

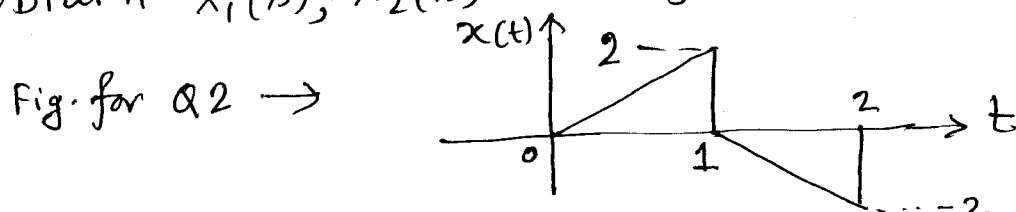
Tutorial

- (Q1) Find out the L.T of each of the time domain functions.
 (a) $t \cos t u(t)$ (b) $t \sin t u(t)$ (c) $e^{-t} t \cos t u(t)$ (d) $e^{-t} t \sin t u(t)$

- (Q2) The L.T of the time domain function $x(t)$ shown in the following figure has the form:

$$X(s) = X_1(s) + X_2(s)e^{-s} + X_3(s)e^{-2s}$$

Where $X_1(s)$, $X_2(s)$ and $X_3(s)$ are rational functions.
 Obtain $X_1(s)$, $X_2(s)$ and $X_3(s)$



- (Q3) Find the inverse L.T of each of the following functions.

(a) $\frac{s^3}{(s+2)(s+3)(s+4)}$

(b) $\frac{3s^2 + 2s + 2}{(s+2)^2(s+3)}$

(c) $\frac{(4s^2 - 3s + 5)}{s(s^2 + 2s + 5)}$

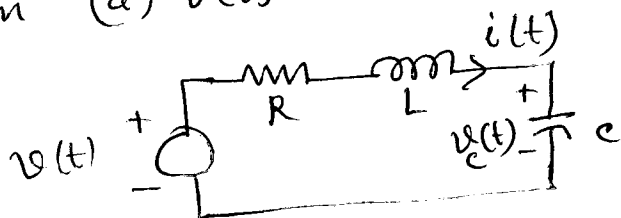
- (Q4) Find the inverse L.T of the following partial-fraction expansions

(a) $X(s) = \frac{j1}{s+1+j1} - \frac{j1}{s+1-j1} - \frac{1}{(s+1+j1)^2} - \frac{1}{(s+1-j1)^2}$

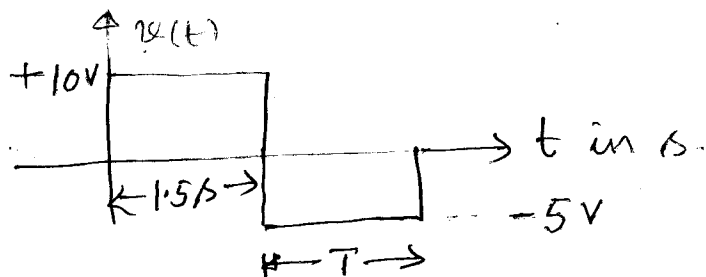
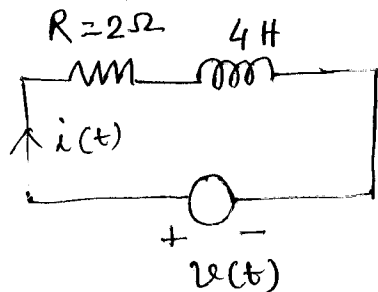
(b) $X(s) = \frac{j1}{(s-j)^2} - \frac{j1}{(s+j)^2}$

- (Q5) For the R-L-C network with $R=1\Omega$, $C=1F$ & $L=\frac{1}{2}H$, Calculate $v_c(t)$ and $i(t)$ assuming all initial conditions relaxed.

