Image processing & Computer Vision Applications

LAKSHIKA NANAYAKKARA

Digital Image Processing



Applications of image processing

- **Visual information** is the most important type of information perceived, processed and interpreted by the human brain.
- One third of the cortical area of the human brain is dedicated to visual information processing.
- Digital image processing- interpretation of such visual information

Applications of DIP

- image sharpening and restoring
- medical domain analysis
- remote sensing
- machine/robot vision
- colour processing
- pattern recognition
- video processing
- microscopic imaging

Image sharpening and restoration

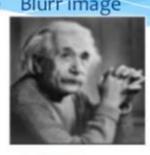
To make better image or manipulate them to retrieve desired output.

Similar to the Photoshop results

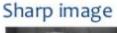
gray scale result, edge detection, image recognition and retrieval etc.



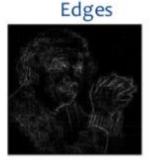




It includes, zooming, blurring, sharpening,







Medical domain

Common applications are,

- Gamma Ray imaging
- PET scan
- X-ray imaging
- Medical CT
- UV imaging

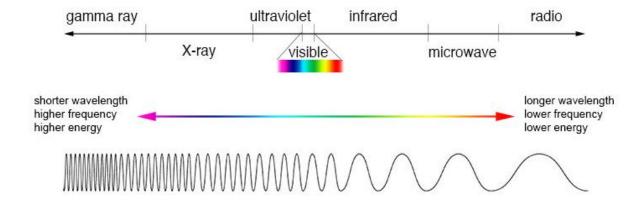
Gamma Ray imaging

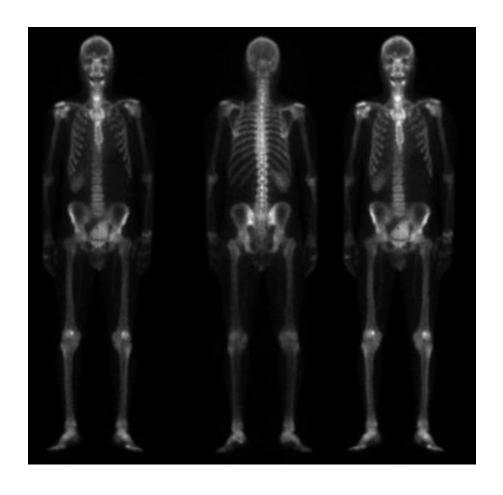
Used in nuclear medicine and astronomical observations

Nuclear medicine approach will inject a radioactive isotope that emits gamma rays as it decays.

Images are produced by the emissions collected by gamma rays detectors.

Used to locate the sites of bone pathology, infections and tumors.





Bone scan in Gamma ray imaging

PET scan

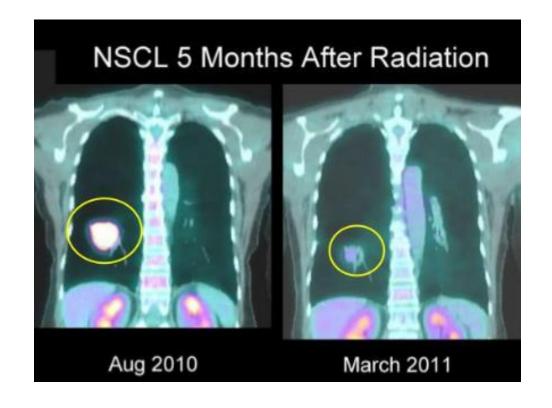
Known as "Positron Emission Tomography"

Similar to the X-ray tomography.

In here instead of giving an external source of X-ray energy, the patient is giving a radioactive isotope which emits positrons as it decays.

When it meets electrons, both are annihilated and 2 gamma rays are given off.

These will ultimately created tomographic image.

