# MeTime

www.nischaalc.github.io/MeTime/

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### **Project Description**

MeTime helps you plan out your week based on events in your calendar, automatically generating study and practice times for Classes and Goals you add to help you keep your grades up, while still keeping your free time in mind. MeTime has three components, an Android app, a Web app and a Web Server. Although we do not use a persistence server, data for the app is drawn directly from Google Calendar and any updates by the user are added to Google Calendar.

#### **Project Features**

Add Events, Goals and Classes to your calendar through the MeTime Web app or Android app. When a Goal or Class is added, MeTime will automatically generate times for studying or practicing for that Goal/Class based on the priority that you assign to it. The higher the priority, the more study/practice sessions will be generated and added to your calendar.

#### **Usage**

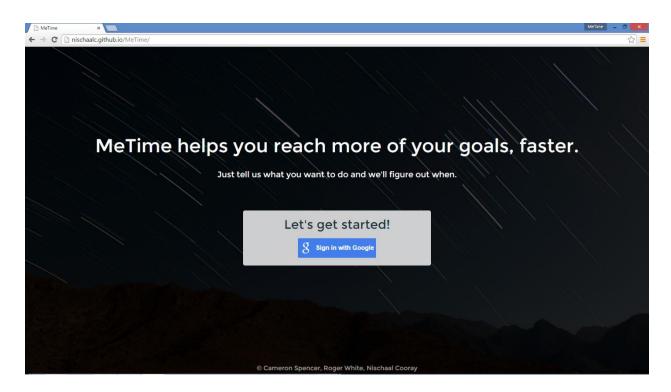
MeTime is simple to use. Revolving around three core items, all you have to do is add one of the three and MeTime does the rest. When adding a class, simply enter the name, start time, end time, priority and the days of the week it recurs and the class will be added to your calendar for those days at the specified time. The same applies for Events. When adding a Goal, you only need to specify the name and priority of the Goal and MeTime will find free times in your calendar for items to be added to. Similarly, when a Class is added, MeTime determines the best study times for you based on the priority that you assigned to the class, adding these study times to your calendar in order to best fit your schedule.

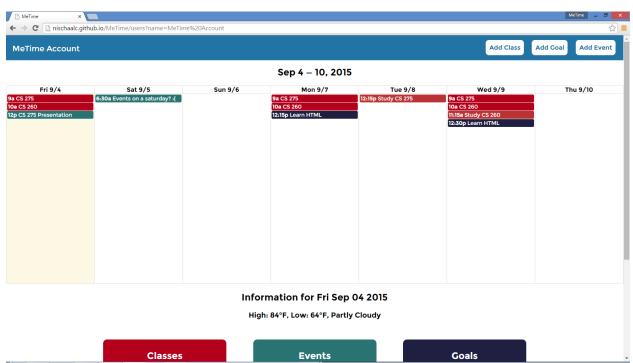
MeTime displays events for the next 7 days in both the web and Android apps, giving you a good look at what is coming up for your day and week and giving you the opportunity to plan around any study sessions and goal practice that may be coming up.

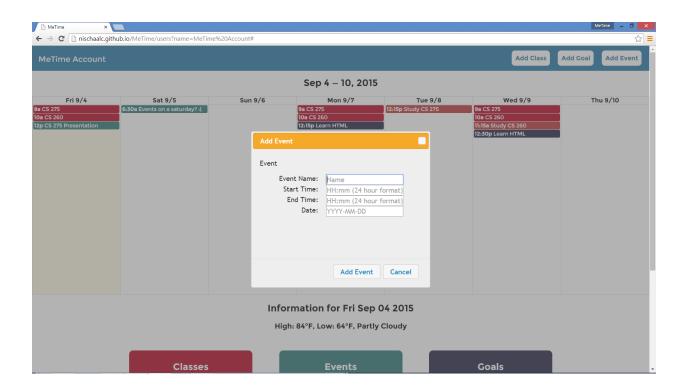
## **Design and Implementation**

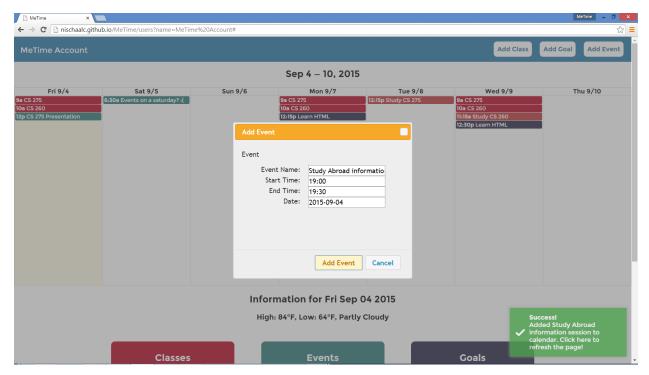
Our design principle for MeTime was relatively straightforward and simple. We wanted an app that was user friendly, while also being informative and useful, with the user having to do as little work as possible.

