Theory And Applications of Blockchain

Course Introduction

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

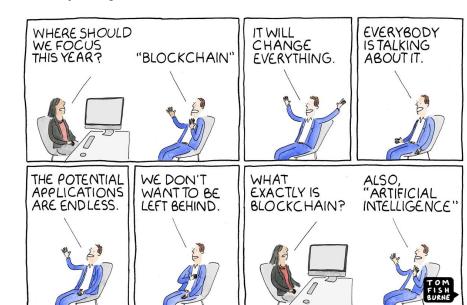


INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY KHARAGPUR

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The Myth Busters

- Blockchain ≠ Bitcoin (or any other cryptocurrencies)
 - If you want to take this course to trade cryptocurrencies, this course is not for you!!
 - We do not want to make any comment on whether Bitcoin is good or whether Bitcoin should be blocked
- Anything and everything in the world cannot be solved using a blockchain
 - Blockchain is good but may not be so "stellar" the way it is projected



Prerequisite for this Course

- Good programming skills
- Good grasp in Data Structures and Algorithms
- Concepts from operating systems
 - Process management
 - Inter-process communication
 - Memory management
 - Resource virtualization
- Concepts from computer networks
 - Network protocol stack
 - Peer to Peer networks
 - Network performance metrics

Then why should you take this course

• To avoid all the hypes and apply Blockchain as a solution at the right place ...

The Myth Busters

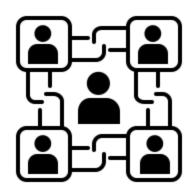
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- Anything and everything in the world cannot be solved using a blockchain
 - Blockchain is good but may not be so "stellar" the way it is projected
- You cannot replace a database with a blockchain
 - Blockchain is not a distributed database
 - Blockchain is not designed to securely store ANY data

Then why should you take this course

• To avoid all the hypes and blockchain as a solution at the right place ...

So, what is the right place?





Then why should you take this course

• To avoid all the hypes and apply Blockchain as a solution at the right place ...

So, what is the right place?



Let's explore the course!!

- Blockchain as a Data Structure
 - How does a blockchain look like?
 - How do we efficiently store data in a blockchain?
 - How can we efficiently manage data insertion in a blockchain? What is the complexity
 of data insertion and searching a data item within a blockchain?

- Blockchain as a Networking Protocol
 - For what types of network architectures, can we design a blockchain-based solution?
 - What different networking protocols are used in blockchain?
 - How does the design of various network protocols impact blockchain performance?
 - How can we optimize the networking architecture to make a blockchain performant?

- Blockchain as a Data Structure
 - How does a blockchain look like?
 - How do we efficiently store data in a blockchain?
 - How can we efficiently manage data insertion in a blockchain? What is the complexity of data insertion and searching a data item within a blockchain?
- Blockchain as a Security Blackbox
 - How do we ensure the security of the data stored in a blockchain?
 - What are the attack models that can be applied on a Blockchain architecture?
 - What level of data security can be ensured with the help of a blockchain?
 - How can we optimize various cryptographic operations to make a Blockchain implementation performant?

- Blockchain as a Networking Protocol
 - For what types of network architectures, can we design a blockchain-based solution?
 - What different networking protocols are used in blockchain?
 - How does the design of various network protocols impact blockchain performance?
 - How can we optimize the networking architecture to make a blockchain performant?

- Blockchain as a Distributed System
 - What happens when some participants in a blockchain-based system starts behaving maliciously?
 - How do we ensure the correctness of blockchain protocols?
 - How do we ensure "safety" and "liveness" of blockchain operations?

- Blockchain as a Programming Framework
 - How can you write a "smart" distributed application on top of blockchain?
 - What are the supported features for such a programming framework?
 - What can and cannot be done with such a programming framework?

- Blockchain as a Programming Framework
 - How can you write a "smart" distributed application on top of blockchain?
 - What are the supported features for such a programming framework?
 - What can and cannot be done with such a programming framework?

- Finally, the Blockchain Applications
 - What are the different types of applications that can be realized with blockchain?
 - What are the different types of applications that cannot be realized with blockchain?

