unable to find new object create with kmem_cache_create() in /proc/slabinfo

* stackoverflow.com/questions/24858424/unable-to-find-new-object-create-with-kmem-cache-create-in-proc-slabinfo

Ask Question

I have written a simple kernel module which allocates objects using the slab layer. This module uses kernel API's (kmem_cache_{create, alloc, free}). The version of the kernel I am working on 3.15.4-200.

Though, my code works as expected with no issues, I am unable to see the new object/slab "my cache" created using kmem_cache_create()) when I grep /proc/slabinfo. The objects created are a simple list of objects, being inserted or removed from the list.

Note: My module works fine with no issues. I can view the slab creating under,

```
mycache = kmem_cache_create("my_cache",
                 sizeof(struct mystruct),
                0, SLAB_HWCACHE_ALIGN, NULL);
if (mycache == NULL)
```

/sys/kernel/slab/my_cache, but not in /proc/slabinfo or vmstat -m or slabtop

```
return -ENOMEM;
$ sudo cat /sys/kernel/slab/my_cache/objects
49108 N0=49108
$ sudo cat /sys/kernel/slab/my_cache/object_size
64
$ sudo cat /sys/kernel/slab/my_cache/order
$ sudo cat /sys/kernel/slab/my_cache/aliases
$ sudo cat /sys/kernel/slab/my_cache/cache_dma
$ sudo cat /sys/kernel/slab/my_cache/slab_size
$ sudo cat /sys/kernel/slab/my_cache/trace
$ sudo cat /sys/kernel/slab/my_cache/validate
$ sudo cat /sys/kernel/slab/my_cache/total_objects
49920 N0=49920
```

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2 Answers 2

kmem_cache_create usually tries to merge this cache with other caches. So for example if it found another cache for the same size with the same properties (slab is going to be poisoned, etc) it will just use this cache instead of creating a new cache.

If you really want to make sure that it'll definitely create a new cache for you (= appear in slabinfo), you can always pass a valid constructor to *kmem_cache_create*. Something like this:

A constructor is usually called for every object allocation from this cache.

answered Jul 21 '14 at 18:33



KarimRaslan

17316

up vote 4 down vote accepted

passing the additional flag **SLAB_POISON** solves the issue.

<u>from link SLAB_POISON</u> - Poison the slab with a known test pattern (a5a5a5a5) to catch references to uninitialised memory.

answered Jul 21 '14 at 10:01



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