

TLS Challenge

Report

In this challenge, we are required to build a simple CLI tool that adds TLS support to one of the provided server implementations. The following tool automatically generates self-signed X.509 certificates in PEM format using the **Node-Forge** library, and then integrates them so that the server can run securely *over HTTPS*. Below is the writeup report.

TLS CLI & HTTPS Server

This project provides a simple, self-contained command-line tool and an express based HTTPS server to help you generate and test TLS certificates locally. It uses established cryptographic libraries – (node-forge) to demonstrate TLS certificate generation, and a CLI interface to customize and invoke those operations with the help of the commander js library.

Overview

1. TLS CLI (index.js)

- **Purpose:** Automatically generates a self-signed RSA key and X.509 certificate in PEM format.
- **Features:**
 - Customize key size (--bits)
 - Set certificate validity period (--days)
 - Define Subject Alternative Names (--san)
- **Output:** key.pem and cert.pem in the specified --out directory.

2. HTTPS Server (server.js)

- **Purpose:** Loads the previously generated PEM files and starts an Express app over HTTPS.
- **Behavior:** Fails with a log message if the certificate files are missing.

Installation

1. Open the project on your local machine or IDE. Open a terminal.
2. Install dependencies:

```
npm install commander node-forge express
```

or just

```
npm install
```

Generate Certificates

```
# basic usage (defaults:bits=2048,days=365,name=localhost)
tls-cli --out certificates --name localhost

# another example
tls-cli --out certificates --name e21092.com --bits 4096 --days 30 \
  --san e21092.com,127.0.0.1
```

--out: output folder for PEM (./certificates)

--name: Common Name for the certificate (localhost)

--bits: RSA key length in bits (must be positive)

--days: Validity period in days (must be positive)

--san: Comma-separated list of DNS names or IPs for the *SAN* extension

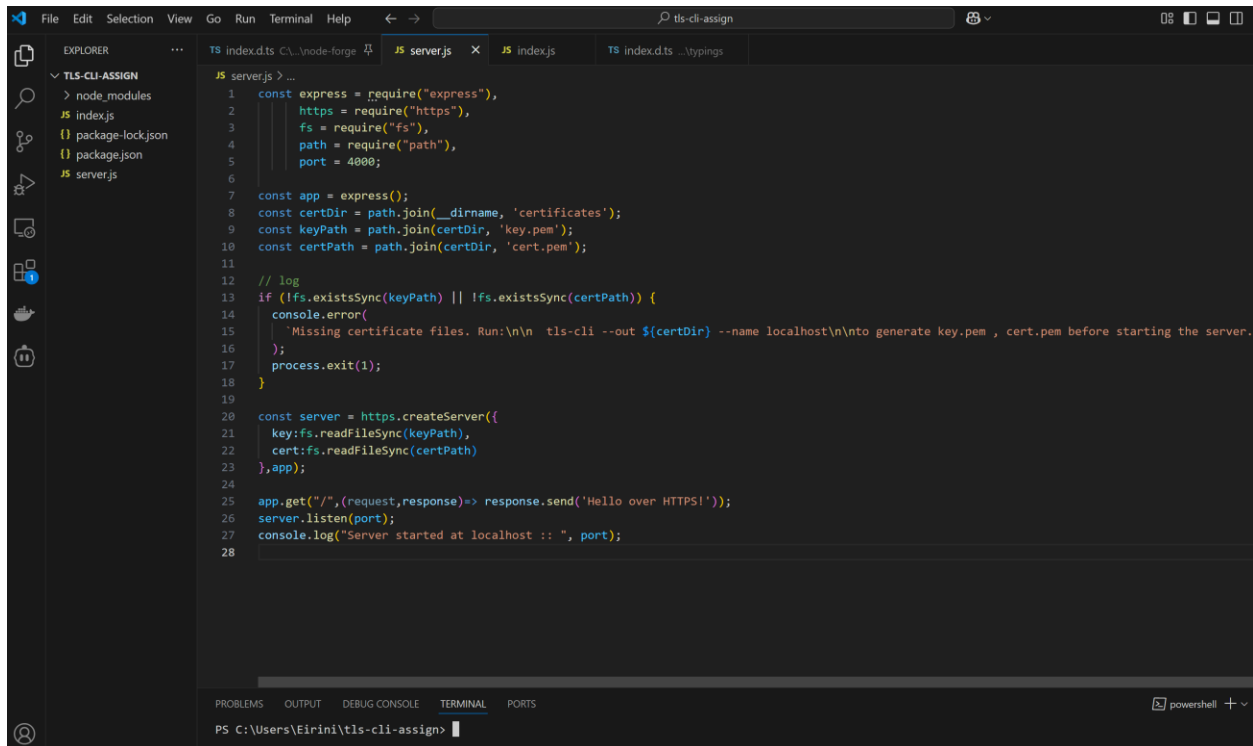
Start the server

```
node server.js
```

