



Final report

SCS-2202 - Group project I

Group 3

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1. Introduction

1.1. Domain description

This project addresses the significant challenge of managing cases efficiently within legal teams and the difficulties that legal professionals face when performing research related to the case.

Legal professionals often struggle with case management systems that are not collaborative, and it hinders case tracking and their actual potential. This type of fragmented management also leads to inefficiencies and errors.

The system is designed to streamline these processes by integrating client information management, case tracking, document management, etc... It also includes advanced features such as legal citation queries, robust search capabilities, etc...

By addressing the gap in current legal technology, this project empowers lawyers to focus more on their legal work and less on administrative tasks, ultimately leading to better client outcomes.

1.2. Current system and limitations

In Sri Lanka, many legal professionals rely on manual systems, such as notebooks, diaries, and physical files to manage cases. They use handwritten notes or word processing and spreadsheet software to track case details, client information, court dates, and legal documents. This method is highly inefficient, and information is scattered everywhere.

In addition , for the legal professional to conduct legal research based on their case, they must go through physical files and documents, which is time consuming and exhaustive. These problems must be digitalized to make it efficient.

While digital case management systems are increasingly common in other countries, Sri Lanka doesn't have this technological shift. Our system addresses all these issues.

Features	Current manual method in Sri Lanka	International tools	Our software
Case related details	Marked in diaries, notebooks or word processing software	Systemized in software	Systemized in software
Communication methods	Using WhatsApp or other messaging applications	Unavailable	Integrated into the system
Access legal citations	Manual research through physical documents or online documents without filtering options	Systemized in software	Systemized in software with advanced filter and searching options
Payment management	Cash or cheque payments	Integrated payment gateway	Integrated payment gateway
Schedule Management	Managed in diaries or google calendars	Integrated calendar	Integrated calendar

1.3. Goals and objectives

The main goal of the project is to develop a comprehensive and secure legal case management system that organizes the management of legal cases for lawyers in Sri Lanka and makes it highly efficient by replacing manual systems with a digital solution. The system plans to improve collaboration, efficiency, ensure data security, and provide better outcomes for both legal professionals and their clients.

1. Centralize Case Management:

A centralized platform where all case-related information, including client details, legal documents, court dates, and case statuses, can be easily accessed and managed.

2. Enhance Collaboration:

Features that allow collaboration among the legal teams.

3. Ensure Data Security:

Data encryption and user-level permissions to protect sensitive legal information.

4. Automate Manual Processes:

Automate tasks such as scheduling and deadline tracking to reduce the reliance on manual processes and minimize the risk of errors.

5. Improve Accessibility:

Mobile-responsive system that is accessible from various devices.

6. Enhance Client Interaction:

Communication channels in the system to improve client interactions.

7. Support Legal Research:

Advanced search and query functions that allow legal professionals to quickly find and reference legal citations and other relevant case law.

8. Promote User-Friendly Design:

Ensure that the system is easy to use, with a user-friendly interface.

1.4. Process re-engineered

This project involves re-engineering the traditional legal case management process used by legal professionals in Sri Lanka. Instead of relying on manual systems such as diaries, notebooks, and physical files, this system redesigns the entire workflow into a digital format.

Key improvements include:

- Centralized case information instead of scattered notes and documents
- Automated scheduling and reminders replacing paper calendars
- Integrated legal research tools replacing time-consuming manual search
- Secure digital storage replacing physical files

By rethinking and restructuring these core activities, the project introduces a more efficient and accurate approach to legal case management.

1.5. Client scope

For now, this system is being exclusively implemented for a single law firm, which is our client. The entire system has been custom-built to meet the specific needs and workflows of this legal team.

