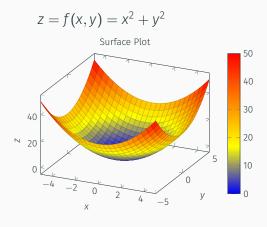
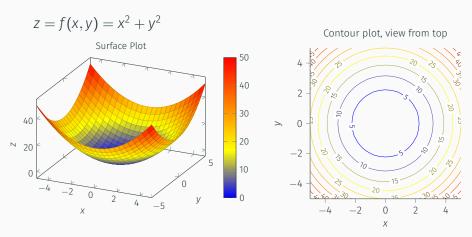
# Maths for ML II

Nipun Batra January 20, 2020

IIT Gandhinagar

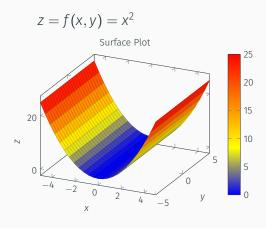
$$z = f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$$

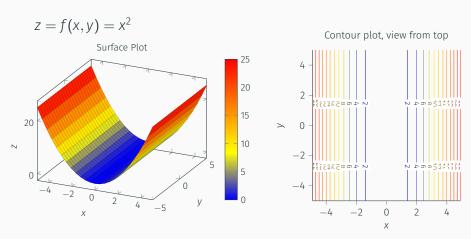




Then plot f(x,y) = K for varying K.

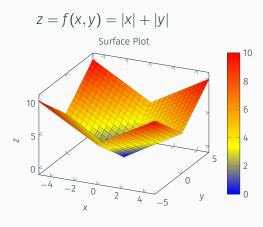
$$z = f(x, y) = x^2$$

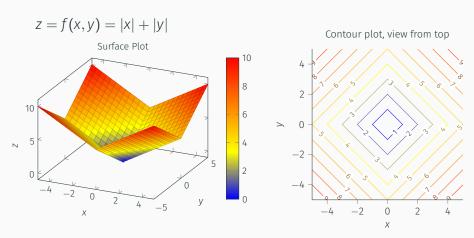




Then plot f(x,y) = K for varying K.

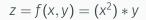
$$z = f(x, y) = |x| + |y|$$

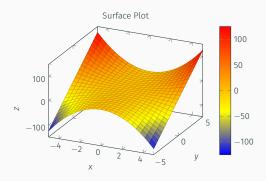


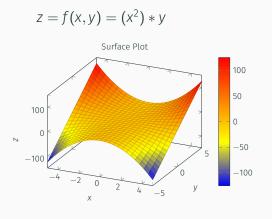


Then plot f(x,y) = K for varying K.

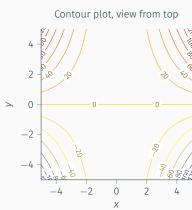
$$z = f(x, y) = (x^2) * y$$



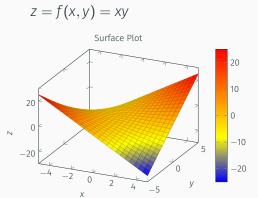


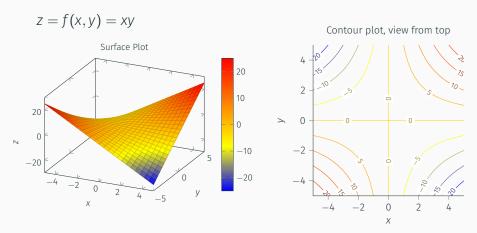


Then plot f(x,y) = K for varying K.



$$z = f(x, y) = xy$$





Then plot f(x,y) = K for varying K.

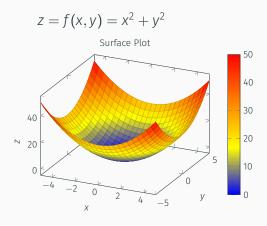
# Contours plots and gradients

Gradient denotes the steepest change. All points on the contour have the same f(x,y)

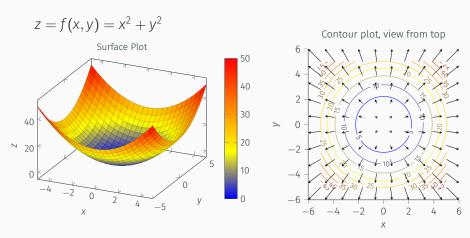
# **Contour Plot And Gradients**

$$z = f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$$

## **Contour Plot And Gradients**



#### **Contour Plot And Gradients**



Then plot f(x,y) = K for varying K.

#### Contour Plots and Gradients

Gradient denotes the direction of steepest descent. All points on the contour have the same f(x,y). Gradient denotes the direction in which there is a maximum increase in f(x,y)