



A comparison between Manchester and London neighbourhoods for relocation.

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Introduction

Background

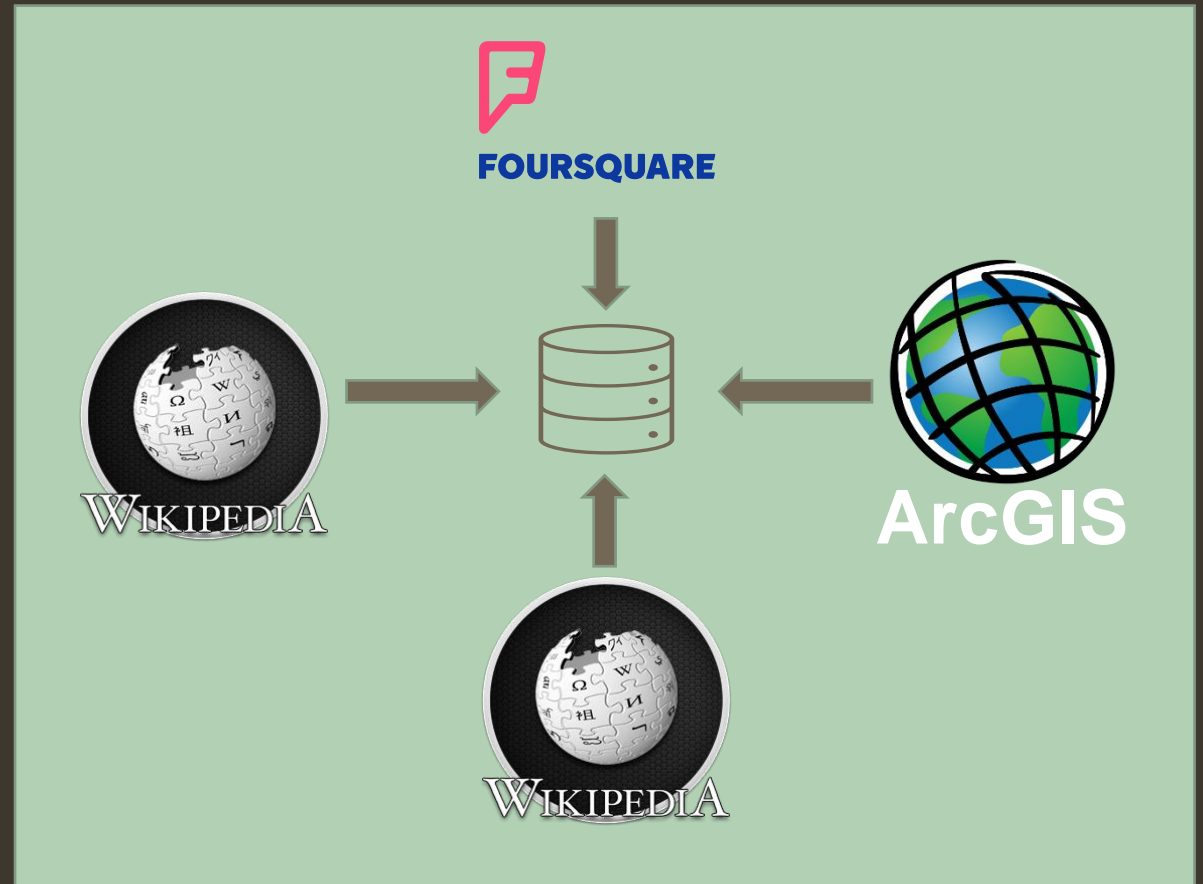
- London is the capital city of England and a major hub of business and career opportunity.
- Many people relocate to London from the rest of the UK, in order to take advantage of the rich opportunities.
- Most of these migrants have little knowledge of the geography of London or where they might enjoy living.

Objective

- To provide people considering moving to London with a guide of how the various neighbourhoods match those of their own city.
- This study is based on Manchester and the same principles could be used for any other city.
- The resulting output will be a mapping between each neighbourhood of the two cities.