2. Feasibility Study

2.1. Social feasibility

The social feasibility of this legal case management system has been ensured by discussions with our client who is a lawyer, who provided valuable feedback. His feedback emphasized the system's capability to significantly enhance accessibility, collaboration, and efficiency within the legal profession. By allowing the legal team to access case files, documents, and research materials from any location and on various devices, the system provides flexibility and a better work-life balance. The system's real-time collaboration capabilities ensure effective communication, reducing errors and improving overall case management. Additionally, advanced query functions and streamlined processes save time and reduce administrative burdens, enabling legal professionals to concentrate on substantive legal work. The user-friendly interface ensures that the system is easy to adapt, encouraging continuous learning and adaptation to new technologies. Overall, this application not only meets practical needs but also improves the quality and efficiency of legal services.

2.2. Technical Feasibility

The technical feasibility of the legal case management system is ensured by using core technologies for the front end, database, and back end without using frameworks. The front end used HTML for structure, CSS for styling and responsiveness, and plain JavaScript for dynamic and interactive elements, ensuring compatibility across all devices and browsers.

For the database, MySQL provides robust performance, scalability, and data security, capable of handling large volumes of data typical in legal case management while maintaining data integrity through ACID properties. On the back end, PHP is used due to its stability and ease of integration with MySQL.

2.3. Economic Feasibility

The economic feasibility of the legal case management system project is highly advantageous. The development team is a group of undergraduate students who are working on the project as part of their academic curriculum, eliminating salary or contractor costs and reducing overall expenses significantly. The project uses open-source and free technologies such as HTML, CSS, JavaScript, MySQL, and PHP, ensuring there are no licensing fees. Development tools like Git and Visual Studio Code are also available at no cost through free versions or academic licenses, further lowering tool-related expenses.

Additionally, the educational and skill-building benefits for the student developers contribute to the value of the project, representing an investment in human capital.

2.4. Legal and Ethical Feasibility

Legal and ethical feasibility is important in developing a legal case management system, ensuring adherence to relevant laws and regulations. The system incorporates ethical considerations, such as transparency, fairness, and accountability into its design and operations to foster trust among users. Furthermore, data encryption is implemented to safeguard sensitive information, ensuring that client and case data remain confidential and secure against unauthorized access. By prioritizing these legal and ethical principles, the system aims to create a reliable and responsible framework for legal professionals and their clients.

3. Requirements

3.1. Actors

1. **Senior Counsel:** Responsible for creating and managing cases and managing his legal team.
2. **Junior Counsel:** Assists senior counsel with case preparation and research, completes tasks assigned by senior.
3. **Instructing Attorneys:** Liaison between clients and legal teams, managing communication and case details and documentation.
4. **Precedents manager:** Manage and maintain the database of legal precedents within the system, ensures that precedents are updated and accurate
5. **Clients:** Individuals or organizations seeking legal representation and information about their cases.
6. **System Administrator:** Manages user access, system settings, and maintenance of the platform, performs regular system maintenance and updates to ensure security and reliability.

3.2. Functional requirements

Common Functionalities (Available to All Users)

1. Login:

Enable secure login with role-based access control.

2. View Profile:

Allow users to view their profile details.

3. Update Profile:

Provide functionalities to update personal information and preferences.

Functionalities for the Senior Counsel (Main Lawyer)

1. Case Management:

Create and manage cases with details such as client information, case type, and important dates (e.g., filing dates, hearings).

Assign tasks to team members, set deadlines, and monitor progress.

2. Legal Research:

Access comprehensive legal databases for case law, statutes, and precedents.

Perform advanced searches and query legal citations efficiently.

3. Communication:

Communicate securely with clients and team members via integrated messaging.

Share updates, memos, and notifications related to case developments.

4. Schedule Management:

Manage court dates, meetings, and deadlines.

Set reminders and receive notifications for upcoming events and hearings.

5. Payment Processing:

Generate and send payment invoices to the client as a payment memo and receive payments through the payment gateway.

Functionalities for the Junior Counsel

1. Case Access and Tracking:

View assigned cases, including client details, case type, and deadlines.

Track case progress and task statuses.

3. Legal Research:

Access integrated legal databases for citations, case law, statutes, and precedents.

