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# **Requirements Specification**

## **for**

# **Powered Newtonian Telescope**

Submitted to: Troy Scevers  
Submitted by: Nathan Wiley

Version: 2.0

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements of CST471

ESET Senior Project, Oregon Institute of Technology.

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**REVISION HISTORY**

<b>Version:</b>	<b>Revision Date:</b>	<b>Revision Description:</b>	<b>Author:</b>
<b>0.0</b>	10/14/2022	Rough draft	Nathan Wiley
<b>1.0</b>	10/26/2022	Requirements complete	Nathan Wiley
<b>2.0</b>	10/27/2022	Added comparison matrices and part selection	Nathan Wiley

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**CONCEPTUAL OVERVIEW:**

The basic idea of this project is to create a telescope that will adjust what it points at with an embedded device. The movement would be calibrated to coordinate system, and commands could be sent to the device over a network that would allow the telescope to point to, and track, a given coordinate. The main requirements are necessary for the project to be considered complete. The stretch goals are what the project would look like if all main requirements are met, and the time and resources to achieve them are available.

**MAIN REQUIREMENTS:**

- 1. Shall pivot a telescope**
  - a. Telescope shall pivot at a rate of at least 0.25 degrees per minute.
  - b. Shall be accurate enough to point the telescope within 3600 arcseconds (1 degree) of the desired angle.
- 2. Shall be able to keep accurate time**
  - a. Shall keep onboard time within 2 seconds of time kept at [www.time.gov](http://www.time.gov)
- 3. Shall use a control system**
  - a. The control system shall compute the local sidereal time within 2 seconds of real time (co-dependent on req. 2a).
  - b. Control system shall reference a database of stellar objects.
  - c. Shall receive instructions over Ethernet
  - d. Shall execute movement instructions (co-dependent on req. 4b).
- 4. Shall have a network interface**
  - a. Shall use Ethernet and ethernet protocols
  - b. Shall receive movement instructions over Ethernet
- 5. Shall use a display**
  - a. Display shall signal at least two of the states the system is in (I.E. Moving, or Idle).



**STRETCH GOALS:**

- 1. May have a camera**
  - a. Should have a resolution of at least 2MP (1080p)
  - b. Should have functionality to save to an SD card
  - c. May include networked file transfer of images
  - d. May include counter rotation functionality (hardware or software)
- 2. May use RTC module**
- 3. May include GPS module**
- 4. May include Wi-Fi in addition to Ethernet**
- 5. May include cooling system for primary mirror**
  - a. May be a fan, if so, should move air at least 10 CFM

**PART SELECTION:**

In each section below, a comparison matrix for each component will be shown followed by discussion and selection of the component. The discussion will highlight the reasons and thought process behind the choice of the component. Each selected part will be compiled at the end of the report with web links to their respective online stores. Ordered parts will have the estimated arrival date shown.

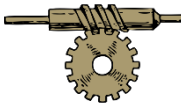
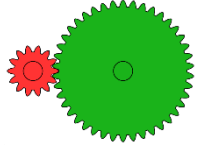
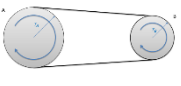
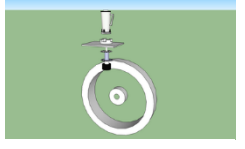

**DEVELOPMENT BOARD**

<b>Picture:</b>			
<b>Board Name:</b>	BeagleBone Black - Rev C	Raspberry Pi 3 Model B V1.2	Raspberry Pi 4 Model B
<b>Manufacturer:</b>	Texas Instruments	Raspberry Pi Foundation	Raspberry Pi Foundation
<b>Processor Clock Speed:</b>	AM3358 @ 1GHz	BCM2837 @ 1.2 GHz	BCM2711 @ 1.5 GHz
<b>Memory:</b>	512MB DDR3L DRAM 4GB 8-bit eMMC Flash	1GB RAM	4GB LPDDR4-2400 SDRAM
<b>Network Interface:</b>	Ethernet	WiFi, Ethernet	Dual Band WiFi, Gigabit Ethernet
<b>General Purpose I/O pins:</b>	2x 40 pin headers,	1x 40 pin header	1x 40 pin header
<b>Extra Features:</b>	NEON floating-point accelerator, microHDMI, 1x USB 2.0	HDMI, 4x USB 2.0	HDMI, 2x USB 2.0, 2x USB 3.0
<b>Cost:</b>	\$65.99	\$0 (Already owned)	\$168.88

**Discussion:** The BeagleBone's main attractive features were the high pin count and the floating-point accelerator, it could prove useful when driving stepper motors at high pulse rates. However, since this project should only include a maximum of two motors and a few peripherals, the pins would be excessive. The Raspberry Pi 4's upgrades over the 3 are nice, but they don't justify themselves with the current price. The Raspberry Pi 3 seems to be the sweet spot with an included RTC module, WiFi, Ethernet, SD card slot, and potential camera connector.