For the web app, this was accomplished through the use of various libraries that made it easy for us to display information to the user in a condensed, concise form, while allowing the user to interact with the on screen components in order to get more information if required. We used jQuery, Toastr and FullCalendar in order to provide this experience to the user.

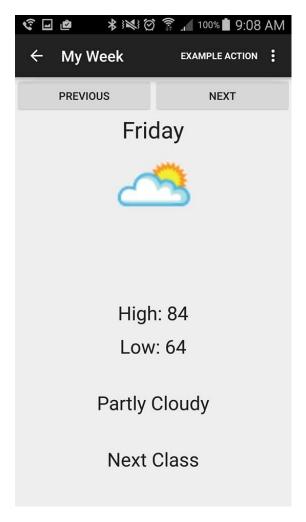


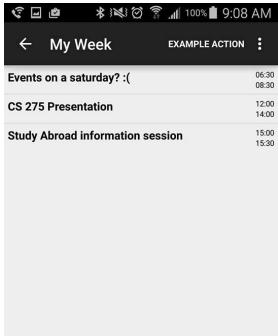


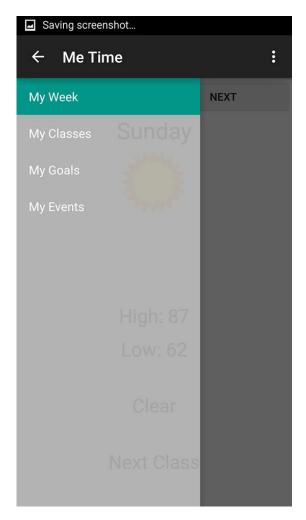


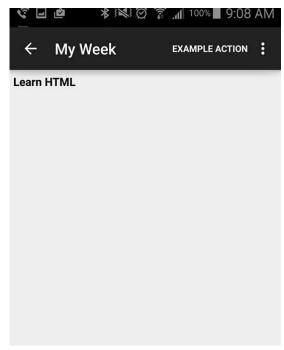


For the Android app, our design remained simple. The user is presented with a few different views to interact with and view items on their calendar.









Implementation of the web app was relatively simple since we all had experience with web development before and the use of the various external libraries listed above removed the necessity to implement certain features as they were already provided by said libraries.

Implementing the server was a more difficult task as none of us had any experience with running a server. We chose to go with Python and as our server side language, due to its power, simplicity and numerous libraries that we could use to enhance the features that we were providing to the user. Both the web and android apps rely on the server to do all the processing required by each component. As a result, the only processing happening in the web and android apps are to allow the user to view their calendar items and to add items to the calendar as they desire.

The server is powered by Python and runs a Flask instance on Heroku. We chose Heroku due to it's ease of use, since it runs code that you commit to a Git repository and Flask was the best available option to run a Python server. The server does all the processing required by the apps, ranging from determining which dates and times to add study/practice sessions to returning a list of all events on the users calendar.

#### **Development Log**

- Issue Server was unable to interpret POST requests due to CORS issue.
  - Fix Implemented Flask CORS fix found on the Flask website.
- **Issue** Android app unable to make POST requests to the server. Server returns 500 error, however the web app works as expected for the same data.
  - **Fix** As of September 4<sup>th</sup>, no fix has been found. We are unsure if this is a server related issue or Android related issue.
- **Issue** Times that items are added sometimes do not take time zone into account and will be added to the calendar as UTC times, which causes the web app to display them 4 hours earlier than they are meant to be. The android app displays the same events at the correct times.
  - **Fix** Most likely an issue with the web app JavaScript for parsing the DateTime object returned by the server. No fix has been implemented yet.
- Issue Parsing POST request sent to the server.
  - **Fix** Had to look up Flask REST guidelines and various Stack Overflow posts in order to get the POST endpoint working as expected.
- Issue Making sure a study/practice event wasn't added at the same time as an existing item.
  - **Fix** Used Python's datetime library to compare the dates and times for each item before adding them to the calendar.
- Issue Our day of the week viewer always displayed Saturday as the current day
  - **Fix** Call to Calendar's DAY\_OF\_WEEK returned 7 every time it was called (messing up our day of the week view). The initialization was in the wrong place

- Issue The animations for the day of the week viewer, by default would only animated in from the left and out to the right (made it awkward when using previous and having the animation appear to be going to the next element)
  - **Fix** Created our own XML files in animation that would animate in from the right and out from to the right
- Issue In each day view when High and Low temperature TextViews were placed side by side, they would not be updated after the information from Wunderground was received
  - **Fix** I was unable to get the TextViews to work side by side so I placed them one over the other and it worked
- Issue Sending a POST request from the app to the server
  - **Fix** \*unable to fix\* The server would successfully receive the request, but would then through a 500 error, meaning the server encountered an unexpected condition that prevented it from executing the request after comparing the request from the website (Website POST is working), there did not seem to be any difference. More time would be needed to debug exactly what is going wrong here.
- Issue Difficulty running Async Tasks inside Activity Fragments.
  - **Fix** Using more activities and running async tasks in Main Activities.
- **Issue** Gesture Listener for swipe navigation interfered with onClick listener.
  - **Fix** Decided to use button navigation.