# **Single Supply Dual Operational Amplifiers**

Utilizing the circuit designs perfected for Quad Operational Amplifiers, these dual operational amplifiers feature low power drain, a common mode input voltage range extending to ground/VEE, and single supply or split supply operation. The LM358 series is equivalent to one-half of an LM324.

These amplifiers have several distinct advantages over standard operational amplifier types in single supply applications. They can operate at supply voltages as low as 3.0 V or as high as 32 V, with quiescent currents about one-fifth of those associated with the MC1741 (on a per amplifier basis). The common mode input range includes the negative supply, thereby eliminating the necessity for external biasing components in many applications. The output voltage range also includes the negative power supply voltage.

- Short Circuit Protected Outputs
- True Differential Input Stage
- Single Supply Operation: 3.0 V to 32 V (LM258/LM358)

3.0 V to 26 V (LM2904, A, V)

- Low Input Bias Currents
- Internally Compensated
- Common Mode Range Extends to Negative Supply
- Single and Split Supply Operation
- ESD Clamps on the Inputs Increase Ruggedness of the Device without Affecting Operation



#### ON Semiconductor®

http://onsemi.com



PDIP-8 N, AN, VN SUFFIX **CASE 626** 

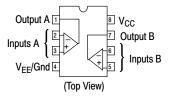


SO-8 D, VD SUFFIX **CASE 751** 



Micro8™ **DMR2 SUFFIX** CASE 846A

#### PIN CONNECTIONS

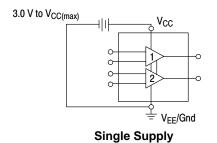


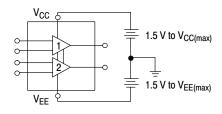
#### ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 10 of this data sheet.

#### **DEVICE MARKING INFORMATION**

See general marking information in the device marking section on page 11 of this data sheet.





**Split Supplies** 

Figure 1.

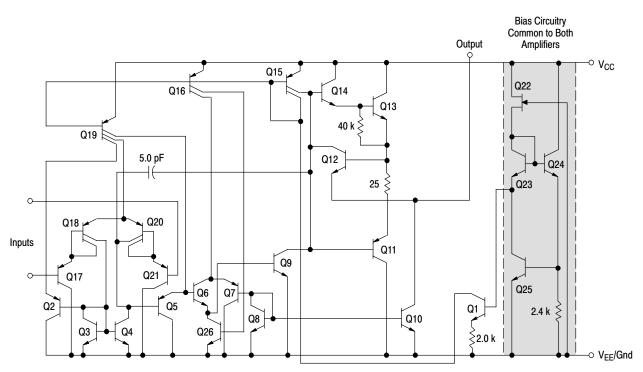


Figure 2. Representative Schematic Diagram (One–Half of Circuit Shown)

#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS** ( $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

Rating	Symbol	LM258 LM358	LM2904, LM2904A LM2904V, NCV2904	Unit
Power Supply Voltages				Vdc
Single Supply	$V_{CC}$	32	26	
Split Supplies	$V_{CC}$ , $V_{EE}$	±16	±13	
Input Differential Voltage Range (Note 1)	$V_{IDR}$	±32	±26	Vdc
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 2)	V <sub>ICR</sub>	-0.3 to 32	-0.3 to 26	Vdc
Output Short Circuit Duration	tsc	Continuous		
Junction Temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	150		°C
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Air (Note 3)	$R_{ heta JA}$	238		°C/W
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +125		°C
ESD Tolerance – Human Body Model (Note 4)	-	2000		V
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T <sub>A</sub>			°C
LM258		-25 to +85	_	
LM358		0 to +70	_	
LM2904/LM2904A		_	-40 to +105	
LM2904V, NCV2904 (Note 5)		_	-40 to +125	

Split Power Supplies.
 For Supply Voltages less than 32 V for the LM258/358 and 26 V for the LM2904, A, V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.
 R<sub>θ,JA</sub> for Case 846A.
 ESD data available upon request.

