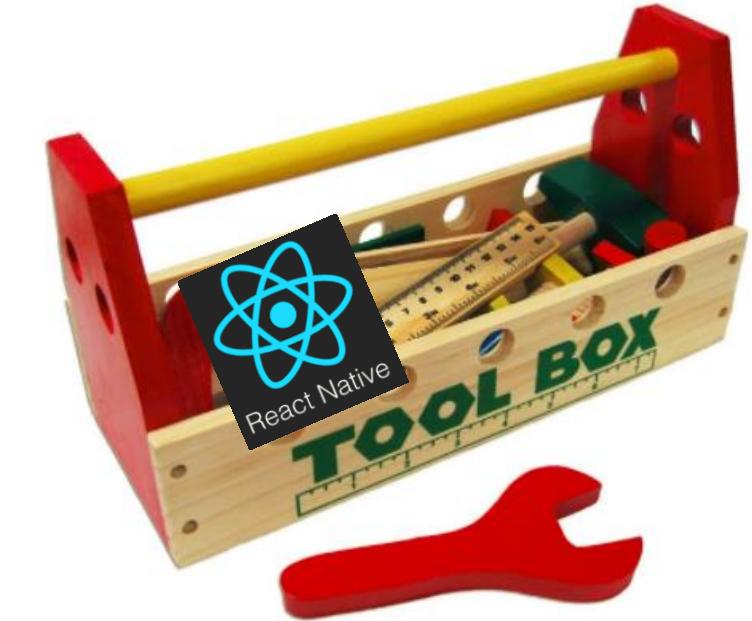




# REACT NATIVE TOOLBOX

01 - 15

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# SYLLABUS

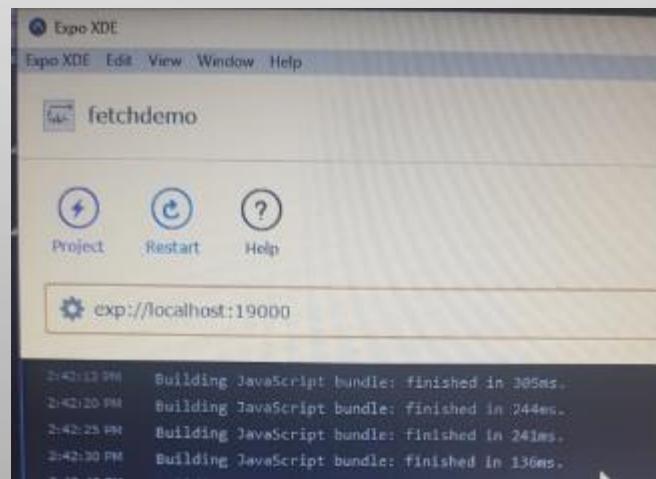
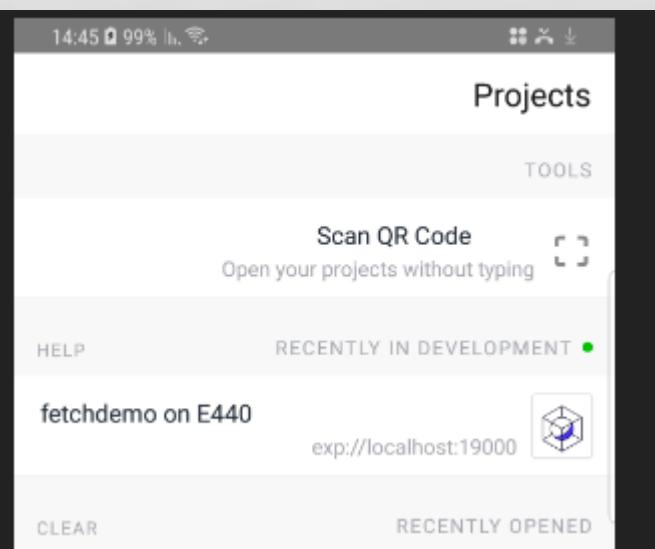
- **-01 Expo**
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- 09 Compass
- 10 Geocoding
- 11 Facebook
- 12 Image gallery
- 13 Sms
- 14 React Elements UI Lib
- 15 Linking

# EXPO

- הכי מהיר זה לעבוד בLOCALHOST כאשר המחשב וגם המחשב מחוברים על אותה רשת WIFI.
- חובה לחבר את המחשב למחשב עם כבל USB ולאפשר DEBUGGING ("איתור באגים של USB") דרך הUSB ב"אפשרויות למפתחים"



# SYLLABUS

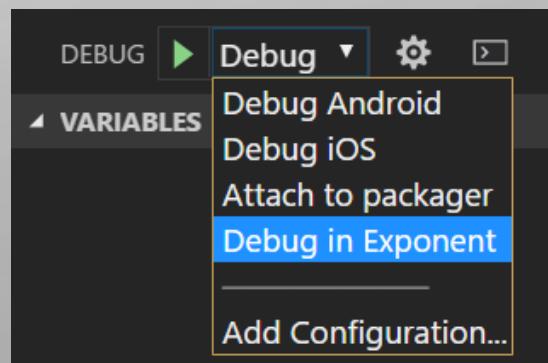
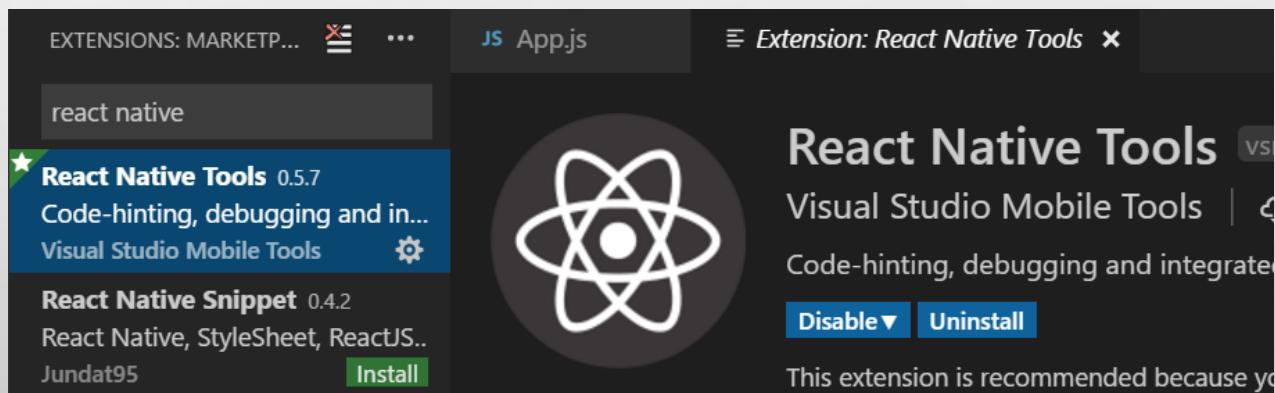
- **00 Debug**
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# DEBUG

1. לשקש **לנענען** נעה את המכשיר ואז לבחור בתפריט את "Debug JS Remotely"
2. יפתח הכרום בצורה אוטומטית ואז יש ללחוץ F12
3. יש לבחור את הטעב של Sources
4. כאשר נגיע ל**POINT BREAK** הקוד יעצר בשורה המתאימה ואז אפשר לדאגג רגיל.

