# Flipkart Air Conditioners Analysis

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
   import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   import seaborn as sns
   import warnings
   warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

This Dataset contains tabular data of all air conditioners listed on Flipkart. Details included are price details, ratings and features. All the product details is scraped from the Flipkart's official website.

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv("Air Conditioners.csv")
    df.head()
```

Out[2]:											4
		name	main_category	sub_category	image	link	ratings	no_of_ratings	discount_price	actual_price	1
	0	Lloyd 1.5 Ton 3 Star Inverter Split Ac (5 In 1	appliances	Air Conditioners	https://m.media- amazon.com/images/i/31UISB90sY	https://www.amazon.in/Lloyd- Inverter-Convertib	4.2	2,255	₹32,999	₹58,990	ı
	1	LG 1.5 Ton 5 Star Al DUAL Inverter Split AC (C	appliances	Air Conditioners	https://m.media- amazon.com/images/l/51JFb7FctD	https://www.amazon.in/LG- Convertible-Anti-Viru	4.2	2,948	₹46,490	₹75,990	I
	2	LG 1 Ton 4 Star Ai Dual	appliances	Air Conditioners	https://m.media- amazon.com/imanes/l/51.1Fb7FctD	https://www.amazon.in/LG- Inverter-Convertible-	4.2	1,206	₹34,490	₹61,990	4

### [3]: df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 720 entries, 0 to 719
Data columns (total 9 columns):

#	Column	Non-	-Null Count	Dtype		
0	name	720	non-null	object		
1	main category	720	non-null	object		
2	sub category	720	non-null	object		
3	image	720	non-null	object		
4	link	720	non-null	object		
5	ratings	433	non-null	object		
6	no of ratings	433	non-null	object		
7	discount_price	457	non-null	object		
8	actual_price	500	non-null	object		
dtypes: object(9)						
memory usage: 50.8+ KB						

# Understanding Given Data -

- 1. name These are Names of air conditioners
- 2. main\_category These are category of products
- 3. sub\_category These are sub categories of products
- 4. image These column has images of products
- 5. link These column has link of products
- 6. ratings These column stores ratings of products
- 7. no\_of\_ratings These column has no of ratings given to a particular product
- 8. discount\_price Discount of every product
- 9. actual\_price This column shows actual price of product

## **Cleaning Data**

Droping Columns image and link as we don't need this columns in Analysis

```
[4]: df.drop(['image','link'],axis=1,inplace=True)
```

Here we have 3 values that we have to change as we need to convert these columns into numeric, so we will replace them with null values

Replacing 'get', 'Only 2 left in stock.', 'Only 1 left in stock.', with null values

```
[5]: df.replace('Get',np.nan,inplace=True)
df.replace('Only 2 left in stock.',np.nan,inplace=True)
df.replace('Only 1 left in stock.',np.nan,inplace=True)
```

Finding null/missing values in the data if any.

```
[6]: df.isnull().sum()/len(df)*100
[6]: name
                       0.000000
     main_category
                       0.000000
     sub_category
                      0.000000
                     41.250000
     ratings
                     41.250000
     no_of_ratings
                     36.527778
     discount_price
     actual price
                      30.555556
     dtype: float64
```

As we can see there are null values present in 4 columns.

before handling null values we will Replace ', ', '₹' with nothing.

```
[7]: df['no_of_ratings'] = df['no_of_ratings'].str.replace(',','')

df['discount_price'] = df['discount_price'].str.replace('₹','')

df['discount_price'] = df['discount_price'].str.replace(',','')

df['actual_price'] = df['actual_price'].str.replace('₹','')

df['actual_price'] = df['actual_price'].str.replace(',','')
```

Changing Datatypes of columns 'no\_of\_ratings','ratings','discount\_price','actual\_price' from object to float

```
[8]: df['no_of_ratings'] = df['no_of_ratings'].astype(float)

df['ratings'] = df['ratings'].astype(float)

df['discount_price'] = df['discount_price'].astype(float)

df['actual_price'] = df['actual_price'].astype(float)
```

## Filling Missing Values:

```
[9]: df.fillna(df.mean(),inplace=True)
```

#### 10]: df.info() <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 720 entries, 0 to 719 Data columns (total 7 columns): # Column Non-Null Count Dtype \_\_\_ 720 non-null 0 name object 1 main\_category 720 non-null object 2 sub\_category 720 non-null object ratings 720 non-null float64 no\_of\_ratings float64 4 720 non-null 5 discount\_price 720 non-null 6 actual\_price 720 non-null float64 float64 dtypes: float64(4), object(3) memory usage: 39.5+ KB

As We can this Dataset is Cleaned and now we can do Analysis on this Dataset

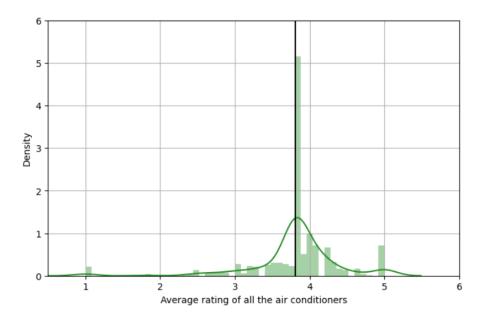
# **Analysis**

### 1) What is the average rating of all the air conditioners?

```
In [12]: average_rating = df['ratings'].mean()
    print("Average rating of all the air conditioners:", average_rating)

Average rating of all the air conditioners: 3.809692671394799

In [13]: lm=df['ratings'].mean()
    plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
    sns.distplot(df['ratings'],color='forestgreen')
    plt.avvline(lm,color='black')
    plt.xlabel('Average rating of all the air conditioners')
    plt.xlim((0.5,6))
    plt.ylim(0,6)
    plt.grid()
    plt.show()
```



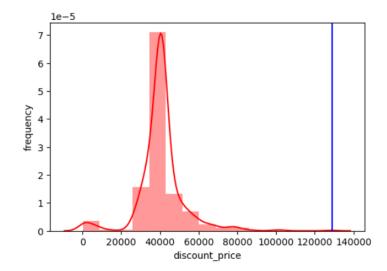
The graph above shows us the average of ratings of all air conditioners wherein maximum rating is 5.0, minimum rating is 1.0 and average rating is 3.809

#### 2) What is the highest discount price among all the air conditioners?

```
[14]: max_discount_price = df['discount_price'].max()
print("Highest discount price among all the air conditioners:", max_discount_price)

Highest discount price among all the air conditioners: 128800.0
```

```
[15]: lmax=df['discount_price'].max()
   plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
   sns.distplot(df['discount_price'],color='red',bins=15)
   plt.axvline(lmax,color='blue')
   plt.xlabel('discount_price')
   plt.ylabel('frequency')
   plt.show()
```



The graph above shows us the discount price of air conditioners wherein maximum discount price is 128800.0 and minimum discount price is 199.0

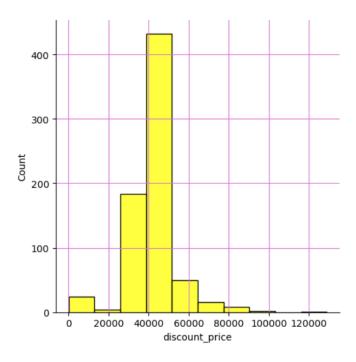
## 3) How many air conditioners have a discount price greater than 40000?