<sup>5.</sup> NCV2904 is qualified for automotive use.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{EE} = Gnd$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V,		LM258 LM358							
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Input Offset Voltage $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ to 30 V (26 V for LM2904, V), $V_{IC} = 0 \text{ V}$ to $V_{CC} - 1.7 \text{ V}$ , $V_{O} \simeq 1.4 \text{ V}$ , $P_{S} = 0 \Omega$	V <sub>IO</sub>							mV	
$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		_	2.0	5.0	_	2.0	7.0		
$T_A = T_{high}$ (Note 6)		_	_	7.0	_	_	9.0		
$T_A = T_{low}$ (Note 6)		_	_	7.0	_	_	9.0		
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage	$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$	-	7.0	_	-	7.0	-	μV/°C	
$T_A = T_{high}$ to $T_{low}$ (Note 6)	+ .		0.0	00		5.0	50	1	
Input Offset Current $T_A = T_{high} \text{ to } T_{low} \text{ (Note 6)}$	I <sub>IO</sub>	_	3.0	30 100	_	5.0 –	50 150	nA	
Input Bias Current	I <sub>IB</sub>	_	_45	-150	_	_ -45	-250		
$T_A = T_{high}$ to $T_{low}$ (Note 6)	,ID	_	<b>-50</b>	-300	_	<b>-50</b>	-500		
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Current $T_A = T_{high} \text{ to } T_{low} \text{ (Note 6)}$	$\Delta I_{IO}/\Delta T$	-	10	-	-	10	-	pA/°C	
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 7), V <sub>CC</sub> = 30 V (26 V for LM2904, V)	V <sub>ICR</sub>	0	-	28.3	0	-	28.3	V	
$V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V } (26 \text{ V for LM2904, V}),$ $T_A = T_{high} \text{ to } T_{low}$		0	_	28	0	-	28		
Differential Input Voltage Range	$V_{IDR}$	_	-	$V_{CC}$	_	_	$V_{CC}$	V	
Large Signal Open Loop Voltage Gain $R_L = 2.0 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$ , For Large $V_O$ Swing, $T_A = T_{high}$ to $T_{low}$ (Note 6)	A <sub>VOL</sub>	50 25	100 _	_ _	25 15	100 –	_ _	V/mV	
Channel Separation 1.0 kHz ≤ f ≤ 20 kHz, Input Referenced	CS	-	-120	-	-	-120	-	dB	
Common Mode Rejection $R_S \le 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	CMR	70	85	_	65	70	-	dB	
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	65	100	-	65	100	_	dB	
Output Voltage–High Limit T <sub>A</sub> = T <sub>high</sub> to T <sub>low</sub> (Note 6)	V <sub>OH</sub>							V	
$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}, R_L = 2.0 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		3.3	3.5	-	3.3	3.5	_		
$V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V} (26 \text{ V for LM2904, V}), R_L = 2.0 \text{ k}\Omega$		26	-	_	26	-	_		
$V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V } (26 \text{ V for LM2904, V}), R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$		27	28	_	27	28	_		
Output Voltage–Low Limit $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}, R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = T_{high} \text{ to } T_{low} \text{ (Note 6)}$	V <sub>OL</sub>	_	5.0	20	_	5.0	20	mV	
Output Source Current V <sub>ID</sub> = +1.0 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 15 V	I <sub>O+</sub>	20	40	_	20	40	_	mA	
Output Sink Current $V_{ID} = -1.0 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$	I <sub>O</sub> _	10	20	_	10	20	_	mA	
$V_{ID} = -1.0 \text{ V}, V_{O} = 200 \text{ mV}$		12	50	_	12	50	_	μА	
Output Short Circuit to Ground (Note 8)	I <sub>SC</sub>	-	40	60	_	40	60	mA	
Power Supply Current (Total Device) T <sub>A</sub> = T <sub>high</sub> to T <sub>low</sub> (Note 6)	Icc							mA	
$V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V } (26 \text{ V for LM2904, V}), V_{O} = 0 \text{ V}, R_{L} = \infty$ $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{O} = 0 \text{ V}, R_{L} = \infty$		- -	1.5 0.7	3.0 1.2	- -	1.5 0.7	3.0 1.2		