Navigate to <https://localhost:4000> in a browser. You should proceed to unsafe, the browser cannot recognize the certificate as “original” because it wasn’t imported to certificates locally, neither it is an established verified certificate.

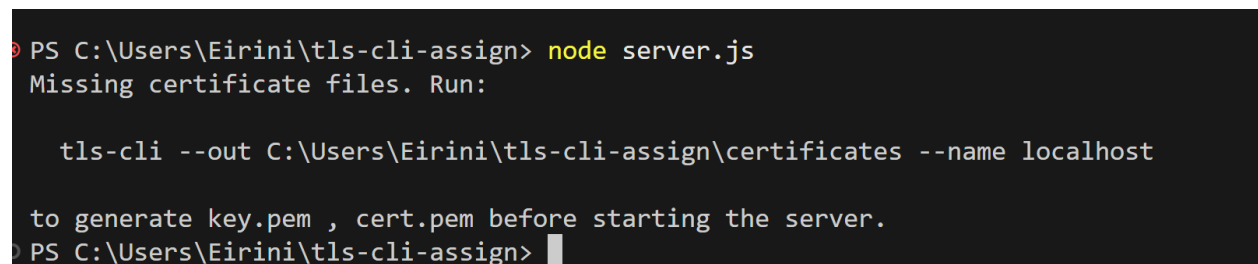
Screenshots - testing:

Environment : VSCODE



```
1  const express = require("express"),
2    https = require("https"),
3    fs = require("fs"),
4    path = require("path"),
5    port = 4800;
6
7  const app = express();
8  const certDir = path.join(__dirname, 'certificates');
9  const keyPath = path.join(certDir, 'key.pem');
10 const certPath = path.join(certDir, 'cert.pem');
11
12 // log
13 if (!fs.existsSync(keyPath) || !fs.existsSync(certPath)) {
14   console.error(
15     'Missing certificate files. Run:\n\n  tls-cli --out ${certDir} --name localhost\n\nto generate key.pem , cert.pem before starting the server.
16   );
17   process.exit(1);
18 }
19
20 const server = https.createServer({
21   key: fs.readFileSync(keyPath),
22   cert: fs.readFileSync(certPath)
23 }, app);
24
25 app.get("/", (request, response) => response.send('Hello over HTTPS!'));
26 server.listen(port);
27 console.log("Server started at localhost :: ", port);
28
```

Trying out to run server without previously running the certificates' generation. I receive an error message, with instructions:



```
PS C:\Users\Eirini\tls-cli-assign> node server.js
Missing certificate files. Run:

    tls-cli --out C:\Users\Eirini\tls-cli-assign\certificates --name localhost

to generate key.pem , cert.pem before starting the server.
PS C:\Users\Eirini\tls-cli-assign>
```

The screenshot shows a VS Code editor with a project named 'index.d.ts'. The Explorer sidebar on the left shows a 'certificates' folder containing 'cert.pem' and 'key.pem', which are highlighted with a red box. The main editor displays the 'index.js' file with the following code:

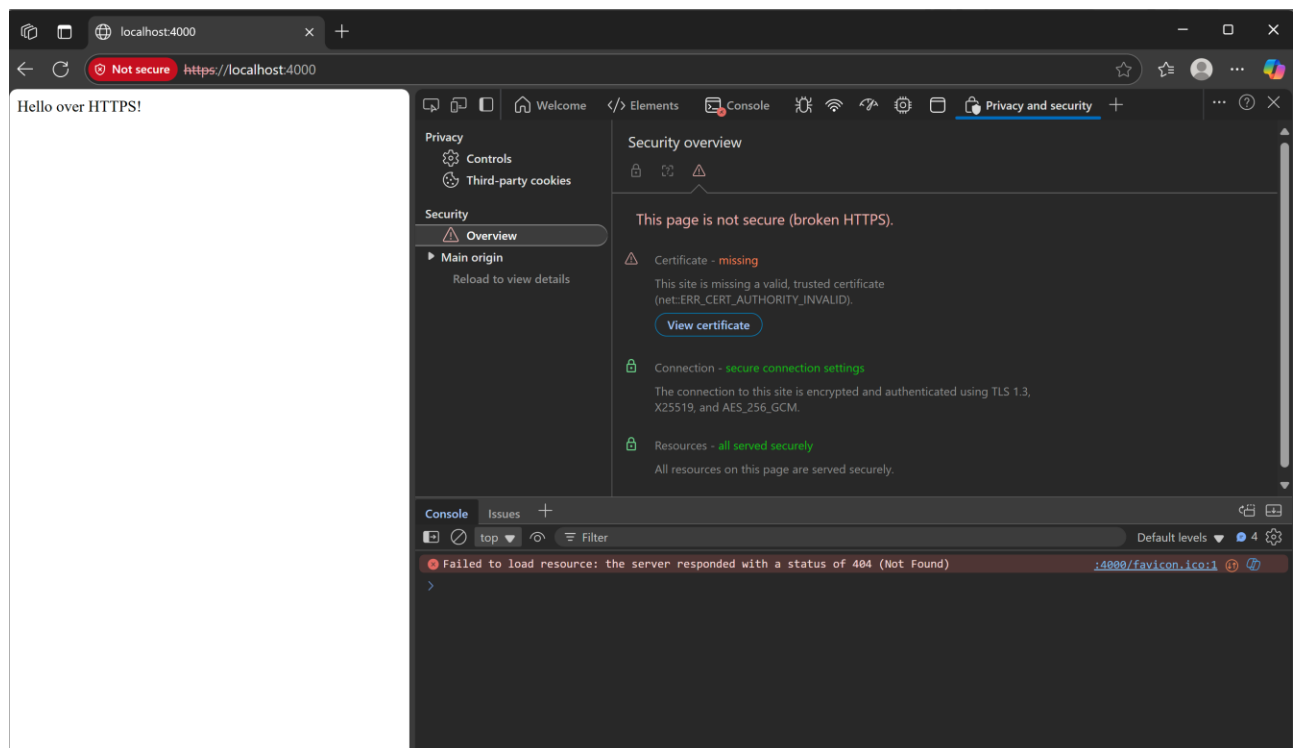
```
1 #!/usr/bin/env node
2 const fs = require('fs');
3 const path = require('path');
4 const { InvalidOptionArgumentError } = require('commander');
5
6 function parsePositiveInt(v, flag) {
7   const n = parseInt(v, 10);
8   if (Number.isNaN(n) || n <= 0) {
9     throw new InvalidOptionArgumentError(`${flag} must be a positive integer`);
10   }
11   return n;
12 }
13
14 program
15   .option('-o, --out <dir>', 'output directory', './certificates')
16   .option('-n, --name <CN>', 'Common Name', 'localhost')
17   .option('-b, --bits <n>', 'RSA key size', parsePositiveInt, 2048)
18   .option('-d, --days <n>', 'validity in days', parsePositiveInt, 365)
19   .option(
20     '-s, --san <list>',
21     'SAN list (comma-separated)',
22     v => v.split(',').map(h => h.trim()),
23     []
24   ).parse();
25
26 const { out, name, bits, days, san } = program.opts();
27
28 let sanEntr = san;
29 if (sanEntr.length === 0) {
30   sanEntr = [ name ];
```

