

Scalable Flow Monitoring for Data Center Network

A Project Report Submitted in the partial fulfillment of the
requirements for the award of degree of

Master of Technology
in
Computer Science

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the project work entitled “**Scalable Flow Monitoring for Data Center Network**” being submitted to University of Hyderabad by **Nirmoy Das** (Reg. No. 11MCMT20), in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of Master of Technology in Computer Science, is a bona fide work carried out by her under my supervision.

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Project Supervisor,
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Dean ,
School of CIS,
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To,

My Parents and Supervisor.

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Chapter 1

Related Work

Flow monitoring protocol like netflow and sflow can provide important information about the traffic that passes through a network. However contemporary computer networking is out-spacing our ability to monitor them efficiently. As data centers are getting virtualized with virtual software switches and scaling to thousands of nodes it is our immediate requirement to have monitoring to that scale efficiently. There are few solutions that try to provide some methods to have scalable flow monitoring in data centers.

1.1 EMC2[1]

EMC2 is a flow collector that stays inside virtual switches in the hosts. Monitoring at server virtual switch is scalable due to its distributed nature.

1.1.1 Architecture

EMC2 is a multi-threaded application that spawns a parser thread for accepting sFlow/NetFlow packets. EMC2 maintains a 2-level in-memory hash table that contains flow records. Flow-ID is the primary key for the in-memory hash table that maps to another hash table where timestamp is the key and flow record is the value. Flow record contains number of packets, number of bytes and optional path vector.

1.1.2 Deduplication

Deduplication avoids adding the same flow to the flow table reported by multiple Vswitches for the same flow. EMC2 uses simple heuristics to detect duplicate flows.

Algorithm 1: Detect duplicate

```
if  $flow - ID$  not exist then
    add flow to the flow table.
    return
else
    if Same exporter then
        update the flow table
        return
    else
        report duplicate flow
        update path vector
        return
    end if
end if
```

1.1.3 Data Rate Prediction in Presence of Sampling

EMC2 predict data rate by multiplying length of the packet with sampling rate given in flow packet. It can also report low sampling rate by accumulating samples from different exported devices.

Bibliography

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- [2] Y. L. Yeonhee Lee, “Toward scalable internet traffic measurement and analysis with hadoop,” *ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review (CCR)*, vol. 43, pp. 5–13, jan 2013.