# DEBUG IN VS CODE

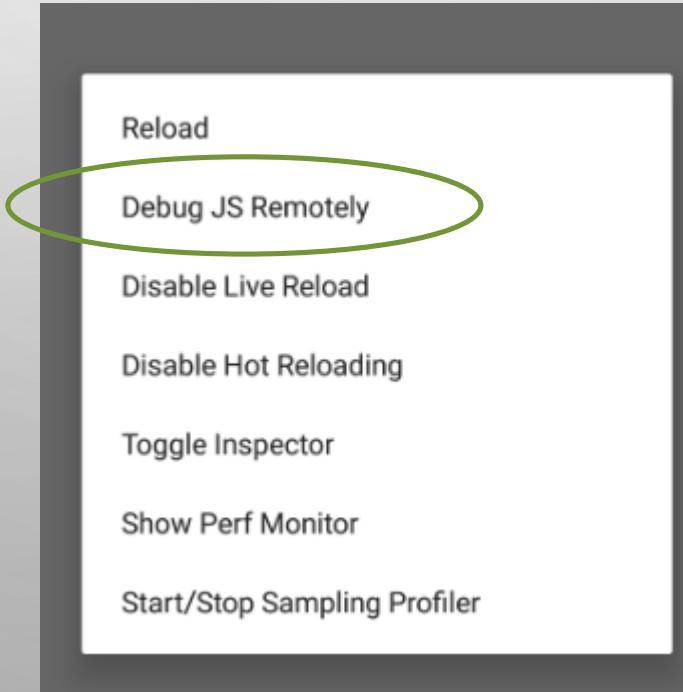
- <https://github.com/Microsoft/vscode-react-native/blob/master/doc/expo.md>
- ניתן להתקין תוסף שמאפשר לדאגג במקום בכרום בתוך ה- **visual code** עצמו.
- להתקין את התוסף **react native tools**
- לוודא שמותקן **npm install -g react-native-cli**



לבחירה

# DEBUG IN VS CODE

- לחכמת למסר שיציג QR לסריקה – לוקח זמן, סבלנות😊
- ברגע שמסתים – לשקשק את המכשיר ולבחר את האופציה " Debug JS Remotely "



"Remotely"  
• לדאג😊

# SYLLABUS

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# APK CREATION

1. אם רוצים את האפליקציה על המכשיר אבל בתוך האפליקציה של EXPO ניתן רק לעשות **PUBLISH**.

- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JAkO1-F0Cgs&index=10&list=PL06z42zB6YZ\\_G3sjHluv6u9bA76c9v7V&t=7s](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JAkO1-F0Cgs&index=10&list=PL06z42zB6YZ_G3sjHluv6u9bA76c9v7V&t=7s)

1. אם רוצים כAPPLICATION נפרדת יש ליצור APK
2. להתקין `npm install exp-cli`
3. להתקין `npm install -g exp`

# APK CREATION CONT'

4. exp login
5. exp start (נתקע אצלך באמצע ועדין עובד בסוף)
6. exp build:android , בבחירה נא לבחור אופציה 1. לוקח הרבה זמן ~יותר מעשר דקות
7. ניתן לראות את הסטטוס ע"י exp build:status (אצלך לא מראה כלום) ונitin גם לראות את הסטטוס דרך האתר שלהם ע"י הLINK שמקבלים. (כן עובד אצלך)
8. אם הצליח להסתמיכם לוקאלית תקבלו APK, אם לא ניתן להוריד מהאתר ברגע שהסתמיכם.
9. נותר להתקין על הטלפון ע"י למשל התוכנה APKINSTALLER ב <http://apkinstaller.com/downloads>

## 10.install apk on device

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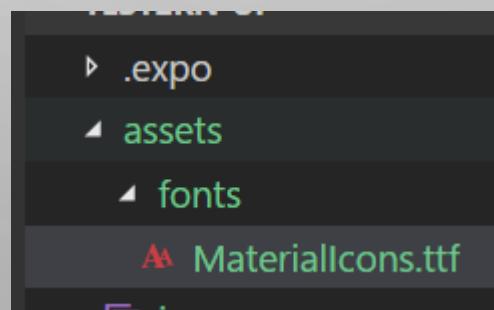
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N2qCAFOLBMY>

# SYLLABUS

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# REACT NATIVE MATERIAL UI

- <https://www.npmjs.com/package/react-native-material-ui>
- npm install react-native-material-ui –save
- npm i react-native-cli
- react-native link react-native-vector-icons
- copy from : ./node\_modules/react-native-vector-icons/Fonts/MaterialIcons.ttf  
to : assets/fonts



# REACT NATIVE MATERIAL UI

- This project uses Roboto as the main font for text. Make sure to add Roboto to your project

The image consists of three side-by-side screenshots. The left screenshot shows the Google Fonts interface with 'Roboto' selected. The middle screenshot shows a 'Family Selected' dialog box from a web application, with 'Roboto' listed under 'Your Selection'. It includes sections for 'EMBED' and 'CUSTOMIZE' with font embedding code. The right screenshot shows a file tree with an 'assets/fonts' folder containing various Roboto font files.

Google Fonts

Robot

Glyph

Characters

Rr

ABCĆĆDĐEFGHIJKLMNOP  
XYZŽabććđđeđfđgđhđiј  
уžАБВГЂДЂЕЂЖЂ  
НЂОПРСТЋУЎФХЦЧ  
вѓдђеЂжјзијјјкјл  
фхцчшшъыъэюя  
ОПРСТУФХΨΩаўѓ  
սՓշшա՞ԱէԵէՀի՞ՈՒ

1 Family Selected

Your Selection [Clear All](#)

Roboto [Remove](#)

EMBED CUSTOMIZE [Load Time: Fast](#)

Embed Font

To embed your selected fonts into a webpage, copy this code into the <head> of your HTML document.

STANDARD [@IMPORT](#)

```
<link href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Roboto" rel="stylesheet">
```

Specify in CSS

Use the following CSS rules to specify these families:

```
font-family: 'Roboto', sans-serif;
```

For examples of how fonts can be added to webpages, see the [getting started guide](#).

assets

fonts

MaterialIcons.ttf

Roboto-Black.ttf

Roboto-BlackItalic.ttf

Roboto-Bold.ttf

Roboto-BoldItalic.ttf

Roboto-Italic.ttf

Roboto-Light.ttf

Roboto-LightItalic.ttf

Roboto-Medium.ttf

Roboto-MediumItalic.ttf

Roboto-Regular.ttf

Roboto-Thin.ttf

Roboto-ThinItalic.ttf

# REACT NATIVE MATERIAL UI

- Warp every thing in <ThemeProvider>
- import { Button, ThemeProvider } from 'react-native-material-ui';
- onPress

```
btnPrimaryPress(){
  alert("primary pressed!");
}

render() {
  return (
    <ThemeProvider>
      <View style={styles.container}>
        <Text>Open up App.js to start working on your app!7 {new Date().to
        <Button primary text="Primary" onPress={this.btnPrimaryPress} />
        <Button accent text="Accent" />
      </View>
    </ThemeProvider>
  );
}
```

# REACT NATIVE MATERIAL UI

- link to demo site: <https://github.com/xotahal/react-native-material-ui-demo-app/tree/master/src>
- Icons list: <https://blog.foswiki.org/System/MaterialIcons>
- react-native-material-design is similar BUT tested only for android and not for IOS!!!