The terminal at the bottom shows the command to generate the certificate:

```
PS C:\Users\Eirini\tls-cli-assign> tls-cli --out certificates --name e21092.com --bits 4096 --days 30 --san e21092.com,127.0.0.1
Generated cert.pem & key.pem (4096-bit, 30 days) in certificates
PS C:\Users\Eirini\tls-cli-assign>
```

```
PS C:\Users\Eirini\tls-cli-assign> node server.js
Server started at localhost :: 4000
```

We go to a browser. Then go to devtools > Privacy and security tab



Here is the custom certificate that was created from cli

Certificate Viewer: e21092.com

General

Details

Issued To

Common Name (CN)

Organization (O)

Organizational Unit (OU)

e21092.com

<Not Part Of Certificate>

<Not Part Of Certificate>

Issued By

Common Name (CN)

Organization (O)

Organizational Unit (OU)

e21092.com

<Not Part Of Certificate>

<Not Part Of Certificate>

Validity Period

Issued On

Expires On

Saturday, May 17, 2025 at 10:07:25 PM

Monday, June 16, 2025 at 10:07:25 PM

SHA-256 Fingerprints

Certificate

Public Key

3235c36ec8d25dc217a35654ecd4c0ca1daf8a11d46a66c43ac86a72f5f9f6e2

22c1902af5ee03777312b47214593f5560c914e3ba6d345b1159826c1810d63b

Connection

Protocol

Key exchange

Server signature

Cipher

TLS 1.3

X25519

RSA-PSS with SHA-256

AES_256_GCM

Certificate

Subject

SAN

Valid from

Valid until

Issuer

e21092.com

e21092.com 127.0.0.1

Sat, 17 May 2025 19:07:25 GMT

Mon, 16 Jun 2025 19:07:25 GMT

e21092.com

Open full certificate details

And for the SAN

Certificate Viewer: e21092.com

General

Details

Certificate Hierarchy

e21092.com

Certificate Fields

Subject Public Key Algorithm

Subject's Public Key

▼ Extensions

Certificate Subject Alternative Name

Certificate Signature Algorithm

Certificate Signature Value

▼ SHA-256 Fingerprints

Certificate

Public Key

Field Value

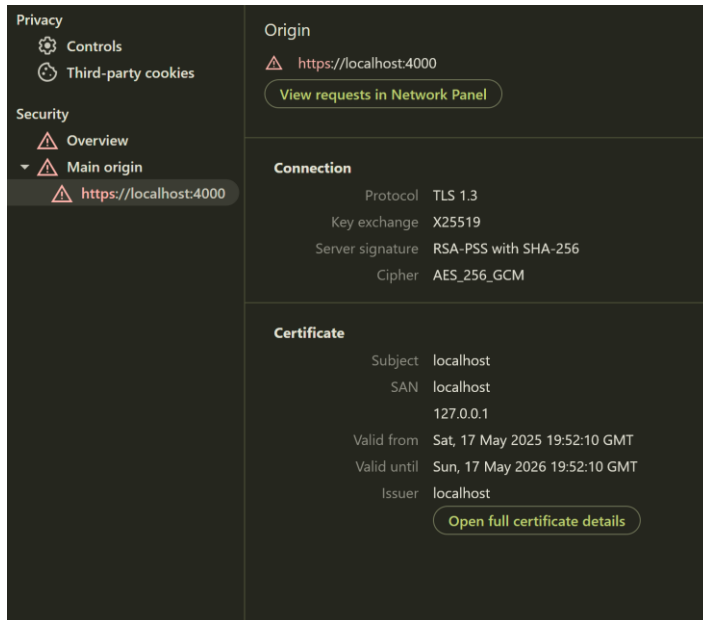
Not critical

DNS Name: e21092.com 127.0.0.1

Export...

Name	×	Headers	Preview	Response	Initiator	Timing	Cookies
localhost		▼ General					
		Request URL		https://localhost:4000/			
		Request Method		GET			
		Status Code		200 OK			
		Remote Address		[::1]:4000			
		Referrer Policy		strict-origin-when-cross-origin			

With the defaults (with no custom options: run: tls-cli)



References:

For the commander documentation : <https://github.com/tj/commander.js/>