```
1 [16]: AC = len(df[df['discount_price'] > 40000])
print("Number of air conditioners with a discount price greater than 40000:", AC)

Number of air conditioners with a discount price greater than 40000: 464
```

```
n [17]: plt.figure(figsize=(5,7))
    sns.displot(df['discount_price'],color='yellow',bins=10)
    plt.grid(color='orchid')
    plt.show()
```

⟨Figure size 500x700 with 0 Axes⟩



This graph shows us the discount price of air conditioners and their frequencies wherein discount price of 464 air conditioners is more than 40000

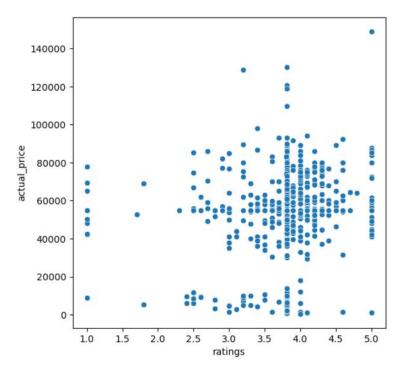
# 4) Display the Actual price of the AC where the Rating less than 3

```
8]: df['actual_price'].loc[df['ratings']<=3]

...

9]: plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))
sns.scatterplot(data=df,x='ratings',y='actual_price',marker='o')

9]: <Axes: xlabel='ratings', ylabel='actual_price'>
```



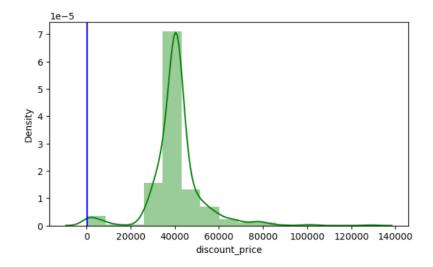
This graph shows actual price of air conditioners vs ratings wherein highest actual price of 3 star rated air conditioners is above 140000 and lowest is around 1300

## 5) What is the lowest discount price among all the air conditioners?

```
in [20]: min_discount_price = df['discount_price'].min()
    print("Lowest discount price among all the air conditioners:", min_discount_price)

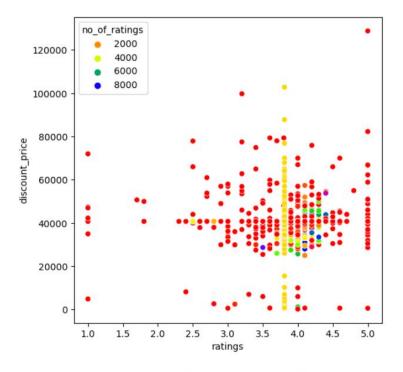
Lowest discount price among all the air conditioners: 199.0

in [21]: lmin=df['discount_price'].min()
    plt.figure(figsize=(7,4))
    sns.distplot(df['discount_price'],color='green',bins=15)
    plt.axvline(lmin,color='blue')
    plt.xlabel('discount_price')
    plt.show()
```



The graph above shows us the discount price of air conditioners wherein minimum discount price is 199.0 and maximum discount price is 128800.0

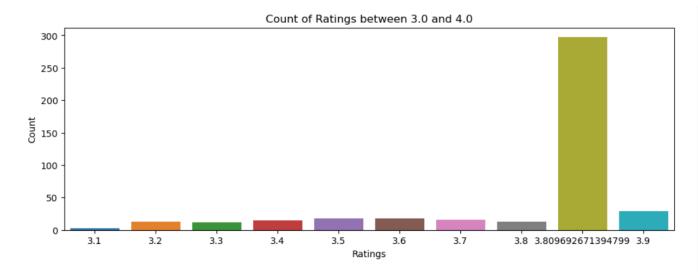
## 6) Display the Discount Price where Rating is Maximum



This graph shows discount price of air conditioners vs ratings wherein highest rating is 5.0 highest actual price of air conditioners is above 31990.0

# 7) How Many Air Conditioners have Ratings between 3 & 4

