

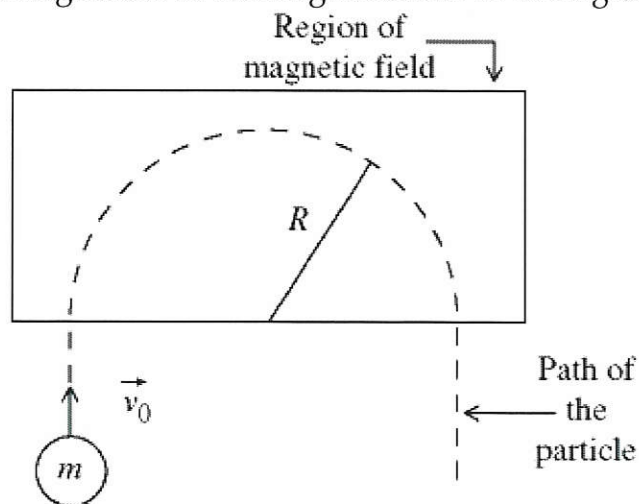
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**Instructions**

- This is a closed book examination.
- You can use your own two-sided hand-written formula sheet.
- All questions are multiple choice. Show your work.
- Please write your name, RED ID and sign this paper copy.
- Please write and bubble in your name, RED ID, and test form **A** on the Parscore form.
- Mark your answer both on the paper test and Parscore answer form.
- When finished, show your instructor your exam and give him/her the Parscore answer sheet.

- 1) (15 points) As shown in the figure, a small particle of charge  $q = -9.8 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}$  and mass  $m = 3.1 \times 10^{-12} \text{ kg}$  has velocity  $v_0 = 5.9 \times 10^3 \text{ m/s}$  as it enters a region of uniform magnetic field. The particle is observed to travel in the semicircular path shown, with radius  $R = 5.0 \text{ cm}$ . The magnitude of the magnetic field in the region is



- A) 0.075 T  
 B) 0.025 T  
 C) 0.037 T  
 D) 0.051 T  
 E) 0.092 T

$$\frac{mv^2}{R} = qvB \Rightarrow B = \frac{mv}{qR} = 0.037 \text{ T}$$

- 2) (15 points) A circular coil of wire of 200 turns and diameter 2.0 cm carries a current of 4.0 A. It is placed in a magnetic field of 0.70 T with the plane of the coil making an angle of  $30^\circ$  with the magnetic field. What is the magnetic torque on the coil?

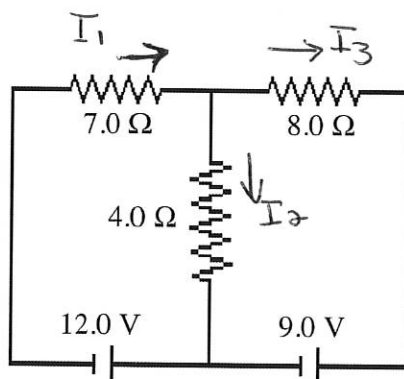
- A) 0.40 N·m  
B) 0.088 N·m  
C) 0.15 N·m  
D) 0.076 N·m  
E) 0.29 N·m

$$\mu = NIA = 200 \times 4 \times \pi \times (0.01)^2 = 0.251$$

$$\vec{\tau} = \vec{\mu} \times \vec{B}$$

$$|\vec{\tau}| = \mu B \sin \theta = 0.251 \times 0.7 \times \sin 30^\circ = 0.088 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

- 3) (20 points) For the circuit shown in the figure, the current in the  $8.0\text{-}\Omega$  resistor is



$$I_1 = I_2 + I_3 \quad (1)$$

LL:

$$-7I_1 - 4I_2 - 12 = 0$$

$$I_2 = -1.75 I_1 - 3 \quad (2)$$

outer loop:

