

## TLS Challenge

### Report

In this challenge, we are required to build a simple CLI tool that adds TLS support to one of the provided server implementations. The following tool automatically generates self-signed X.509 certificates in PEM format using the **Node-Forge** library, and then integrates them so that the server can run securely over *HTTPS*. Below is the writeup report.

## TLS CLI & HTTPS Server

This project provides a simple, self-contained command-line tool and an express based HTTPS server to help you generate and test TLS certificates locally. It uses established cryptographic libraries – (`node-forge`) to demonstrate TLS certificate generation, and a CLI interface to customize and invoke those operations with the help of the `commander js` library.

## Overview

### 1. TLS CLI (index.js)

- **Purpose:** Automatically generates a self-signed RSA key and X.509 certificate in PEM format.
- **Features:**
  - Customize key size (`--bits`)
  - Set certificate validity period (`--days`)
  - Define Subject Alternative Names (`--san`)
- **Output:** key.pem and cert.pem in the specified `--out` directory.

### 2. HTTPS Server (server.js)

- **Purpose:** Loads the previously generated PEM files and starts an Express app over *HTTPS*.
- **Behavior:** Fails with a log message if the certificate files are missing.

## Installation

1. Open the project on your local machine or IDE. Open a terminal.
2. Install dependencies:

```
npm install commander node-forge express  
or just
```

```
npm install
```

## Generate Certificates

```
# basic usage (defaults:bits=2048, days=365, name=localhost)  
tls-cli --out certificates --name localhost  
  
# another example  
tls-cli --out certificates --name e21092.com --bits 4096 --days 30 \  
--san e21092.com,127.0.0.1
```

**--out:** output folder for PEM (./certificates)

**--name:** Common Name for the certificate (localhost)

**--bits:** RSA key length in bits (must be positive)

**--days:** Validity period in days (must be positive)

**--san:** Comma-separated list of DNS names or IPs for the SAN extension

## Start the server

```
node server.js
```

Navigate to <https://localhost:4000> in a browser. You should proceed to unsafe, the browser cannot recognize the certificate as “original” because it wasn’t imported to certificates locally, neither it is an established verified certificate.

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## Screenshots - testing:

Environment : VS CODE

The screenshot shows the VS Code interface with the following details:

- File Explorer:** Shows a folder named "TLS-CLI-ASSIGN" containing "node\_modules", "index.js", "package-lock.json", "package.json", and "server.js".
- Code Editor:** Displays the "server.js" file with the following code:

```
const express = require("express");
const https = require("https");
const fs = require("fs");
const path = require("path");
const port = 4000;

const app = express();
const certDir = path.join(__dirname, 'certificates');
const keyPath = path.join(certDir, 'key.pem');
const certPath = path.join(certDir, 'cert.pem');

// log
if (!fs.existsSync(keyPath) || !fs.existsSync(certPath)) {
  console.error(
    `Missing certificate files. Run: \n\n  tls-cli --out ${certDir} --name localhost\n  to generate key.pem , cert.pem before starting the server.
  );
  process.exit(1);
}

const server = https.createServer({
  key: fs.readFileSync(keyPath),
  cert: fs.readFileSync(certPath)
}, app);

app.get("/", (request, response) => response.send('Hello over HTTPS!'));
server.listen(port);
console.log(`Server started at localhost :: ${port}`);
```
- Terminal:** Shows the command "PS C:\Users\Eirini\tls-cli-assign>".