Perform searches and queries to help case preparation.

4. Task Management:

Receive tasks from senior counsel and manage them within specified deadlines.

Update task statuses, provide progress reports, and seek guidance as needed.

Functionalities for the Instructing Attorney

1. Document Management:

Upload, store, and organize case-related documents securely.

Ensure documents are easily searchable and accessible by case or client details.

Retrieve and review documents as needed.

2. Legal Research:

Access legal databases for citations, case law, statutes, and precedents to support senior attorneys.

Conduct searches and queries for case preparation.

3. Task Management:

Complete assigned tasks from senior attorneys and provide updates on progress.

Maintain accurate and updated records of case status and outcomes.

Functionalities for the Client

1. Case Access:

View case details, updates, and shared documents.

Access financial statements, invoices, and payment history.

2. Communication:

Communicate securely with the legal team for case updates and queries.

Receive notifications for scheduled meetings, hearings, and payments.

3. Payment Processing:

Make payments securely via integrated payment gateways.

Functionalities for the precedents manager

1. insert ,manage and maintain precedents which the legal team will use for their researches and citations for cases
2. Add and maintain supreme court rules to let the legal teams and client know about the rules.

Functionalities for the System Admin

1. System Maintenance:

Monitor overall system performance.

2. User management:

Add and manage legal team to the system

3.3. Nonfunctional requirements

3.3.1. Security

Ensuring the security of our legal case management system is important. Our system employs robust login verification to ensure that only authorized users can access the platform.

Additionally, we implement user-level permissions, which restrict access to specific features and data based on the user's role within the system. This approach helps maintain confidentiality and prevents unauthorized access to information. By focusing on strong authentication and precise access control, our legal case management system provides a secure environment for managing legal information, giving legal professionals and their clients confidence in the safety and integrity of their data. In addition to it encryption is used to protect sensitive information.

3.3.2. Usability

Ensuring the usability of our legal case management system is central to providing a seamless and intuitive experience for legal professionals. Our system is designed with a user-friendly interface that prioritizes simplicity and ease of navigation. Key features and functions are readily accessible, minimizing the learning curve and allowing users to quickly become proficient with the system.

We employ user-centered design principles. Consistent and clear labeling, intuitive workflows, and logical organization of information help users efficiently manage their cases without unnecessary complexity. Responsive design ensures that the system is accessible and functional across various devices, including desktops, tablets, and smartphones, allowing users to work from anywhere at any time.

3.3.3. Performance

Ensuring the performance of our legal case management system is essential to providing smooth and efficient user experience for legal professionals. Our system is optimized for fast load times and responsive interactions, enabling users to access and manage their cases quickly and

effectively. We achieve this through a combination of efficient coding practices and optimized database queries.

By prioritizing performance, our legal case management system helps legal professionals work more efficiently, reducing the time spent on administrative tasks and allowing them to focus on their core responsibilities. This commitment to performance ensures that our system can support the demanding needs of legal practices, providing a reliable and effective tool for managing legal matters.

3.4. In-scopes

- A mobile-responsive web application for lawyers to manage cases and teams efficiently.
- Team collaboration within the legal team and with clients using integrated messaging.
- Maintain a separate historical database accessible to authorized users with easy filtering and search capabilities.
- Implement a search interface for the legal team to quickly find cases using various filters.
- Simplify document management for the legal team to store, retrieve, and share documents easily.
- Provide facilities for sending quick memos that notify the receiver.
- Implement payment reminder notifications for client-lawyer bills and legal team salaries.
- Integrate a payment gateway to facilitate transactions for client-lawyer bills and legal team salaries.
- Develop an efficient calendar and schedule management system with meeting and hearing reminders.
- Develop a client portal for clients to access case updates and communicate with their legal team.

3.5. Out-scopes

- Handling non-legal case management or administrative tasks outside the legal domain.
- Developing a comprehensive marketing or client acquisition platform for legal professionals.
- Provide multilingual support.
- Provide video conferencing facilities inside the system

3.6. Limitations / Client scope

For now, this system is being exclusively implemented for a single law firm, which is our client. The entire system has been custom-built to meet the specific needs and workflows of this legal team.