The Different Blockchain Frameworks That We'll Explore





Hyperledger FABRIC



Hyperledger INDY

Ethereum

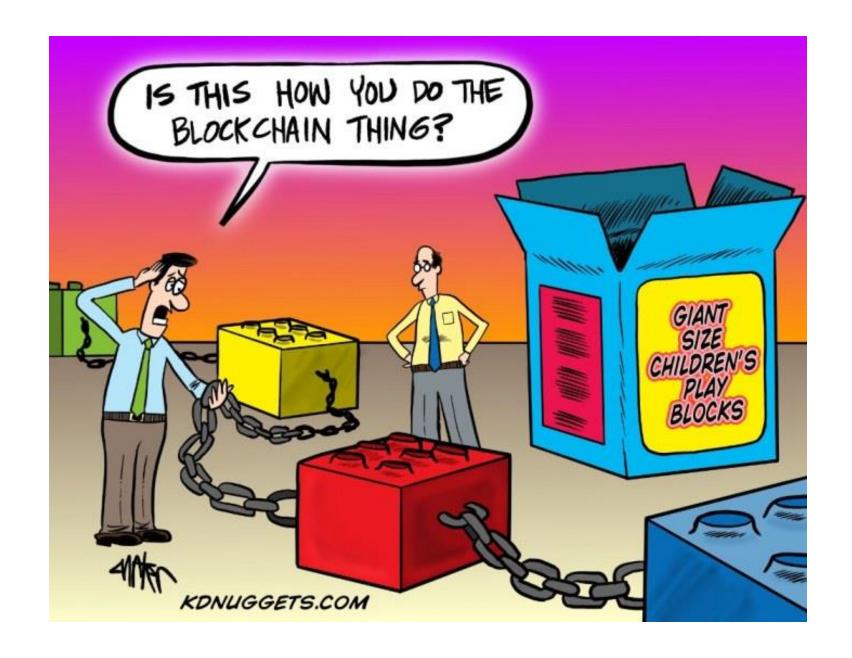
Grading

- 5 Programming Assignments (Covers Tutorials): 50 Marks
 - All the assignments have equal weightage

• Mid-Sem: 30

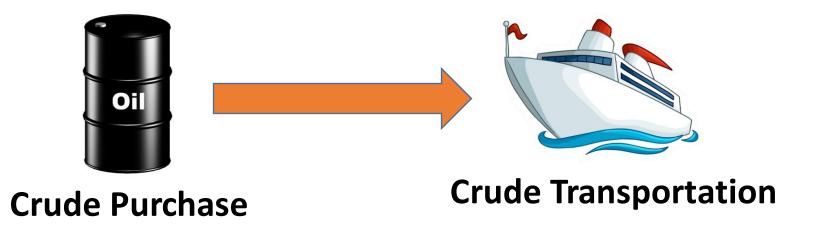
• End-Sem: 30

So, What is a Blockchain?

