



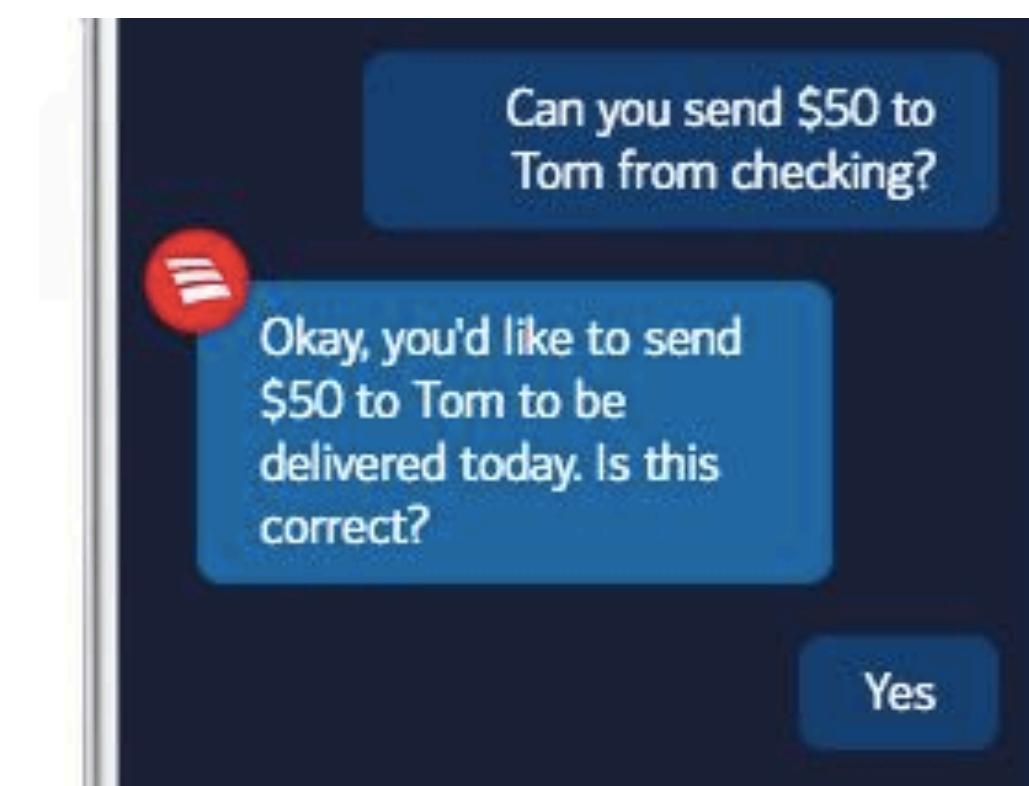
COS 484/584

(Advanced) Natural Language Processing

Natural Language Processing



- Making machines understand human language
- Communication with humans (ex. personal assistants, customer service)



Banking assistant

Natural Language Processing



- Making machines understand human language
- Communication with humans (ex. personal assistants, customer service)
- Access the wealth of information about the world — crucial for AI systems

ONLINE

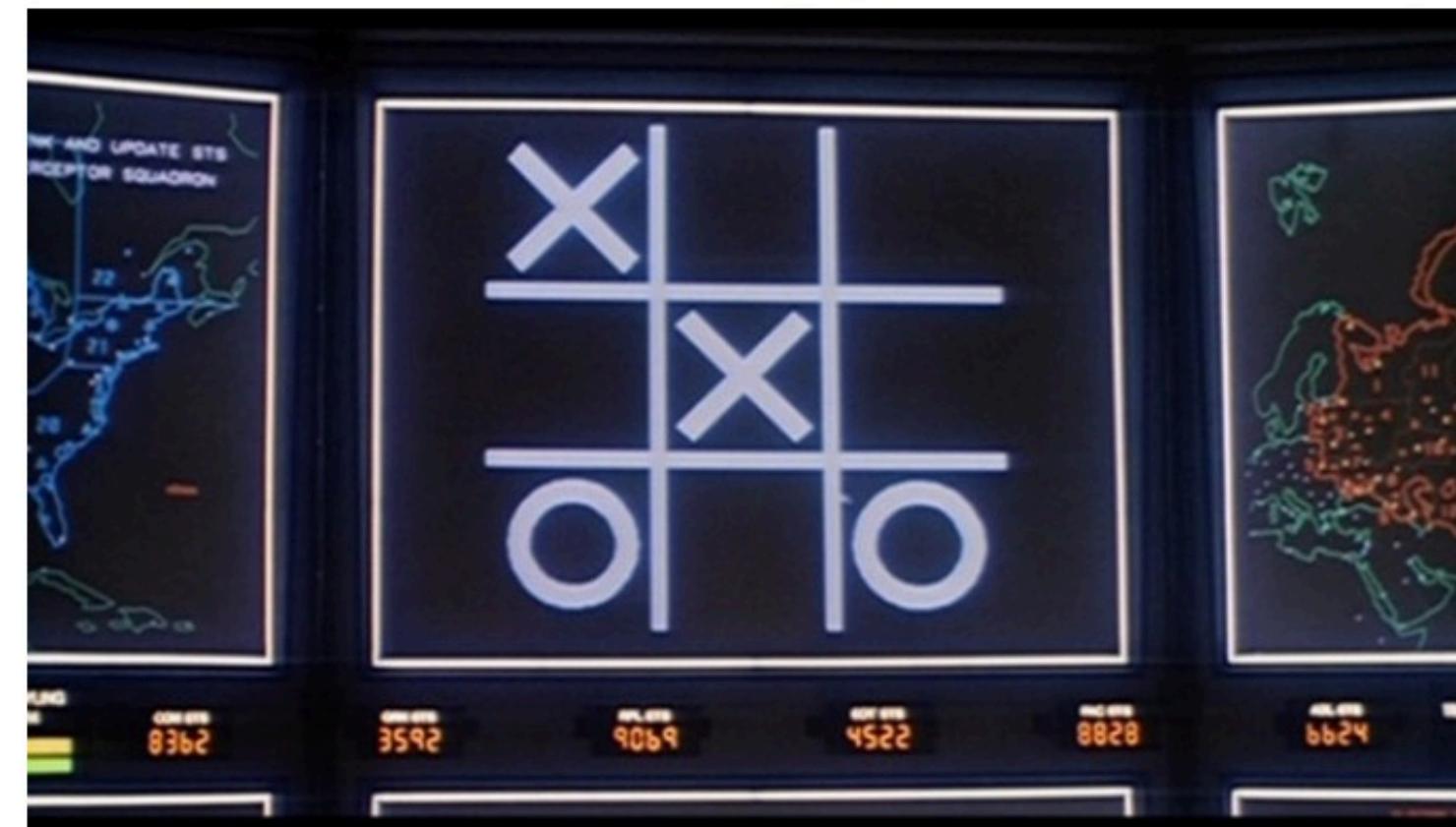
OFFLINE



Computer learns to play Civilization by reading the instruction manual

By Matthew Rogers on July 14, 2011 at 5:03 pm | [16 Comments](#)

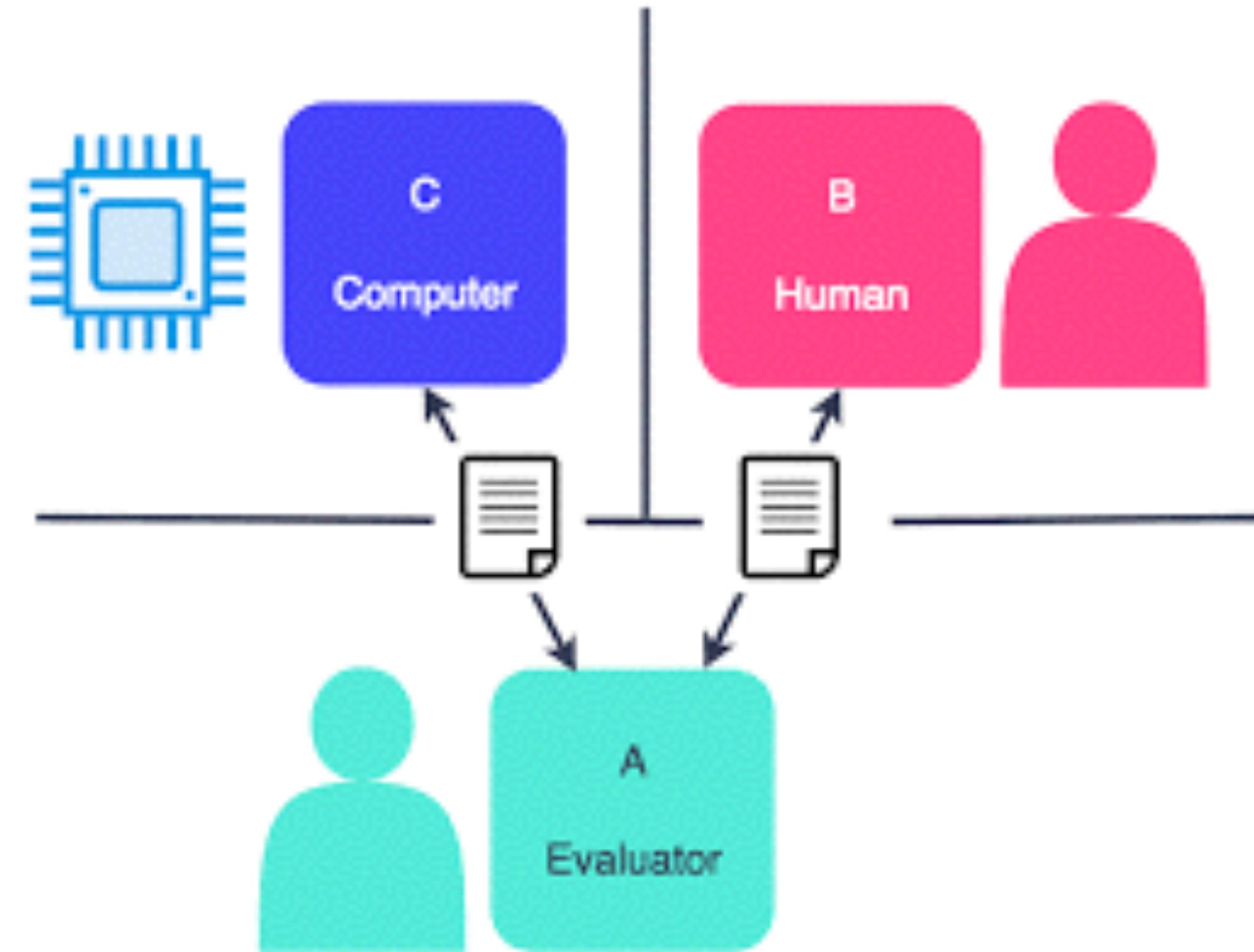
532 SHARES



MIT researchers just got a computer to accomplish yet another task that most humans are incapable of doing: It learned how to play a game by reading the instruction manual.