Trying out to run server without previously running the certificates' generation. I receive an error message, with instructions:

```
PS C:\Users\Eirini\tls-cli-assign> node server.js
Missing certificate files. Run:

  tls-cli --out C:\Users\Eirini\tls-cli-assign\certificates --name localhost
  to generate key.pem , cert.pem before starting the server.
PS C:\Users\Eirini\tls-cli-assign>
```

```

PS C:\Users\Eirini\tls-cli-assign> tls-cli --out certificates --name e21092.com --bits 4096 --days 30 --san e21092.com,127.0.0.1
Generated cert.pem & key.pem (4096-bit, 30 days) in certificates
PS C:\Users\Eirini\tls-cli-assign>

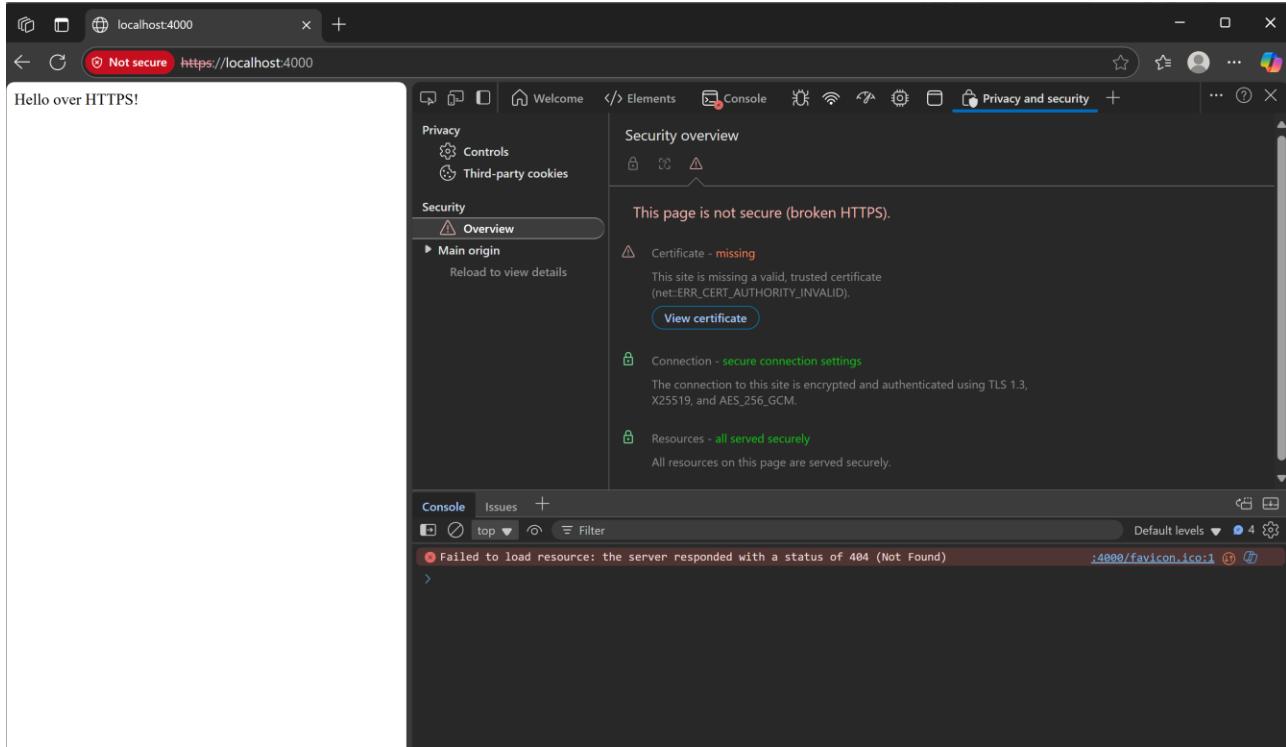
```

```

PS C:\Users\Eirini\tls-cli-assign> node server.js
Server started at localhost :: 4000

```

We go to a browser. Then go to devtools > Privacy and security tab



Here is the custom certificate that was created from cli

**Certificate Viewer: e21092.com**

**General** Details

**Issued To**

Common Name (CN)	e21092.com
Organization (O)	<Not Part Of Certificate>
Organizational Unit (OU)	<Not Part Of Certificate>

**Issued By**

Common Name (CN)	e21092.com
Organization (O)	<Not Part Of Certificate>
Organizational Unit (OU)	<Not Part Of Certificate>

**Validity Period**

Issued On	Saturday, May 17, 2025 at 10:07:25 PM
Expires On	Monday, June 16, 2025 at 10:07:25 PM

**SHA-256 Fingerprints**

Certificate	3235c36ec8d25dc217a35654ecd4c0ca1daf8a11d46a66c43ac86a72f5f9 f6e2
Public Key	22c1902af5ee03777312b47214593f5560c914e3ba6d345b1159826c18 10d63b

**Connection**

Protocol	TLS 1.3
Key exchange	X25519
Server signature	RSA-PSS with SHA-256
Cipher	AES_256_GCM

**Certificate**

Subject	e21092.com
SAN	e21092.com 127.0.0.1
Valid from	Sat, 17 May 2025 19:07:25 GMT
Valid until	Mon, 16 Jun 2025 19:07:25 GMT
Issuer	e21092.com

[Open full certificate details](#)

And for the SAN

**Certificate Viewer: e21092.com**

**General** **Details**

**Certificate Hierarchy**

e21092.com

**Certificate Fields**

Subject Public Key Algorithm  
Subject's Public Key  
Extensions  
Certificate Subject Alternative Name  
Certificate Signature Algorithm  
Certificate Signature Value  
SHA-256 Fingerprints  
Certificate  
Public Key

**Field Value**

Not critical  
DNS Name: e21092.com 127.0.0.1

**Export...**

Name	X	Headers	Preview	Response	Initiator	Timing	Cookies
localhost	▼ General						
		Request URL		https://localhost:4000/			
		Request Method		GET			
		Status Code		● 200 OK			
		Remote Address		[::1]:4000			
		Referrer Policy		strict-origin-when-cross-origin			

With the defaults (with no custom options: run: tls-cli)

The screenshot shows the NetworkMiner interface with the following details:

- Privacy**: Includes **Controls** and **Third-party cookies**.
- Security**: Includes **Overview**, **Main origin**, and the selected item **https://localhost:4000**.
- Origin**: Shows the URL **https://localhost:4000** and a link to **View requests in Network Panel**.
- Connection**: Details:
  - Protocol: TLS 1.3
  - Key exchange: X25519
  - Server signature: RSA-PSS with SHA-256
  - Cipher: AES\_256\_GCM
- Certificate**: Details:
  - Subject: localhost
  - SAN: localhost  
127.0.0.1
  - Valid from: Sat, 17 May 2025 19:52:10 GMT
  - Valid until: Sun, 17 May 2026 19:52:10 GMT
  - Issuer: localhost[Open full certificate details](#)

#### References:

For the commander documentation : <https://github.com/tj/commander.js/>