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# FETCH

- נעשה אותו דבר כמו בReact רגיל. עובד רגיל בEXPRESS
- דוגמאות לקריאה לWEB API ו גם לWEB SERVICE

# SYLLABUS

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# GEOLOCATION

- מתוך האתר יש ל-API כל מיני יכולות

```
navigator.geolocation.getCurrentPosition(  
  (position) => {  
    const output=  
      'latitude=' + position.coords.latitude +  
      '\nlongitude=' + position.coords.longitude +  
      '\naltitude=' + position.coords.altitude +  
      '\nheading=' + position.coords.heading +  
      '\nspeed=' + position.coords.speed  
  
    alert(output);  
  },  
  (error) => alert(error.message),  
  { enableHighAccuracy: true, timeout: 20000, maximumAge: 1000 }  
);
```

# SYLLABUS

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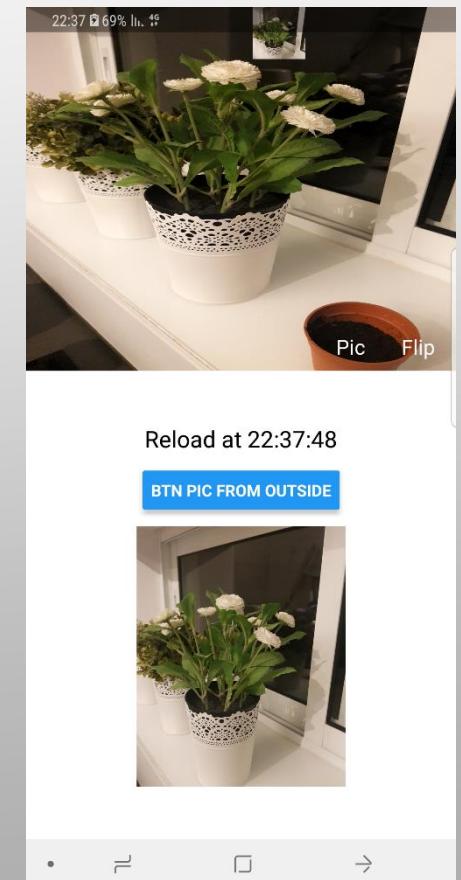
```

import { Camera, Permissions, takePictureAsync } from 'expo';
...
this.state = {
  hasCameraPermission: null,
  type: Camera.Constants.Type.back,
  picUri: 'https://facebook.github.io/react-native/docs/assets/favicon.png'
};
...
async componentWillMount() {
  const { status } = await Permissions.askAsync(Permissions.CAMERA);
  this.setState({ hasCameraPermission: status === 'granted' });
}

btnPic = async () => {
  debugger;
  let photo2 = await this.camera.takePictureAsync(); ←
  //alert(photo2.uri);
  this.setState({ picUri: photo2.uri });
  Vibration.vibrate();
}
...
onPress={() => {this.setState({
  type: this.state.type === Camera.Constants.Type.back ? Camera.Constants.Type.front : Camera.Constants.Type.back
}); ←
<Camera ref={ref => { this.camera = ref; }}>

```

# CAMERA



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# SYLLABUS

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```
import { createStackNavigator, createAppContainer } from  
'react-navigation';  
import FirstPage from './Pages/FirstPage';  
import SecondPage from './Pages/SecondPage';  
import TabbedPageNavigator from './Pages/TabbedPage';  
  
class App extends React.Component {  
  render() {  
    return (  
      <AppNavigator />  
    );  
  }  
}  
  
const AppNavigator = createStackNavigator(  
{  
  First: FirstPage,  
  Second: SecondPage ,  
  TabbedPage: TabbedPageNavigator  
},  
{  
  initialRouteName: 'FirstPage',  
}  
);  
export default createAppContainer(AppNavigator);
```

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# STACK NAVIGATOR

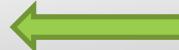
<https://reactnavigation.org/> •

V3 •

npm install --save react-navigation •

npm install --save react-navigation •

```
<TouchableOpacity onPress={() => {  
  this.props.navigation.navigate('Second');  
}}>  
<Text style={{ ... }}>  
  Goto Second Page!</Text>  
</TouchableOpacity>
```



# TABBED NAVIGATOR

```
import { createBottomTabNavigator } from 'react-navigation';  
  
import TabbedAlternatePage from './TabbedAlternatePage';  
import TabbedSecondAlternatePage from './TabbedSecondAlternatePage';  
  
import Ionicons from 'react-native-vector-icons/Ionicons';  
  
class TabbedPage extends React.Component {  
  render() {  
    return (  
      <View style={styles.container}>  
        <Text style={{ color: 'red', fontSize: 28, margin: 15 }}>tabbed Page!</Text>  
      </View>  
    );  
  }  
}
```

V2 •

# TABBED NAVIGATOR

```
const TabbedPageNavigator = createBottomTabNavigator( ←  
  {  
    Tabbed_Page: TabbedPage,  
    TabbedAlternatePage: TabbedAlternatePage,  
    'Tabbed Second Alternate Page': TabbedSecondAlternatePage  
  },  
  {  
    navigationOptions: ({ navigation }) => ({  
      tabBarIcon: ({ focused, tintColor }) => {  
        const { routeName } = navigation.state;  
        let iconName;  
        if (routeName === 'Tabbed_Page') {  
          iconName = `ios-information-circle${focused ? '' : '-outline'}`;  
        } else if (routeName === 'TabbedAlternatePage') {  
          iconName = `ios-options${focused ? '' : '-outline'}`;  
        }  
  
        // You can return any component that you like here! We usually use an  
        // icon component from react-native-vector-icons  
        return <Ionicons name={iconName} size={25} color={tintColor} />;  
      },  
    },  
  },  
);  
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```

V2 •

```
tabBarOptions: {  
  activeTintColor: 'tomato',  
  inactiveTintColor: 'gray',  
  labelStyle :{fontSize:15}  
},  
});
```

# DRAWER NAVIGATOR

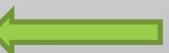
V2 •

```
import {createDrawerNavigator} from 'react-navigation';

import MyHomeScreen from './Pages/Home';
import MyDetailsScreen from './Pages/Details';

export default class App extends React.Component {
  render() {
    return (
      <MyApp/>
    );
  }
}

const MyApp = createDrawerNavigator({
  Home: {
    screen: MyHomeScreen,
  },
  Details: {
    screen: MyDetailsScreen,
  },
});
```



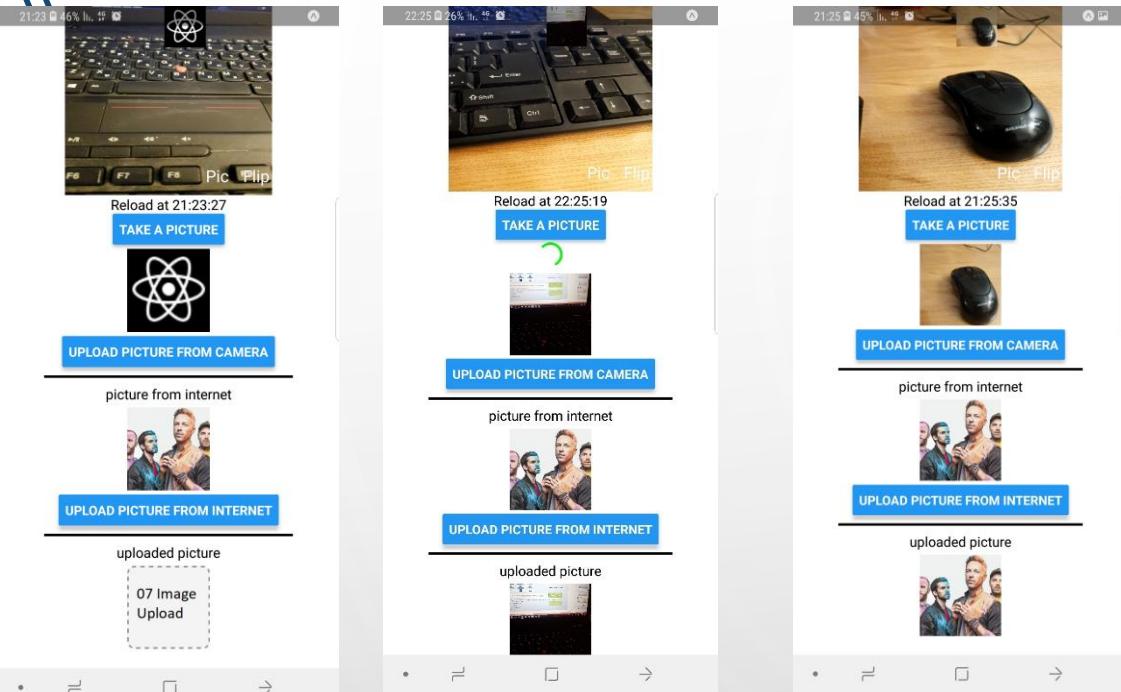
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# WEB SERVICE