The MIT Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence lab has a computer that now plays Civilization

Turing Test



Ability to understand and generate language ~ intelligence

Language and thought

Language and Mind

Third Edition

Noam Chomsky



[Front Psychol.](#) 2015; 6: 1631.

Published online 2015 Oct 31. doi: [10.3389/fpsyg.2015.01631](https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyg.2015.01631)

Language may indeed influence thought

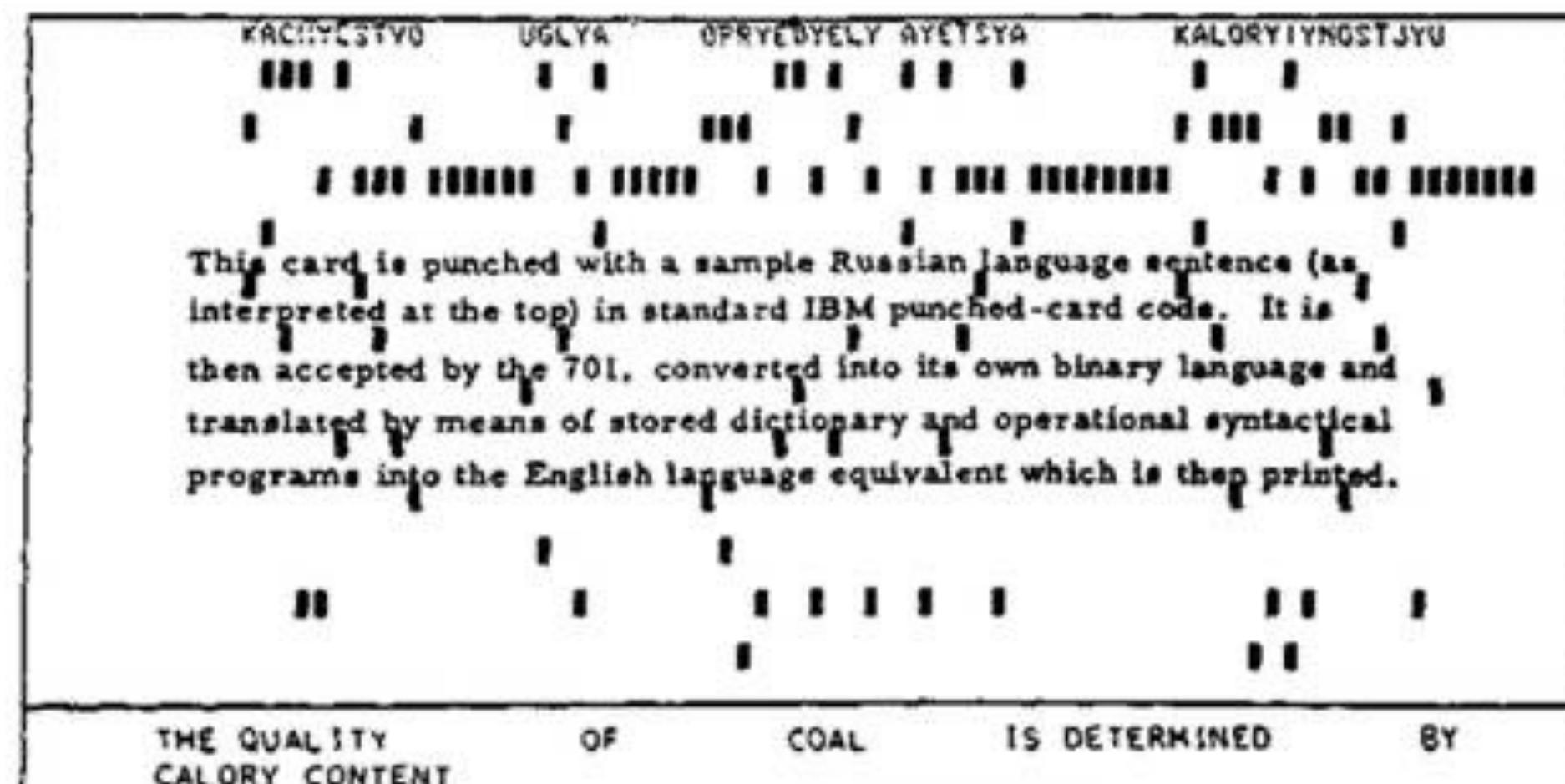
[Jordan Zlatev^{1,*}](#) and [Johan Blomberg^{2,3}](#)

Regular Article

Does Language Shape Thought?: Mandarin and English Speakers' Conceptions of Time

[Lera Boroditsky](#)

How it started



Specimen punched card and below a strip with translation, printed within a few seconds

Georgetown experiment

涉及将60多个俄语句子自动翻译成英文

“Within three or five years, machine translation will be a solved problem”

How it's going

The image shows two side-by-side screenshots of a machine translation interface. Both screenshots have a header with language detection and selection buttons: DETECT LANGUAGE, YORUBA, ENGLISH, MALAY, HINDI, YORUBA, ENGLISH.

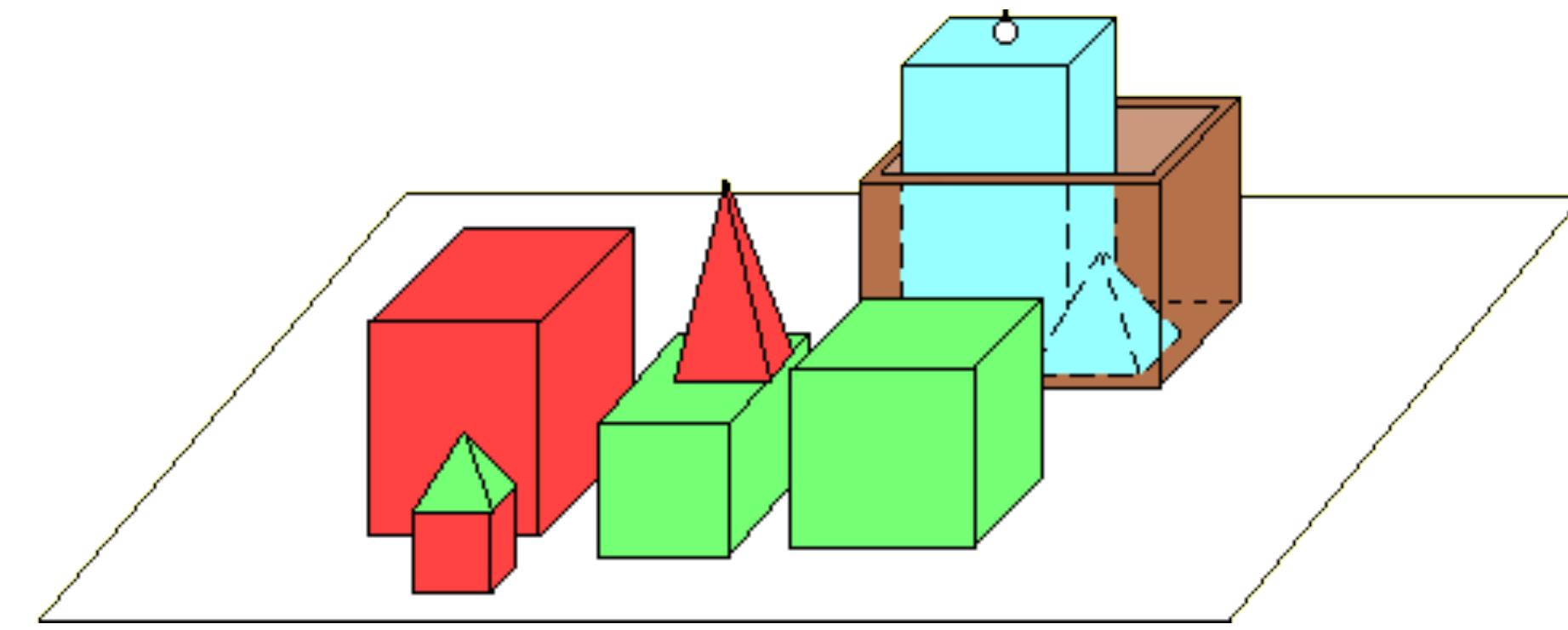
Top Screenshot (English to Hindi):

- Input: "The man shot the elephant while wearing his pyjamas."
- Output: "उस आदमी ने हाथी को अपना पजामा पहनाया।"
- Below output: "us Aadamee ne haathee ko apna pajaama pahanaaya."

Bottom Screenshot (Hindi to English):

- Input: "उस आदमी ने हाथी को अपना पजामा पहनाया।"
- Output: "The man put his pajamas on the elephant."

Red arrows point from the English input of the top screenshot to the Hindi output of the bottom screenshot, and from the Hindi input of the bottom screenshot to the English output of the top screenshot, illustrating the bidirectional nature of the translation interface.