```
[24]: df['ratings'].loc[(df['ratings']>3.0) & (df['ratings']<4.0)].value_counts()
t[24]: 3.809693
                         297
         3.900000
                         29
         3.500000
                          18
         3.600000
                          18
         3.700000
                          16
         3.400000
                          15
         3.800000
                          13
         3.200000
                          13
         3.300000
                          12
         3.100000
                          3
         Name: ratings, dtype: int64
 [25]: plt.figure(figsize=(12,4))
        prt.rigure(rigsize=(i2,4))
s = df.loc[(df['ratings'] > 3.0) & (df['ratings'] < 4.0)]
sns.countplot(data=s, x='ratings')
plt.xlabel('Ratings')
plt.ylabel('Count')</pre>
         plt.title('Count of Ratings between 3.0 and 4.0')
         plt.show()
```



This graph shows frequencies of Air Conditioners' ratings where maximum number of ratings are of 3.809693 and minimum are of 3.1

#### 8) Display Names of AC's With Rating of 3 and having discount price less than 40000

```
| [26]: x = df[['name','discount_price']].loc[(df['ratings']==3.0) & (df['discount_price']<40000.0)]
t[26]:
                                                          name discount_price
           78
                    Voltas 1.5 Ton 3 Star, Inverter Window AC (Cop..
                                                                       33950.0
          127
                       Blue Star 1.5 Ton 3 Star Inverter Wi-Fi Split .
                                                                        38390.0
          243
                          Hexzone® TAFTA Outdoor Ac Stand (Wall)
                                                                         599.0
          404
                      TCL 1 Ton 3 Star Fast Cooling, Wifi, Al Invert...
                                                                       33990.0
               Onida 1.5 Ton 3 Star Window AC (Copper WA183TR...
                                                                       33370.0
                     Whirlpool 1.2 Ton 3 Star Split AC (3D Cool HD,...
          459
                                                                       36189.0
          670
                     Whirlpool 1 Ton 3 Star Inverter Split AC (Copp...
                                                                       31490.0
[27]: x.plot(x='name',y=['discount_price'],kind = 'barh')
```



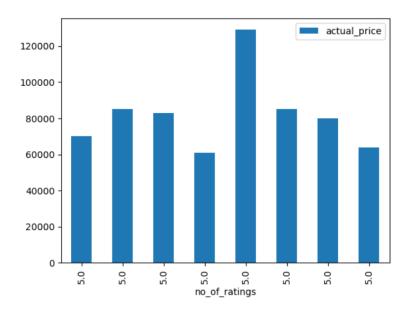
This graph shows air conditioners' discount price having ratings of 3 and discount price below 40000 wherein minimum discountis of Hexagon AC and maximum is of Blue star AC

## 9) Display AC having price above 60,000 with Highest Rating

28]:

	name	main_category	sub_category	ratings	no_of_ratings	discount_price	actual_price
68	LG 1.5 Ton 3 Star DUAL Inverter Window AC (Cop	appliances	Air Conditioners	4.2	5.0	37490.0	69990.0
113	Voltas 2 Ton 5 Star Inverter Split AC (Copper	appliances	Air Conditioners	5.0	5.0	58890.0	84990.0
155	MITSUBISHI HEAVY DUTY SRK25CSS-S6 2.2 Ton 3 St	appliances	Air Conditioners	3.6	5.0	79350.0	83000.0
303	Lloyd 1.5 Ton 5 Star Split Inverter AC - White	appliances	Air Conditioners	4.0	5.0	39499.0	60990.0
388	Voltas Venture Slimline Tower AC (3 Ton White)	appliances	Air Conditioners	3.2	5.0	99750.0	128900.0
392	Ogeneral 2 Ton 5 Star Split Inverter AC - Whit	appliances	Air Conditioners	2.5	5.0	77890.0	85260.0
461	Voltas 24HY Hot and Cold Split AC (2 Ton 1 Sta	appliances	Air Conditioners	3.2	5.0	56890.0	79990.0
587	Electrolux 1.5 Ton 3 Star Convertible Inverter	appliances	Air Conditioners	4.0	5.0	38490.0	63990.0

29]: y.plot(x='no\_of\_ratings',y=['actual\_price'],kind = 'bar')



This graph show price vs ratings wherein all air conditioners have highest no of ratings and price of AC's are more than 60000 and maximum price is 128900.0 and minimum is 63990.0