Data Gathering

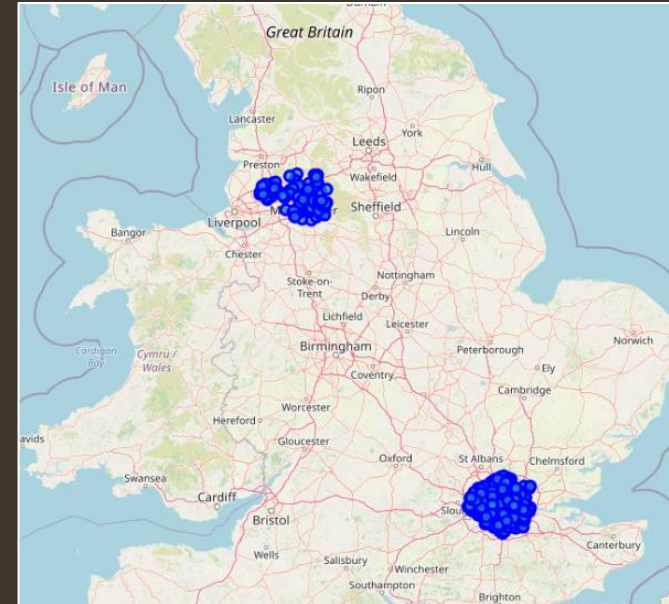
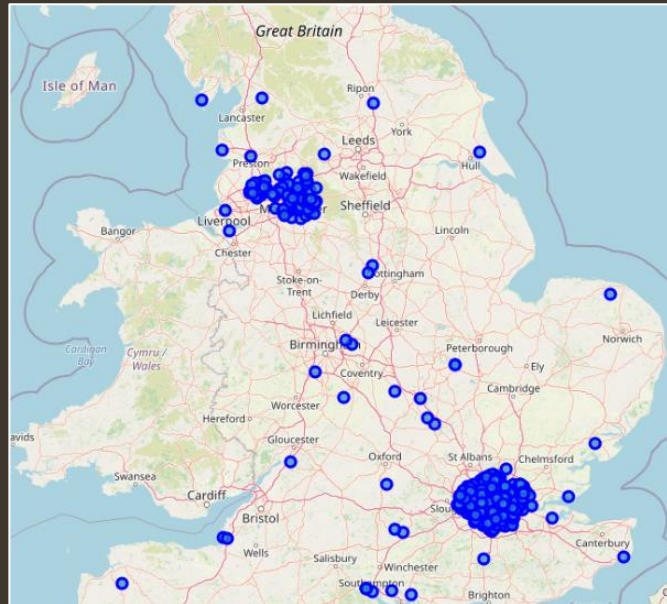
- A list of neighbourhoods for the Greater Manchester and Greater London areas was scraped from Wikipedia.
- This was then appended with latitude and longitude data from ArcGIS.
- The resulting dataset was then enriched with categories for the top 300 venues within a 2km radius of each neighbourhood centre.



Data Cleaning

- Once visualized on a map, it was apparent that some of the neighbourhood data returned from ArcGIS was not for the target areas.
- This data was removed from the dataset to ensure only relevant data was included.

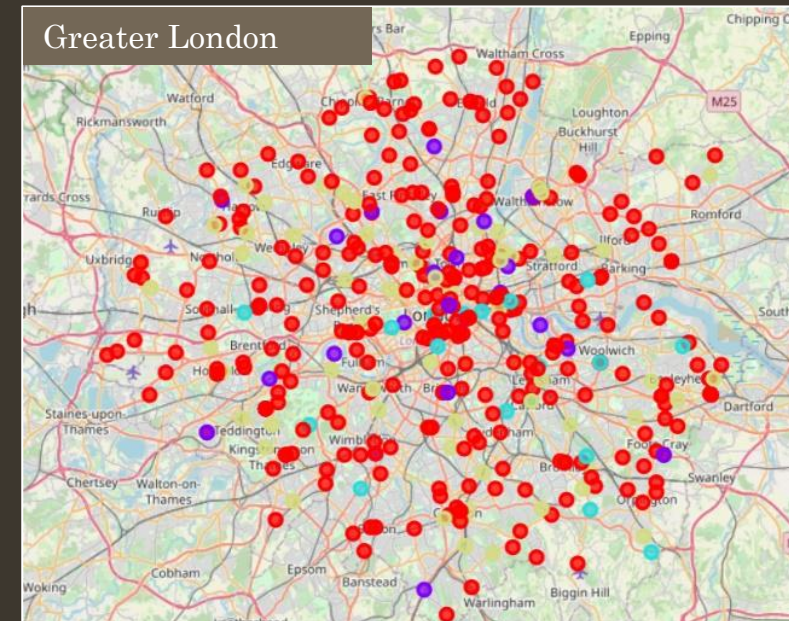
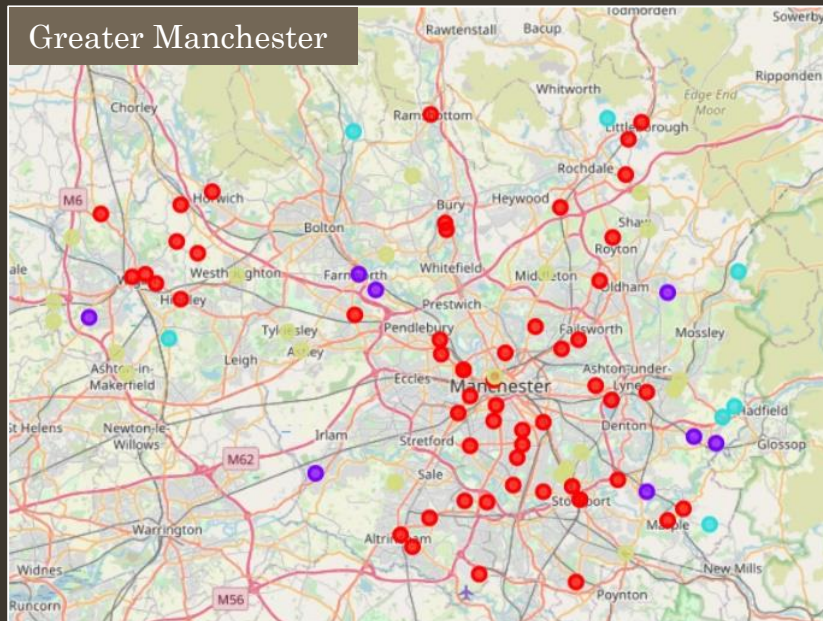
Original
data



