

Infinite Loop Fix - November 25, 2025

Problem Description

The Route selection tool was entering an **infinite render loop** when selecting specific technician/territory combinations (e.g., “David Bontrager” with “APS Chandler”). The error manifested as:

Error: Maximum update depth exceeded. This can happen when a component repeatedly calls setState inside componentWillUpdate or componentDidUpdate. React limits the number of nested updates to prevent infinite loops.

Console Logs Pattern

The console showed the same logs repeating endlessly:

```
🚗 Selected technician: David Bontrager, 6 stops
📍 Map centering to: 33.3652, -111.9440
🗺️ Rendering polygons for 3 unique ZIP codes
✅ Generated 4 polygon objects
🚗 Selected technician: David Bontrager, 6 stops
📍 Map centering to: 33.3652, -111.9440
🗺️ Rendering polygons for 3 unique ZIP codes
✅ Generated 4 polygon objects
... (repeating infinitely)
```

Root Cause Analysis

The infinite loop was caused by **unstable dependencies in React hooks**:

The Problem Code

```
// ❌ PROBLEMATIC: filteredRoutes recalculated every render
const filteredRoutes = routes.filter((route) => {
  // ... filtering logic
});

// ❌ This useEffect has filteredRoutes as a dependency
useEffect(() => {
  if (selectedTechnician && filteredRoutes.length > 0) {
    const avgLat = filteredRoutes.reduce((sum, r) => sum + r.latitude, 0) / filteredRoutes.length;
    const avgLng = filteredRoutes.reduce((sum, r) => sum + r.longitude, 0) / filteredRoutes.length;

    setMapCenter({ lat: avgLat, lng: avgLng }); // ⚠️ State update
    setMapZoom(12); // ⚠️ State update
  }
}, [selectedTechnician, filteredRoutes]); // ❌ Unstable dependency!

// ❌ territoryPolygons also recalculated every render
const territoryPolygons = getTerritoryPolygons();
```

The Infinite Loop Cycle

1. **Initial Render:** Component renders with selected technician
2. **Filter Calculation:** `filteredRoutes` is calculated as a new array object
3. **useEffect Trigger:** React detects `filteredRoutes` changed (new object reference)
4. **State Update:** `useEffect` calls `setMapCenter()` and `setMapZoom()`
5. **Re-render:** State change triggers component re-render
6. **Back to Step 2:** New `filteredRoutes` array created → infinite loop

Why This Happens

Even if `filteredRoutes` contains the same data, JavaScript array/object comparisons use **reference equality**:

```
const array1 = [1, 2, 3];
const array2 = [1, 2, 3];

array1 === array2 // false! Different objects in memory
```

React sees each new `filteredRoutes` array as “different” and triggers the `useEffect`.

Solution Implemented

Fix 1: Memoize `filteredRoutes`

Before:

```
const filteredRoutes = routes.filter((route) => {
  // ... filtering logic
});
```

After:

```
const filteredRoutes = useMemo(() => {
  return routes.filter((route) => {
    // ... filtering logic
  });
}, [routes, selectedTechnician, areaFilter, selectedDay]);
```

Impact: `filteredRoutes` is now only recalculated when its actual dependencies change, not on every render.

Fix 2: Memoize `territoryPolygons`

Before:

```
const getTerritoryPolygons = () => {
  // ... polygon generation logic
};

const territoryPolygons = getTerritoryPolygons();
```

After:

```
const territoryPolygons = useMemo(() => {
  // ... polygon generation logic
}, [boundaries, selectedTechnician, filteredRoutes]);
```

Impact: Polygon generation now only runs when boundaries, technician, or routes actually change.

Fix 3: Memoize stats

Before:

```
const stats = {
  totalAccounts: filteredRoutes.length,
  territories: Array.from(new Set(filteredRoutes.map((r) => r.territory))),
  zips: Array.from(new Set(filteredRoutes.map((r) => r.zipCode))),
};
```

After:

```
const stats = useMemo(() => ({
  totalAccounts: filteredRoutes.length,
  territories: Array.from(new Set(filteredRoutes.map((r) => r.territory))),
  zips: Array.from(new Set(filteredRoutes.map((r) => r.zipCode))),
}), [filteredRoutes]);
```

Impact: Stats calculation is cached and only runs when `filteredRoutes` changes.

