

5.1 Car forward

Note: Motor speed is affected by battery power.

For this course, when the battery power is high (the power value is above 26000), if the battery power is not enough, we need to charge battery in time or modify the motor speed in the code.

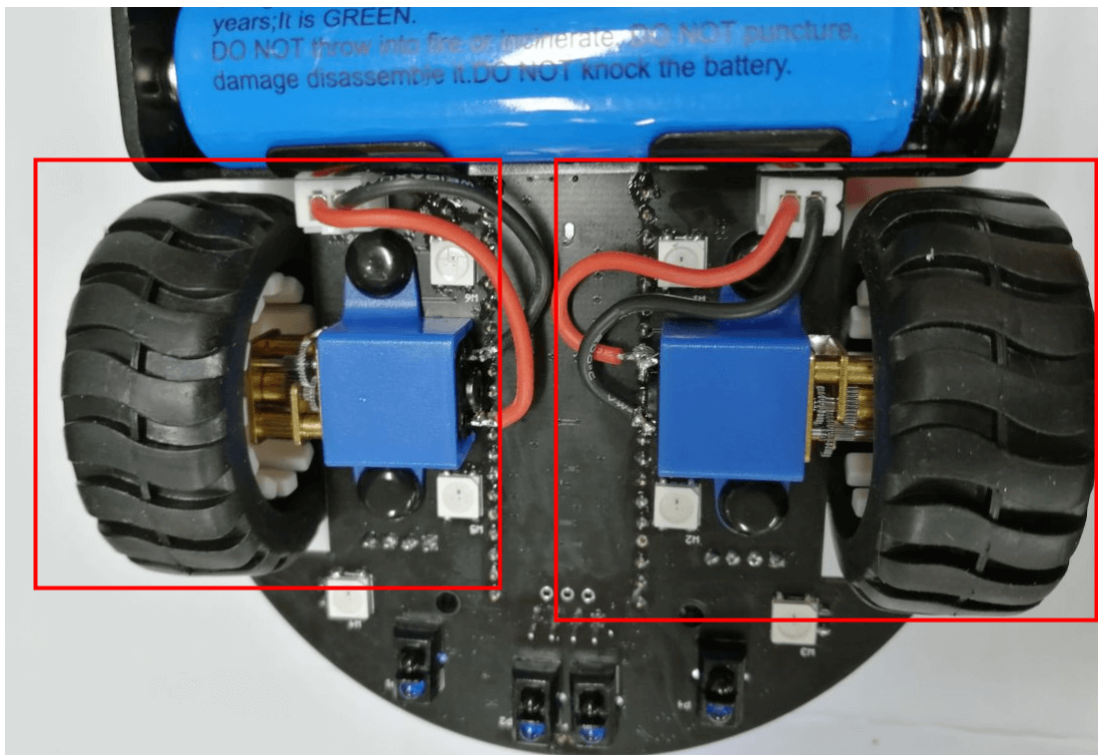
1. Learning Objectives

In this course, we will learn how to drive motors on Pico robot.

2. About Hardware

We need use the motor on Pico robot.

Note: The effect of the following code is that the car advances 1 second. Before running this code, please make sure the wheels are off the ground or table to avoid impact damage to the car.



On the expansion board of the car, we integrate the motor drive circuit, and only need to use PWM to control the direction and speed of the motor. By adjusting the duty cycle of the PWM, the longer the high level time, the faster the motor speed. Inside the motor, the current is turned into a magnetic field through the coil, and the rotation of the motor is realized under the action of the magnet.

3. About Code

Code path: Code -> 3.Robotics course -> 1.Car forward.py

```
from pico_car import pico_car
import time

Motor = pico_car()
#Car forward, parameter(Left motor speed, Right motor speed), speed 0-255
Motor.Car_Run(255,255)
time.sleep(1)
#Car stop
Motor.Car_Stop()
```

from pico_car import pico_car

Use pico_car of pico_car, which is our packaged motor driver library.

import time

The "time" library. This library handles everything time related, from measuring it to inserting delays into programs. The unit is seconds.

Motor = pico_car()

Initialize the motor drive.

Motor.Car_Run(255,255)

To control the car to move forward, the speed is set to 255, the parameters are (left motor speed, right motor speed), and the speed range is 0-255.

Motor.Car_Stop()

Control the car to stop.

4. Experimental Phenomenon

After the program code is complete, the car will move forward at the maximum speed for 1s, and then stop.