Cleaned
data

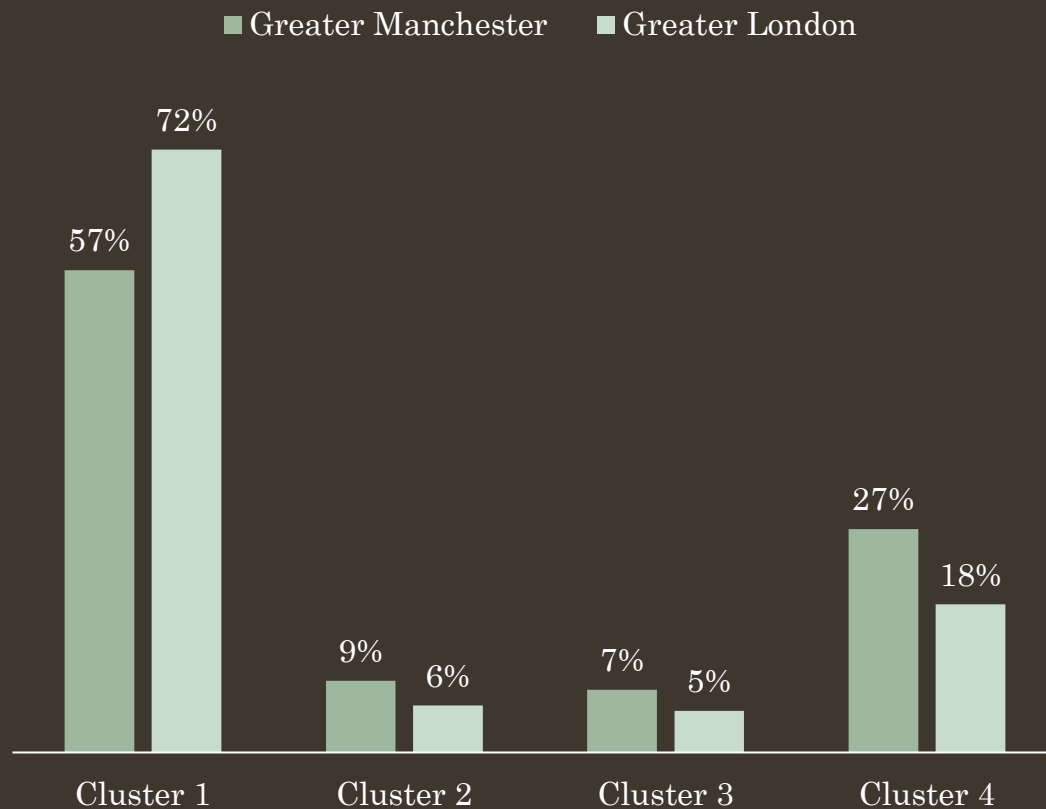
Clustering

- K-means clustering was used to split the dataset into four clusters of similar neighbourhoods.
- It can be observed that the majority of neighbourhoods appear to of similar makeup.



Clustering Results

Share of neighbourhoods in each cluster



Cluster Descriptions

1	Towns and villages with a good range amenities including pubs, restaurants shops and transportation links.
2	Residential suburbs with public transport links, grocery shops and fast food.
3	Residential suburbs with local pubs and outdoor recreation.
4	Residential suburbs comprising of a variety of pubs and restaurants, with food and drink lifestyle.

Recommendations

To build on this initial study, it is recommended to perform additional analysis of the neighbourhoods with the introduction of more data and a more complex clustering approach.

Data

Additional data should be sourced which might include:

- Commuting time to city centre
- House prices
- Population density
- Household income

Approach

A more complex clustering approach should be considered, which may uncover more distinct and varied clusters. Combined with the additional data, this could result in a more detailed guide for people considering relocating to London.

An approach to consider would be hierarchical clustering.