Time	Narration
00:00	Welcome to the <b>spoken tutorial</b> on <b>essential nutrition actions</b> for pregnant women.
80:00	In this tutorial we will learn about:
00:11	Nutrient requirements during pregnancy.
00:15	Nutrition actions required during pregnancy.
00:20	Essential nutrition actions are also known as ENA.
00:26	<b>ENA</b> is an approach to improve the nutritional status of women and children.
00:34	During pregnancy, a woman's body undergoes physical
00:38	and hormonal changes.
00:41	Her nutritional needs also increase.
00:45	Nutrition in this period is important for the health of the mother and child.
00:52	A baby in the mother's womb is dependent on its mother for nutrition.
01:00	Time span from conception to the baby's second birthday is the first 1,000 days.
01:08	This is the period of rapid growth and
01:11	mental development.
01:14	It also determines the present and future health of the baby and it's mother.
01:21	For the mother a nutritious diet provides her relief from nausea and weakness.
01:29	It helps in brain development of the fetus.
01:33	It also helps in reducing risk of birth defects in babies
01:39	and anemia in mothers.
01:42	Let's discuss the nutrients and
01:45	nutrition actions required during pregnancy.
01:50	There are many essential nutrients required during pregnancy.
01:56	<b>Protein</b> is one of them.
01:59	To meet the <b>protein</b> requirements it is advised to eat <b>protein</b> rich food.
02:06	Meat, fish, chicken, and eggs are excellent sources of <b>protein</b> .
02:14	Pulses, beans, nuts, seeds, milk and milk products are other good sources.
02:23	Essential fatty acids are also vital during pregnancy.
02:30	These are also called as good fats.
02:34	For example: <b>DHA</b> and <b>EPA</b> .
02:39	Fish, nuts and seeds are good sources of these fatty acids.
02:46	Let's move on to other nutrients required during pregnancy.
02:52	Folate is essential for <b>DNA</b> synthesis and
02:56	fetal cell development.
02:58	It also helps in reducing neural tube defects in infants.
03:04	Including <b>folate</b> in daily diet during pregnancy is essential.
03:11	Sprouts, green leafy vegetables, and chicken liver are good sources of <b>folate</b> .
03:19	Along with <b>folate</b> , <b>Iron</b> also plays an important role during pregnancy.
03:26	<b>Iron</b> is required for the production of red blood cells.
03:32	It helps in carrying <b>oxygen</b> to the entire body.
03:37	During pregnancy, there is a rise in blood volume.

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07:46	and primary healthcare centers.
07:49	ICDS is an integrated child development service.
07:56	These tablets are given from 14 weeks of pregnancy upto 6 months after delivery.
08:05	The tablet has to be taken twice a day.
08:08	Excess amount of <b>calcium</b> inhibits <b>iron</b> absorption.
08:14	Hence, two <b>calcium</b> tablets should not be consumed together.
08:19	One tablet should be consumed after breakfast or lunch.
08:25	The other tablet can be consumed after an evening snack or dinner.
08:31	Do not consume a calcium tablet on an empty stomach as it will cause <b>gastritis</b> .
08:38	Gastritis is the inflammation of the stomach lining.
08:44	Another nutrient that plays a vital role is <b>iodine</b> .
08:49	<b>Iodine</b> is required for good health throughout all stages of life.
08:56	<b>Iodine</b> cannot be stored well in the body.
09:00	Hence, small quantities of <b>iodine</b> is required daily.
09:06	Fish, prawns, milk, cheese, and iodized salt are good sources of <b>iodine</b> .
09:16	To prevent <b>Iodine</b> deficiency, <b>iodized</b> salt should be used.
09:22	<b>Iodized</b> salt is easily available in the local market.
09:27	While using <b>iodised</b> salt, a few precautions should be taken.
09:33	It should be added at the end of the cooking.
09:37	<b>Iodised</b> salt is sensitive to heat and light.
09:42	Excess exposure to heat and light could destroy the <b>iodine</b> in the salt.
09:49	Hence, store it in a tightly sealed dark container.
09:54	Other nutrients that play a vital role during pregnancy are <b>choline</b> and <b>zinc</b> .
10:02	Vitamin B12 and magnesium are also important.
10:08	Choline, folate and vitamin B12 together reduce neural tube defects.
10:15	<b>Neural tube defects</b> are birth defects that affect the brain and spinal cord.
10:23	Choline is also essential for brain development.
10:27	Whereas <b>zinc</b> helps in fetal development.
10:32	More information about these nutrients are explained in other tutorials.
10:39	Please watch individual tutorials of these nutrients
10:44	For example: importance of <b>protein</b> ,
10:47	importance of <b>choline</b>
10:49	and <b>folate</b> .
10:51	Also watch the importance of <b>calcium</b> and
10:55	B12.
	A healthy diet is critical for both mother and child's health.
10:57	
11:03	Mother's diet must include different food groups
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11:15 11:18	Pulses are second group and
1111X	nuts and seeds are third group.

11:22	Fourth group is dairy.
11:25	Meat, chicken and fish are the fifth group.
11:31	The sixth group is eggs.
11:34	Dark green leafy vegetables are the seventh group.
11:40	The eighth group is <b>vitamin A</b> rich vegetables.
11:45	Rest of the vegetables and fruits are ninth and tenth groups.
11:52	She should include at least 6 food groups in her daily diet.
11:58	From these groups, she should include <b>protein</b> rich food groups and good fats.
12:06	She should make sure to decrease consumption of starchy food.
12:12	Along with nutrients, water intake is also important.
12:17	It is recommended to include at least 8 glasses of water daily.
12:24	Processed sugary, salty food and caffeinated drinks should be avoided.
12:31	Even alcohol and smoking should be strictly avoided.
12:36	Remember all the nutrition actions mentioned in this tutorial.
12:42	They are important for a healthy pregnancy
12:45	and healthy fetal development.
	This brings us to the end of this tutorial.
12:49	Thanks for joining.