**Selection:** Raspberry Pi 3 Model B V1.2




## GEARING

Picture:					
<b>Drive Criteria:</b>	Worm Gear	Spur Gear	Belt Drive	Friction Drive	Direct Drive
<b>Positioning:</b>	good	good	good	very good	good
<b>Tracking:</b>	good	fair	good	excellent	good
<b>Stiffness:</b>	poor	poor	very low	very high	fair/good
<b>Smoothness:</b>	good	fair	fair/very good	excellent	good
<b>Gear Ratio:</b>	very high	low	low/moderate	high	n/a
<b>Efficiency:</b>	very low	high	high	very high	very low
<b>Zero Backlash:</b>	no	no	yes	yes	n/a
<b>Periodic Error:</b>	small/mod	large	small	very small	very low
<b>First Period:</b>	2-4 min	1/tooth	2-4 hours	1 hour	n/a
<b>Cost:</b>	high	moderate	low	moderate	very high

**Discussion:** The table above is from DFM Engineering Inc., it shows the pros and con of the different ways to drive a telescope. Initially, the worm gear was going to be the implemented drive type because it offers very high torque with precise control, but the prices were too high. Another reason against the worm drive, as well as the spur gear and friction drive, is that it requires very precise centering, and because this is an embedded project and not a manufacturing or mechanical project, there is no guarantee of precision. The belt drive can be easily adjusted with tensioners, which allow for some error in the centering of the pulleys. The belt drive also has zero backlash, which will help the telescope to remain stable and not rattle or vibrate when operating. Because of these reasons, and the fact that it is cheaper than the other options, the belt drive is going to be what connects directly to the vertical and horizontal movement axis.

**Selection:** Belt Drive

## MOTORIZATION TYPE

<b>Picture:</b>			
<b>Drive Name:</b>	Stepper Motor	DC Motor	Servo Motor
<b>Speed Control Method:</b>	Individual steps, micro-stepping	Voltage	PWM
<b>Torque at low RPM:</b>	High	Low	High
<b># of wires</b>	4 – 8	2	3
<b>Continuous rotation:</b>	Yes	Yes	No
<b>General Cost:</b>	Intermediate	Low	High

**Discussion:** Above is a table of generalization about the different motor types. Since the telescope require to be precisely controlled with high torque, the stepper motor is the clear winner once cost is factored in. Now that the type of motor is selected, an individual stepper motor still needs to be selected. Below is a table of different stepper motors and their pros and cons.

**Selection:** Stepper Motor




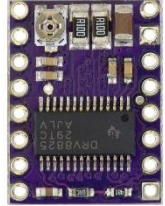
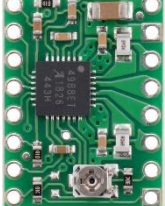
## STEPPER MOTORS

<b>Picture:</b>			
<b>Model Number:</b>	17HS19-1684D-PG100-E1000	23HS22-2804S-HG50	17HS15-1584S-PLMG100
<b>Stepper Class:</b>	NEMA 17	NEMA 23	NEMA 17
<b>Gear Type and Ratio:</b>	Economy Planetary, 100:1	High Precision Planetary, 50:1	High Precision Planetary, 100:1
<b>Backlash:</b>	$\leq 1$ deg (3600 arcseconds)	$\leq 1.6$ deg (5760 arcseconds)	$\leq 0.83$ deg (3000 arcseconds)
<b>Max Torque (With Gearbox):</b>	4Nm (566.56oz.in)	20Nm (2832.8oz.in)	5Nm(708oz.in)
<b>Encoder:</b>	Yes	No	No
<b>Current:</b>	1.68A	2.8A	1.58A
<b>Cost:</b>	\$63.08	\$90.81	\$37.16

**Discussion:** For stepper motor selection, a high gear ratio is a must because it must have enough torque to move the scope and enough steps per rotation that it provides smooth movement after being geared down. The second option doesn't have as much precision as the other two. The first option includes an encoder on the back of the stepper motor itself which seems attractive; however, the higher backlash and price is higher than the third option while providing less torque. If the need for an encoder arises, then it can be added on after. The third option's gearbox also has a waterproof rating of IP54 which protects the gears from dust and moisture.

**Selection:** 17HS15-1584S-PLMG100, NEMA 17

## STEPPER MOTOR DRIVER

<b>Picture:</b>			
<b>Driver Name:</b>	DM542T	DRV8825	A4988
<b>Max Rated Amperage:</b>	4.20A	2.2A	2A
<b>Micro stepping:</b>	Up to 1/256	Up to 1/32	Up to 1/16
<b>Price:</b>	\$20.99	\$18.95	\$14.45

**Discussion:** The selected motor requires 1.58A to run, and the A4988 could only provide that if it was cooled with heatsinks and fans. The DRV8825 could handle that load better, but not with much room to spare, so it would likely get hot too. The DM542T can easily handle the load with high micro stepping resolution as well.

**Selection:** DM542T

SELECTED PARTS			
Part:	Link:	Order Date:	Price:
Raspberry Pi	<a href="https://thepihut.com/products/raspberry-pi-3-model-b?src=raspberrypi">https://thepihut.com/products/raspberry-pi-3-model-b?src=raspberrypi</a>	N/A (Already Owned)	0
Nema 17 Stepper Motor	<a href="https://www.omc-stepperonline.com/nema-17-stepper-motor-l-40mm-gear-ratio-100-1-plm-series-planetary-gearbox-17hs15-1584s-plmg100">https://www.omc-stepperonline.com/nema-17-stepper-motor-l-40mm-gear-ratio-100-1-plm-series-planetary-gearbox-17hs15-1584s-plmg100</a>	10/28/2022	\$37.16
DM542T Digital Stepper Driver	<a href="https://www.omc-stepperonline.com/digital-stepper-driver-1-0-4-2a-20-50vdc-for-nema-17-23-24-stepper-motor-dm542t">https://www.omc-stepperonline.com/digital-stepper-driver-1-0-4-2a-20-50vdc-for-nema-17-23-24-stepper-motor-dm542t</a>	10/28/2022	\$20.99

## REFERENCES

DFM Engineering, Inc. (2005, March 9). *Engineering Article: Comparing Telescope Drive Technologies*. Wwww.dfmengineering.com.  
[https://www.dfmengineering.com/news\\_telescope\\_gearing.html](https://www.dfmengineering.com/news_telescope_gearing.html)