SHRDLU,
1968

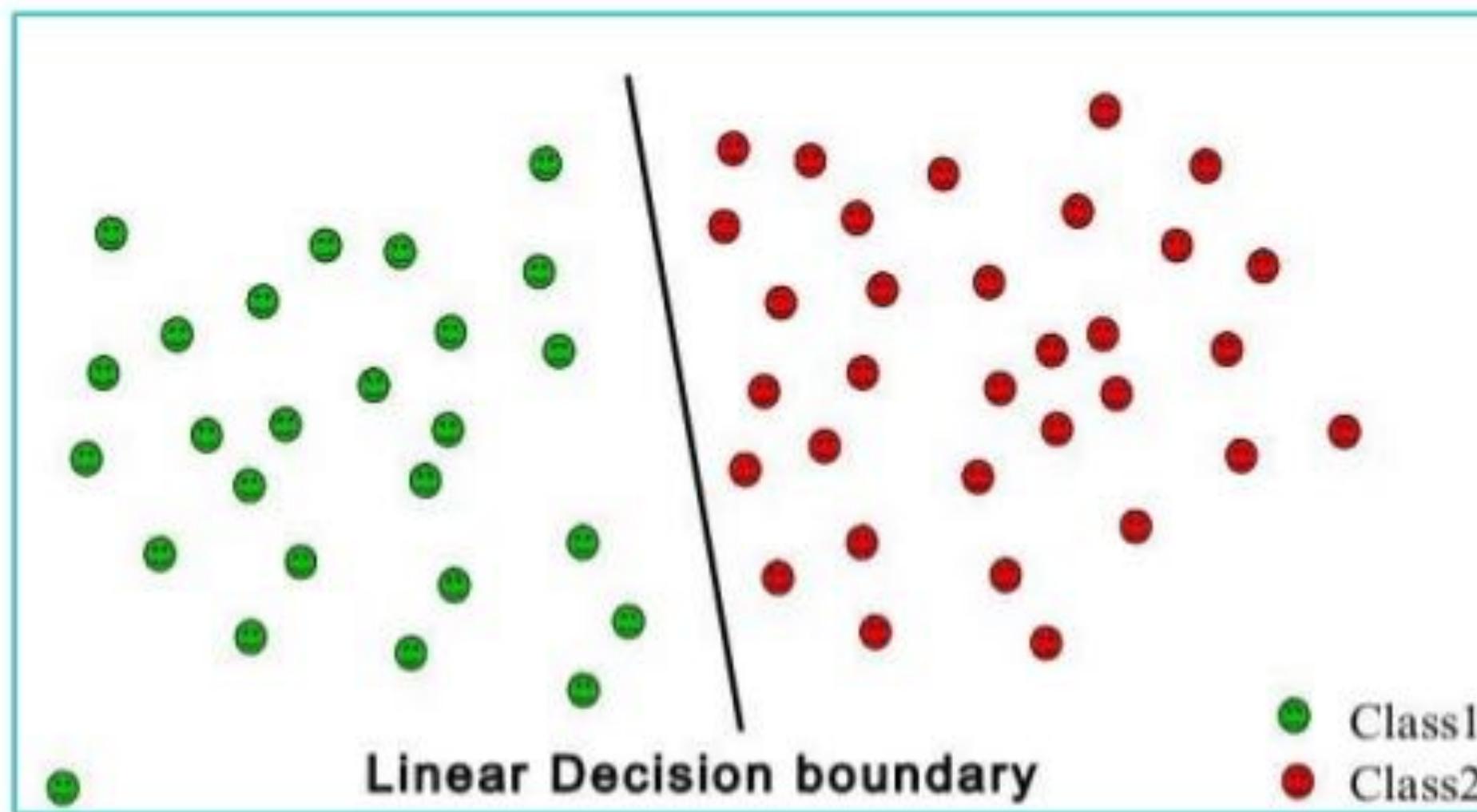
由MIT开发的早期的自然语言理解计算机程序

> How many red
blocks are there?
- THREE OF THEM

> Pick up the red
block on top of a
green one
OK.

- Rule-based, requiring extensive programming
- Limited domain

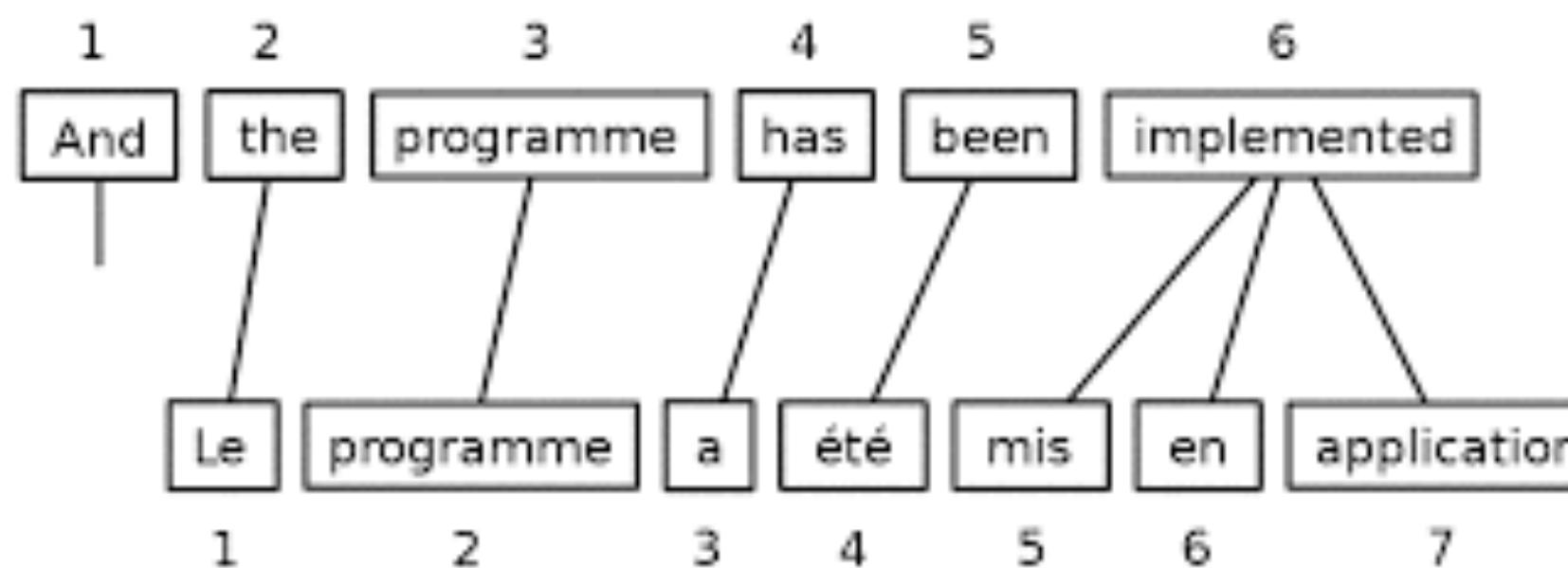
Statistical learning



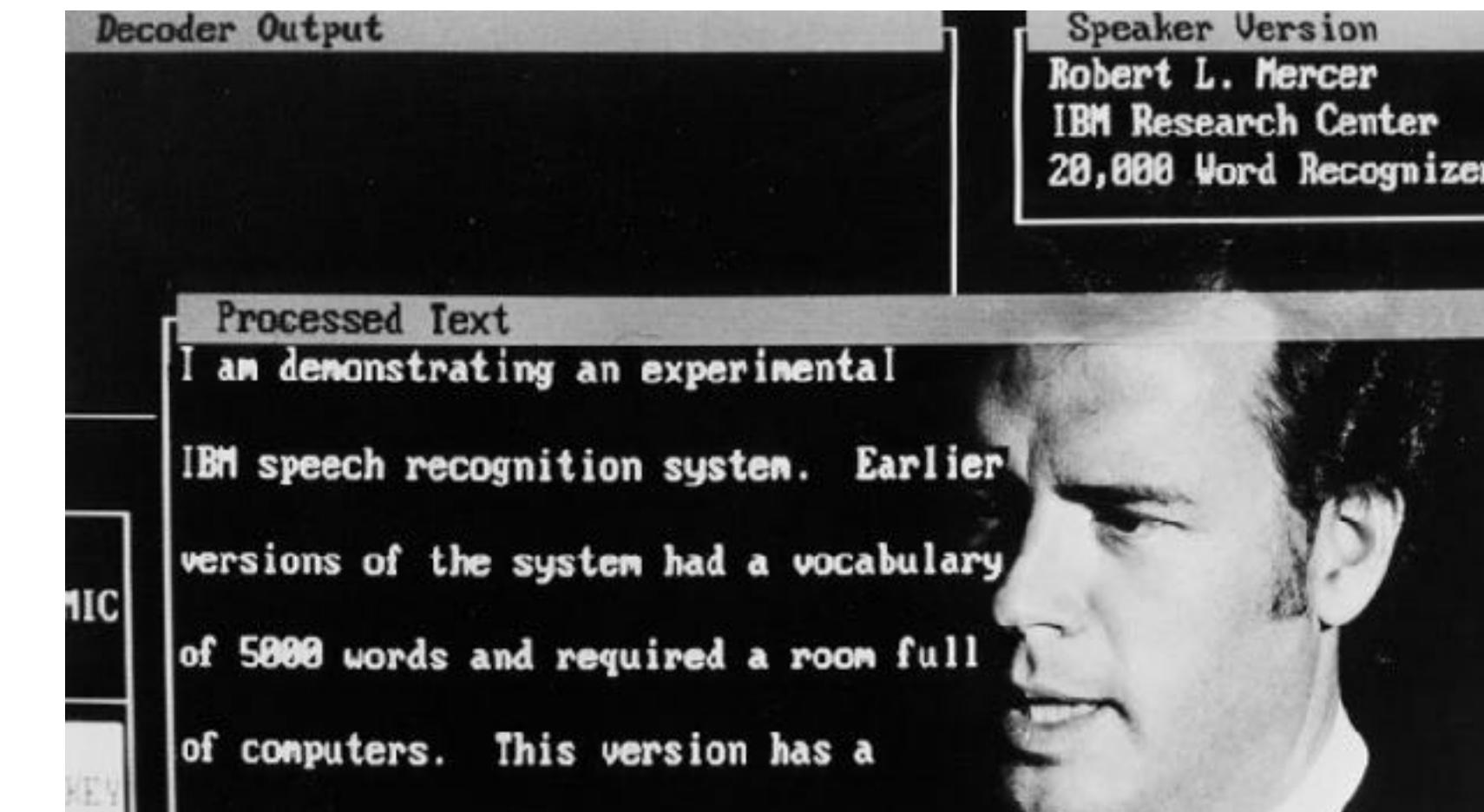
- Use of machine learning techniques in NLP
- Increase in computational capabilities
- Availability of electronic corpora