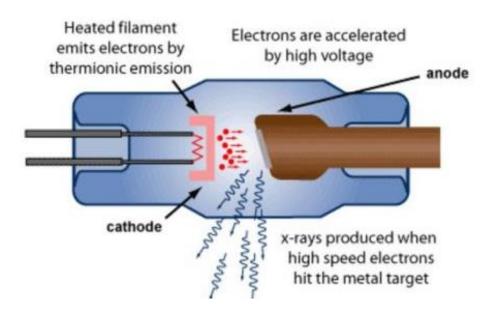


X-ray imaging

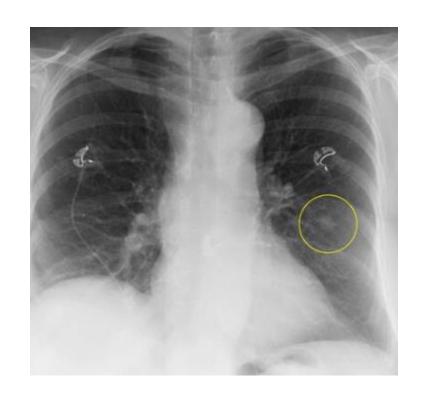
Oldest source of EM radiation which used for imaging

Used in medical diagnosis and astronomy.

Imaging are generated using an X-ray tube.



Chest X-ray image



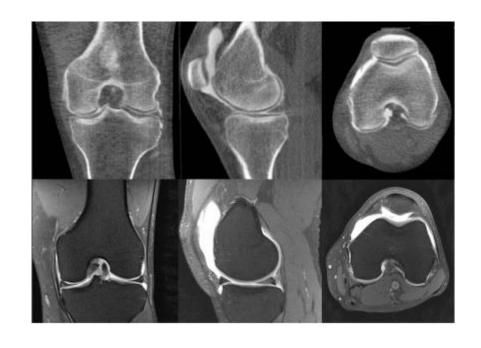
CT imaging

Known as "Computerized Axial Tomography (CAT).

Each CAT image is a slice taken perpendicularly through the patient.

Various slices are generated when he is moved in a longitudinal direction

"A CT scan, is a medical imaging procedure that uses computer-processed combinations of many X-ray measurements taken from different angles to produce cross-sectional images of specific areas of a scanned object, allowing the user to see inside the object without cutting."



Knee joint

Different Types of Tasks

Image acquisition: digitization/quantization, compression, encoding/decoding

Image Enhancement: for improvement of pictorial information for human interpretation, both input and output are in the image form (e.g., the first few application examples above).

Image Understanding and Image Recognition: Input is in image form, but output is some none image representation of the image content, such as description, interpretation, classification, etc.

Pre-processing stage of computer vision of an artificial intelligent system (robots, autonomous vehicles, etc.)

Pre-Processing

Read image - load folders containing images into arrays.

Resize image

Remove noise(Denoise) – used Gaussian blur

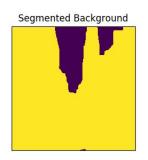
Segmentation

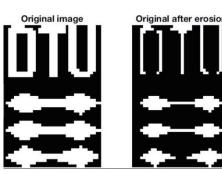
Morphology(smoothing edges)













Corrections

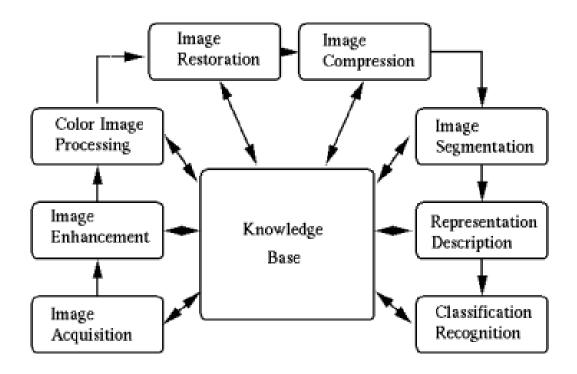
Lighting corrections - histogram equalization

Noise

Geometric corrections - If the entire scene is rotated or taken from the wrong perspective, it may be valuable to correct the geometry prior to feature description.

