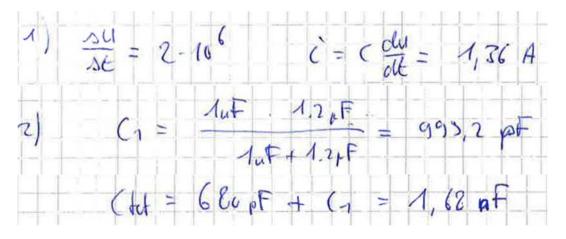


Page 55	Courant dans C, Capacité équivalente	1.36 A, 1.68 nF
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Page 57	Courants et puissances d'une capacité	0 -> 94, 94 -> 23.5, 23.5 -> -70.5, -70.5 -> 0 uA 0, 188 -> 47, 70.5 -> -211.5, 0 uW
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$$C = 47 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

$$a_1 := 2000$$
  $u_1(t_1) := a_1 \cdot t_1$ 

$$t1 := 0, 0.1 \cdot 10^{-3} ... 1 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

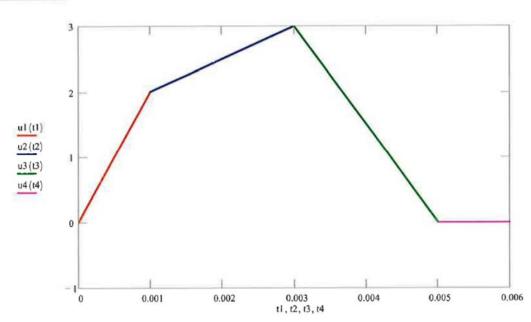
$$a2 := 500$$
  $u2(t2) := a2 \cdot t2 + 2.0$ 

$$t2 := 1.10^{-3}, 1.1.10^{-3}..3.10^{-3}$$

$$a3 := -1500$$
  $u3(t3) := a3 \cdot t3 + 3.0$ 

$$t3 := 3 \cdot 10^{-3}, 3.1 \cdot 10^{-3} ... 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

#### Graphe de la tension:



Calcul et graphe du courant :

$$i1(t1) := C \cdot a$$

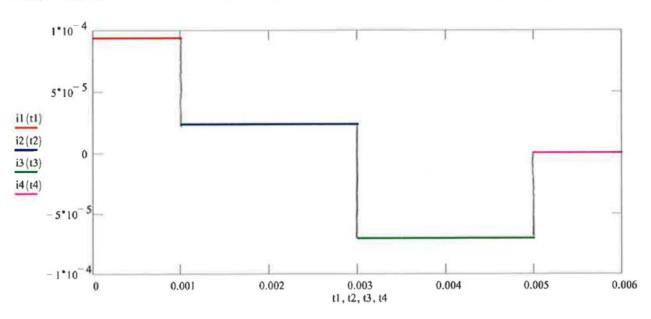
$$i1(t1) := C \cdot a1$$
  $i2(t2) := C \cdot a2$   $i3(t3) := C \cdot a3$ 

Valeurs des trois courants :

$$i1(0) = 9.4 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$i2(3.10^{-3}) = 2.35 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$i3(5\cdot10^{-3}) = -7.05\cdot10^{-5}$$

