New proc entry under /proc/[pid]

Iists.kernelnewbies.org/pipermail/kernelnewbies/2011-January/000475.html

Mauro Romano Trajber trajber at gmail.com

Wed Jan 12 13:58:14 EST 2011

```
Yes, /\text{proc}/[\text{pid}] handling is diferent and your solution is perfect just for the other proc directories.
```

Informations under [pid] directories are about tasks (processes), and most of this information is represented by task_struct structure (defined in include/linux/sched.h).

```
in include/linux/sched.h).
I think one easy way to solve this problem is:
In include/linux/sched.h file
1 - add a new element in task_struct structure.
struct task_struct {
int my_value;
        . . . . . . .
In fs/proc/base.c file
1 - Create a new entry in static pid_entry tgid_base_stuff[] array.
e.g. ONE("MY_FILE", S_IRUSR, proc_pid_my_file),
2 - Create a callback function that will be invoked when the new proc entry
is accessed (*task_struct is passed to this function).
static int proc_pid_my_file(struct seq_file *m, struct pid_namespace *ns,
struct pid *pid, struct task_struct *task)
seq_printf(m, "%s %d\n", "here we go....", task->my_value);
return 0;
}
Use the task struct as usual:
struct task_struct *task;
 task = pid_task(find_vpid(1), PIDTYPE_PID);
I don't know if it is the best solution, but it seems it worked.
If anyone know a more easy or correct solution please let me know.
Thanks again,
Mauro Romano Trajber
On Wed, Jan 12, 2011 at 7:41 AM, Rajat Sharma < fs.rajat at gmail.com > wrote:
> yes you are right, it gives NULL for <pid> directories under proc but
> I tried changing pid to something else, say /proc/sys and it works.
> Looks like handling of pid directories is entirely different. I didn't
> get time to explore on that, will have to dig more into this.
```

```
> Rajat
> On Wed, Jan 12, 2011 at 12:50 AM, Mauro Romano Trajber
> < trajber at gmail.com > wrote:
> > Following your recommendations parent->pde always returns NULL. You know
> why
> > ?
> > // code...
> > err = kern_path("/proc/1/", LOOKUP_FOLLOW, &path);
> > if (err) {
> > return err;
> > }
> > struct proc_inode *parent = PROC_I(path.dentry->d_inode);
> > struct proc_dir_entry *parent_dir = parent->pde;
> > if (parent_dir == NULL) {
> > printk("parent_dir is NULL\n");
> > } else {
> > create_proc_entry("SOMEFile", 0644, parent_dir);
> > }
> >
> > Mauro!
>> On Tue, Jan 11, 2011 at 4:39 AM, Rajat Sharma <fs.rajat at gmail.com>
> wrote:
> >>
> >> Try this:
>>> 1. do a path_lookup for parent proc dir e.g. /proc/1234 and get its
> inode.
>>> 2. get proc_inode structure for parent from vfs inode like this:
              sruct proc_inode *parent = PROC_I(inode).
> >>
>>> PROC_I is defined in proc_fs.h
>>> 3. get parent proc_dir_entry object:
              struct proc_dir_entry *parent_dir = parent->pde;
> >>
> >> 4. now you can call:
             create_proc_entry("SOME file", 0644, parent_dir);
> >>
> >> 5. or you can create a directory if you want:
             proc_mkdir("your dir", parent_dir);
> >>
> >>
> >> hope this helps.
> >>
> >> Rajat
> >>
> >> On Tue, Jan 11, 2011 at 12:19 AM, Mauro Romano Trajber
> >> <<u>trajber at gmail.com</u>> wrote:
>>>> I think I found:
>>> static const struct pid_entry tgid_base_stuff[] at fs/proc/base.c has
> >> > all
>>> > /proc/[pid] entries.
>>> > But unfortunately it does not use create_proc_entry function, and I'm
> >> > trying
>>> > to create a new syscall that creates a new proc_entry for the caller
> >> > process.
>>> Adding a new element in tgid_base_stuff[] makes the things more
>>> > complicated
>>> than simply call a create_proc_entry function.
>>> > Is there another way to do it ?
>>> > Mauro Romano Trajber
```

```
> >> >
>>> On Mon, Jan 10, 2011 at 3:18 PM, Mauro Romano Trajber
>>> < <trajber at gmail.com>
> >> > wrote:
> >> >>
>>> >> How can I create a new proc entry under /proc/[pid] ?
>>> >> I using create_proc_entry("SOME_FILE", 0644, NULL /* here goes the
> pid
>>> >> proc entry */);
>>>> Is there any way to get PID directory as a parent proc entry ? How ?
> >> Thanks,
> >> Mauro
> >> >
> >> > _
>>>> Kernelnewbies mailing list
>>>> <u>Kernelnewbies at kernelnewbies.org</u>
>>>> <a href="http://lists.kernelnewbies.org/mailman/listinfo/kernelnewbies">http://lists.kernelnewbies.org/mailman/listinfo/kernelnewbies</a>
> >> >
> >> >
> >
> >
----- next part -----
An HTML attachment was scrubbed...
URL:
http://lists.kernelnewbies.org/pipermail/kernelnewbies/attachments/20110112/3722a578/a
ttachment.html
```

More information about the Kernelnewbies mailing list