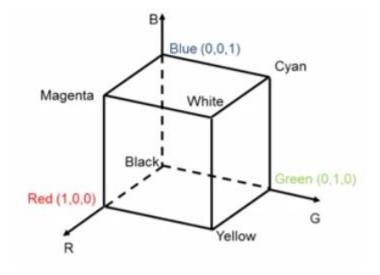
Color corrections - It can be helpful to redistribute color saturation or correct for illumination artifacts in the intensity channel.

Overall idea



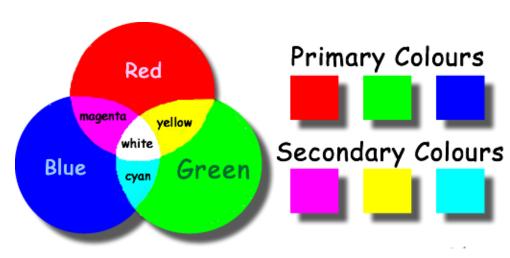
Color Representation

- Very powerful characteristics segmentation, racking, detection
- Primary colors and secondary colors
- Color model
 - RGB model
 - CMY and CMYK model

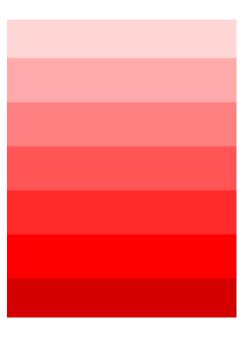


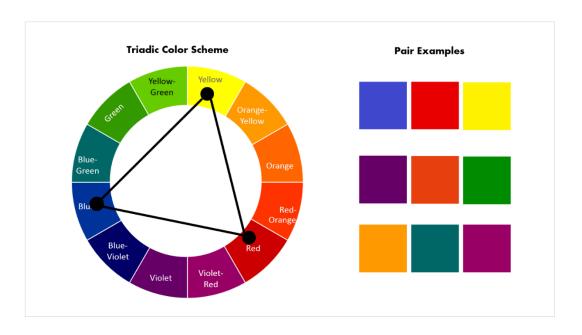






Analogous colors
Complementary colors
Monochromatic colors
Triadic colors
Tetrad colors





Original RGB Image



Red Channel in Red



Green Channel in Green



Blue Channel in Blue

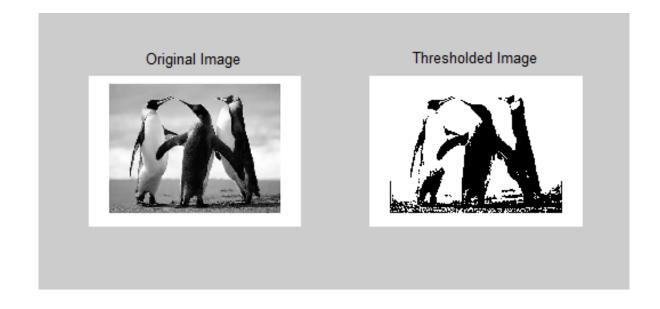


Recombined to Form Original RGB Image Again



Image segmentation

Fixed threshold



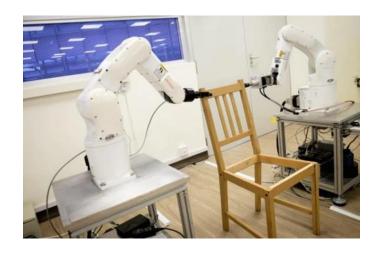
Machine/Robot vision

Machine vision system is a sensor used in the robots for viewing and recognizing an object with the help of a computer. It is mostly used in the industrial robots for inspection purposes. This system is also known as artificial vision or computer vision

