE
a.cil IN '%s',
a.ci2 IN '%s',
a.ci3 IN '%s',
a.ci4 IN '%s',
a.ci5 IN '%s',
a.ci6 IN '%s',
a.ci7 IN '%s',
a.ci8 IN '%s',
a.ci9 IN '%s',
a.ci10 IN '%s'
% tuple(join list[0]),
tuple(join list[1]),
tuple(join_list[2]),
tuple(join list[3]),
tuple(join list[4]),
tuple(join_list[5]),
tuple(join list[6]),
tuple(join_list[7]),
tuple(join_list[8]),
tuple(join list[9])
)
join list = sel func city('victoria')
format_strings = ','.join(['%s'] * len(join_list[0]))
crsr.execute('''SELECT ci1,ci2,ci3,ci4,ci5,ci6,ci7,ci8,ci9,ci10
FROM post city a
INNER JOIN name post city b
ON a.ci1 = b.ci1 AND
a.ci2 = b.ci2 AND
a.ci3 = b.ci3 AND
a.ci4 = b.ci4 AND
a.ci5 = b.ci5 AND
a.ci6 = b.ci6 AND
a.ci7 = b.ci7 AND
a.ci8 = b.ci8 AND
a.ci9 = b.ci9 AND
a.ci10 = b.ci10
WHERE
a.cil IN '%s',
a.ci2 IN '%s',
a.ci3 IN '%s',
a.ci4 IN '%s',
a.ci5 IN '%s',
a.ci6 IN '%s',
a.ci7 IN '%s',
a.ci8 IN '%s',
a.ci9 IN '%s',
a.ci10 IN '%s'
```

```
% tuple(join_list[0]),
tuple(join_list[1]),
tuple(join_list[2]),
tuple(join_list[3]),
tuple(join_list[4]),
tuple(join_list[5]),
tuple(join list[6]),
tuple(join_list[7]),
tuple(join_list[8]),
tuple(join_list[9])
C→
    TypeError
                                                Traceback (most recent call last)
    <ipython-input-139-c6e6db5d0b0a> in <module>()
          26 a.ci10 IN '%s'
          27 '''
    ---> 28 % tuple(join_list[0]),
          29 tuple(join_list[1]),
          30 tuple(join_list[2]),
    TypeError: not enough arguments for format string
     SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW
```