

# CSC0056 Data Communication,

## Homework 3

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- **IMPORTANT:**

- Submit your answer of "Part 1" before 9PM, Nov 6th (Friday). Clearly label your answer.
- Submit your answer of "Part 2" before 9PM, Nov 12th (Wednesday).
- We will have the midterm exam on Nov 9th, in class.

### Part 1: Written Tasks (60%)

1. (20%) Basics of the discrete-time Markov chain (DTMC):

A networking server is either busy or idle. If it is currently busy, with 80% probability it will be busy at the next time step; if it is currently idle, with 60% probability it will be idle at the next time step; but after the server remains idle for three consecutive time steps, at the next time step it will perform some garbage collection and thus will be busy.

1. (5%) Draw the DTMC diagram. There are four states in total.
2. (5%) State the transition probability matrix (please use the format introduced in this course).
3. (10%) Compute the limiting probability for each state.

2. (15%) The exponential distribution and its memoryless property:

1. (10%) Suppose that a system has three servers, and that packet  $P$  arrived at the system when all the servers were processing some other packets. Assume that (1A) all packets have independent, identical, exponential distribution of service time, (1B) packet  $P$  is the only one waiting in the system (the other three packets are being processed), and (1C) packet  $P$  will start being processed right after any of the servers is available. Among this four packets, what is the probability that packet  $P$  will be the last to complete the process?
2. (5%) Following the above question, what is the average time packet  $P$  will spend in the system, assuming that the average service time is 30 milliseconds?

3. (25%) M/M/1 system, with arrival rate  $\lambda$  and service rate  $\mu$ :

1. (5%) Explain in your own word, conceptually, why we have  $p_n \cdot \lambda = p_{n+1} \cdot \mu$  for the corresponding continuous-time Markov chain.
2. (10%) Suppose  $\lambda = 44$  packets/second and  $\mu = 50$  packets/second. What would be the steady-state probability that there are 10 packets in the system?
3. (10%) Now let's consider the end-to-end delay in delivering a packet, where this M/M/1 queue sit on the end-to-end delivery path. Suppose a networking application's service-level agreement (SLA) demands an end-to-end delay of no more than 100 milliseconds. If we know that each packet will take no more than 35 milliseconds to reach this M/M/1 system from the sender, and it will take no more than 40 milliseconds for the network to forward a packet from the output of the system to the destination. Suppose service rate  $\mu = 0.25$  packets/millisecond for this system. Determine the range of admissible arrival rate to this system so that such a configuration can meet the SLA of 100 milliseconds.

### Part 2: Programming Tasks (40%)

This part will be available on the evening of Nov 1st (Saturday) and the submission deadline is 9PM, Nov 12th.

To download and manage the content, we recommend to use `git` the fast version-control tool: <https://git-scm.com/about>

Tutorial: <https://git-scm.com/book/en/v2/Getting-Started-Installing-Git>

In short, to install git:

```
$ sudo apt-get update
```

```
$ sudo apt-get install git
```

To download Part 2 of this homework (Do this after Nov 1st):

```
$ git clone https://github.com/wangc86/mosquitto.git
```

Then follow the README\_hw3.md in the cloned repository to complete Homework 3.