Hospital assistant



Assembling a chair

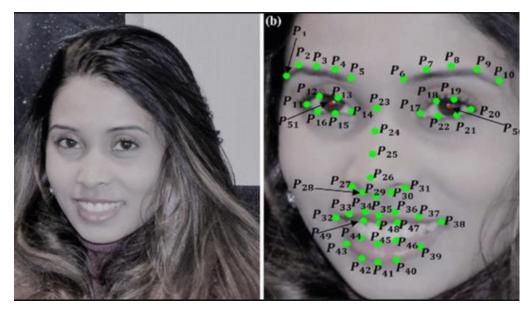


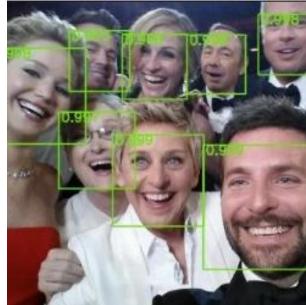
Food delivery



More

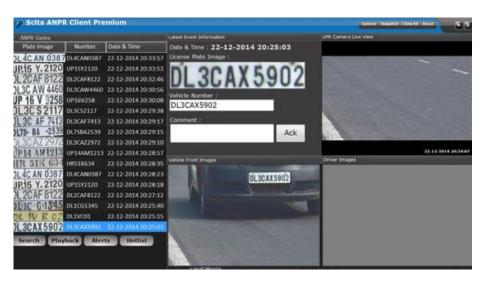


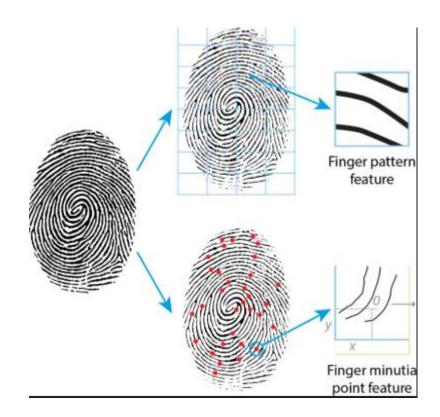


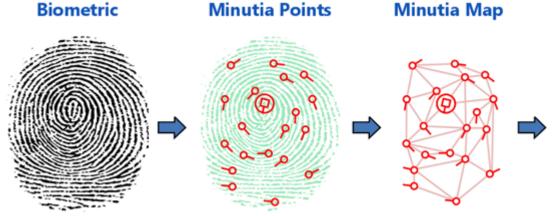




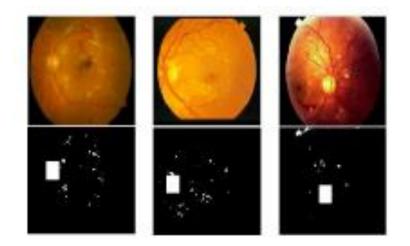




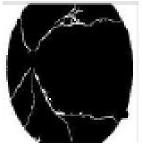


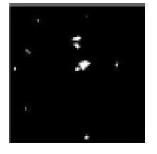