Statistical learning

IBM translation models



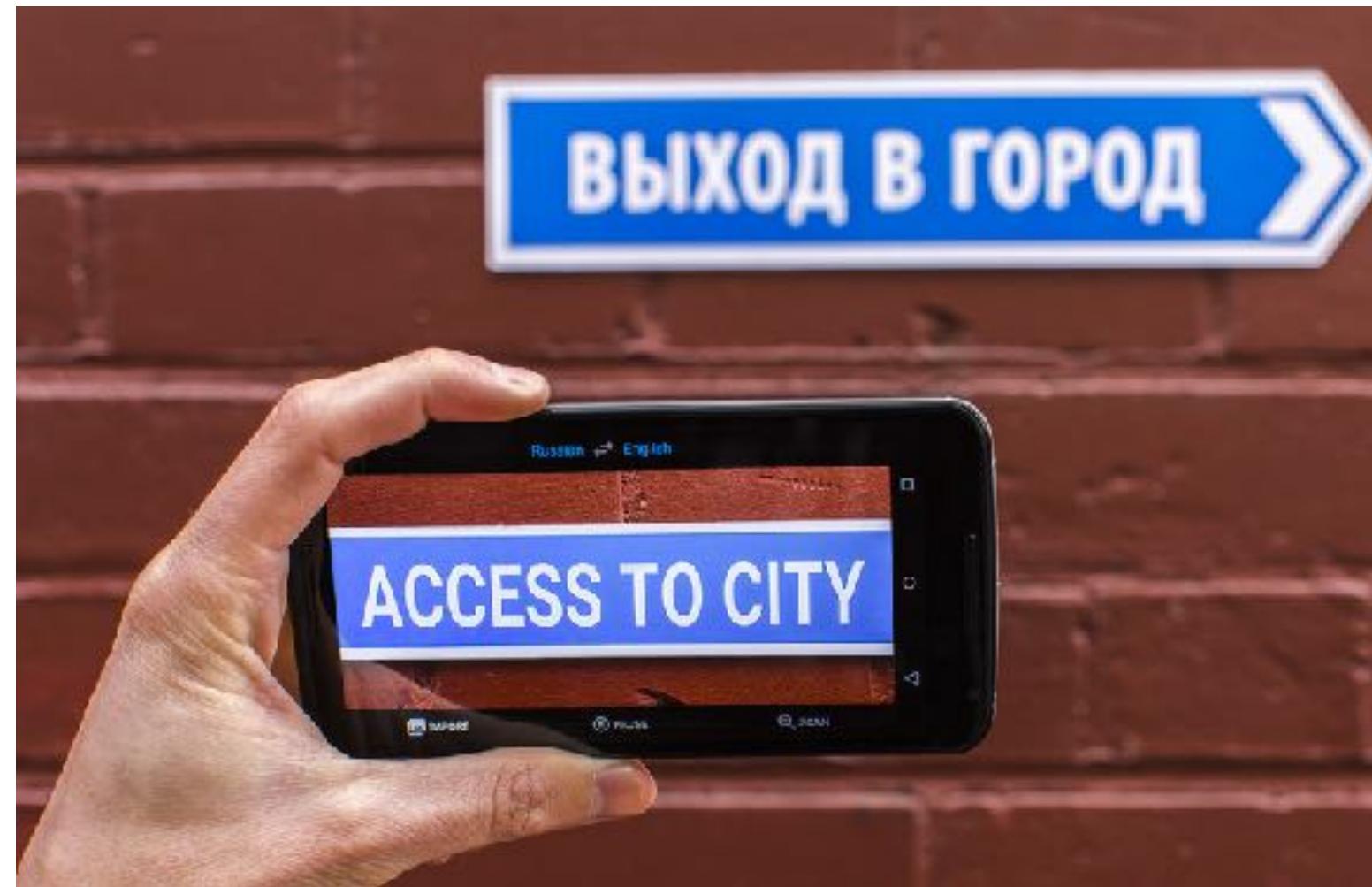
Speech recognition



Anytime a linguist leaves the group the (speech) recognition rate goes up
- Fred Jelinek

Deep Learning era

- Significant advances in core NLP technologies
- Essential ingredient: large-scale supervision, lots of compute
- Reduced manual effort - less/zero feature engineering



36M sentence pairs

Russian: Машинный перевод - это круто!

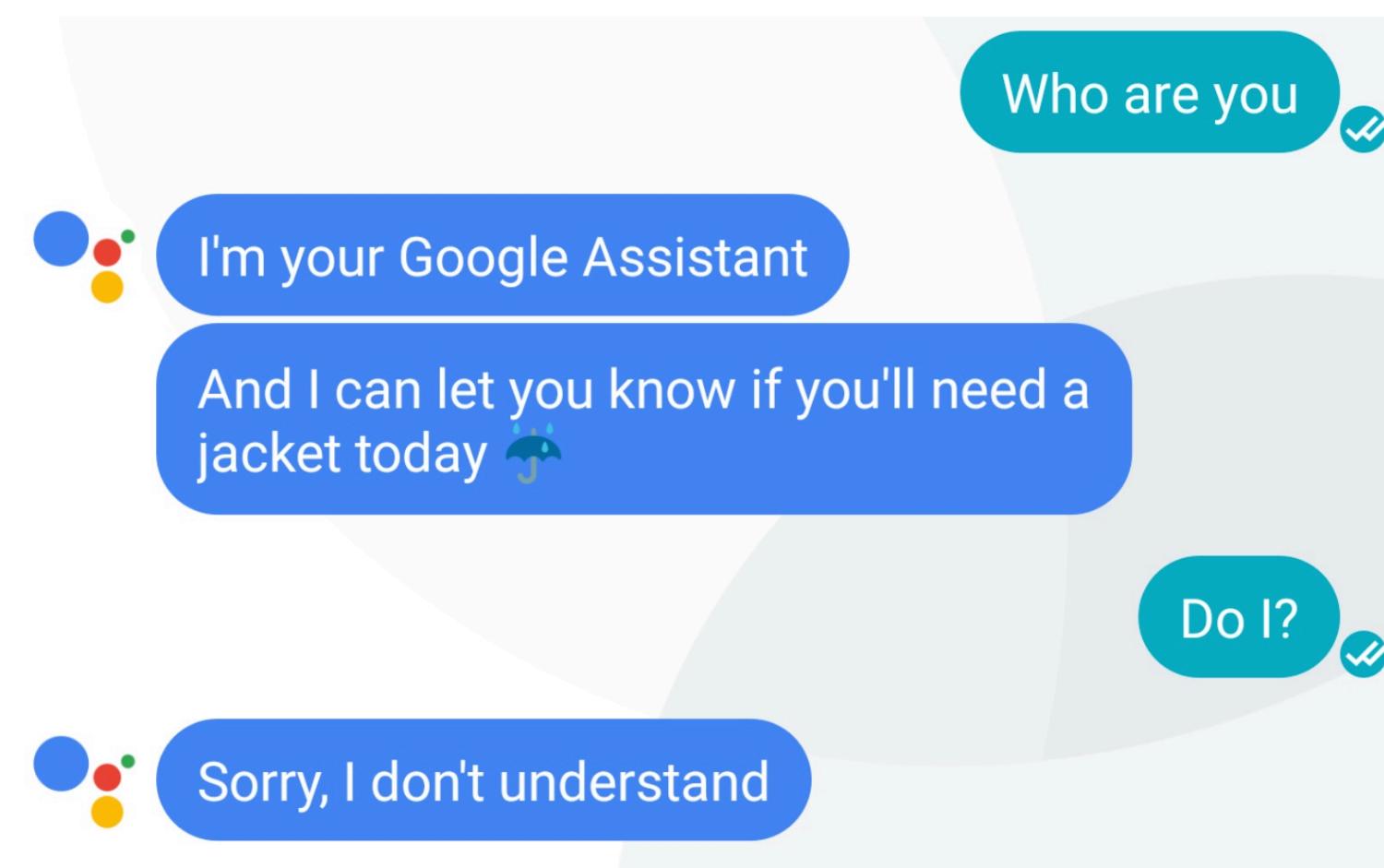
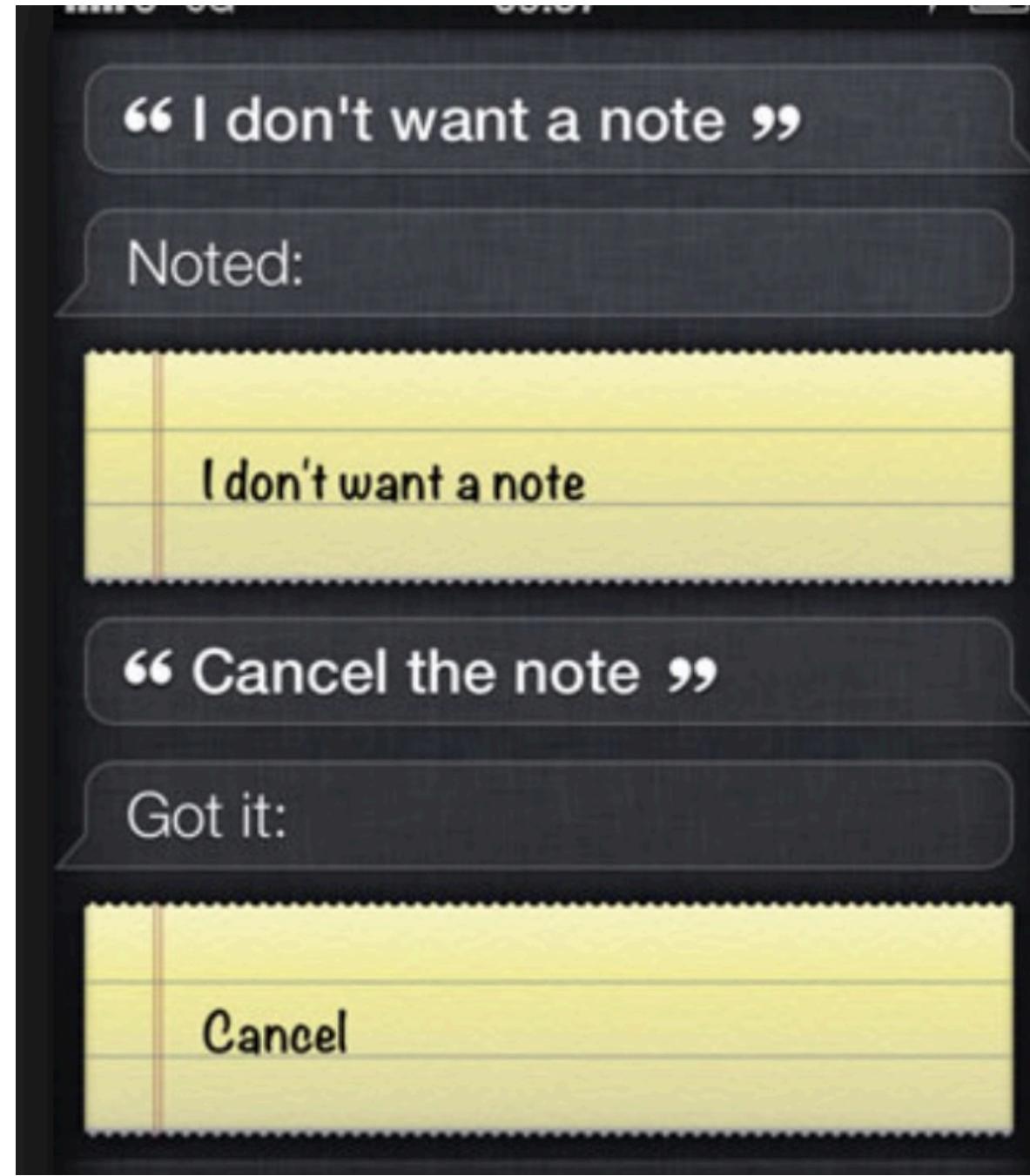


English: Machine translation is cool!

Turing test solved?

Talking to Google Duplex: Google's human-like phone AI feels revolutionary

Believe the hype—Google's phone-call bot is every bit as impressive as promised.



... maybe not.

Why is language difficult to understand?

Type your thoughts in the chat!

Some language humor

Kids make nutritious snacks

Stolen painting found by tree

Miners refuse to work after death

Squad helps dog bite victim

Killer sentenced to die for second time in 10 years

Lack of brains hinders research

Real newspaper headlines!