When (a) $v(t) = u(t)$ volts (b) $v(t) = t u(t)$ volts.



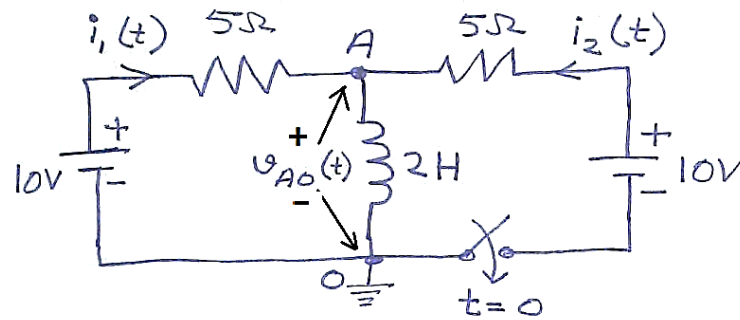
Q6



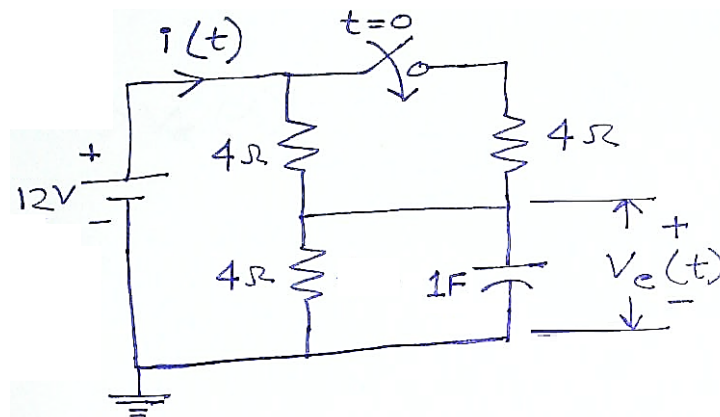
Use L.T to find out $i(t)$ for the following cases and sketch it, ~~for the~~ ~~for~~

- (a) $T = 4\text{ s}$ & $i(0^-) = 0$
- (b) $T = 1\text{ s}$ & $i(0^-) = 0$
- (c) $T = 2\text{ s}$ & $i(0^-) = 1\text{ A}$

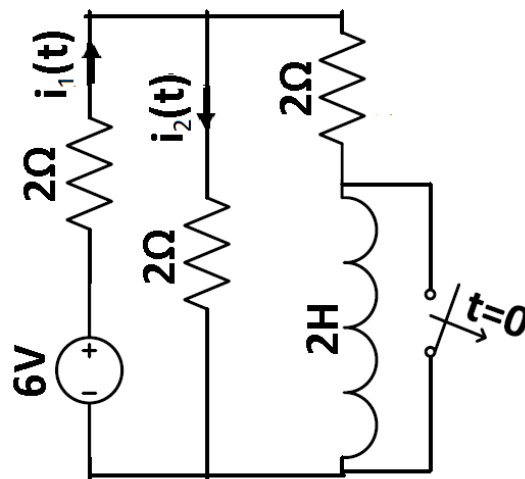
Q7 Repeat problem Q6 when $R = 0$.

QUESTION 8:

The switch was closed at $t = 0$. Before that the circuit was already in a steady state. Using circuit analysis in Laplace domain, find the expression for the voltage $v_{AO}(t)$ and current $i_2(t)$ for $t \geq 0$.