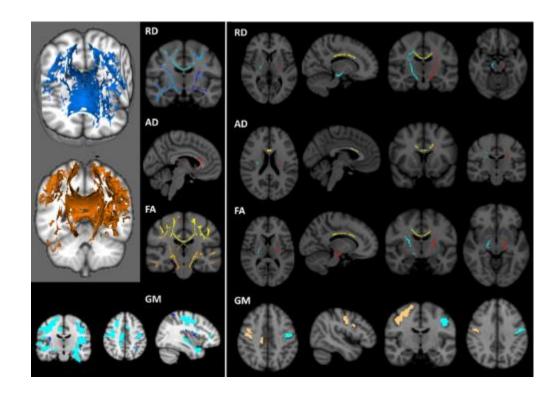
Data Stream



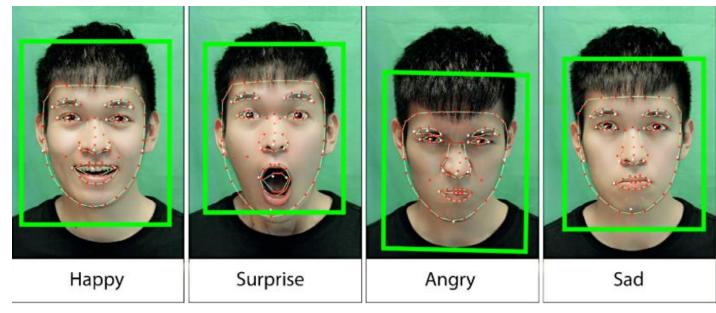




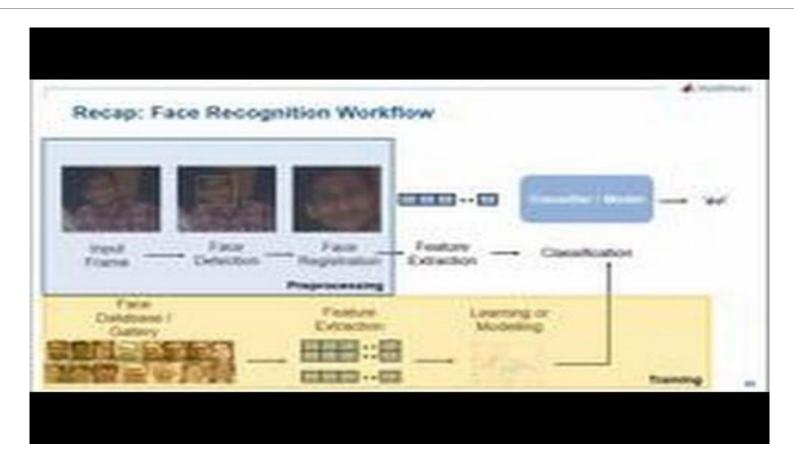




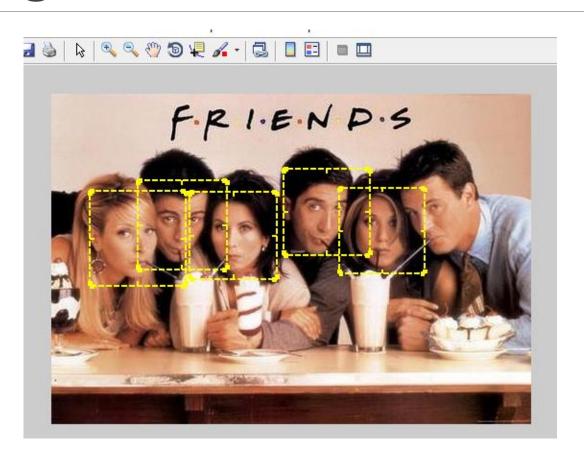




Face Recognition

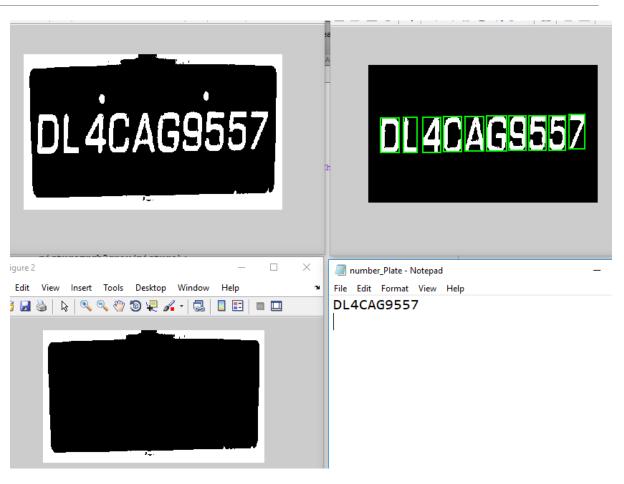


Face Recognition



Number Plate Detection





More examples

https://www.pantechsolutions.net/blog/top-100-image-processing-projects-free-source-code/