Lexical ambiguity

The fisherman went to the *bank*.

bank¹

/baNGk/ ⓘ

noun

plural noun: **banks**

1. the land alongside or sloping down to a river or lake.

"willows lined the bank"

synonyms: edge, side, shore, coast, embankment, bankside, levee, border, verge, boundary, margin, rim, fringe; More

1. a financial establishment that invests money deposited by customers, pays it out when required, makes loans at interest, and exchanges currency.

"I paid the money straight into my bank"

synonyms: financial institution, merchant bank, savings bank, finance company, trust company,

One word can mean several different things

Lexical ambiguity

The fisherman went to the *bank*. He deposited some money.

bank¹

/baNGk/ ⓘ

noun

plural noun: **banks**

1. the land alongside or sloping down to a river or lake.

"willows lined the bank"

synonyms: edge, side, shore, coast, embankment, bankside, levee, border, verge, boundary, margin, rim, fringe; More

1. a financial establishment that invests money deposited by customers, pays it out when required, makes loans at interest, and exchanges currency.

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Word sense disambiguation

Lexical variations

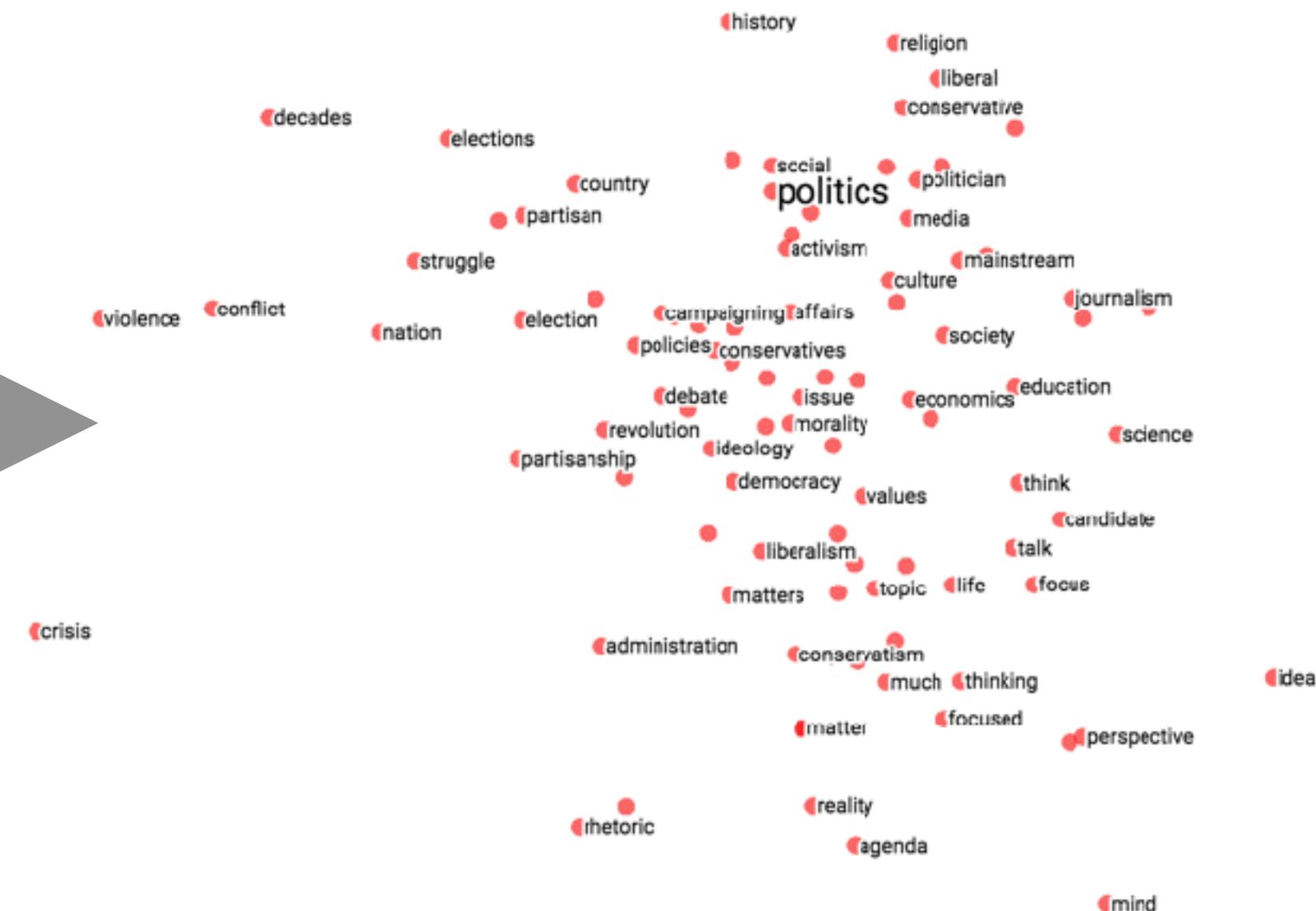


**ACCORDING TO THE THESAURUS,
"THEY'RE HUMID, PREPOSSESSING
HOMOSAPIENS WITH FULL SIZED AORTIC
PUMPS" MEANS "THEY'RE WARM, NICE
PEOPLE WITH BIG HEARTS."**

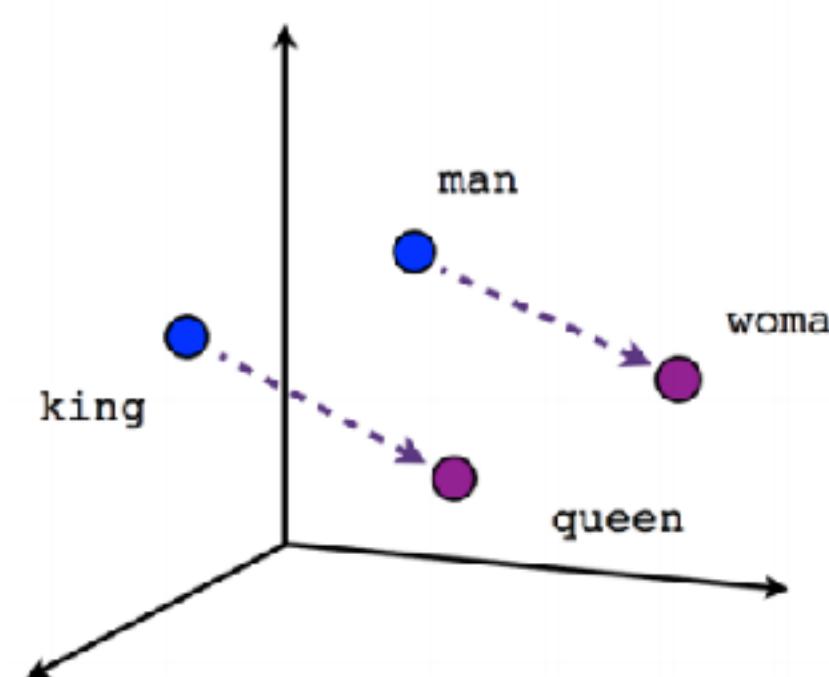
Several words can mean the same thing!

Distributed representations

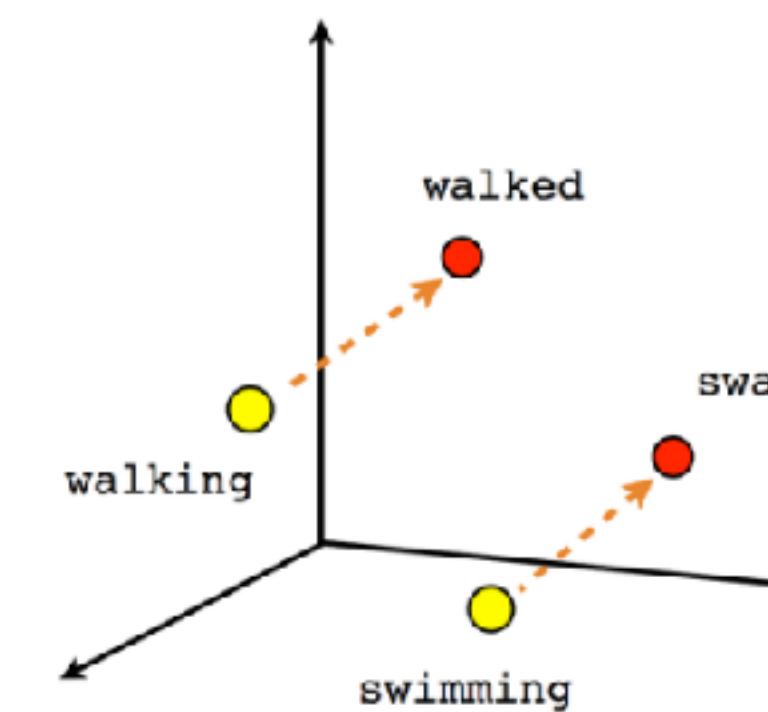
Project words onto a continuous vector space



