

PHASE 6 Decision Optimization: Budget- & Risk-Aware Customer Targeting

```
# STEP 6.1 – Load Phase 5 Artifact (Immutable)

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

clv_df = pd.read_parquet("phase5_expected_clv.parquet")
print(clv_df.shape)
clv_df.head()

(5881, 2)

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```

STEP 6.2 – Define the Decision Problem

Decision Problem Formulation

At each decision cycle, the business must select a subset of customers to target with a retention or engagement action.

Each action incurs a cost and is subject to a fixed budget constraint. The objective is to maximize the total expected incremental customer lifetime value (CLV) generated by the chosen actions.

This phase formulates CLV as a decision optimization problem, not merely a predictive metric.

```
# STEP 6.3 – Introduce an Action Space
```

a = 1 → retention offer

a = 0 → do nothing

```
# STEP 6.4 – Define Action Cost & Budget
```

```

# Simple, explainable numbers:
ACTION_COST = 100          # cost per customer
TOTAL_BUDGET = 50000        # total marketing budget

# Maximum customers you can target:
MAX_CUSTOMERS = TOTAL_BUDGET // ACTION_COST
MAX_CUSTOMERS

500

# STEP 6.5 – Define Incremental CLV (Key Assumption)

UPLIFT_FACTOR = 0.15      # 15% incremental CLV if targeted

clv_df["incremental_clv"] = (
    UPLIFT_FACTOR * clv_df["expected_clv"]
)

# STEP 6.6 – Risk Control

CAP = clv_df["incremental_clv"].quantile(0.95)

clv_df["incremental_clv_capped"] = (
    clv_df["incremental_clv"].clip(upper=CAP)
)

# STEP 6.7 – Optimization Objective

decision_df = (
    clv_df
    .sort_values("incremental_clv_capped", ascending=False)
    .head(MAX_CUSTOMERS)
    .copy()
)

decision_df["action"] = 1
decision_df.head()

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```

```

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```

STEP 6.8 – Compute Expected Portfolio Gain

```

total_incremental_value = decision_df["incremental_clv_capped"].sum()
total_cost = len(decision_df) * ACTION_COST

total_incremental_value, total_cost
(np.float64(1262575.0536835992), 50000)
```

STEP 6.9 – Compare Against Heuristic Baselines

Baseline 1: Random targeting

```

random_df = clv_df.sample(MAX_CUSTOMERS, random_state=42)
random_gain = (
    UPLIFT_FACTOR * random_df["expected_clv"]
).sum()
```

Baseline 2: Frequency-only targeting (naive)

Merge frequency from Phase 2

```

freq_df = (
    pd.read_parquet("phase2_customer_state.parquet")
    [["Customer ID", "frequency"]]
    .drop_duplicates()
)

baseline_df = clv_df.merge(freq_df, on="Customer ID")

freq_top_df = (
    baseline_df
    .sort_values("frequency", ascending=False)
```

```

        .head(MAX_CUSTOMERS)
    )

freq_gain = (
    UPLIFT_FACTOR * freq_top_df["expected_clv"]
).sum()

# STEP 6.10 – Decision Comparison Table

comparison_df = pd.DataFrame({
    "Strategy": ["CLV-Optimized", "Frequency-Only", "Random"],
    "Expected Incremental Value": [
        total_incremental_value,
        freq_gain,
        random_gain
    ]
})

comparison_df

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```