<sup>6.</sup> LM258: T<sub>low</sub> = -25°C, T<sub>high</sub> = +85°C LM2904/LM2904A: T<sub>low</sub> = -40°C, T<sub>high</sub> = +105°C NCV2904 is qualified for automotive use.

LM358:  $T_{low} = 0$ °C,  $T_{high} = +70$ °C LM2904V & NCV2904:  $T_{low} = -40$ °C,  $T_{high} = +125$ °C

<sup>7.</sup> The input common mode voltage or either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V. The upper end of the common mode voltage range is V<sub>CC</sub> –1.7 V.

<sup>8.</sup> Short circuits from the output to  $V_{CC}$  can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction. Destructive dissipation can result from simultaneous shorts on all amplifiers.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V, V<sub>EE</sub> = Gnd, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

			LM290	4	L	M2904	A	LM29	04V, NC	V2904	
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Offset Voltage $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V to } 30 \text{ V } (26 \text{ V for LM2904, V}), V_{IC} = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CC} -1.7 \text{ V, } V_{O} \simeq 1.4 \text{ V, } R_{S} = 0 \Omega$	V <sub>IO</sub>										mV
$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_A = T_{high}$ (Note 9)		_	2.0	7.0 10	_ _	2.0	7.0 10	_ _	_ _	7.0 13	
$T_A = T_{low}$ (Note 9)		-	_	10	-	_	10	-	_	10	
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage $T_A = T_{high}$ to $T_{low}$ (Note 9)	$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$	-	7.0	_	-	7.0	-	-	7.0	_	μV/°C
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>	-	5.0	50	_	5.0	50	_	5.0	50	nA
$T_A = T_{high}$ to $T_{low}$ (Note 9)	10	_	45	200	_	45	200	_	45	200	
Input Bias Current	$I_{IB}$	-	-45	-250	_	-45	-100	-	-45	-250	
$T_A = T_{high}$ to $T_{low}$ (Note 9)		-	-50	-500	_	<del>-</del> 50	-250	-	-50	-500	
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Current $T_A = T_{high} \text{ to } T_{low} \text{ (Note 9)}$	ΔI <sub>IO</sub> /ΔΤ	_	10	_	_	10	_	_	10	_	pA/°C
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (Note 10), V <sub>CC</sub> = 30 V (26 V for LM2904, V)	V <sub>ICR</sub>	0	-	24.3	0	-	24.3	0	_	24.3	V
$V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V } (26 \text{ V for LM2904, V}),$ $T_A = T_{high} \text{ to } T_{low}$		0	-	24	0	_	24	0	_	24	
Differential Input Voltage Range	$V_{IDR}$	-	-	$V_{CC}$	_	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	_	-	$V_{CC}$	V
Large Signal Open Loop Voltage Gain $R_L = 2.0 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$ , For Large $V_O$ Swing, $T_A = T_{high}$ to $T_{low}$ (Note 9)	A <sub>VOL</sub>	25 15	100	_	25 15	100	_	25 15	100	_	V/mV
Channel Separation	cs	_	-120	_	_	-120	_	_	-120	_	dB
1.0 kHz ≤ f ≤ 20 kHz, Input Referenced											
Common Mode Rejection $R_S \le 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	CMR	50	70	_	50	70	_	50	70	_	dB
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	50	100	_	50	100	_	50	100	_	dB
Output Voltage–High Limit TA = Thigh to Tlow (Note 9)	V <sub>OH</sub>										V
$V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}, R_L = 2.0 \text{ k}\Omega, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		3.3	3.5	_	3.3	3.5	_	3.3	3.5	_	
$V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V } (26 \text{ V for LM2904, V}), R_L = 2.0 \text{ k}\Omega$ $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V } (26 \text{ V for LM2904, V}), R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$		22 23	24	_	22 23	_ 24	_	22 23	_ 24	_	
Output Voltage—Low Limit	V <sub>OL</sub>	_	5.0	20	_	5.0	20	_	5.0	20	mV
$V_{CC}$ = 5.0 V, $R_L$ = 10 kΩ, $T_A$ = $T_{high}$ to $T_{low}$ (Note 9)	VOL		0.0	20		3.0	20		3.0	20	1110
Output Source Current V <sub>ID</sub> = +1.0 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 15 V	I <sub>O +</sub>	20	40	-	20	40	_	20	40	-	mA
Output Sink Current	I <sub>O</sub> _										
$V_{ID} = -1.0 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = 15 \text{ V}$ $V_{ID} = -1.0 \text{ V}, V_{O} = 200 \text{ mV}$		10 –	20 –	_ _	10 –	20 –	_ _	10 –	20 –	_ _	mA μA
Output Short Circuit to Ground (Note 11)	I <sub>SC</sub>	-	40	60	_	40	60	_	40	60	mA
Power Supply Current (Total Device) T <sub>A</sub> = T <sub>high</sub> to T <sub>low</sub> (Note 9)	I <sub>CC</sub>										mA
$V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V } (26 \text{ V for LM2904, V}), V_{O} = 0 \text{ V}, R_{L} = \infty$		_	1.5	3.0	_	1.5	3.0	_	1.5	3.0	
$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{O} = 0 \text{ V}, R_{L} = \infty$		– M358:	0.7	1.2	_	0.7	1.2	_	0.7	1.2	