Similar words closer to each other



Male-Female



Verb tense

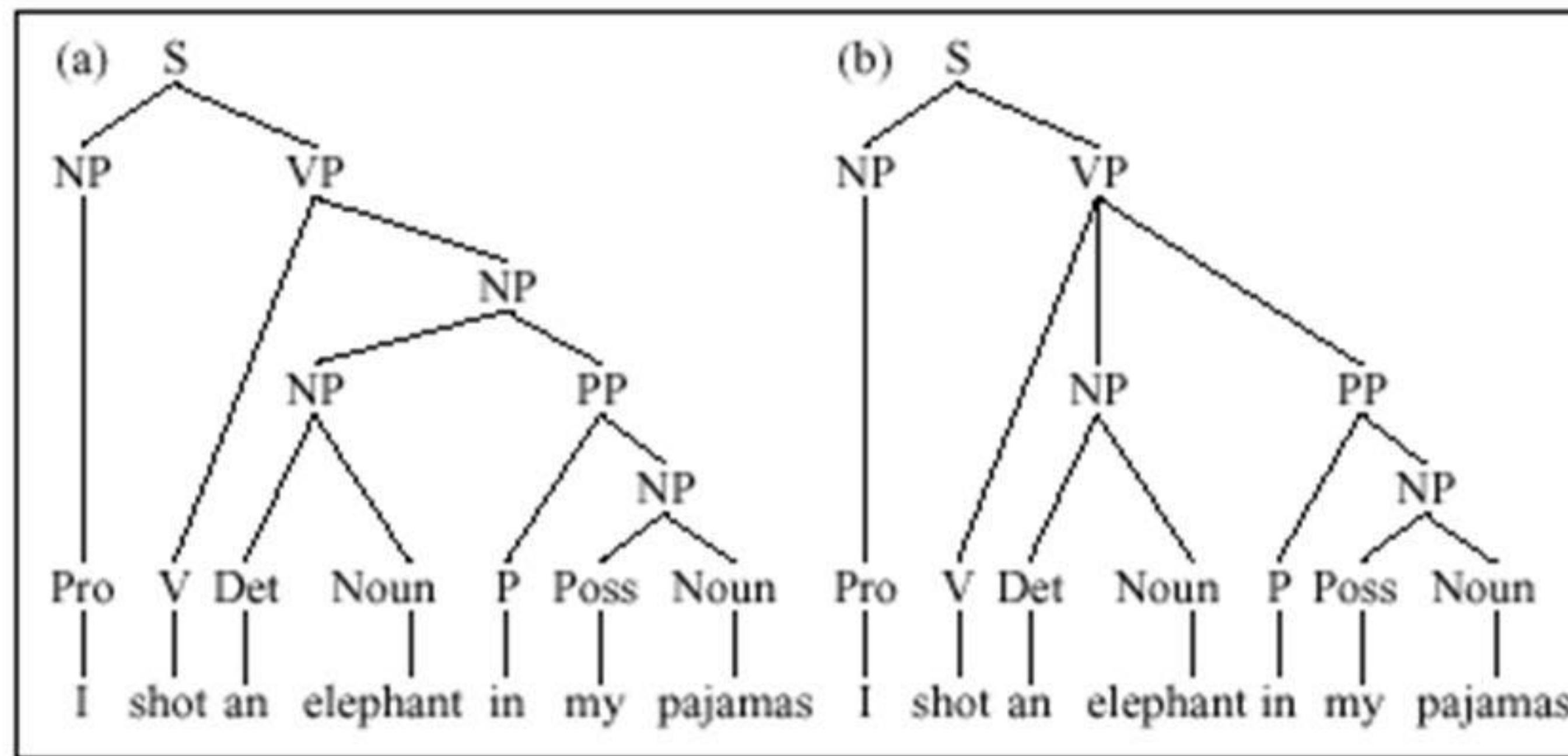
$$v(\text{king}) - v(\text{man}) + v(\text{woman}) = v(\text{queen})$$

Comprehending word sequences

- My brother went to the park near my sister's house
 - Implicit structure in all languages
- Park my went house near to sister's my brother the
 - Coarse-to-fine levels (recursive)
- "My brother went park near sister's house"?
 - What are some good data structures to represent this?
- The old man the boat
 - 园径句型

Syntactic ambiguity

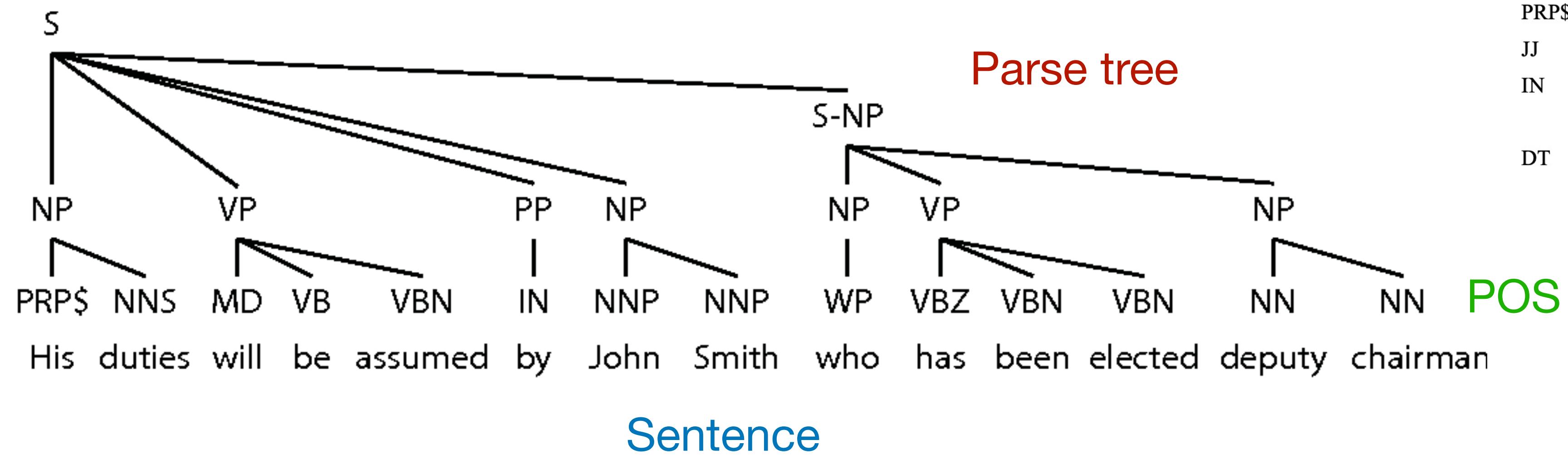
I shot an elephant in my pajamas



Human language is full of such examples!

label	long name	example
NN	singular noun	pyramid
NNS	plural noun	lectures
NNP	proper noun	Khufu
VBD	past tense verb	claimed
VBZ	3rd person singular present tense verb	is
VBP	non-3rd person singular present tense verb	have
VBN	past participle	found
PRP	pronoun	they
PRP\$	possessive pronoun	their
JJ	adjective	public
IN	preposition	in
	complementizer	that
DT	determiner	the

Syntactic parsing



Penn Treebank (PTB) : ~40k sentences, 950k words

Online tools: <http://nlp.stanford.edu:8080/corenlp/>

Discourse ambiguity

Alice invited Maya for dinner but **she** cooked her own food

she = Alice or Maya?

... and brought it with her.

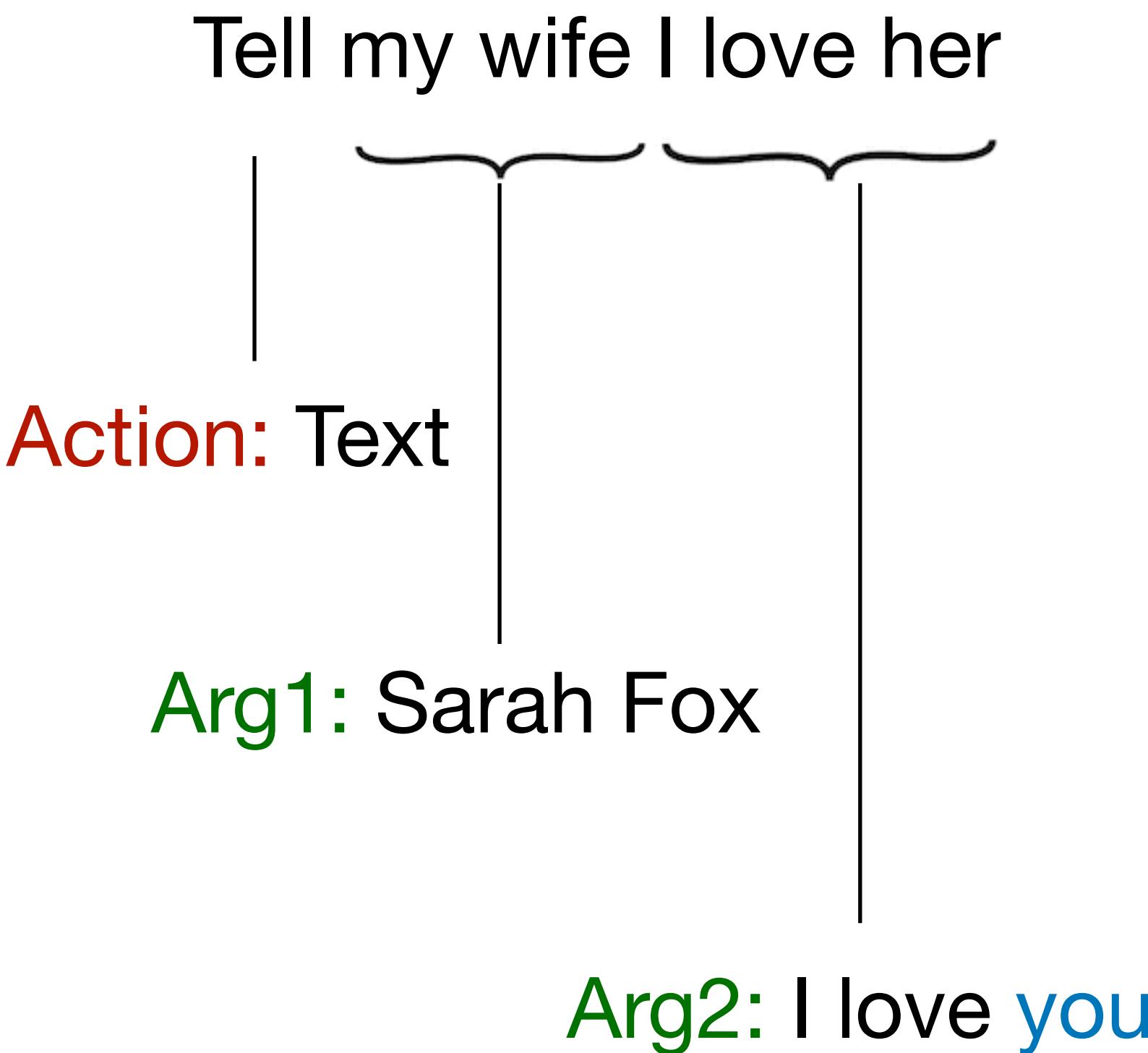
Maya

... and ordered a pizza for her guest.