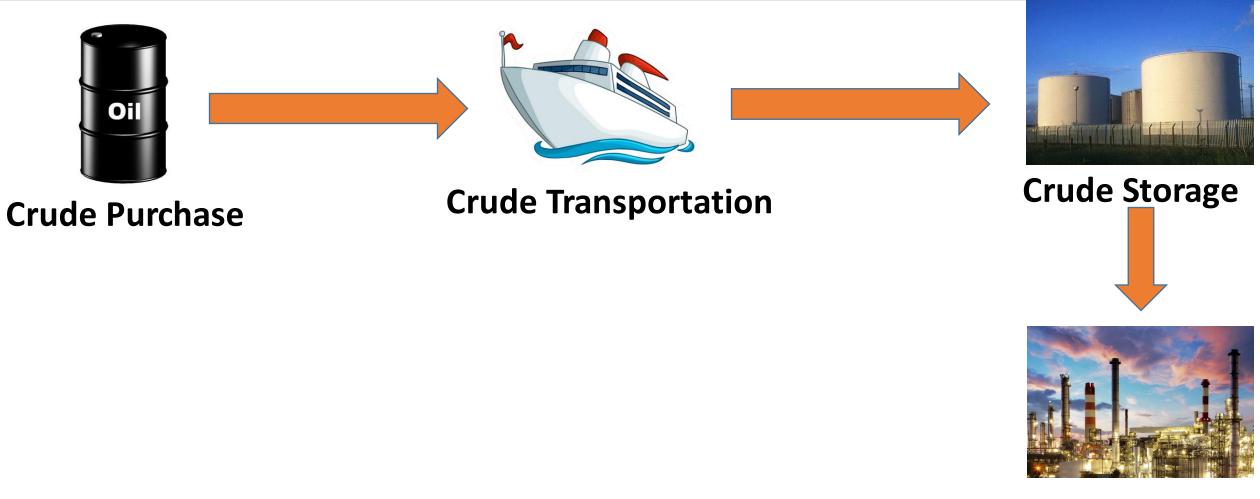




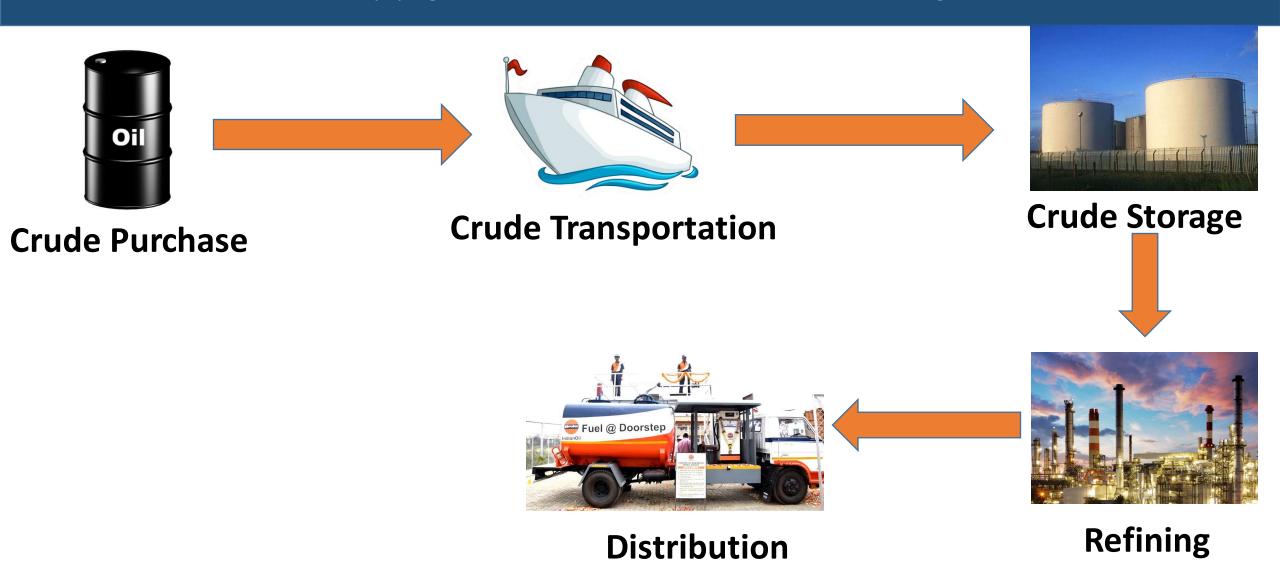