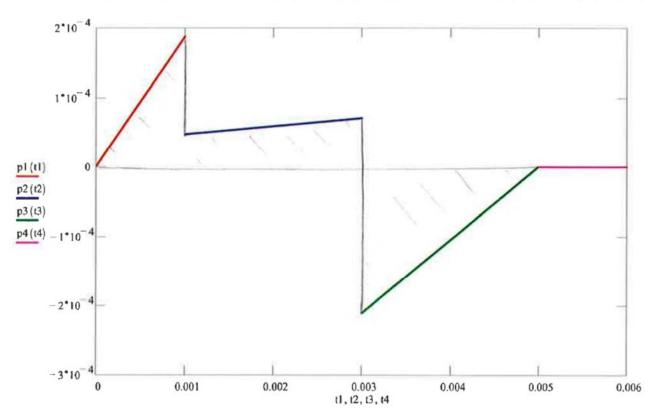


# Calcul et graphe de la puissance :

$$p1(t1) := u1(t1) \cdot i1(t1)$$

$$p2(t2) := u2(t2) \cdot i2(t2)$$

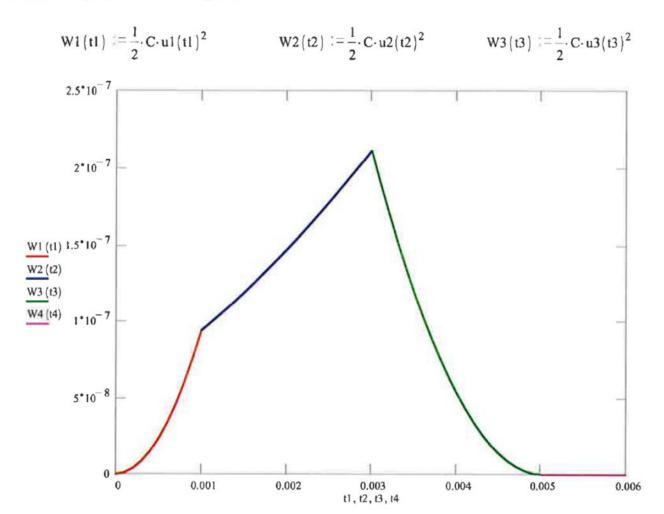
$$p3(t3) := u3(t3) \cdot i3(t3)$$





Page 57	Energie capacité après 3ms et 5ms	0.21 uJ, 0 J
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# Calcul et graphe de l'énergie :



# Energie à t=1ms:

$$W1(10^{-3}) = 9.4 \cdot 10^{-8}$$

#### Energie à t=3ms:

$$W2(3\cdot10^{-3}) = 2.115\cdot10^{-7}$$



Page 59 Courant de crête et puissance max à 10 et 500 Hz 0.11 A, 5.33 A 0.9 W, 45.2 W

$$\hat{\Gamma} = \frac{11 \cdot \vec{\Gamma}}{2}$$

$$\hat{\Gamma} = \frac{11}{2} \cdot \vec{\Gamma}$$

$$\hat{\Gamma} = \frac{11}{2} \cdot$$

Page 63	Addition de phaseurs I	Îtot = 0.73A, βtot = 3.78 rad
00		

$$\hat{I}_{A} = 2.5A , B_{A} = 2.75 \text{ and}$$

$$\hat{I}_{A} = \frac{\hat{I}_{A}}{V_{2}^{2}}$$

$$\hat{I}_{A} = \hat{I}_{A} \cdot e^{jB} = \hat{I}_{A} \cdot (os[B_{A}) + j \cdot \hat{I}_{A} \cdot sin[B_{A})$$

$$\hat{I}_{A} = 2.5 \cdot e^{j2.75} = 2.5 \cdot (os(2.75) + j \cdot 2.5 \cdot sin[2.75)$$

$$= -2.31 + j \cdot 0.95 \leftarrow Forme \quad cardistenue$$

$$Hodule = \sqrt{Riel^{2} + Imag^{2}} = \sqrt{-2.31^{2} + 0.95^{2}} = 2.5$$

$$\hat{I}_{A} = \frac{-2.31 + j \cdot 0.95}{\sqrt{2}} = -\frac{1.63 + j \cdot 0.62}{\sqrt{2}}$$

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Courant en A	Module	Arg en rad	Arg en °	Réel	Imaginaire
Î1	2.50	2.75	157.56	-2.31	0.95
<b>I</b> 1	1.77	2.75	157.56	-1.63	0.67
Î2	2.50	-1.44	-82.51	0.33	-2.48
12	1.77	-1.44	-82.51	0.23	-1.75
Î3	1.77	0.66	37.82	1.40	1.09
13	1.25	0.66	37.82	0.99	0.77
Î1+Î2+Î3	0.73	3.78	216.84	-0.59	-0.44
i1+l2+l3	0.52	3.78	216.84	-0.41	-0.31

