Most Runs Records in Test Cricket

```
In [1]: import requests
    from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
    import pandas as pd
```

- · requests library will give us the content from the given Url.
- By Using Beautiful Soup library we can extract and parse data from HTML files.
- Use requests and Beautiful Soup for scraping and parsing data from the Web.
- · Pandas makes it easy to scrape a table (tag) on a web page.
- · After obtaining it as a DataFrame, we can save it as an Excel file or csv file.

```
In [2]: url = "https://www.espncricinfo.com/records/most-runs-in-career-223646"
```

- · we will use the above url for scrapping the data with the help of requests library.
- If we get '200' response then we can scrap the page

```
In [3]: response = requests.get(url)
print(response)

<Response [200]>
```

- BeautifulSoup will parse the above document.
- The prettify() method will turn a Beautiful Soup parse tree into a nicely formatted Unicode string, with a separate line for each tag and each string.

```
In [5]: Cric = soup.find('table')
Cric
```

Out[5]: ctable class="ds-w-full ds-table ds-table-xs ds-table-auto ds-w-full ds-overflow-scroll ds-scrollbar-hide"><thead class="ds-b
g-fill-content-alternate ds-text-left"><div class="ds-popper-wrapper"><span class="ds-c
ursor-pointer">Player</div><div class="ds-popper-wrapper"><span class="ds-c
ursor-pointer">Span</div><div class="ds-popper-wrapper"><span class="ds-c
ursor-pointer">Span</div><div class="ds-popper-wrapper">Inns</div><div class="ds-popper-wrapper">Inns</div><div class="ds-popper-wrapper">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss="ds-min-w-max ds-text-right">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss="ds-min-w-max ds-text-right">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss="ds-min-w-max ds-text-right">Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss=ds-cursor-pointer

Inss="ds-cursor-pointer">Inss=ds-ds-ds-ds-ds-ds-min-w-m

• We will find the table tag using soup.find required table and store it in 'table' variable.

```
Out[6]: Cric = Cric.find('tbody')
Cric
Out[6]: Ctbody class=""><div class="ds-popper-wrapper"><span class="ds-cursor-pointer"><a class = "ds-inline-flex ds-items-start ds-leading-none" href="/cricketers/sachin-tendulkar-35320" title="SR Tendulkar (IND)"><span c lass="ds-text-tight-sd-font-regular ds-text-typo-primary hover:ds-text-typo-primary-hover ds-block"><a class="ds-text-tight-sd-font-regular ds-text-typo-primary-hover-ids-text-typo-primary-hover-ds-block"><a class="ds-min-w-max ds-text-tight"><a class="ds-min-w-max ds-text-right"><a colss="ds-min-w-max ds-text-right"><a colss="ds-min-w-max ds-text-right"><a colss="ds-min-w-max ds-text-right"><a colss="ds-min-w-max ds-text-right"><a colss="ds-min-w-max d
```

. Now we will find 'tbody' tag because required content is present in 'tbody' tag

- We will find the all the rows which are present in $\ensuremath{\text{tr}}$ tag

```
In [8]: columns = []

for i in rec:
    col=i.find_all("td")
    print(col)
    runs = [c.text for c in col]
    print(runs)
    columns.append(runs)
    print(columns)
```

- · Here,We will take an empty list 'columns' and then we will take for loop in tablerows which contains all the tr tags.
- Then we will find all td tags for every tr tags and then we will append the created empty list 'columns'

```
[9]: player = []
    span = []
    mat = []
    inns = []
    no = []
    runs = []
    hs = []
    ave = []
    bf = []
     sr = []
    hun = []
    fif = []
    zer = []
     fours = []
    six = []
    for i in columns:
        player.append(i[0])
        span.append(i[1])
        mat.append(i[2])
        inns.append(i[3])
        no.append(i[4])
        runs.append(i[5])
        hs.append(i[6])
        ave.append(i[7])
        bf.append(i[8])
        sr.append(i[9])
        hun.append(i[10])
         fif.append(i[11])
         zer.append(i[12])
         fours.append(i[13])
         six.append(i[14])
```

- · Here we will create empty lists for every column.
- · Now required content is stored in 'columns' list so we will iterate every item of list using for loop.
- · Then we will append each item of list using indexing.

· A dictionary named Record_Runs is created, where the column names are used as keys, and the corresponding lists of values are used as values.

```
In [11]: Most_Runs = pd.DataFrame(Record_Runs)
Most_Runs
```

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Out	111	

	Player Name	Playing Span	Matches Played	Innings Battled	Not Outs	Runs Scored	Highest Innings Scores	Batting Average	Balls Faced	Strike Rate	100s Scored	50s Scored	Ducks	4s	6s
0	SR Tendulkar (IND)	1989- 2013	200	329	33	15921	248*	53.78	29437+	54.04	51	68	14	2058+	69
1	RT Ponting (AUS)	1995- 2012	168	287	29	13378	257	51.85	22782	58.72	41	62	17	1509	73
2	JH Kallis (ICC/SA)	1995- 2013	166	280	40	13289	224	55.37	28903	45.97	45	58	16	1488	97
3	R Dravid (ICC/IND)	1996- 2012	164	286	32	13288	270	52.31	31258	42.51	36	63	8	1654	21
4	AN Cook (ENG)	2006- 2018	161	291	16	12472	294	45.35	26562	46.95	33	57	9	1442	11
102	Tamim Iqbal (BAN)	2008- 2023	70	134	2	5134	206	38.89	8852	57.99	10	31	11	655	41
103	A Ranatunga (SL)	1982- 2000	93	155	12	5105	135*	35.69	8672+	49.96	4	38	12	534+	40
104	AM Rahane (IND)	2013- 2023	85	144	12	5077	188	38.46	10256	49.50	12	26	10	578	35
105	Zaheer Abbas (PAK)	1969- 1985	78	124	11	5062	274	44.79	6935+	55.22	12	20	10	458+	22
106	UT Khawaja (AUS)	2011- 2023	66	117	11	5004	195*	47.20	10213	48.99	15	24	6	543	25

107 rows × 15 columns

• The 'Most_Runs' dictionary is passed to the pd.DataFrame() function to create a Pandas DataFrame named 'Most_Runs'.

In [12]: Most_Runs.to_csv("Most_Runs_Records", index = False)

- Here, We will convert 'Most_Runs' dataframe into csv file
- The index parameter is set to False to exclude the index column from the saved CSV file.