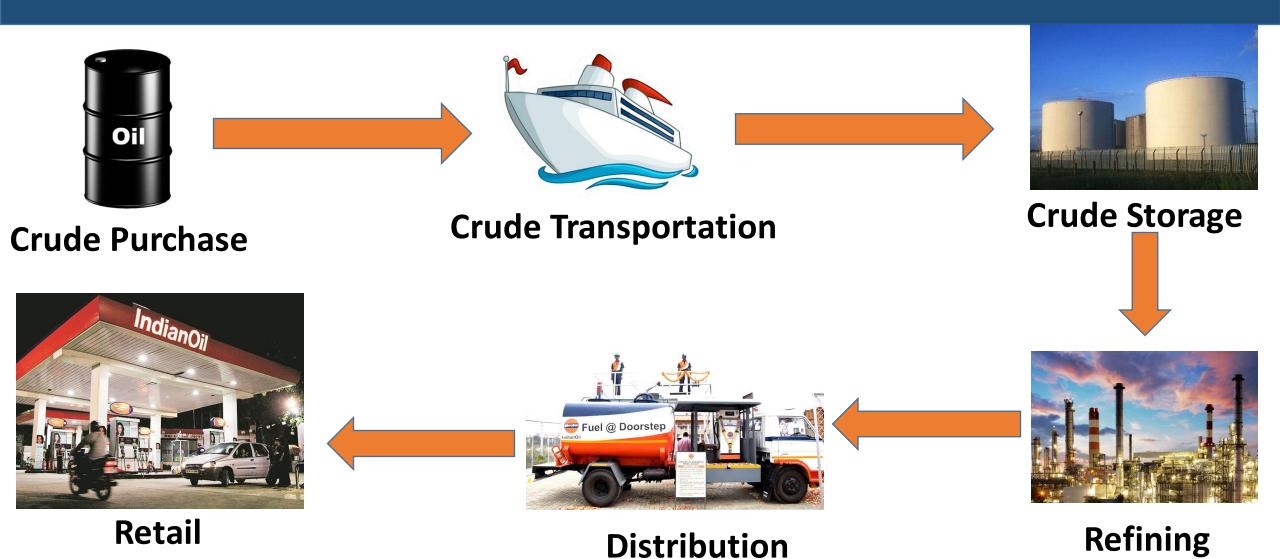






Refining





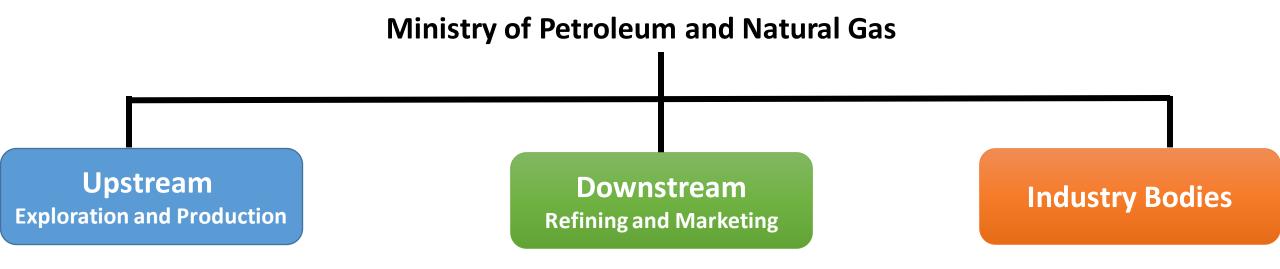
