

MOTORIZED NEWTONIAN TELESCOPE

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Version: 0.0

Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements of CST374
Embedded Project Proposal, Oregon Institute of Technology.

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REVISION HISTORY

Version:	Revision Date:	Revision Description:	Author:
0.0	5/25/2022	Rough Draft	Nathan Wiley

AGREEMENT

This proposal is approved as a partial fulfillment of the requirements of CST374,
Embedded Project Proposal. Oregon Institute of Technology 2022.

Author Signature: _____

Date: _____

Professor Signature: _____

Date: _____

ABSTRACT

This project is a motorized 12" Newtonian Telescope that can automatically track coordinates in the sky such as stars or planets. Ideally, it could be operated remotely without any physical interaction with the telescope. Aside from weather concerns, it should be able to be mounted in a permanent spot and utilized without wasting valuable time setting up. If it is needed to be moved, it should be easy to recalibrate it. If I can get help from others, I would love to create a small weatherproof dome or something like that, but that is outside my expertise and timeframe. There are many tracking telescopes out there, but few have a primary mirror of 12" or more, and most of those require an operator to be present in the middle of the night to capture the images. This project would be to create a telescope that can be operated remotely and still have the functionality of one that is operated by a person. This includes things like adjusting focal lengths, camera exposure settings, and possibly even eyepiece swapping.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Motorized Newtonian Telescope.....	1
Revision History	2
Agreement	3
Abstract.....	4
List of Figures	5
Project Management	6
Non-recurring engineering cost estimate.....	6
Issues:.....	7
Proposed resolutions:	7
Conceptual Overview	8
Design Considerations	8
System Description	9
Requirements.....	10
Stretch Goals.....	10
Glossary.....	11
Appendix	12
References	13

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1, Project Timeline	6
Figure 2, McNish, 2007	8

PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Task	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
Design Frame												
Order Parts for Frame												
Build Frame												
Design Hardware												
Order Hardware												
Assemble Hardware												
Develop Motor Software												
Develop Tracking Software												
Develop Networking Capabilities												
Motor Testing												
Motor Control Testing												
Tracking Testing												
Stretch Goals (If ahead of schedule)												
Documentation												

Figure 1, Project Timeline

Due to the extensive nature of the project, I will have to do some prep work over the summer. This project has a longer timeline because of that, and some phases in the design may move earlier to accommodate. From July to September, I will be working on the frame and mount for the telescope. I will have to do some design decisions during this time, so I will be documenting and researching during this time as well. From October to December, I will design the hardware assembly for the device and hopefully start programming. January to March will be the software development portion, and the rest will be testing. If at any time, the project is ahead of schedule, I plan on considering some of the stretch goals for implementation. Some of them will be easier to develop than others, so I will do a decision matrix and consult others for their opinion.

NON-RECURRING ENGINEERING COST ESTIMATE

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	COST
ENGINEER	25 hrs. /week * 52 weeks = 1300 hrs. @ \$25 / hr.	\$32,500
RAW MATERIALS	Printing Spools, Wood, Bearings	\$200
PART COST	Motors, Electronics, Hardware	\$1,200
TOTAL:		\$33,900

ISSUES:

The main issues that I can see are:

- Frame not being finished in time
- Issues getting microprocessor to work with the motors
- Issues getting coordinates and database to work properly

PROPOSED RESOLUTIONS:

I think since the frame is not part of the senior project directly, I can build it over the summer. This will allow me to work on the motorization, board production, and programming in the fall and winter. That leaves the coordinates and database, which I will need to choose carefully, because there are many different places I can get those. Once I do more research in that area, I will need to choose the one that is easiest to integrate and understand.

CONCEPTUAL OVERVIEW

The basic idea of this project is to create a Newtonian telescope that will adjust what it points at with an embedded device. It is likely that stepper motors with a gearing that is TBD, would control these motions. The motorization would be calibrated to coordinate system, and commands could be sent to the device over a network that would allow the telescope to point to, and track, a given coordinate.

DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

There are two ways of mounting the Newtonian telescope, the Altitude-Azimuth (or Alt-Az) mount, and the Equatorial Mount. The main benefit of the Equatorial mount is that as the Earth spins, the image experiences no rotation over time. This is useful for long exposures for deep space photography. An Alt-Az does experience image rotation over time, which can be corrected with a motorized device that counter-rotates the camera, or with a wedge that is set to make the telescope parallel with the equator. In Klamath Falls, we are at about 42° Latitude, so the wedge would have to be 48° . I think this is a bit unrealistic with how large the telescope will be. The rotational problem can also be corrected with software, which I think could be a feasible solution. The figure below shows what an image would look like from an Alt-Az mounted telescope in red, and an Equatorial mounted telescope in yellow. As you can see, as Orion appears to move across the sky, the Equatorial mounted image is aligned with the constellation throughout, but the Alt-Az mounted image's alignment is fixed with the ground, so the image appears to rotate as time goes on (McNish, 2007).

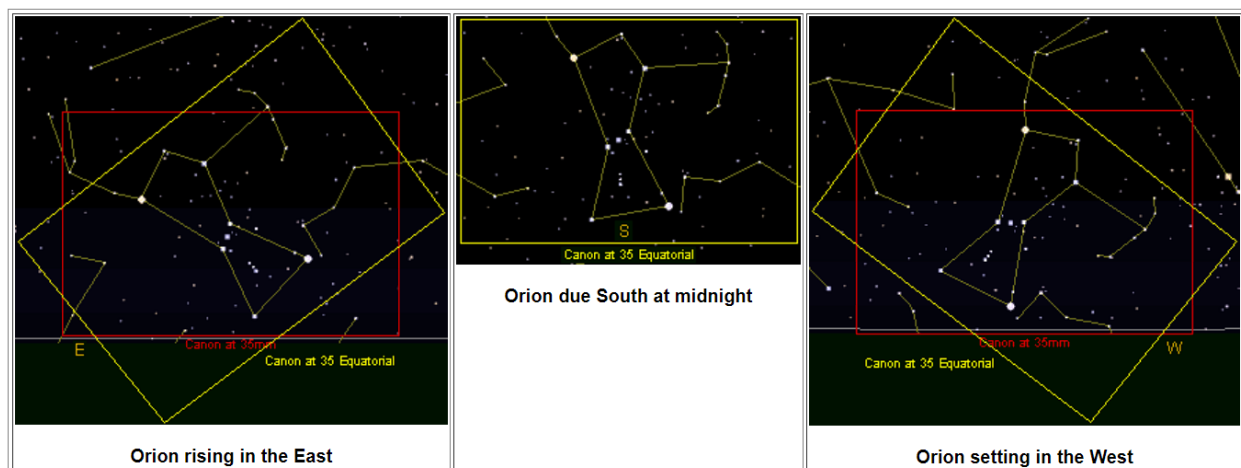


Figure 2, McNish, 2007

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Since much of this project is still under design considerations such as the mounting type and hardware to be used, I can't get into the specifics of how each part will function. The general overview is that a networked computer should be able to send commands to the device controlling the telescope, such as coordinates to track, and it will point the telescope at those coordinates and track them through the sky over time.



Ideally, the computer controlling this device could be from anywhere, and the telescope itself could be calibrated for moving to different physical locations. I will revise this section once

REQUIREMENTS

The current requirement list for the project is as follows:

1. Newtonian frame for mirrors
2. Motorized control of the telescope
3. Network capability
4. Coordinate input
5. Coordinate tracking

These items are essential for the project to be considered complete, and I think each is feasible with the timeframe and can easily be quantified without getting into specifics such as the type of mount it will use or camera use. The frame is not an embedded system, but it is the foundation of the entire project, so the telescope shall have a Newtonian design. The telescope shall be controlled with motors, it is the base functionality required for the rest of the project. The network capabilities shall be to the extent of issuing commands over a network to the device controlling the telescope and having it respond. The device shall be able to have coordinated input into it. And the device shall track those coordinates using the motors.

STRETCH GOALS

The ideal version of the project would have many features allowing remote operation.

- Lens Switching
- Rotational Compensation
- Onboard Camera
- Network File Transfer for Images
- Complete Remote Operation
- Location Based Calibration
- Control over Internet Connection

Lens switching would allow different objects from planets to galaxies to be captured with appropriate lenses without having to be on site to switch the lens. Rotational Compensation can be approached in a few different ways as described in the conceptual overview section.

GLOSSARY

Alt-Azimuth Mount

Dobsonian Telescope

Equatorial Mount

Newtonian Telescope

-To be filled out later -

REFERENCES

McNish, L. (2007, November 20). *RASC Calgary Centre - Field Rotation*. Calgary.rasc.ca.

https://calgary.rasc.ca/field_rotation.htm#whatis