## IMAGE UPLOAD – FETCH, CLIENT SIDE



- תמונה מהצלמה: נצלם תמונה כרץ של ביטים בסיס 64 ונסלח אותו לשרת כמחוזת אורך בלויי השם של התמונה.
- תמונה מראינטנט: נשלח לשרת את הURL ואת השם של התמונה והשרות ב C# יוריד את התמונה ויישמר אותה אצל.

```
let photo = await this.camera.takePictureAsync({  
    quality: 0.1,  
    base64: true,  
});  
this.setState({  
    pic64base: photo.base64,  
    picName64base: 'image1_' + new Date().getTime() + '.jpg',  
    picUri: `data:image/gif;base64,${photo.base64}`,  
});
```

להקטין את גודל התמונה  
שצולמה. 1 מקסימום 0  
מינימום

חשוב!!! בRN כאשר מזמינים תמונה היא נשמרת תחת השם  
שלה ב CACHE וכך אם מזמינים תמונה עם אותו שם תופיע  
התמונה הראשונה שוב פעם. לכן כאשר נעלמת התמונה  
לשרת נדרש ליצור לה שם חדש בכל פעם. פה אני מייצר את  
שם החדש. השם החדש מורכב מתחלית אשר ביקשנו ועוד  
מספר שמנצ' מהטייקים של המחשב.

# WEB SERVICE

## IMAGE UPLOAD – FETCH, CLIENT SIDE

```
uploadBase64ToASMX = () => {
  this.setState({ animate: true });
  let urlAPI =
    'http://ruppinmobile.tempdomain.co.il/site01/webservice.asmx/ImgUpload'; ←

  fetch(urlAPI, {
    method: 'POST',
    body: JSON.stringify({
      base64img: this.state.pic64base, ←
      base64imgName: this.state.picName64base, ←
    }),
  });
}
```

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# WEB SERVICE

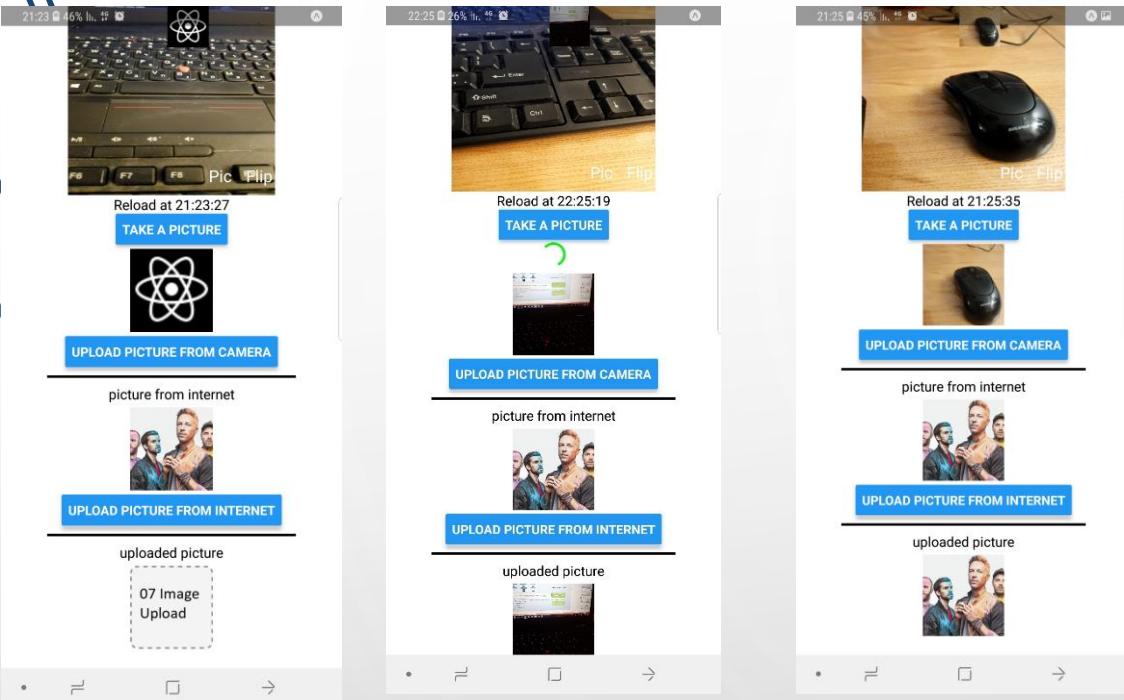
## IMAGE UPLOAD – C#, SERVER SIDE

```
[WebMethod]
public string ImgUpload(string base64img, string base64imgName)
{
    //for example - pay attention the first '/' is part of the image!
    //
    //File.AppendAllText(Server.MapPath("images/file1.txt"), base64imgName + "\r\n");
    File.WriteAllBytes(Server.MapPath("images/" + base64imgName), Convert.FromBase64String(base64img)); ←

    return new JavaScriptSerializer().Serialize(new { res = "OK" });
}
```

# WEB API

## IMAGE UPLOAD – FETCH, CLIENT SIDE



```
...  
let photo = await this.camera.takePictureAsync({quality : 0.7});  
...
```

```
imageUpload = (imgUri, picName) => {  
  let urlAPI = "http://185.60.170.14/plesk-site-preview/ruppinmobile.ac.il/site01/uploadpicture";  
  let data1 = new FormData();  
  data1.append('picture', {  
    uri: imgUri,  
    name: picName,  
    type: 'image/jpg'  
  });  
};
```

להקטין את גודל התמונה  
שצולמה. 1 מקסימום 0  
מינימום

מקום הקוד של צד השרת

# IMAGE UPLOAD – FETCH, CLIENT SIDE

```
...  
const config = {  
  method: 'POST',  
  body: data,  
}  
  
fetch(urlAPI, config)  
.then((responseData) => {  
  let res = responseData._bodyText;  
  let picNameWOExt = picName.substring(0,picName.indexOf("."));  
  let imageNameWithGUID = res.substring(res.indexOf(picNameWOExt),res.indexOf(".jpg")+4); ←  
  if (responseData.status === 201) {  
    this.setState({  
      uploadedPicUri: { uri: this.uploadDirURL + imageNameWithGUID },  
    });  
  }  
  else {  
    alert('error uploading ...');  
    ...  
  }  
})  
.catch(err => {  
  alert('err upload= ' + err);  
})  
}
```

חשוב!!! בRN כאשר מזמינים תמונה היא נשמרת תחת השם  
שלה ב CACHE ולכן אם מזמינים תמונה עם אותו שם תופיע  
התמונה הראשונה שוב פעם. אך כאשר נעלמת התמונה  
לשרת נוצר ליצר לה שם חדש בכל פעם. זאת ניתן לעשות  
בצד השירות. ולקבל את השם החדש לצד הליקו. פה אני  
מחלץ את השם החדש. השם החדש מורכב מתחלית אשר  
ביקשנו כאשר שלחנו את התמונה לשרת ועוד GUID שנוצר  
ברשת