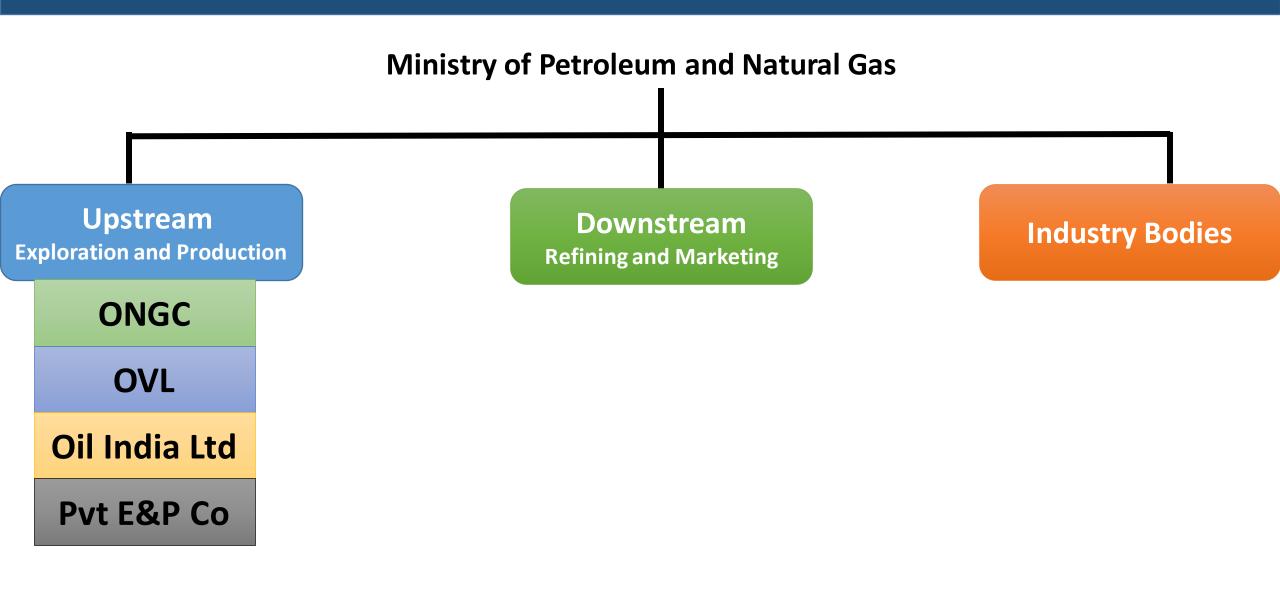
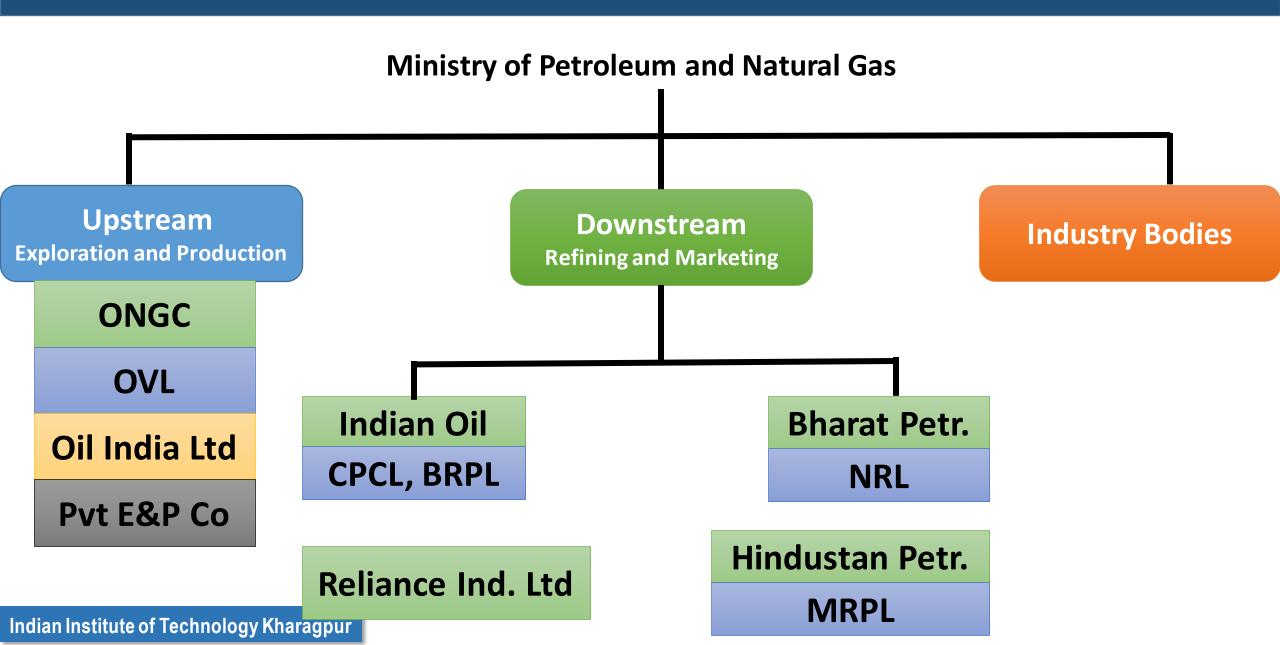


