

Alphabet Recognition

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Overview

We used an image <u>DATASET</u> of English alphabets from **Kaggle** and increased its size using data augmentation methods (e.g scale, rotate, flipping). Total images in the final dataset are about 1,500. Split the dataset into **training and testing** in a ratio of **4:1**. Then used Transfer Learning to train the pre-trained CNN model VGG16 on this dataset. <u>link to the project's github repository</u>.

Aim

- 1. Identify the English block alphabet from the testing image dataset.
- 2. Measure accuracy, recall, precision, and F1 score after training.

Architecture

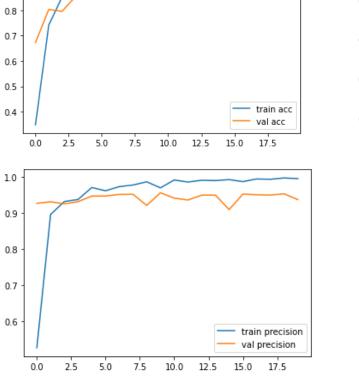
- Custom built model similar to VGG-16 architecture with a dense output layer of 26 neurons (representing the 26 alphabets), Sequential Model is used here.
- Details of each layer used is given here.

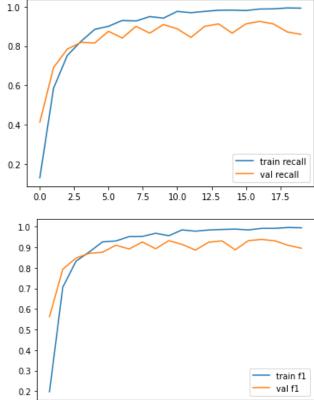
Result

1.0

0.9

- Final accuracy on training dataset is 99.43 and testing dataset is 90.77.
- Other details can be seen from <u>here</u>.





2.5

5.0

7.5

10.0

12.5

15.0

17.5