בדוגמה ניתן לראות איך להשתמש ב  
ActivityIndicator

# IMAGE UPLOAD – C# WEB API, SERVER SIDE

```
[EnableCors(origins: "*", headers: "*", methods: "*")]
public class ValuesController : ApiController
{
...
[Route("uploadpicture")]
public Task<HttpResponseMessage> Post()
{
    string outputForNir="start---";
    List<string> savedFilePath = new List<string>();
    if (!Request.Content.IsMimeMultipartContent())
    {
        throw new HttpResponseException(HttpStatusCode.UnsupportedMediaType);
    }
    string rootPath = HttpContext.Current.Server.MapPath("~/uploadFiles");
    var provider = new MultipartFileStreamProvider(rootPath);
    var task = Request.Content.ReadAsMultipartAsync(provider).
        ContinueWith<HttpResponseMessage>(t =>
    {
        if (t.IsCanceled || t.IsFaulted)
        {
            Request.CreateErrorResponse(HttpStatusCode.InternalServerError, t.Exception);
        }
    });
}
```

# IMAGE UPLOAD – C# WEB API, SERVER SIDE

```
foreach (MultipartFileData item in provider.FileData)
{
    try
    {
        outputForNir += " ---here";
        string name = item.Headers.ContentDisposition.FileName.Replace("\\\"", "");
        outputForNir += " ---here2=" + name;

        //need the guid because in react native in order to refresh an inamge it has to have a new name
        string newFileName = Path.GetFileNameWithoutExtension(name) + "_" + Guid.NewGuid() +
Path.GetExtension(name);
        //string newFileName = name + "" + Guid.NewGuid();
        outputForNir += " ---here3" + newFileName;

        //delete all files begining with the same name
        string[] names = Directory.GetFiles(rootPath);
        foreach (var fileName in names)
        {
            if (Path.GetFileNameWithoutExtension(fileName).IndexOf(Path.GetFileNameWithoutExtension(name)) != -1)
            {
                File.Delete(fileName);
            }
        }

        //File.Move(item.LocalFileName, Path.Combine(rootPath, newFileName));
        File.Copy(item.LocalFileName, Path.Combine(rootPath, newFileName), true);
        File.Delete(item.LocalFileName);
        outputForNir += " ---here4";
    }
}
```

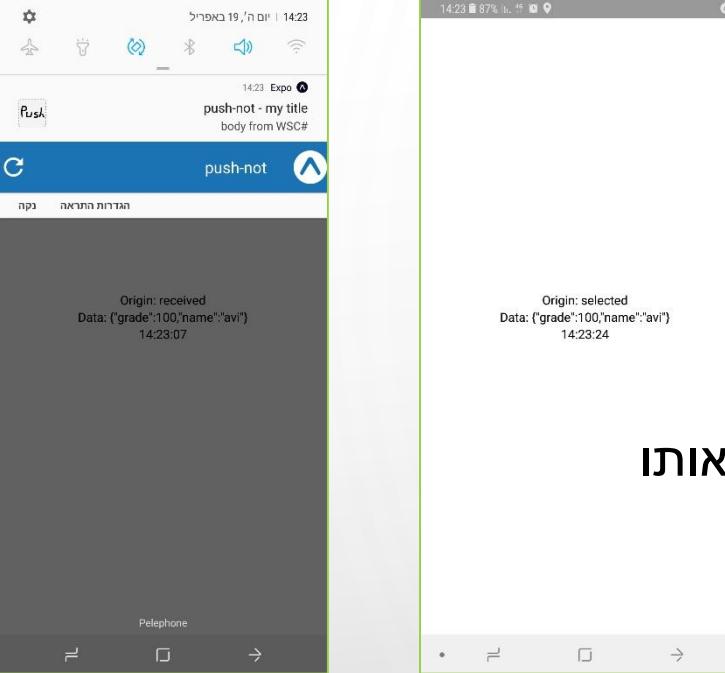
# IMAGE UPLOAD – C# WEB API, SERVER SIDE

```
Uri baseuri = new Uri(Request.RequestUri.AbsoluteUri.Replace(Request.RequestUri.PathAndQuery, string.Empty));
    outputForNir += " ---here5" ;
    string fileRelativePath = "~/uploadFiles/" + newFileName;
    outputForNir += " ---here6 imageName=" + fileRelativePath;
    Uri fileFullPath = new Uri(baseuri, VirtualPathUtility.ToAbsolute(fileRelativePath));
    outputForNir += " ---here7" + fileFullPath.ToString();
    savedFilePath.Add(fileFullPath.ToString());
}
catch (Exception ex)
{
    outputForNir += " ---exception=" + ex.Message;
    string message = ex.Message;
}
}

return Request.CreateResponse(HttpStatusCode.Created, "nirchen " + savedFilePath[0] + "!" + provider.FileData.Count + "!" + outputForNir + ":)");
});
return task;
}
```

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# PUSH NOTIFICATION

- נעשה שימוש בספריה של EXPO בכך לקלוט ICLOUD של PN עבור ANDROID ו-IOS באותו קוד. כמו כן לא צריך ליצור משתמש של APPLE.
- <https://docs.expo.io/versions/latest/guides/push-notifications>
- שימוש לב שוצרק לאפשר את ההתראות במכשיר. בחלק ממכシリ ה- ANDROID לא הצלחתי לאפשר זאת ויכול להיות שצריך לחפשו "לשחק" הכן מאפשרים את ההתראות.
- אין צורך לפתוח חשבון בשירות ענן כלשהו. EXPO כבר מבצעים הכל עבורינו.
- בכך לשלוח הודעה כל מה שצריך הוא לשלוח הודעה POST לשרת של EXPO שמעביר את הודעה לשירות ענן בכך לשלוח PN.

יש מערכת ששולחת הודעות ישירות מהאתר של EXPO בכך לבחון את הקוד בצד לקוח

חשוב!!!

חייבים להיות מחוברים לEXPO גם בטלפון עצמוני!!!  
וגם ב-code ע"י expo login והכנסת שם וסיסמה!!!

Play sound

JSON DATA

```
{"grade": 100, "name": "avi"}
```

<https://expo.io/dashboard/notifications>

# PN – CLIENT SIDE REGISTRATION

```
import { Permissions, Notifications } from 'expo';

export default async function registerForPushNotificationsAsync() {
  const { status: existingStatus } = await Permissions.getAsync(
    Permissions.NOTIFICATIONS
  );
  let finalStatus = existingStatus;

  // only ask if permissions have not already been determined, because iOS won't necessarily prompt the user a second time.
  if (existingStatus !== 'granted') {
    // Android remote notification permissions are granted during the app install, so this will only ask on iOS
    const { status } = await Permissions.askAsync(Permissions.NOTIFICATIONS);
    finalStatus = status;
  }

  // Stop here if the user did not grant permissions
  if (finalStatus !== 'granted') {
    return;
  }

  // Get the token that uniquely identifies this device
  let token = await Notifications.getExpoPushTokenAsync(); ←
  //alert(token);
  // POST the token to your backend server from where you can retrieve it to send push notifications.
  return (
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    token
  );
}
```

- פה צריך לדאוג ל:
- קבלת הרשאה ליכולת קבלת התראות
- קבלת מספר ייחודי מזהה של מכשיר הטלפון