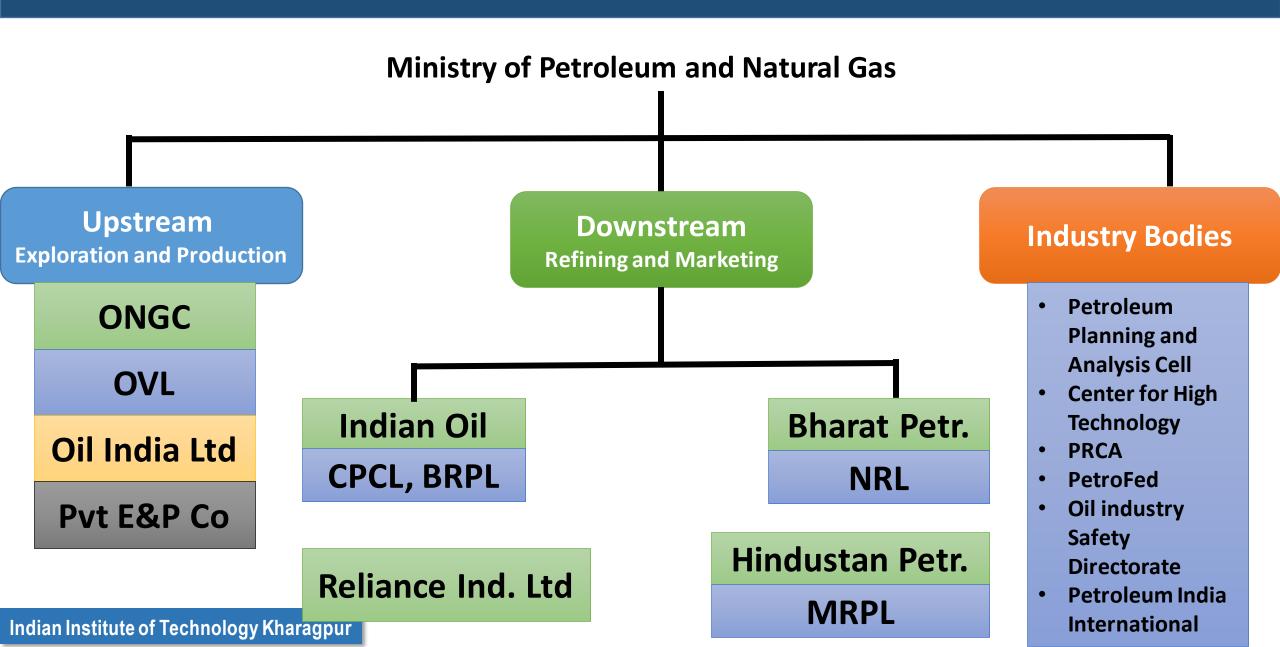
Diagram Source: https://www.slideshare.net/naseer9848/supply-chain-and-logistics-issues-of-crude-oil-in-india



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- Minimization of material procurement
- Maximization of manufacturing capacity and sales
- Meet demand numbers
- Respond quickly to market opportunity by purchasing the production shortfall from other players
- Objective of each production unit would be to maximize the throughput and its margin
- Procurement would purchase the feedstock with not the best yields at lowest cost



Minimization of material procurement



Needs Strong Coordination among the Players

its margin

 Procurement would purchase the feedstock with not the best yields at lowest cost

Minimization of material procurement



How do we obtain Real-time Information from the Stakeholders?

its margin

 Procurement would purchase the feedstock with not the best yields at lowest cost

Minimization of material procurement



How do we obtain Real-time Information from the Stakeholders?

A web-based portal?

iowest cost

Minimization of material procurement



How do we obtain Real-time Information from the Stakeholders? What is the guarantee that the information submitted is correct?

lowest cost

Minimization of material procurement



How do we obtain Real-time Information from the Stakeholders? What is the guarantee that the information submitted is correct? What if someone denies the information later on?

lowest cost

Minimization of material procurement



How do we obtain Real-time Information from the Stakeholders? What is the guarantee that the information submitted is correct? What if someone denies the information later on?

lowest co

Blockchain is the answer!!

How Can We Obtain Real Time Information?













Use a Public Bulletin Board











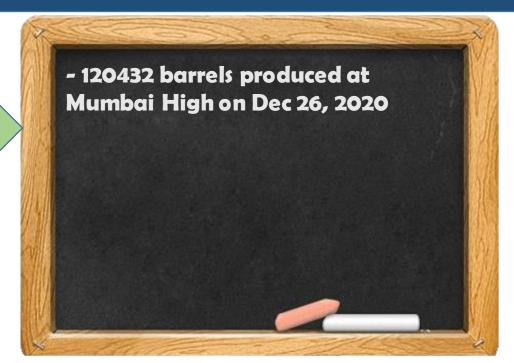




Use a Public Bulletin Board















Use a Public Bulletin Board





- 16467 barrels transported from Mumbai High to HPCL Refinery on Dec 26, 2020 at 2:30 pm







