five: proTotal

Here, we introduce a new concept known as a **for loop**.

A for loop rotates through all the items in a list, and does something to it.

For example,

```
testList = ['hey', 'how', 'are', 'you']
for item in testList:
     print(item)
```

Write a function that, a list of unknown number of items, returns the sum of all these items.

Name this function **proTotal()**.

Example:
testList = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
proTotal(testList) -> returns 28.