# PN – CLIENT SIDE RECEIVING MSG

```
...  
import { Notifications } from 'expo';  
import registerForPushNotificationsAsync from './registerForPushNotificationsAsync';  
  
export default class App extends React.Component {  
  constructor(props) {  
    super(props);  
    this.state = {  
      notification: {},  
    };  
  }  
  
  componentDidMount() {  
    registerForPushNotificationsAsync(); ←  
    this._notificationSubscription = Notifications.addListener(this._handleNotification);  
  }  
  
  _handleNotification = (notification) => { ←  
    this.setState({ notification: notification });  
  };  
  
  render() {  
    return (  
      <Text>Origin: {this.state.notification.origin}</Text> ←  
      <Text>Data: {JSON.stringify(this.state.notification.data)}</Text> ←  
    );  
  }  
}
```

- פה נעשה רישום של פונקציה לקליטת התראה
- יש אפשרות לראות בהתראה עצמה בין היתר TITLE, BODY, BADGE - באיךון
- באפליקציה - DATA

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# COMPASS

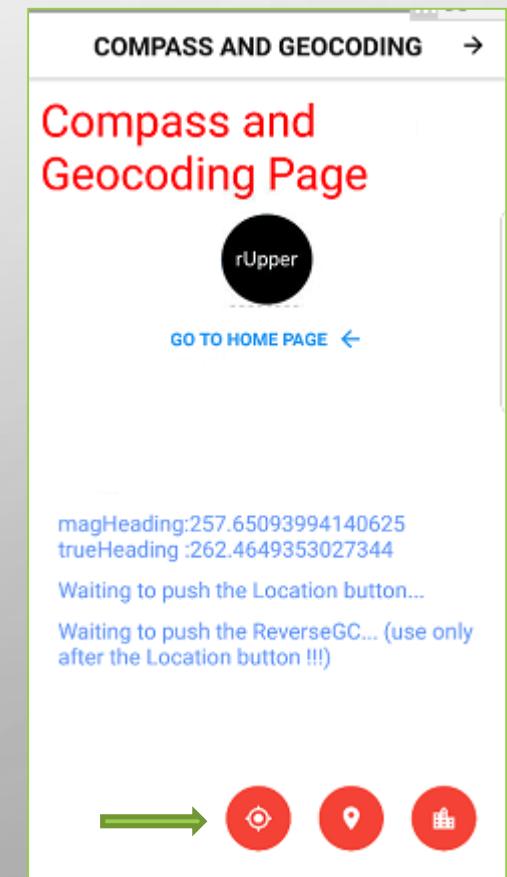
```
import { Location, Permissions } from 'expo';
...
btnHeading = async () => {
  let { status } = await Permissions.askAsync(Permissions.LOCATION);
  if (status !== 'granted') {
    alert('Permission to access location was denied');
  }

  let heading = await Location.getHeadingAsync({});
  this.setState({ heading });
};
```

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- ניתן לקבל מידע לקבל הכוון שהטלפון מפנה אליו.
- כיוון אמיתי וכיוון מגנטי.

magHeading:275.7325439453125  
trueHeading :280.5465393066406



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```
import { Location, Permissions } from 'expo';
```

```
...
```

```
btnLocation = async () => {
```

```
  let { status } = await Permissions.askAsync(Permissions.LOCATION);
```

```
  if (status !== 'granted') {
```

```
    this.setState({errorMessage: 'Permission to access location was denied',});
```

```
}
```

```
let location = await Location.getCurrentPositionAsync({});
```

```
this.setState({ location });
```

```
};
```

```
btnReverseGC = async () => {
```

```
  let { status } = await Permissions.askAsync(Permissions.LOCATION);
```

```
  if (status !== 'granted') {
```

```
    this.setState({ errorMessage: 'Permission to access location was denied',});
```

```
}
```

```
if (this.state.location) {
```

```
  let reverseGC = await Location.reverseGeocodeAsync(this.state.location.coords);
```

```
  this.setState({ reverseGC });
```

```
}else{
```

```
  alert('You must push the Location button first in order to get the loca
```

```
can get the reverse geocode for the latitude and longitude!');
```

```
}
```

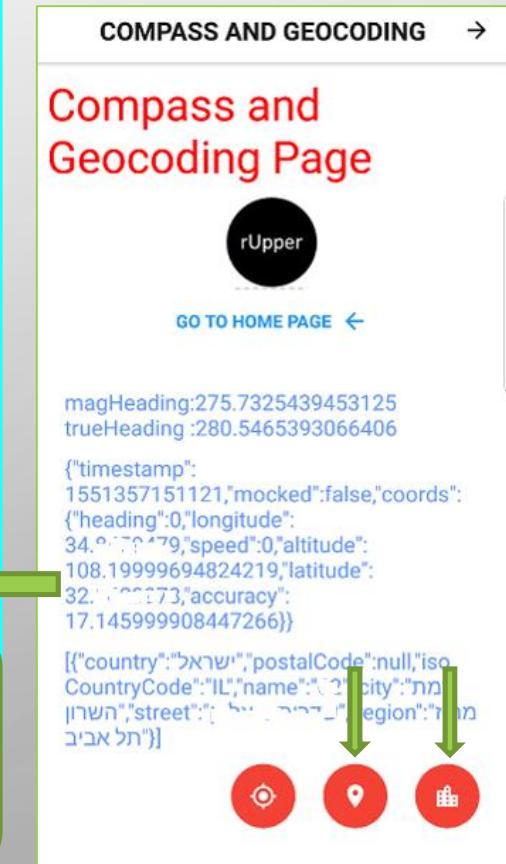
```
};
```

# GEOCODING

- ניתן לקבל מידע אודות כתובות עברו נ.צ. קיימ.

עברו כתובות

- ניתן לקבל גם הFOR - נ.צ. עברו כתובות (לא בדוגמה זו)



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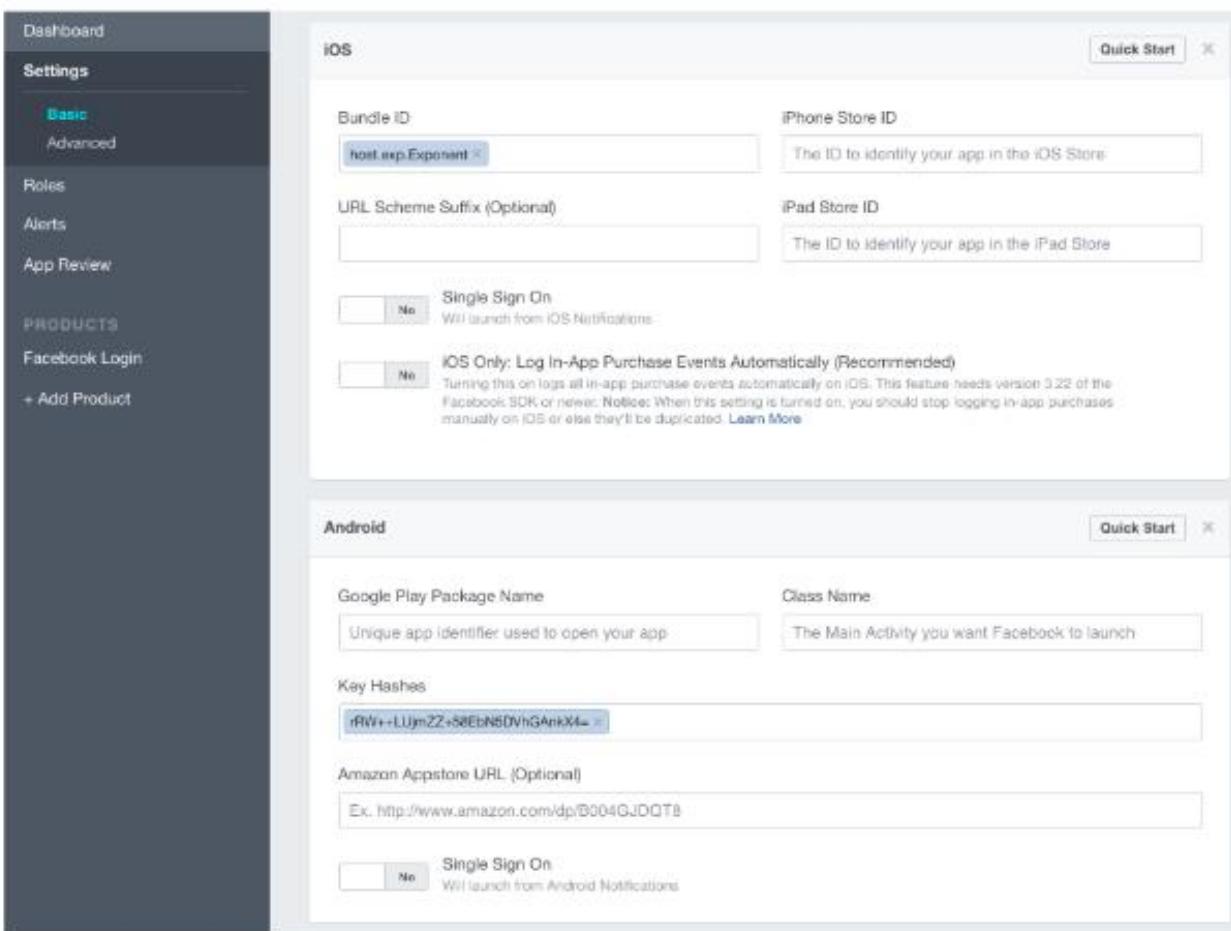
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- צריך ליצור פרויקט ב-FB developer API כדי לקבל appId

- <https://docs.expo.io/versions/latest/sdk/facebook/>

- The Expo client app

- Add `host.exp.Exponent` as an iOS Bundle ID. Add `rRW++LUjmZZ+58EbN5DVhGANkX4=` as an Android key hash. Your app's settings should end up including the following under "Settings > Basic":



# FB

- צריך לקבל token ייחודי בצד*יכן* לעבוד עם ה API שלהם.