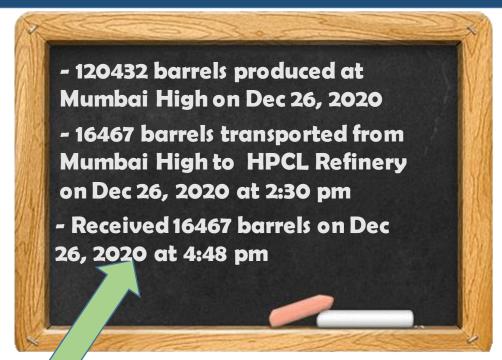




Use a Public Bulletin Board









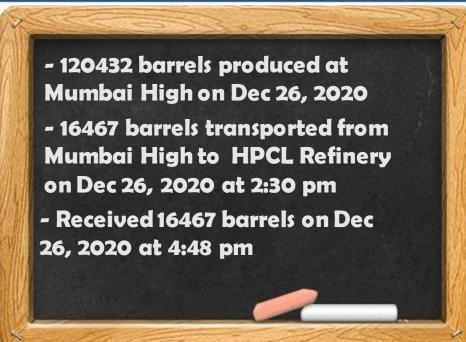








Everyone can see all the logs and verify







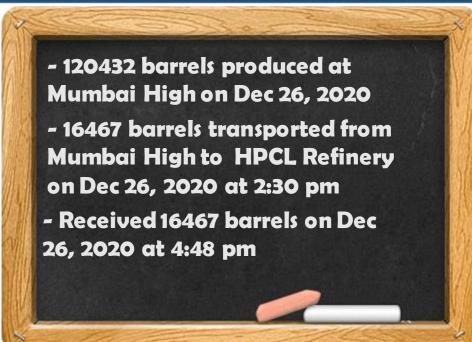






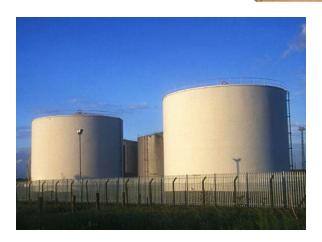


 Any change in information is visible to everyone







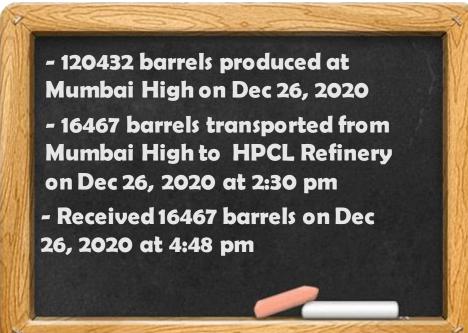






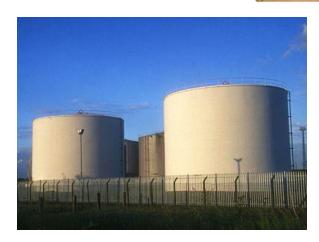


 The board is not erasable, no one can deny later







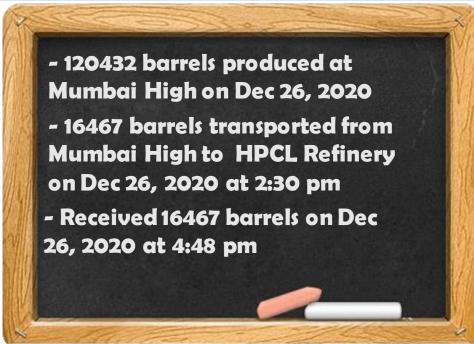








 Simple onestep auditing













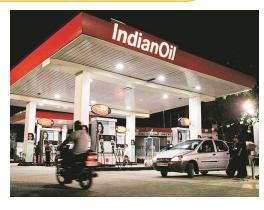


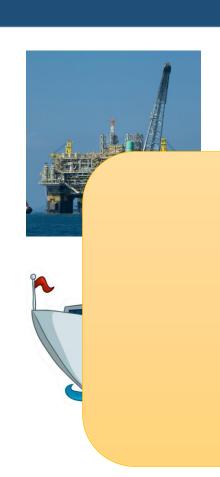
- 120432 barrels produced at Mumbai High on Dec 26, 2020









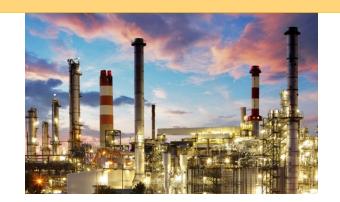


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Who will maintain this bulletin board?