<sup>9.</sup> LM258: T<sub>low</sub> = -25°C, T<sub>high</sub> = +85°C LM2904/LM2904A: T<sub>low</sub> = -40°C, T<sub>high</sub> = +105°C NCV2904 is qualified for automotive use.

LM358:  $T_{low}$  = 0°C,  $T_{high}$  = +70°C LM2904V & NCV2904:  $T_{low}$  = -40°C,  $T_{high}$  = +125°C

<sup>10.</sup> The input common mode voltage or either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V. The upper end of the common mode voltage range is V<sub>CC</sub> –1.7 V.

<sup>11.</sup> Short circuits from the output to  $V_{CC}$  can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction. Destructive dissipation can result from simultaneous shorts on all amplifiers.

#### **CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION**

The LM358 series is made using two internally compensated, two-stage operational amplifiers. The first stage of each consists of differential input devices Q20 and Q18 with input buffer transistors Q21 and Q17 and the differential to single ended converter Q3 and Q4. The first stage performs not only the first stage gain function but also performs the level shifting and transconductance reduction functions. By reducing the transconductance, a smaller compensation capacitor (only 5.0 pF) can be employed, thus saving chip area. The transconductance reduction is accomplished by splitting the collectors of Q20 and Q18. Another feature of this input stage is that the input common mode range can include the negative supply or ground, in single supply operation, without saturating either the input devices or the differential to single-ended converter. The second stage consists of a standard current source load amplifier stage.

Each amplifier is biased from an internal-voltage regulator which has a low temperature coefficient thus giving each amplifier good temperature characteristics as well as excellent power supply rejection.