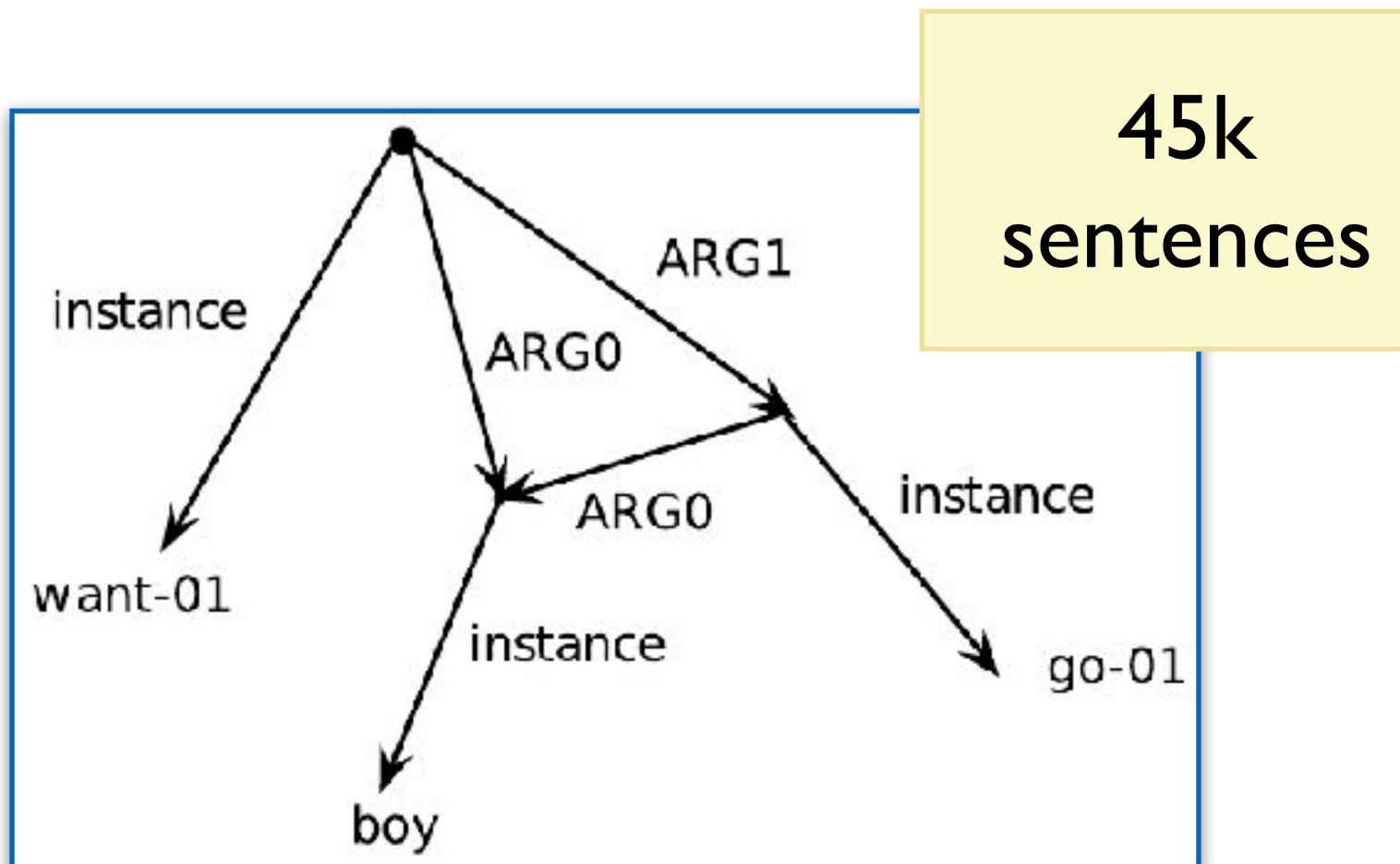
Alice

Anaphora resolution

Semantics



Semantic Parsing



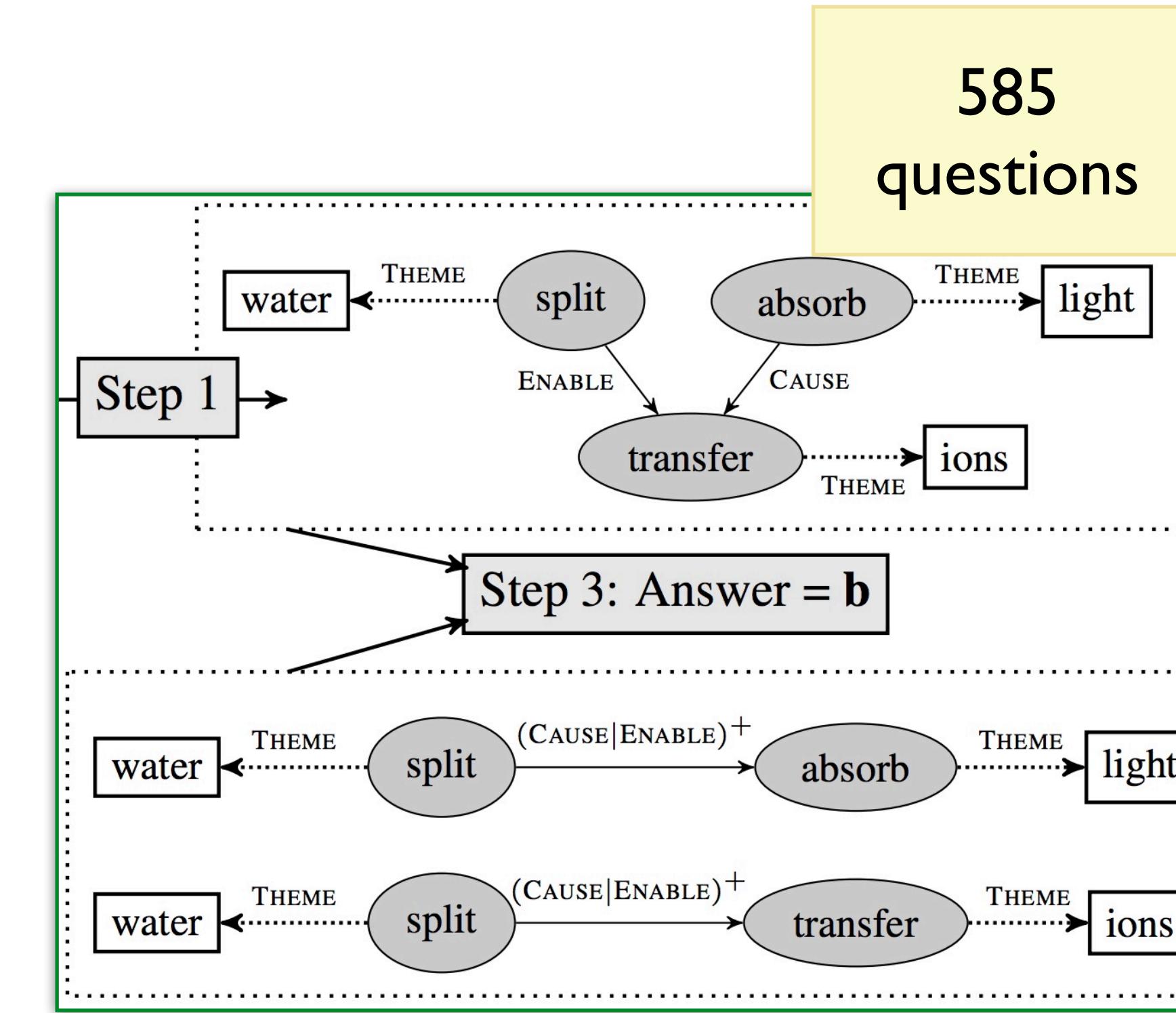
Abstract meaning representation

The police officer detained the suspect at the scene of the crime

A horizontal timeline diagram showing the sequence of events in the sentence: Agent (police officer), Predicate (detained), and Theme (suspect at the scene of the crime).

Semantic role labeling

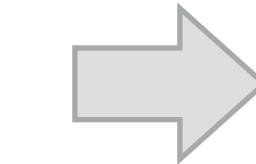
50k arguments



Information Extraction

The Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) is a private research university in Cambridge, Massachusetts, often cited as one of the world's most prestigious universities.

Founded in 1861 in response to the increasing industrialization of the United States, ...



City: Cambridge, MA

Founded: 1861

Mascot: Tim the Beaver

...

Article

Database

Machine comprehension

Amazon_rainforest

The Stanford Question Answering Dataset

The Amazon rainforest (Portuguese: Floresta Amazônica or Amazônia; Spanish: Selva Amazónica, Amazonía or usually Amazonia; French: Forêt amazonienne; Dutch: Amazoneregenwoud), also known in English as Amazonia or the Amazon Jungle, is a moist broadleaf forest that covers most of the Amazon basin of South America. This basin encompasses 7,000,000 square kilometres (2,700,000 sq mi), of which 5,500,000 square kilometres (2,100,000 sq mi) are covered by the rainforest. This region includes territory belonging to nine nations. The majority of the forest is contained within Brazil, with 60% of the rainforest, followed by Peru with 13%, Colombia with 10%, and with minor amounts in Venezuela, Ecuador, Bolivia, Guyana, Suriname and French Guiana. States or departments in four nations contain "Amazonas" in their names. The Amazon represents over half of the planet's remaining rainforests, and comprises the largest and most biodiverse tract of tropical rainforest in the world, with an estimated 390 billion individual trees divided into 16,000 species.

Which name is also used to describe the Amazon rainforest in English?

Ground Truth Answers: also known in English as Amazonia or the Amazon Jungle, Amazonia or the Amazon Jungle, Amazonia

Prediction: Amazonia

How many square kilometers of rainforest is covered in the basin?

Ground Truth Answers: 5,500,000 square kilometres (2,100,000 sq mi) are covered by the rainforest. 5,500,000, 5,500,000

Prediction: 5,500,000

How many nations control this region in total?

Ground Truth Answers: This region includes territory belonging to nine nations. nine, nine

Prediction: nine

How many nations contain "Amazonas" in their names?

Ground Truth Answers: States or departments in four nations contain "Amazonas" in their names. four, four

Prediction: four

What percentage does the Amazon represents in rainforests on the planet?

Language generation



Better Language Models and Their Implications

We've trained a large-scale unsupervised language model which generates coherent paragraphs of text, achieves state-of-the-art performance on many language modeling benchmarks, and performs rudimentary reading comprehension, machine translation, question answering, and summarization—all without task-specific training.

