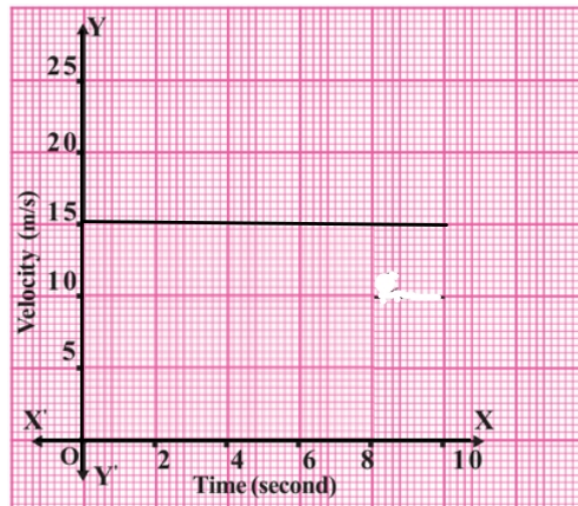


I velocity time graph

1.



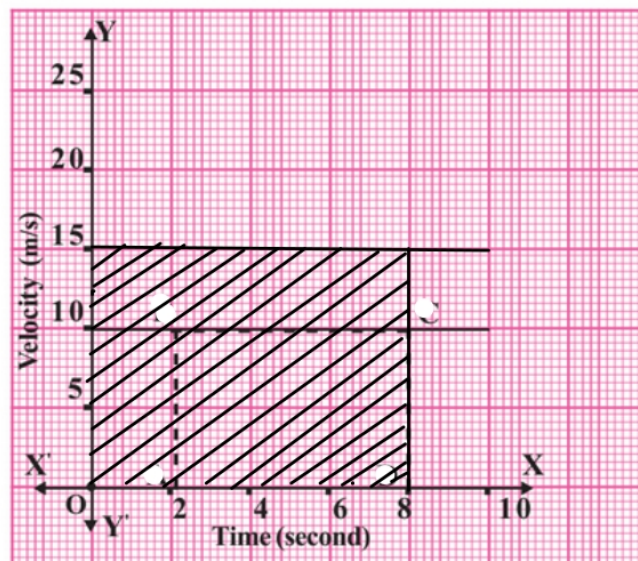
2. Quadrilateral

3. Area = length X width

4 The sides of the quadrilateral thus obtained indicate the velocity of the object and the fixed interval time. Displacement is the product of multiplication between these.

5. Displacement = velocity x time

$$= 15 \times 8 = 120\text{m}$$



II First equation of motion

1. PQRS, trapezium

2. PS

3. QR

4. AQ

5. SR

6. Velocity change of the object during the time interval from t_1 to t_2

$$AQ = v - u$$

7. Acceleration = velocity difference / time

$$= AQ / SR = (v - u) / t$$

$$8. v = u + at$$

III Second equation of motion

$$1. s = \frac{1}{2} SR (PS + QR)$$

$$2. PS = u$$

$$QR = v$$

$$SR = t$$

$$\text{displacement } s = \frac{1}{2} t (u + v)$$

$$3. s = \frac{1}{2} t (u + u + at)$$

$$4. s = \frac{1}{2} t (2u + at)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} t \times 2u + \frac{1}{2} t \times at$$

$$= ut + \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

IV Third motion equation

$$1. s = \frac{1}{2} (v-u) / a (v + u)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (v-u) (v + u) / a$$

$$2. s = (v^2 - u^2) / 2a$$

3. Motion with uniform acceleration