Time	Narration
00:00	Welcome to the spoken tutorial on general guidelines for complementary feeding.
00:06	In this tutorial, we will learn about:
00:09	The importance of starting complementary food for 6 month old babies.
00:17	Complementary feeding guidelines for 6 to 24 month old babies.
00:23	Let us begin.
00:25	A baby must be breastfed exclusively from the time of birth to 6 months of age.
00:33	6 months of age does not mean the start of the 6th month of a baby's life.
00:40	She has completed 6 months and started the 7th month of her life.
00:47	At this age, exclusive breastfeeding is not enough for a baby.
00:54	Along with breastmilk, nutritious home-cooked food must be given to the baby.
01:00	This food is called complementary food.
01:05	It must be given to a baby from 6 months to 24 months of age.
01:13	It plays a crucial role in making the baby tall, healthy and intelligent.
01:21	It is important to start complementary feeding at 6 months of age.
01:27	Otherwise, the baby's growth and development will be hindered.
01:33	There are also chances that the baby might reject solid food at a later age.
01:41	Remember, complementary food supports breastfeeding.
01:46	Therefore, breastfeeding must be continued till at least 2 years of age.
01:54	The type, consistency and amount of complementary food varies with baby's age.
02:03	There are specific recommendations for each group.
02:08	They are discussed in detail in another tutorial in the same series.
02:14	Now, let's discuss important guidelines for complementary feeding at all ages.
02:23	Any new food must be first given separately to a baby.
02:29	It should be combined with other foods later.
02:33	This will help to assess if the baby is allergic to a particular food.
02:40	Eating a variety of foods is essential for good nutrition.
02:46	Every 4th day, add a new food to the baby's diet.
02:52	Start with 1 tablespoon of the new food along with the previously given food.
02:59	Gradually increase its amount every day.
03:03	Nutrient dense food from all 8 food groups must be added gradually.
03:11	The first and most important food group is breastfeeding.
03:17	It must be included every day along with other food groups.
03:22	Grains, roots and tubers are the second food group.
03:28	Legumes, seeds and nuts are the third group.
03:33	Fourth group is milk products.
03:37	Meat, fish and chicken are the fifth group.
03:43	Egg is the sixth group.
03:46	Vitamin A rich fruits and vegetables are the seventh group.
03:52	Lastly, the eighth group is other fruits and vegetables.
03:58	Ideally, a baby's diet must include all 8 food groups.

If a baby's diet has less than 5 of these groups, it is a severe problem.
It must be corrected immediately.
Some babies do not have access to breastmilk at all.
Include food from the remaining 7 groups every day in their diet.
Also, give them 500 ml of animal milk and 2 extra servings of meals per day.
Always boil the animal milk before feeding it to the baby.
Now, let's discuss the order of adding new food groups to a baby's diet.
Along with breastmilk, start giving complementary food from the first 6 groups.
Baby needs a higher quantity of nutrients after 6 months of age.
However, the quantity of food that can be given in the initial days is small.
Therefore, nutrient dense food from the first 6 groups can be given.
These foods are rich in nutrients such as protein and good fats.
They are important for the development of the baby's height and muscle mass.
Good fats are important for baby's brain development.
After these foods, start giving vegetables and fruits.
Vegetables and fruits are high in vitamins and minerals.
However, they are not as dense in protein and fat as the first 6 groups.
Therefore, they are started later to avoid weight stagnation or loss.
Also, fruits are sweet to taste.
It is important that babies try a variety of tastes before the sweet taste.
Trying different tastes helps babies to accept more foods.
This reduces the chance of them becoming a picky eater later.
Hence, fruits are added to a baby's diet after adding all other types of food.
Giving fresh, seasonal, local fruits once or twice a day is recommended.
Fruit can be given as a dessert after a regular meal.
Fruit puree should not be mixed with baby's regular meals.
Fruit juice is not recommended for this age group.
It includes both homemade and readymade fruit juice.
Remember, continue breastfeeding upto 2 years.
Avoid giving hard foods that may cause a baby to choke.
Whole nuts, grapes, chickpeas and raw carrot pieces are examples of such foods.
Freshly cooked homemade food, prepared hygienically, is the best for the baby.
If baby food is to be stored, please watch our tutorial on safe storage.
Safe preparation and serving of baby food is also discussed in the same tutorial.
Please visit our website for more details.
Along with food, boiled and cooled water can be given to a 6-month-old baby.
Start with 30 to 60 ml of water, twice a day.
It should be increased in hot weather as per the baby's demand.
Breast milk and water are the best drinks for a baby.
However, they must be timed correctly.
Do not breastfeed or give water to a baby before a meal.
A hungry baby is more likely to try new foods.

08:46	Adequate complementary feeding is necessary for a baby to grow well.	
	This brings us to the end of this tutorial.	
08:52	Thank you for joining.	