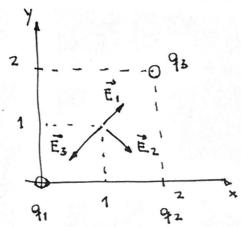


(a) Camp elèctric en el pun A (centre del quadrat)

Primer adopte m un marc de reterència:



Calcularemels 3 camps i després els sumarem (rectorialment) per trobar el camp resultant:

$$\vec{E}_1 = k \frac{q_1}{r_1^2} \hat{r}_1$$
 (1)

on 91=6×106C

$$\vec{F}_1 = \hat{i} + \hat{j} / |\vec{F}_1| = \sqrt{1^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{2} / \hat{F}_1 = \frac{7}{|\vec{F}_1|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hat{i} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hat{j}$$

Reemplaçant els valors auteriors en (1) obtenim:

$$\vec{E}_{1} = k \frac{q_{1}}{r_{1}^{2}} \hat{r}_{1} = 9 \times 10^{9} \frac{6 \times 10^{6}}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hat{i} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hat{j} \right) = \left[19092 \hat{i} + 19092 \hat{j} \right] \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

El camp crest per la carrega q2:

on 92 = -6x106C

$$\vec{r}_2 = -\hat{i} + \hat{j}$$

$$/ |\vec{r}_2| = \sqrt{1^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{2} / \hat{r}_2 = \frac{\vec{r}_2}{|\vec{r}_2|} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{E}_{2} = k \frac{q_{1}}{C_{2}^{2}} \hat{r}_{2} = 9 \times 10^{9} \cdot \frac{(-6 \times 10^{6})}{2} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hat{i} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hat{j} \right) = (19092 \hat{i} - 19092 \hat{j}) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

El camp crest per la carrega 93:

on 93 = 8×106C

$$\vec{r}_{3} = -\hat{i} - \hat{j}$$

$$|\vec{r}_{3}| = \sqrt{2} \quad |\vec{r}_{3}| = \frac{\vec{r}_{3}}{|\vec{r}_{3}|} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hat{i} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{E}_3 = k \frac{q_3}{r_3^2} \hat{r}_3 = 9 \times 10^9 \cdot \frac{8 \times 10^6}{2} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hat{i} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hat{j}\right) = \left(-25456 \hat{i} - 25456 \hat{j}\right) \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\vec{E} = \vec{E}_1 + \vec{E}_2 + \vec{E}_3 = (19092^{\circ}_1 + 19092^{\circ}_1) + (19092^{\circ}_1 - 19092^{\circ}_1) + (-25456^{\circ}_1 - 25456^{\circ}_1) = (12728^{\circ}_1 - 25456^{\circ}_1)$$

(b) El treball per portar una carrega q=60 des del'infinit fins al puntA. El potencial en el punt A:

$$V_{A} = V_{AA} + V_{2A} + V_{3A} = k \frac{q_1}{r_1} + k \frac{q_2}{r_2} + k \frac{q_3}{r_3} = 9 \times 10^9 \left(\frac{6 \times 10^6}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(-6 \times 10^6)}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{8 \times 10^6}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

VA = 50912 V

El troball per portar la carrega des del infinit fins a A serà

$$W = \Delta U = q \Delta V = q (V_A - V_{\infty}) = q V_A = 6.50912 = [305472 V]$$

Per traslladar del pont A 21 B:

on
$$V_{B} = k \frac{q_{1}}{r_{1B}} + k \frac{q_{2}}{r_{2B}} + k \frac{q_{3}}{r_{3B}} = 9 \times 10^{9} \left(\frac{6 \times 10^{6}}{2} + \frac{-6 \times 10^{6}}{2^{2} + 2^{2}} + \frac{8 \times 10^{6}}{2} \right)$$

VB= 43908 V.