Technical Details

React `useMemo` Hook

`useMemo` caches the result of a calculation and only recalculates when dependencies change:

```
const memoizedValue = useMemo(() => {
  return expensiveCalculation(a, b);
}, [a, b]); // Only recalculates when a or b changes
```

Dependency Array Impact

`filteredRoutes` Dependencies:

- `routes` : Source data
- `selectedTechnician` : Filter by technician
- `areaFilter` : Filter by territory
- `selectedDay` : Filter by service day

Only when one of these **actually changes** will `filteredRoutes` be recalculated.

`territoryPolygons` Dependencies:

- `boundaries` : ZIP boundary geometry data
- `selectedTechnician` : Determines which ZIPs to render
- `filteredRoutes` : Source of ZIP codes to process

Files Modified

- `/home/ubuntu/phoenix_territory_map/nextjs_space/components/routes-map-view.tsx`

Key Changes:

1. **Line 111-140:** Wrapped `filteredRoutes` calculation in `useMemo`
2. **Line 185-243:** Wrapped `territoryPolygons` calculation in `useMemo`
3. **Line 246-250:** Wrapped `stats` calculation in `useMemo`
4. **Line 161-182:** Moved `convertGeometryToPaths` outside memoization for reusability

Testing Results

Before Fix:

- ❌ Selecting “David Bontrager” + “APS Chandler” → Infinite loop
- ❌ Console logs repeating endlessly
- ❌ App becomes unresponsive
- ❌ React error: “Maximum update depth exceeded”

After Fix:

- ✅ Selecting “David Bontrager” + “APS Chandler” → Works perfectly
- ✅ Console logs appear once per selection
- ✅ App remains responsive
- ✅ No React errors
- ✅ All technician/territory combinations work

Build Status:

✓ Compiled successfully		
✓ Generating static pages (5/5)		
Route (app)	Size	First Load JS
└─ /	80.3 kB	167 kB

Performance Impact

Before:





- Recalculating on every render (~60 times/second)
- Creating new arrays/objects constantly
- Triggering `useEffect` unnecessarily
- High CPU usage during infinite loop

After:


- Calculations only when dependencies change
- Stable object references
- `useEffect` triggers only when needed
- Minimal CPU usage, stable performance


Prevention Measures

Best Practices Implemented:

1.  **Memoize expensive calculations:** Use `useMemo` for filter/map/reduce operations
2.  **Stable dependencies:** Ensure `useEffect` dependencies are memoized
3.  **Avoid inline objects:** Don't create new objects in render (use `useMemo`)
4.  **Track dependency changes:** Log when memoized values recalculate during development





Code Pattern to Follow:

```
//  GOOD: Memoized calculation
const filteredData = useMemo(() => {
  return data.filter(item => item.active);
}, [data]); // Only recalculates when data changes


//  BAD: Recalculated every render
const filteredData = data.filter(item => item.active);
```

Related Issues Fixed

This fix also resolved:

-  Unnecessary polygon regeneration on every render
-  Redundant stats calculations
-  Excessive console logging
-  High memory usage from object creation

Deployment

- **Status:**  Successfully deployed
- **URL:** <https://phoenixnewlocations.abacusai.app>
- **Date:** November 25, 2025
- **Testing:** Verified with all technician/territory combinations

User Impact

Before: Certain technician selections caused the app to freeze and crash.

After: All technician selections work smoothly with instant map updates and accurate route visualization.

Technical Notes

Why `useMemo` vs `useCallback`?

- **`useMemo`:** Memoizes the **result** of a calculation
- **`useCallback`:** Memoizes the **function itself**

We used `useMemo` because we needed to cache the calculated arrays/objects, not the functions.

Dependency Array Guidelines

1. Include all values used inside the memoized calculation

2. Ensure dependencies are stable (memoized or primitive values)
3. Avoid including unstable objects/arrays as dependencies
4. Use ESLint `react-hooks/exhaustive-deps` rule to catch missing dependencies

React DevTools Profiler

The React DevTools Profiler can help identify infinite loops:

- Look for components rendering 50+ times in quick succession
- Check “Why did this render?” to see which props/state changed
- Use “Record why each component rendered” option

Contact

If you encounter similar infinite loop issues:

1. Check the browser console for repeating logs
2. Look for React error messages about “maximum update depth”
3. Review `useEffect` dependencies for unstable references
4. Consider memoizing expensive calculations with `useMemo`
5. Use React DevTools Profiler to identify the problematic component

Summary

The infinite loop was caused by **unstable object references** in `useEffect` dependencies. By using `useMemo` to stabilize the `filteredRoutes`, `territoryPolygons`, and `stats` calculations, we ensured that React only recalculates and re-renders when the actual data changes, not just when new object references are created.

Key Takeaway: Always memoize calculations that are used as dependencies in React hooks to prevent infinite render loops.