

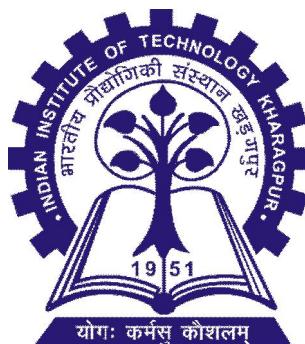
Cryptography and Network Security

(CS60065)

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TUTORIAL: 1
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QUESTION : 1 (The Shift Cipher)

Let $P = C = K = \mathbf{Z}_{26}$, where \mathbf{Z} the set of integers. Consider the key for a Shift Cipher is $K = 11$, and the plaintext is “MEET”. Find the corresponding ciphertext.

$$\text{MEET} - (13, 5, 5, 20) - 1 = (12, 4, 4, 19)$$

$$(23, 15, 15, 4)$$

→ X P P E

QUESTION : 2 (The Substitution Cipher)

Let $P = C = K = \mathbf{Z}_{26}$, where \mathbf{Z} the set of integers. Consider the random permutation for encryption function as follows:

a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	l	m
X	N	Y	A	H	P	O	G	Z	Q	W	B	T
n	o	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z
S	F	L	R	C	V	M	U	E	K	J	D	I

And the ciphertext is “TVVM”. Find the corresponding plaintext.

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The Affine Cipher

Let $P = C = K = \mathbf{Z}_{26}$, and let

$$K = \{(a, b) \in \mathbf{Z}_{26} \times \mathbf{Z}_{26} : \gcd(a, 26) = 1\}.$$

$$a = \{1, 35, 7, 9, 11, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25\}$$

For $K = (a, b) \in K$, define

$$e_K(x) = (ax + b) \bmod 26$$

And $d_K(y) = a^{-1}(y - b) \bmod 26$

where $(x, y) \in \mathbf{Z}_{26}$

affine funcⁿ - $f(n_1, n_2, \dots, n_m) = A_1n_1 + \dots + A_m n_m$

$a^{-1} \rightarrow$ multiplicative inverse.

*Remember modern algebra class,

$$3^{-1} \equiv 9$$

$$7^{-1} \equiv 15$$

QUESTION : 3 (The Affine Cipher)

Suppose that $K = (7, 3)$, i.e., $a = 7$ and $b = 3$. Here all operations are performed in \mathbf{Z}_{26} , where \mathbf{Z} the set of integers. verify that

$$d_K(e_K(x)) = x \text{ for all } x \in \mathbf{Z}_{26}.$$

$$e_K(x) = 7x + 3 \pmod{26}$$

$$d_K(y) = 15(y - 3) \pmod{26}$$

$$\begin{aligned} d_K(e_K(x)) &= 7x(15x + 3) \pmod{26} \\ &= x \pmod{26} = x \end{aligned}$$

QUESTION : 4 (The Affine Cipher)

Suppose that $K = (7, 3)$, i.e., $a = 7$ and $b = 3$. Here all operations are performed in Z_{26} , where Z the set of integers. Now, encrypt the plaintext “MEET” by using the concept of Affine Cipher.

$$M E E T = [2, 4, 4, 19]$$

$$e_a(z) = 87, 31, 31, 136$$

$$e_b(z) = 9, 5, 5, 6$$

J F F G

QUESTION : 5 (The Vigenere Cipher)

Suppose that K = “POINT”. Now, encrypt the plaintext “SOUTH EAST” by using the concept of ~~Affine~~ Cipher.

POINT - 15, 14, 8, 13, 19

SOUTH EA ST -
+ 15 14 8 13 19 15 14 8 13
 $(K) = 26^m$

QUESTION : 6 (The One-time Pad)

Suppose we encrypt the name “point” with a one-time pad (consider the length of the keyword is 5). To break the ciphertext by brute force attack, find the number of computations you need.

$$(26)^5$$

The Playfair Cipher

Suppose Key = ‘tutorials’, then 5 x 5 grid is as follows:

T	U	O	R	I/J
A	L	S	B	C
D	E	F	G	H
K	M	N	P	Q
V	W	X	Y	Z

We want to encrypt the message “hide money”.

It will be written as – HI DE MO NE YZ

The encrypted Message is -- QC EF NU MF ZV

QUESTION : 7 (The Playfair Cipher)

Find the security value of the Playfair Cipher.

25 x 25 how ???

QUESTION : 8 (The Simple Transposition Cipher)

Suppose the secret random key is “five”, and the plaintext is “golden statue is in eleventh cave”. Determine the ciphertext.

QUESTION : 9 (The Permutation Cipher)

Suppose key = 6 and the key is the permutation for encryption is

x	1	2	3	4	5	6
$\pi(x)$	3	5	1	6	4	2

Determine the plaintext for the ciphertext:

EESLSH|SALSES|LSHBLEHSYEETHRAEOS