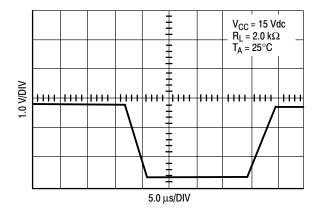


Figure 3. Large Signal Voltage Follower Response

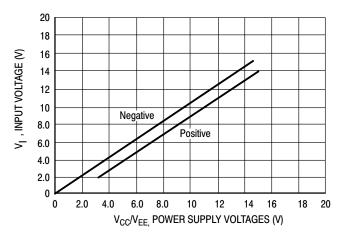


Figure 4. Input Voltage Range

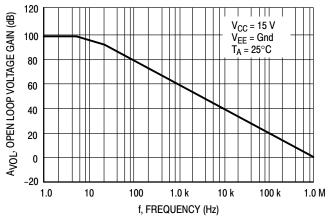


Figure 5. Large-Signal Open Loop Voltage Gain

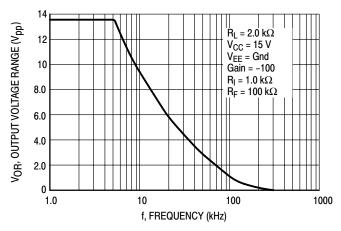


Figure 6. Large-Signal Frequency Response

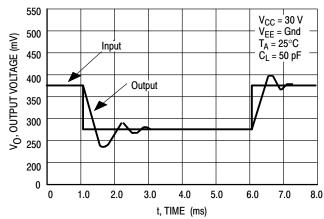


Figure 7. Small Signal Voltage Follower Pulse Response (Noninverting)

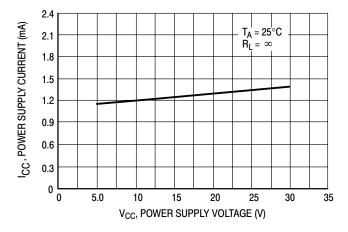


Figure 8. Power Supply Current versus Power Supply Voltage

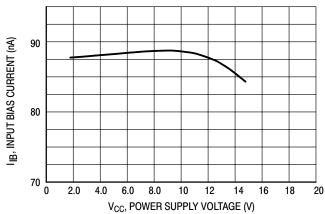


Figure 9. Input Bias Current versus Supply Voltage

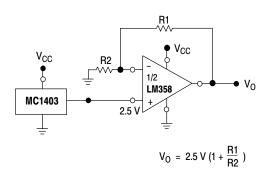


Figure 10. Voltage Reference

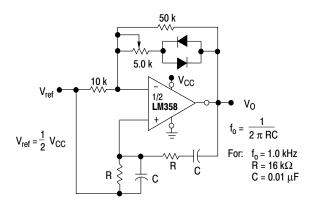


Figure 11. Wien Bridge Oscillator

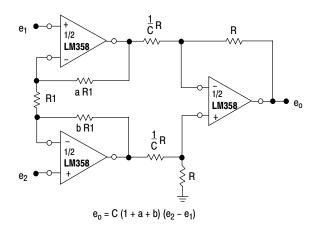


Figure 12. High Impedance Differential Amplifier

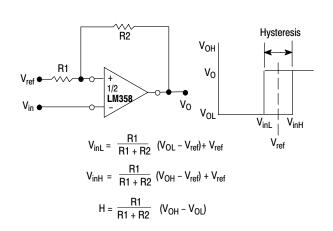


Figure 13. Comparator with Hysteresis

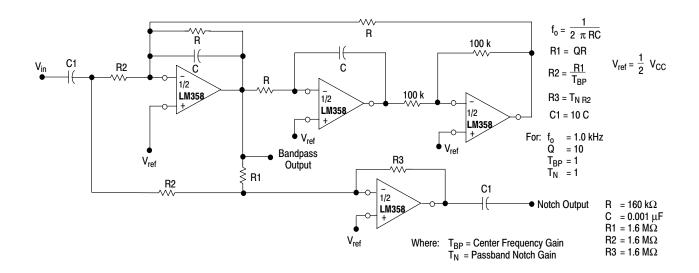
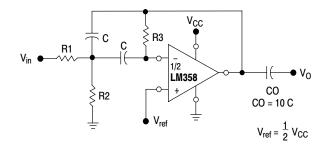


Figure 14. Bi-Quad Filter



Given:  $f_0$  = center frequency  $A(f_0)$  = gain at center frequency

Choose value f<sub>0</sub>, C

Then: R3 = 
$$\frac{Q}{\pi f_0 C}$$
  
R1 =  $\frac{R3}{2 A(f_0)}$   
R2 =  $\frac{R1 R3}{4Q^2 R1 - R3}$ 

For less than 10% error from operational amplifier.  $\frac{Q_0 \, f_0}{BW} < 0.1$ 

Where fo and BW are expressed in Hz.

