1. Hitung lokusi titik A (3,1); B (6,2); C (7,4); D (2,5) Setelan dilakuran transformasi berhurut - turut :

a. Translusi (-4,2)

$$D'\left(\begin{array}{c}x'\\y'\end{array}\right) = \left(\begin{array}{c}2\\s\end{array}\right) + \left(\begin{array}{c}-2\\2\end{array}\right) = \left(\begin{array}{c}-2\\7\end{array}\right)$$

b. Rotasi 65°

$$\Lambda' = \begin{pmatrix} \times' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.4 & -0.9 \\ 0.9 & 0.4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.3 \\ 3.1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B' = \begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.4 \\ 0.9 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -0.9 \\ 0.4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.4 \\ 6.2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$c' = \begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.4 & -0.9 \\ 0.9 & 0.4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -0.8 \\ 7.9 \end{pmatrix}$$

C. Skala (2,3) pada titk pusat (6,2)

$$\begin{pmatrix}
2 & 0 \\
0 & 3
\end{pmatrix} \qquad
\begin{pmatrix}
q \\
b
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
6 \\
2
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$A'\begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 - 6 \\ 1 - 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$=\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$\frac{c'(x') = (2 \ 0)(7 - 6) + (6)}{(y')(0 \ 3)(4 - 2) + (6)}$$
$$= (2 \ 0)(1) + (6)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$D'(x') = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 - 6 \\ 5 - 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix}$$