Tecnologias Emergentes em Jogos Engenharia em Desenvolvimento de Jogos Digitais

Ficha 8

March 2020

- 1. Assume that you have an array of the string and need to have few data beforehand like:
 - Total Character Count
 - Word Count
 - Number of Character in each Word

```
let arrayString:[String] = ["The Godfather", "The Shawshank Redemption" , "Schindler's List" , "Raging Bull" , "Gone with the Wind" , "The Wizard of Oz" , "Lawrence of Arabia" , " Forrest Gump"]
```

Extend the functionality of Array to implement these features.

```
print(array.totalCharacterCount()) // 128
print(array.wordCount()) // 22
print(array.wordCharacterCount()) // [13, 24, 16, 11, 18, 16, 18, 12]
```

2. Extend also the functionality of Array to calculate: the sum of array elements; and convert the numerical array to string array.

```
let numArray = [1,2,3,4,5,6]
print(numArray.sum()) // 21
print(num.string()) // ["1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6"]
```

3. Consider the following structure:

```
struct Person
{
    var name:String
    var age:Int
    var salary:Double
}

let person1 = Person(name:"John" , age:40, salary: 932)
let person2 = Person(name:"David" , age:45, salary: 1876)
let person3 = Person(name:"Jim" , age:30, salary: 1763)
let person4 = Person(name:"Tom" , age:28, salary: 1527)
let person5 = Person(name:"Harry" , age:50, salary: 13344)

var personArray:[Person] = [person1,person2,person3,person4,person5]
personArray.map{print("Person-Age :- \($0.age)")}
```

Now you want to rearrange Array based on: salary; and age. Create extensions to allow such feature.

```
let reArrangedPersonByAge = personArray.arrangePersonsByAge()
reArrangedPersonByAge.map{print("Person-Rearranged-Age :- \($0.age)")}
```

let reArrangedPersonBySalary = personArray.arrangePersonsBySalary()
reArrangedPersonBySalary.map{ print("Person-Rearranged-Salary :- \(\$0.salary)") }