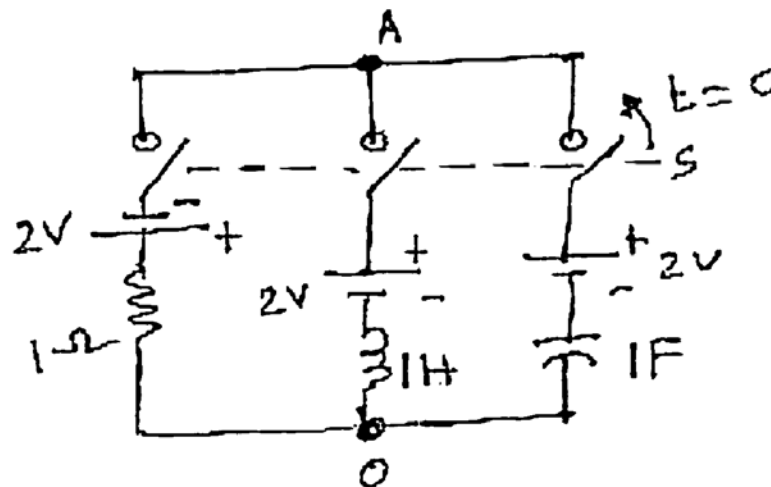
QUESTION 9:

The switch was closed at $t = 0$. Before that the circuit was already in a steady state. Using circuit analysis in Laplace domain, find the expression for the capacitor voltage $v_c(t)$ and current $i(t)$ for $t \geq 0$.

QUESTION 10:

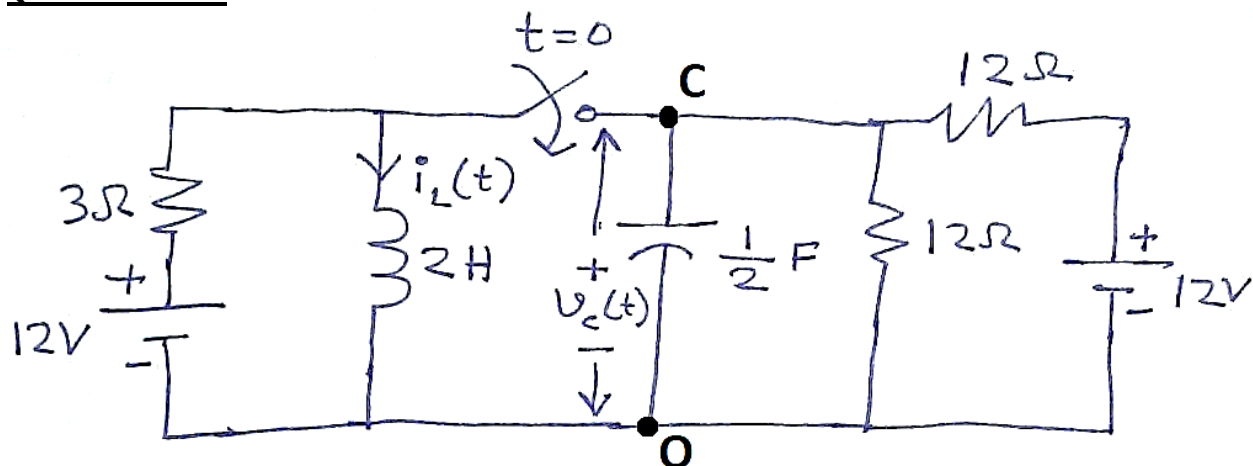
The switch was **opened** at $t = 0$. Before that the circuit was already in a steady state. (Assume the inductor has a very low amount of resistance but the switch has much lower resistance)
Using circuit analysis in Laplace domain, find the expression for the current $i_1(t)$ and $i_2(t)$ for $t \geq 0$.

QUESTION 11:



All switches were closed at $t = 0$ together. Before that the capacitor was uncharged.
Using circuit analysis in Laplace domain, find the expression for the voltage $v_{AO}(t)$ and capacitor voltage $v_c(t)$ for $t \geq 0$.

QUESTION 12:



The switch was closed at $t = 0$. Before that the circuit was already in a steady state.
Using circuit analysis in Laplace domain, find the expression for the voltage $v_c(t)$ and current $i_L(t)$ for $t \geq 0$.
(Hint: You may use nodal analysis at node C in Laplace domain for ease of calculation)