If source impedance varies, filter may be preceded with voltage follower buffer to stabilize filter parameters.

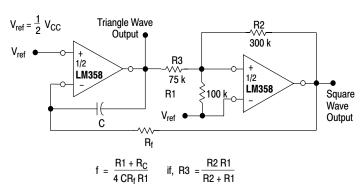


Figure 15. Function Generator

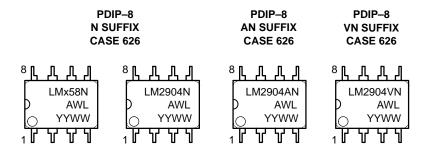
Figure 16. Multiple Feedback Bandpass Filter

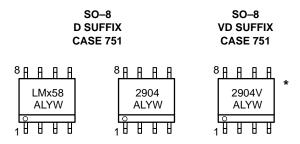
#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Package	Operating Temperature Range	Shipping
LM358D	SO-8		98 Units/Rail
LM358DR2	SO-8	20.47202	2500 Tape & Reel
LM358DMR2	Micro8	- 0° to +70°C	4000 Tape & Reel
LM358N	PDIP-8	]	50 Units/Rail
LM258D	SO-8		98 Units/Rail
LM258DR2	SO-8	]	2500 Tape & Reel
LM258DMR2	Micro8	−25° to +85°C	4000 Tape & Reel
LM258N	PDIP-8	]	50 Units/Rail
LM2904D	SO-8		98 Units/Rail
LM2904DR2	SO-8	]	2500 Tape & Reel
LM2904DMR2	Micro8	4004 40500	2500 Tape & Reel
LM2904N	PDIP-8	−40° to +105°C	50 Units/Rail
LM2904ADMR2	Micro8		4000 Tape & Reel
LM2904AN	PDIP-8		50 Units/Rail
LM2904VD	SO-8		98 Units/Rail
LM2904VDR2	SO-8	] [	2500 Tape & Reel
LM2904VDMR2	Micro8	−40° to +125°C	4000 Tape & Reel
LM2904VN	PDIP-8	] [	50 Units/Rail
NCV2904DR2*	SO-8	] [	2500 Tape & Reel

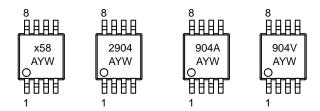
<sup>\*</sup>NCV2904 is qualified for automotive use.

#### **MARKING DIAGRAMS**





# Micro8 DMR2 SUFFIX CASE 846A

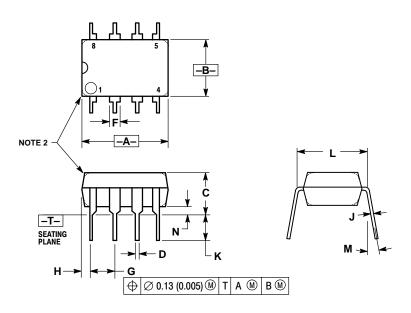


x = 2 or 3
A = Assembly Location
WL, L = Wafer Lot
YY, Y = Year
WW, W = Work Week

\*This marking diagram also applies to NCV2904DR2.

