Visualising categorical data

Data Science in a Box datasciencebox.org



Recap

Variables

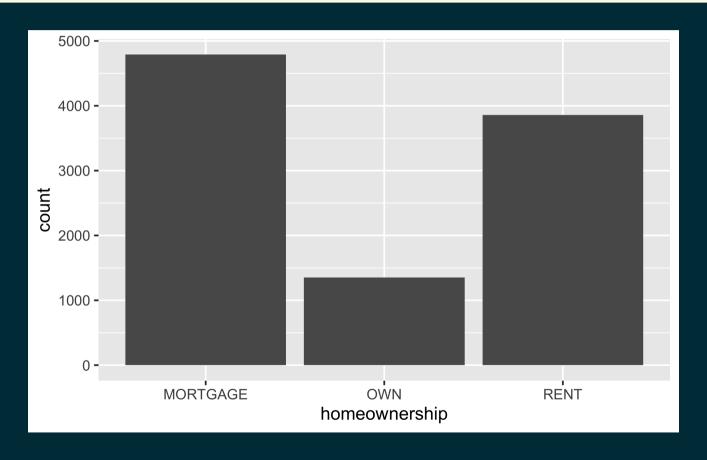
- Numerical variables can be classified as continuous or discrete based on whether or not the variable can take on an infinite number of values or only non-negative whole numbers, respectively.
- If the variable is categorical, we can determine if it is ordinal based on whether or not the levels have a natural ordering.

Data

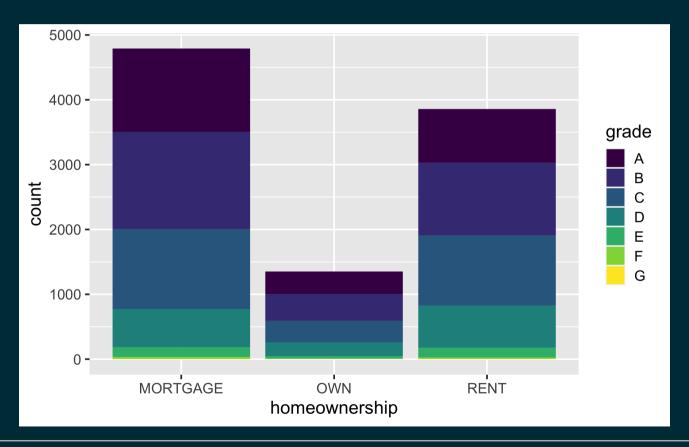
Bar plot

Bar plot

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = homeownership)) +
  geom_bar()
```



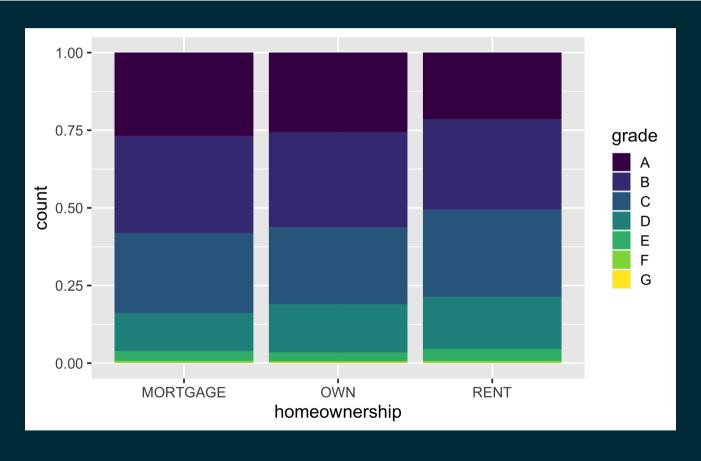
Segmented bar plot



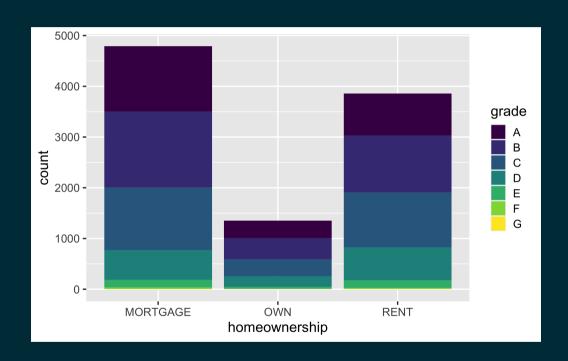


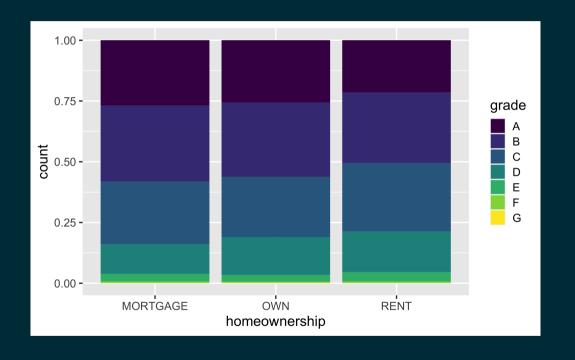
Segmented bar plot

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = homeownership, fill = grade)) +
  geom_bar(position = "fill")
```