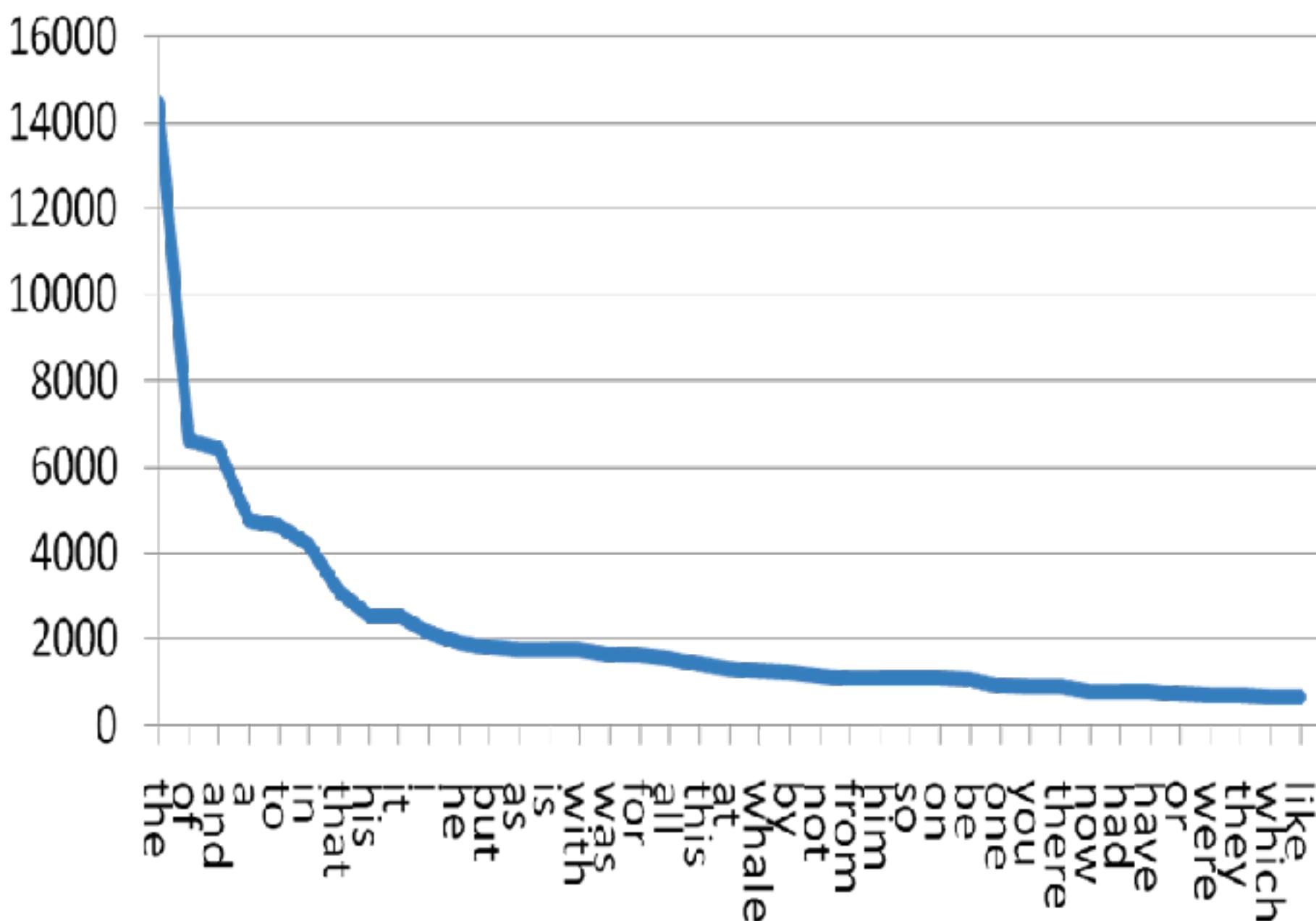
With the start of the new academic year, Princeton has an opportunity to help provide a new generation of women with a diverse set of academic resources for higher education.

We are offering the resources of the Princeton-McGill program specifically to women with undergraduate degrees who would like to enhance their academic experience. Princeton-McGill offers a comprehensive suite of services for women and their families including a variety of graduate programs, support programs, and the opportunity to serve as leaders in their communities with a wide variety of programs, activities and services. For the upcoming fall, Princeton-McGill will also offer its Women's Center , which is located in a renovated women's dorm.

At Princeton, we are working with the Princeton-McGill community to develop a suite of programs that are designed to give new and returning students a strong foundation for a successful, rewarding graduate career. The Women's Center , the Princeton-McGill Women's Center provides a range of supports to address the specific needs of female doctoral degree graduates. Programs are tailored to meet the unique needs of women under the age of 28, women and families

Challenges in modern NLP

- *Scale*: Large number of phenomena
 - *Sparsity*: Text data is often heavy-tailed



Challenges in modern NLP

- *Bias*: Models learn biases in available data



- Context: Knowledge bases, perception, interaction

Outline

Words

- Language models
- Text classification
- Word embeddings

Sequences and structures

- HMMs, recurrent neural networks
- Syntactic Parsing
- Contextualized language models

Applications

- Machine Translation
- Question Answering
- Natural language inference
- Multimodal NLP



Language Models

Generating responses

What is the weather in New York?



It is 76°F and _____

- red ?
- 24.44 C ?
- sunny ?

Today, in New York, it is 76 F and red

vs

Today, in New York, it is 76 F and sunny

- Both are grammatical
- But which is more likely?

Language models

Probabilistic models over word sequences

Sentence

“Princeton is in New Jersey”

Chain rule

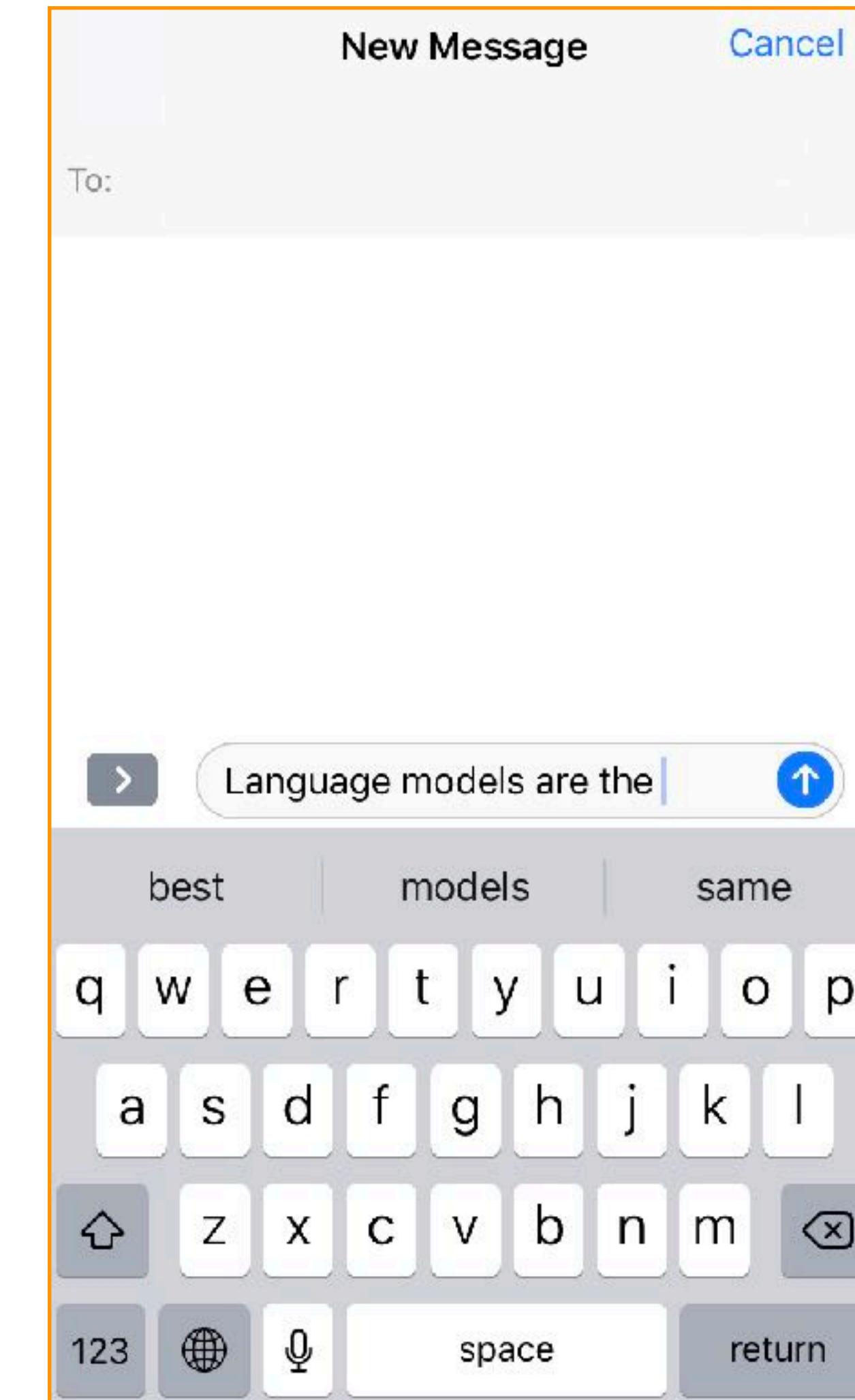
$$p(w_1, w_2, w_3, \dots, w_N) = \\ p(w_1) p(w_2|w_1) p(w_3|w_1, w_2) \times \dots \times p(w_N|w_1, w_2, \dots, w_{N-1})$$

Completion

Princeton is in New ?

$$\arg \max_x p(\text{Princeton, is, ...New}, x)$$

Language models are everywhere



Applications of LMs

- Predicting words is important in many situations
 - Machine translation

$$P(\text{a smooth finish}) > P(\text{a flat finish})$$

- Speech recognition/Spell checking

$$P(\text{high school principal}) > P(\text{high school principle})$$

- Information extraction, Question answering

Impact on downstream applications

Language Resources	Adaptation	Word		PP
		Cor.	Acc.	
1. Doc-A		54.5%	45.1%	49972
2. Trans-C(L)		63.3%	50.6%	1856.5
3. Trans-B(L)		70.2%	60.3%	318.4
4. Trans-A(S)		70.4%	59.3%	442.3
5. Trans-B(L)+Trans-A(S)	CM	72.6%	63.9%	225.1
6. Trans-B(L)+Doc-A	KW	72.1%	64.2%	247.5
7. Trans-B(L)+Doc-A	KP	73.1%	65.6%	259.7
8. Trans-A(L)		75.2%	67.3%	148.6

(Miki et al., 2006)

New Approach to Language Modeling Reduces Speech
Recognition Errors by Up to 15%



December 13, 2018

Ankur Gandhe

Alexa

Alexa research

Alexa science

What is a language model?

- Probabilistic model of a sequence of words
- How likely is a given phrase/sentence/paragraph/document?
- Joint distribution of words $w_1, w_2, w_3, \dots, w_n$:

$$P(w_1, w_2, w_3, \dots, w_n)$$

Chain rule

$$p(w_1, w_2, w_3, \dots, w_N) = \\ p(w_1) p(w_2|w_1) p(w_3|w_1, w_2) \times \dots \times p(w_N|w_1, w_2, \dots, w_{N-1})$$

Sentence: “the cat sat on the mat”

$$P(\text{the cat sat on the mat}) = P(\text{the}) * P(\text{cat}|\text{the}) * P(\text{sat}|\text{the cat}) \\ * P(\text{on}|\text{the cat sat}) * P(\text{the}|\text{the cat sat on}) \\ * P(\text{mat}|\text{the cat sat on the})$$

Estimating probabilities

$$P(\text{sat}|\text{the cat}) = \frac{\text{count}(\text{the cat sat})}{\text{count}(\text{the cat})}$$

$$P(\text{on}|\text{the cat sat}) = \frac{\text{count}(\text{the cat sat on})}{\text{count}(\text{the cat sat})}$$

:

Maximum likelihood
estimate (MLE)

- ▶ With a vocabulary of size v ,
 - number of sequences of length $n = v^n$
- ▶ Typical vocabulary ≈ 40000 words
 - even sentences of length ≤ 11 results in more than $4 * 10^{50}$ sequences!
(more than the number of atoms in the earth)

We'll tackle this in
the next class!