```
import { Facebook } from 'expo';
...
btnLoginFB = async () => {
  const { type, token, expires, permissions, declinedPermissions, } = await Facebook.logInWithReadPermissionsAsync(this.appId,
{ permissions: ['public_profile'], });
  if (type === 'success') {
    //after getting the token we can use a simple fetch against the facebook API
    // Get the user's name using Facebook's Graph API
    const response = await
fetch(`https://graph.facebook.com/me?fields=id,name,email,picture&access_token=${token}`);
    let res = await response.json();
    this.setState({ token: token });
    Alert.alert('Logged in!', `Hi NAME: ${res.name}!\nEMAIL: ${res.email}\nPICTURE:
${res.picture}\nRES:${JSON.stringify(res)}`);
  } else {
    // type === 'cancel'
  }
};
```



מחקתי מהדוגמא  
את הפרטים  
האישיים

# FB

```
btnFetch_PersonPicture = () => {
  // POST adds a random id to the object sent
  fetch(`https://graph.facebook.com/me?fields=picture&access_token=${this.state.token}`, {
    method: 'POST',
    body: '',
    headers: {
      "Content-type": "application/json; charset=UTF-8"
    }
  })
  .then(response => response.json())
  .then(json => {
    if (json != null) {
      this.setState({ photoUrl: json.picture.data.url });
      alert(`picture= ${json.picture}\npicture.data.url= ${json.picture.data.url}\nRES=${JSON.stringify(json)}`);
    } else {
      this.setState({ lblErr: true });
    }
  });
}
```

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- פה אני מקבל מראת תמונה

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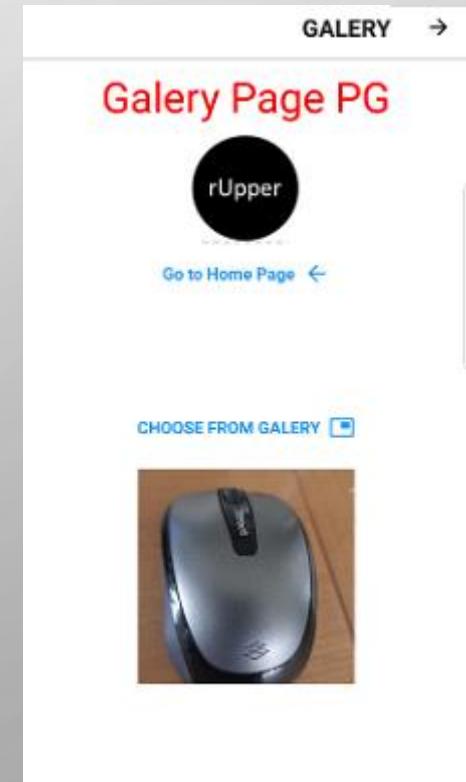
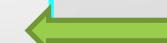
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# IMAGE GALLERY

- ניתן לבחור תמונה מה갤רייה

```
import { ImagePicker } from 'expo';
...
btnOpenGalery = async () => {
  let result = await ImagePicker.launchImageLibraryAsync({
    //allowsEditing: true,
    //aspect: [4, 3],
  });

  if (!result.cancelled) {
    this.setState({ image: result.uri });
  }
};
```



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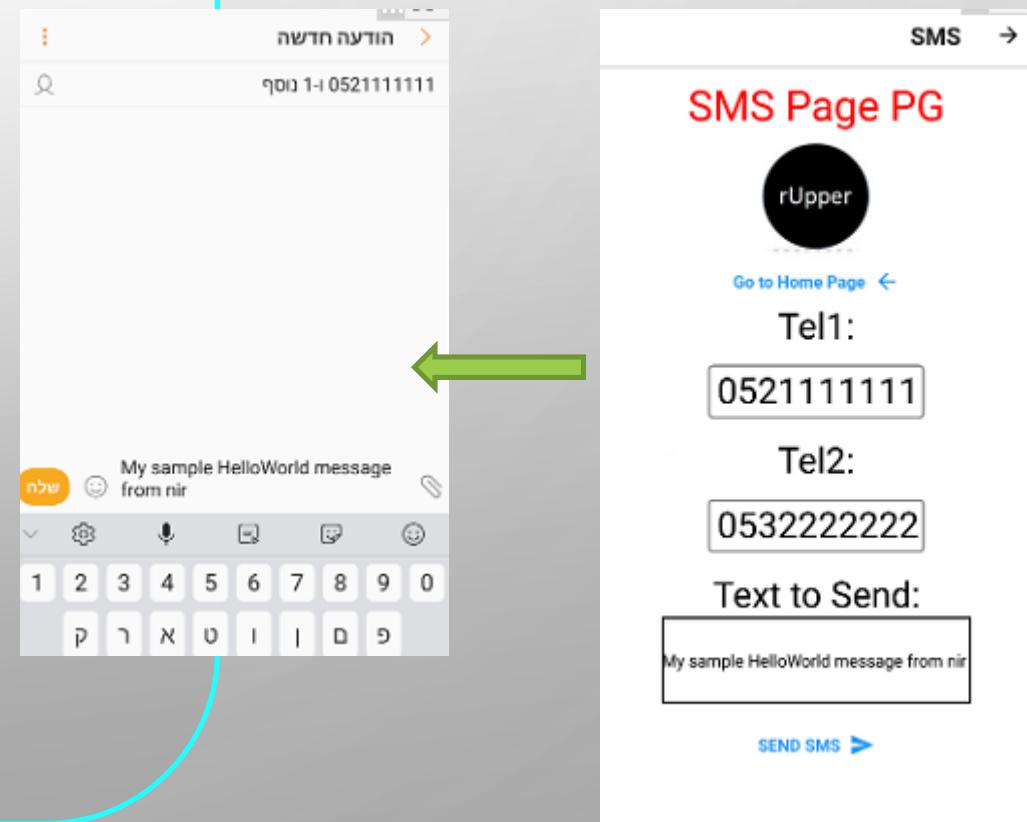
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# SMS

