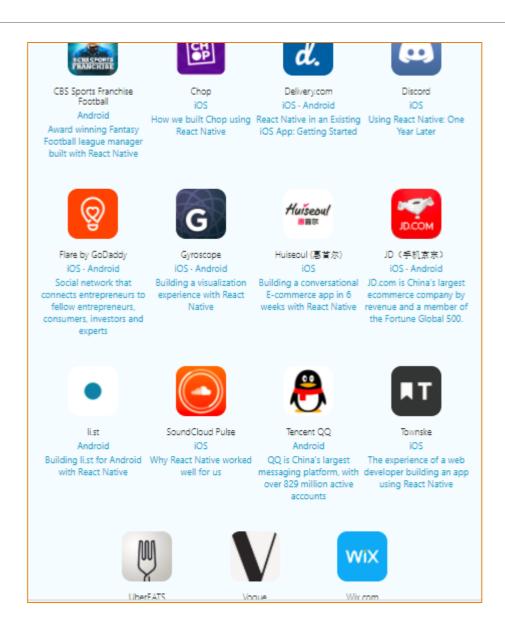


React-Native

Why? Who?





React Native Advantages

- JavaScript Existing JavaScript knowledge
- Code sharing Share most code on different platforms
- Community Community around React and React Native is large
- Native Look and Feel

React Native Limitations

- •Native Components might need to write some platform specific code
- Not even version 1 yet



What's the difference?

Answer:

- Cordova: create HTML, style with CSS, and write all the logic with JavaScript
- React-Native: Visual components (reusable UI elements) are rendered as a native UI

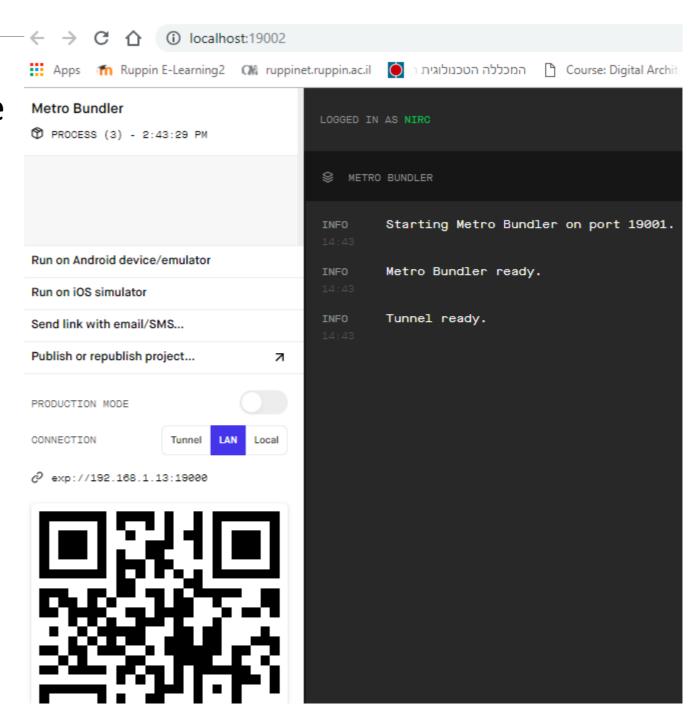
Create native app v2

npx create-expo-app project-name

cd proj-name

expo start [--tunnel]





Ngrok – problem solved

```
CommandError: ngrok tunnel took too long to connect.
PS C:\Users\Nir\Desktop\rn2 - try\try-demo> npm i ngrok
```

npx create-expo-app project-name

cd proj-name

npx expo [--tunnel]

Errors

if you have errors on installing expo-cli maybe try to install it directly on the git bash



If you have this error when running:

```
Expo DevTools is running at <a href="http://localhost:19002">http://localhost:19002</a>
Opening DevTools in the browser... (press shift-d to disable)
error Invalid regular expression: /(.*\\__fixtures__\\.*|node_modules[\\]r\\].*|website\\node_modules\\.*|heapCapture\\bundle\.js|.*\\__tests__\\.*)%
character class. Run CLI with --verbose flag for more details.

Metro Bundler process exited with code 1
Set EXPO_DEBUG=true in your env to view the stack trace.
```

Solved here:

https://stackoverflow.com/a/58199866

See next slide...

This is caused by node v12.11.0 due to the way it deals regular location there two ways to solve this problem

Method I

You can downgrade to node v12.10.0 this will apply the correct way to deal with parsing error Method II

You can correctly terminate the regular expression in you case by changing the file located a: \node_modules\metro-config\src\defaults\blacklist.js

From:

```
var sharedBlacklist = [ /node_modules[/\\]react[/\\]dist[/\\].*/, /website\/node_modules\/.*/,
/heapCapture\/bundle\.js/, /.*\/__tests__\/.*/];
To:
var sharedBlacklist = [ /node_modules[\/\\]react[\/\\]dist[\/\\].*/, /website\/node_modules\/.*/,
/heapCapture\/bundle\.js/, /.*\/__tests__\/.*/];
```

Core Components

- View
- Stylesheet
- Text
- Flexbox
- Image
- TextInput
- Fetch

View

<View></View> == <div></div>

Styling

```
const styles = StyleSheet.create({
  container: {
    flex: 1,
    justifyContent: 'center',
    alignItems: 'center',
    backgroundColor: '#F5FCFF',
  welcome: {
    fontSize: 20,
    textAlign: 'center',
    margin: 10
```

Text

•
$$<$$
Text $><$ /Text $> = <$ p $><$ /p $>$

Flexbox

- · flexDirection: column, row
- justifyContent: flex-start, center, flex-end, spacearound, and space-between
- alignItems: flex-start, center, flex-end

Image

```
<Image source = { require('./test.png') } />
<Image source={{uri:'https://facebook.ithub.io/react/img/logo_og.png'}}

Image name must be one_word !!!!!!
Case sensitive !!!! Even in the Filename extension!!!</pre>
```

ExtInput

Attributes:

- onChangeText: function
- value: string

Button

Attributes:

- onPress: function
- title: string

Fetch

```
fetch(url, {
method:
headers:
body:
}).then(() => {
```

What's next?

UI Component Libraries

Shoutem UI - 2,755 stars

React Native Elements - 7,657 stars

NativeBase - 6,512 stars