$$-7I_1 - 8I_3 - 9 - 12 = 0$$

$$I_3 = -0.88 I_1 - 2.6 \quad (3)$$

A) 0.30 A

B) 1.54 A

C) 2.25 A

D) 0.86 A

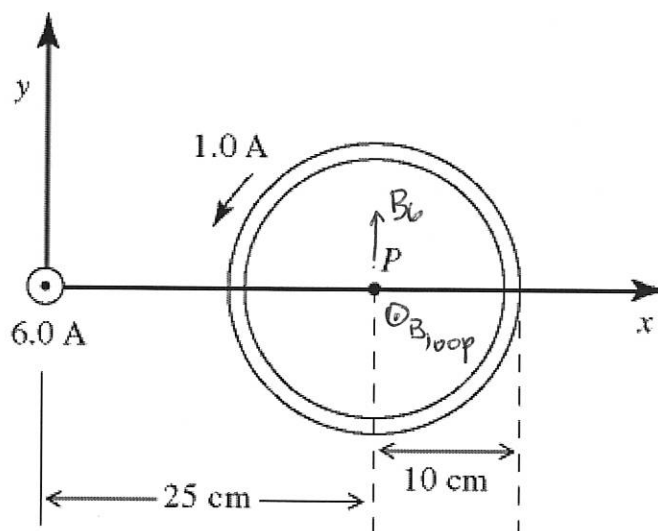
E) 1.25 A

$$(1) \quad I_2 = -1.75 I_1 - 3 - 0.88 I_1 - 2.6$$

$$\boxed{I_1 = -1.54 \text{ A}}$$

$$(3) \quad I_3 = -0.88(-1.54) - 2.6 = -1.25 \text{ A}$$

- 4) (20 points) A long straight wire on the  $z$ -axis carries a current of 6.0 A in the positive direction. A circular loop in the  $xy$ -plane, of radius 10 cm, carries a 1.0-A current, as shown in the figure. Point  $P$ , at the center of the loop, is 25 cm from the  $z$ -axis. An electron is projected from  $P$  with a velocity of  $1.0 \times 10^6$  m/s in the negative  $x$ -direction. The magnitude of the  $y$  component of the force on the electron is ( $e = 1.60 \times 10^{-19}$  C,  $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$  T  $\cdot$  m/A)



A)  $1.0 \times 10^{-18}$  N

B)  $5.0 \times 10^{-18}$  N

C)  $3.0 \times 10^{-18}$  N

D)  $4.0 \times 10^{-18}$  N

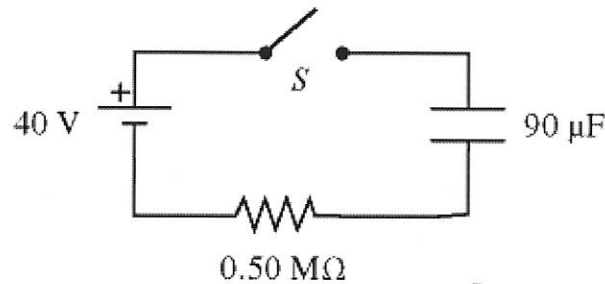
E)  $2.0 \times 10^{-18}$  N

$$B_z = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \hat{j} \text{ (doesn't contribute to } F_y \text{)}$$

$$B_{\text{loop}} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2R} \hat{k} = 6.28 \times 10^{-6} \hat{k}$$

$$|\vec{F}_y| = q |\vec{v} \times \vec{B}| = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times 10^6 \times 6.28 \times 10^{-6} \times \sin 90^\circ = 1.0 \times 10^{-18} \text{ N}$$

- 5) (15 points) For the circuit shown in the figure, the switch  $S$  is initially open and the capacitor is uncharged. The switch is then closed at time  $t = 0$ . How many seconds after closing the switch will the energy stored in the capacitor be equal to 50.2 mJ?



A) 97 s

B) 130 s

C) 110 s

D) 81 s

E) 65 s

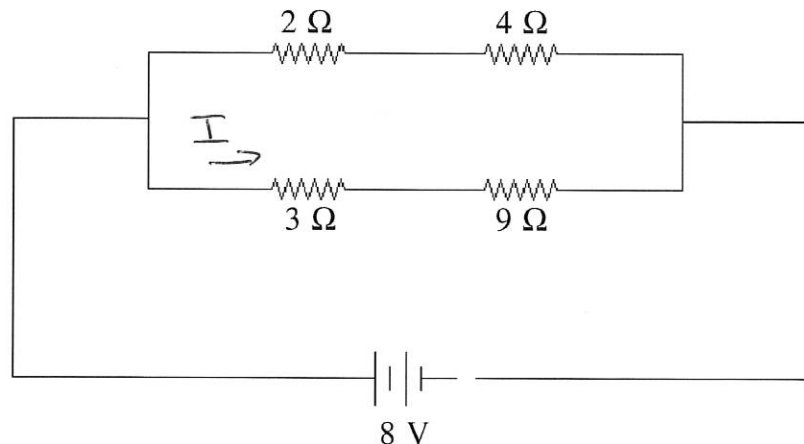
$$U = \frac{1}{2} CV^2 = 50.2 \times 10^{-3} \Rightarrow V = \sqrt{\frac{2U}{C}} = 33.4 \text{ V}$$

$$V_0 = 40 \text{ V}$$

$$V = V_0 [1 - e^{-t/RC}] \Rightarrow 1 - e^{-t/RC} = 0.835$$

$$e^{-t/RC} = 0.165 \Rightarrow \frac{t}{RC} = 1.802 \Rightarrow t = 1.802 \times 0.5 \times 10^6 \times 90 \times 10^{-6} = 81 \text{ s}$$

- 6) (15 points) Four resistors are connected across an 8-V DC battery as shown in the figure. The power dissipated in the 9-Ω resistor is closest to



A) 1.4 Watts

B) 5.3 Watts

C) 4.0 Watts

D) 2.8 Watts

E) 0.7 Watts

$$I = \frac{8}{12} = 0.667 \text{ A}$$

$$P_9 = RI^2 = 9 \times (0.667)^2 = 4 \text{ Watts}$$

- 7) What color is this exam?

A) white

B) yellow