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

#### PDIP-8 N, AN, VN SUFFIX CASE 626-05 ISSUE L

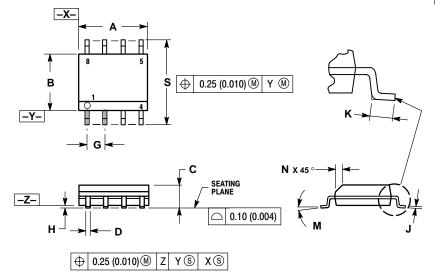


- NOTES:
  1. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEAD WHEN
- FORMED PARALLEL.
  2. PACKAGE CONTOUR OPTIONAL (ROUND OR
- SQUARE CORNERS).

  3. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

	MILLIN	IETERS	INC	HES
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	9.40	10.16	0.370	0.400
В	6.10	6.60	0.240	0.260
C	3.94	4.45	0.155	0.175
D	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020
F	1.02	1.78	0.040	0.070
G	2.54	BSC	0.100	BSC
Н	0.76	1.27	0.030	0.050
_	0.20	0.30	0.008	0.012
Κ	2.92	3.43	0.115	0.135
L	7.62 BSC		0.300	BSC
M		10°		10°
N	0.76	1.01	0.030	0.040

SO-8 D, VD SUFFIX CASE 751-07 **ISSUE AA** 



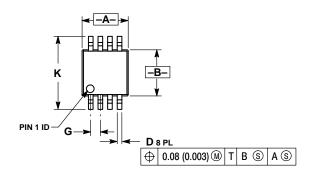
#### NOTES:

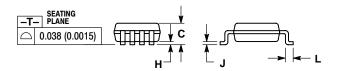
- 11. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982. 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
- DIMENSION A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
- 4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER
- 5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM
- MATERIAL CONDITION.
  6. 751-01 THRU 751-06 ARE OBSOLETE. NEW STANDAARD IS 751-07

	MILLIN	IETERS	INC	HES
DIM	MIN	MIN MAX		MAX
Α	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.197
В	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
С	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
D	0.33 0.51		0.013	0.020
G	1.27	1.27 BSC		0 BSC
Н	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
J	0.19	0.25	0.007	0.010
K	0.40	1.27	0.016	0.050
M	0 °	8 °	0 °	8 °
N	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020
S	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244

#### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

Micro8 **DMR2 SUFFIX** CASE 846A-02 ISSUE F





- NOTES:
  1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
  3. DIMENSION A DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
  4. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION. SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 (0.010) PER SIDE.
- 5. 846A-01 OBSOLETE, NEW STANDARD 846A-02.

	MILLIN	IETERS	INC	HES
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	2.90	3.10	0.114	0.122
В	2.90	3.10	0.114	0.122
С		1.10		0.043
D	0.25	0.40	0.010	0.016
G	0.65	BSC	0.026	BSC
Н	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006
J	0.13	0.23	0.005	0.009
K	4.75	5.05	0.187	0.199
L	0.40	0.70	0.016	0.028

LM358,	LM258, L	M2904,	LM2904A,	LM2904V,	NCV2904

**Notes** 

	LM358, LM258, LM2904, LM2904A, LM2904V, NCV2904
<u>Notes</u>	

ON Semiconductor and are registered trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC). SCILLC reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. SCILLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does SCILLC assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in SCILLC data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. SCILLC does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. SCILLC products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the SCILLC product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use SCILLC products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold SCILLC and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that SCILLC was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. SCILLC is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

#### PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

#### Literature Fulfillment

Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor P.O. Box 5163, Denver, Colorado 80217 USA

**Phone**: 303–675–2175 or 800–344–3860 Toll Free USA/Canada **Fax**: 303–675–2176 or 800–344–3867 Toll Free USA/Canada

Email: ONlit@hibbertco.com

N. American Technical Support: 800-282-9855 Toll Free USA/Canada

JAPAN: ON Semiconductor, Japan Customer Focus Center 2–9–1 Kamimeguro, Meguro–ku, Tokyo, Japan 153–0051

Phone: 81–3–5773–3850 Email: r14525@onsemi.com

ON Semiconductor Website: http://onsemi.com

For additional information, please contact your local

Sales Representative.