```
import { SMS } from 'expo';
...
btnSendSms = async () => {
  const isAvailable = await SMS.isAvailableAsync();
  if (isAvailable) {
    //alert('send');
    const { result } =
      await SMS.sendSMSAsync(
        [this.state.txtTel1, this.state.txtTel2],
        this.state.txtTextValue);
    // alert(result);
    this.setState({ txtTextValue: result });
  } else {
    alert('misfortune... there\'s no SMS available on this device');
  }
};
```

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- ניתן לפתח את מסך הוסעת ה SMS עם רשימת טלפונים והודעה מוכנה מהאפליקציה שלנו.
- זה לא שולח מהאפליקציה שלנו אלא רק פותח את אפליקציית ה SMS-ים הקיימת



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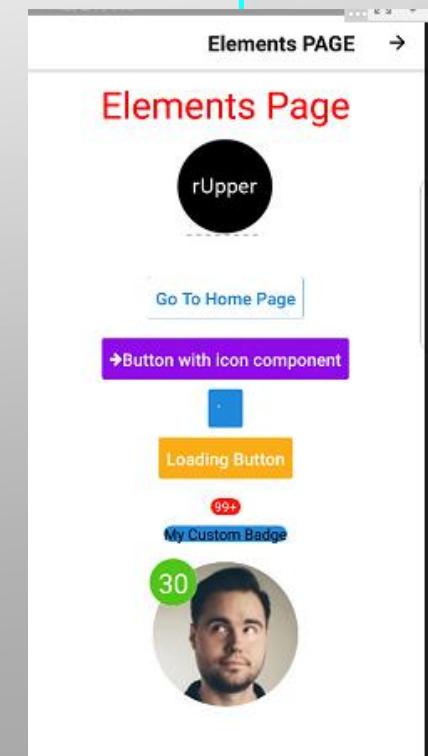
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# REACT NATIVE ELEMENTS UI

```
import { Button, ThemeProvider } from 'react-native-elements';
import Icon from 'react-native-vector-icons/FontAwesome';
```

```
const MyApp = () => {
  return (
    <ThemeProvider> ←
    <Button
      icon={[
        <Icon
          name="arrow-right"
          size={15}
          color="white"
        />
      ]}
      iconRight
      title="Button with right icon"
    />
  );
};
```

- <https://react-native-training.github.io/react-native-elements/>
- npm install --save react-native-elements



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- 15 Linking

Open a url

```
Linking.openURL('https://expo.io');  
WebBrowser.openBrowserAsync('https://expo.io');
```

...

```
Linking.openURL('mailto:support@expo.io?subject=Congrats Snoopy&body=Enjoy your  
stay,%0ARegards');
```

...

```
Linking.openURL('tel:+123456789');
```

....

```
Linking.openURL('sms:+123456789');
```

...

```
//this will open the app through whatsapp  
//1. need to publish the app first!  
//2. when clicked in whatsapp this will go to the published page on expo.io  
// then you can open the app in the expo if installed.
```

```
btnWhatsapp = () => {  
  let text = "hello ";  
  text = 'https://expo.io/@nirc/get-a-ride-demo';  
  let phoneNumber = '+972523333333';  
  Linking.openURL(`whatsapp://send?text=${text}&phone=${phoneNumber}`);  
}
```

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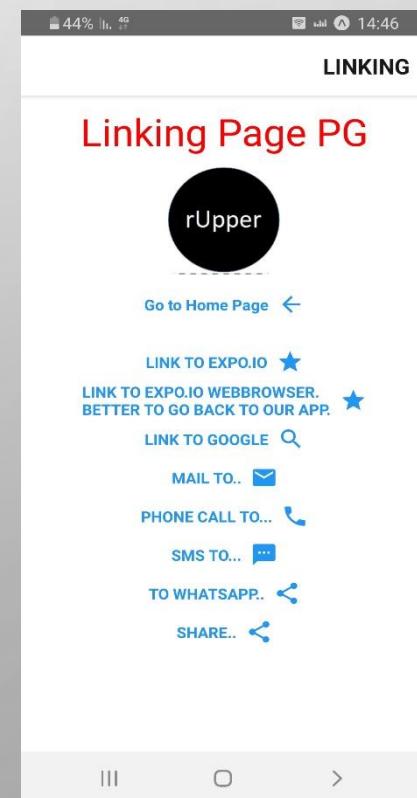
Send  
whatsapp

Send mail

Open dialer

Send sms

- כל מה שקשר ליצירת קשר עם אפליקציות  
חיצונית

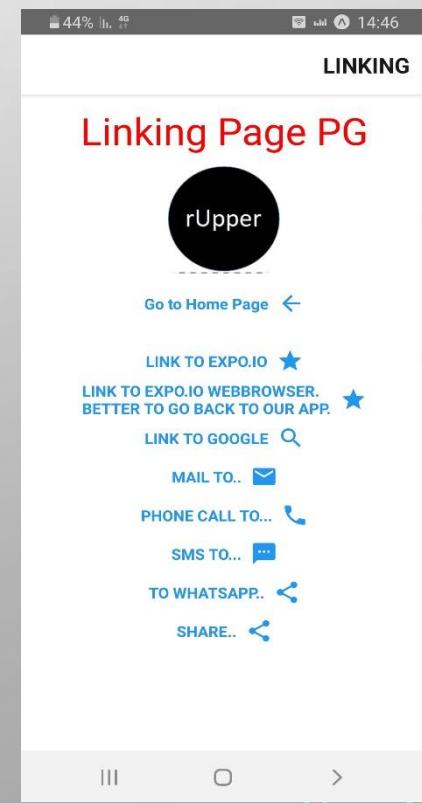


# LINKING

```
btnShare = () => {
  //let text = Expo.Linking.makeUrl();
  let text = 'https://expo.io/@nirc/get-a-ride-demo';
  Share.share({
    message: "Click Here to View More! " + text,
    url: text,
    title: 'nir has invited you to join this activity',
  })
  .then((result) => {
    console.log(result)
    if (result === 'dismissedAction') {
      return
    }
  })
  .catch((error) => console.log(error))
}
```

Open all sharable apps

- כל מה שקיים ליצירת קשר עם אפליקציות חיצונית



# MORE EXPO CAPABILITIES!!!

## SDK API REFERENCE

Introduction

Accelerometer

Admob

Amplitude

AppLoading

ART

Asset

Audio

AuthSession ←

AV

BarCodeScanner

BlurView

Branch

Brightness

Calendar

Camera

Constants

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Contacts

DeviceMotion

DocumentPicker

ErrorRecovery

FacebookAds

Facebook ←

FaceDetector ←

FileSystem

Fingerprint

Font

GestureHandler

GLView

Google

Gyroscope

ImageManipulator

ImagePicker

IntentLauncherAndroid

KeepAwake

LinearGradient

Localization

Localization

Location

Lottie

Magnetometer

MailComposer

MapView ←

Notifications

Payments

Pedometer

Permissions

Print

registerRootComponent

ScreenOrientation

SecureStore

Segment

Speech

SQLite

Svg

takeSnapshotAsync

Updates

Video

WebBrowser