- Buy Cloud from amazon



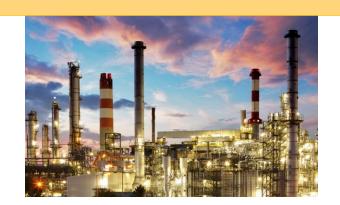






- Buy Cloud from amazon
Who will manage it and provide the cost?





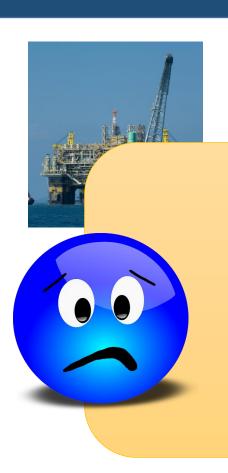


- 120432 barrels produced at Mumbai High on Dec 26, 2020

- Buy Cloud from amazon
- One of the enterprises maintain a private cloud









- Buy Cloud from amazon
- One of the enterprises maintain a private cloud What is the guarantee that it is not a fraud?







- Buy Cloud from amazon
- One of the enterprises maintain a private cloud
- Let everyone maintain the same copy of the board individually and independently







46 467 hours le trousenouted fra



- Buy Cloud from amazon

- One of the enterprises maintain a private cloud

 Let everyone maintain the same copy of the board individually and independently – BUT HOW?







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- Buy Cloud from amazon

- One of the enterprises maintain a private cloud

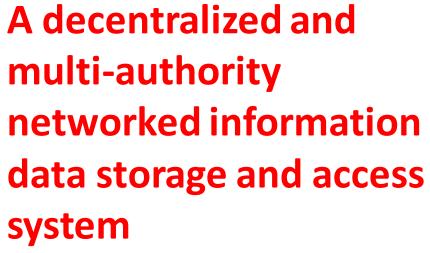
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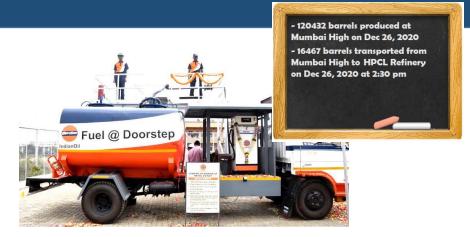




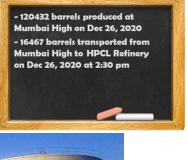
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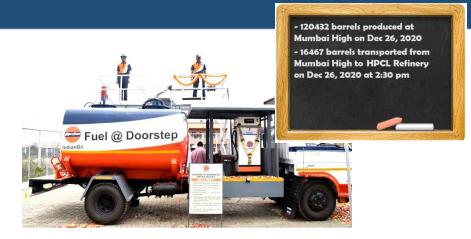


No one is the soleowner of the data, but everyone has a copy of the data there is no central database



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- 120432 barrels produced at
Mumbai High on Dec 26, 2020
- 16467 barrels transported from
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Everyone holds exactly the same copy of the data at the same instance of the time

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An immutable append-only ever-growing chain of data. Data once added cannot be deleted or modified later











An immutable append-only ever-growing chain of data. Data once added cannot be deleted or modified later





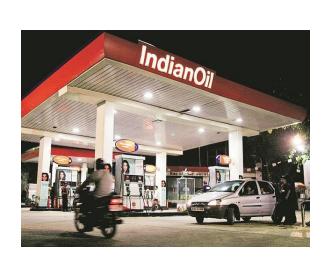






An immutable append-only ever-growing chain of data. Data once added cannot be deleted or modified later







Once something is added in the blockchain, it cannot be denied later











The information is transparent to all - everyone can see what is going on in the system











The information is transparent to all - everyone can see what is going on in the system







No-one can make any change without others to notice it



So, What Can be the Definition of a "Blockchain"

A decentralized immutable append-only public ledger

What's Next?

- Some basics of various crypto techniques
 - Cryptographic Hash
 - Public key cryptography
 - Digital Signature