Which bar plot is a more useful representation for visualizing the relationship between homeownership and grade?

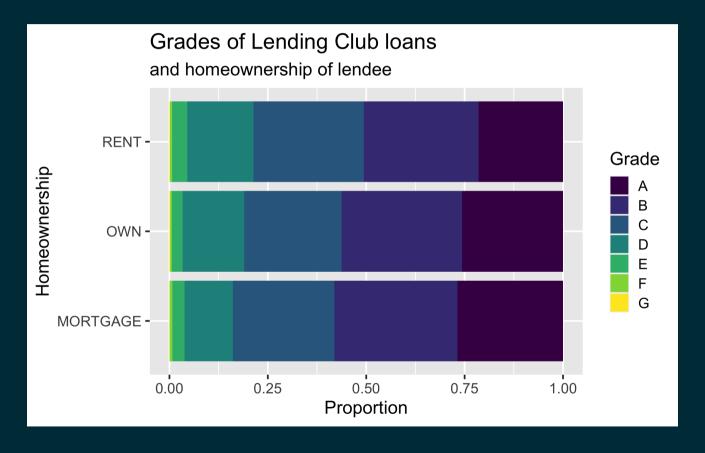




Customizing bar plots

Plot

Code



Customizing bar plots

Plot Code

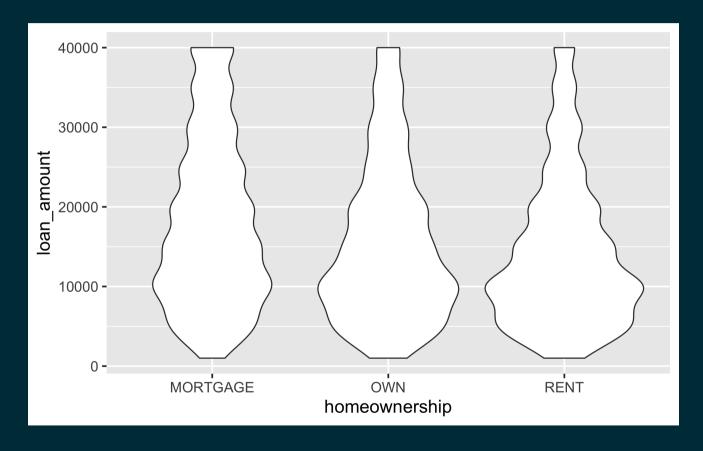
Relationships between numerical and categorical variables

Already talked about...

- Colouring and faceting histograms and density plots
- Side-by-side box plots

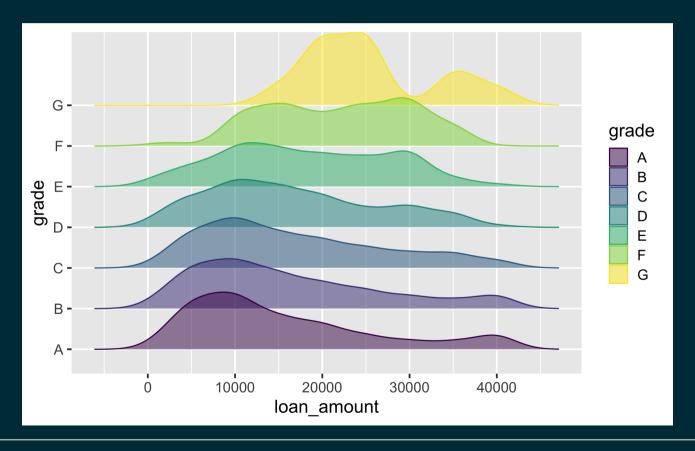
Violin plots

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = homeownership, y = loan_amount)) +
  geom_violin()
```



Ridge plots

```
library(ggridges)
ggplot(loans, aes(x = loan_amount, y = grade, fill = grade, color = grade)) +
    geom_density_ridges(alpha = 0.5)
```





My favorite ggridges plot