4. System Architecture

In this project, we have utilized the **Model-View-Controller (MVC)** architecture to ensure a clear separation of concerns, enhancing maintainability and scalability. The **Model** handles the data and business logic, interacting directly with the database to manage application data. The **View** is responsible for presenting the data to the users through a clean and interactive user interface. The **Controller** acts as an intermediary, processing user requests, invoking the appropriate model methods, and rendering the corresponding views. This architecture allows for modular development, simplifies debugging, and promotes code reusability, making the system efficient and easy to manage.

4.1. Components and their functionalities

1. Model

The **Model** is responsible for managing the application's data and business logic. It interacts directly with the database to perform operations like retrieving, updating, inserting, or deleting records.

- **Functionalities:**
 - **Database Interactions:** Fetches data from the database or updates it based on user input or application logic.
 - **Business Logic:** Contains rules and computations needed for processing data before passing it to the Controller or View.

2. View

The **View** represents the user interface and is responsible for displaying data to users in an interactive and readable format.

- **Functionalities:**
 - **UI Presentation:** Displays data fetched from the Model in a user-friendly format.
 - **Dynamic Content Rendering:** Adapts content based on data passed by the Controller.

3. Controller

The **Controller** acts as an intermediary between the Model and the View. It processes user requests, interacts with the Model to retrieve or update data, and determines which View to display.

- **Functionalities:**

- **Request Handling:** Interprets HTTP requests and routes them to appropriate methods.
- **Business Logic Execution:** Calls Model functions to perform data operations.
- **View Rendering:** Passes processed data to the View and invokes the correct View file for display.

4. Config

The **Config** component contains application-level settings, such as database credentials, base URLs, and constants like ROOT. It ensures consistency across the application by providing centralized configuration management.

- **Functionalities:**

- **Database Connection:** Sets up the connection to the database using credentials.
- **Root Definitions:** Defines the base URL and paths for resource linking.
- Example: Defining the ROOT constant for linking assets and Views.

5. Routes (or Entry Point)

The **Routes** or entry point file (index.php) handles incoming HTTP requests, parses the URL, and routes them to the appropriate Controller and method.

- **Functionalities:**

- **Routing Logic:** Breaks down the URL to determine the target Controller and method.
- **Default Routing:** Provides fallback mechanisms if no specific route is provided.

6. Components

Reusable parts of the application, like navigation bar, provide shared functionality across multiple Views.

- **Functionalities:**
 - **Code Reusability:** Includes common UI elements, such as navigation bars or footers.
 - **Consistent Design:** Ensures a uniform look and feel across different pages.

7. Public

The **Public** folder contains assets like CSS, JavaScript, and images that are directly accessible by the browser.

- **Functionalities:**
 - **Static Resources:** Hosts stylesheets, scripts, and images for the UI.

4.2. Components interactions

1. User Interaction

- **Flow Start:** The interaction begins when a user sends a request

2. Routing and Controller

- **Routing:**
 - The application's routing mechanism parses the URL to determine which controller and method to invoke.
- **Controller:**
 - The Controller is the first point of contact for the request.
 - It processes the request, interacts with the Model to fetch or update data, and then decides which View to render.

3. Model Interaction

- The Controller interacts with the **Model** to perform data operations.
 - It might call a method in the Model to retrieve case details, authenticate users, or save changes to the database.

4. View Rendering

- Once the Controller has the data from the Model, it passes this data to the appropriate View.
- The View is responsible for dynamically rendering the content using the provided data.

5. Component Integration

- Views often include reusable components for consistent design and functionality:
 - **Static Components:** Elements like navigation bar are included in multiple views to provide navigation.
 - The inclusion path ensures that the file is properly loaded, either via relative paths or using the ROOT constant.

6. Asset Loading

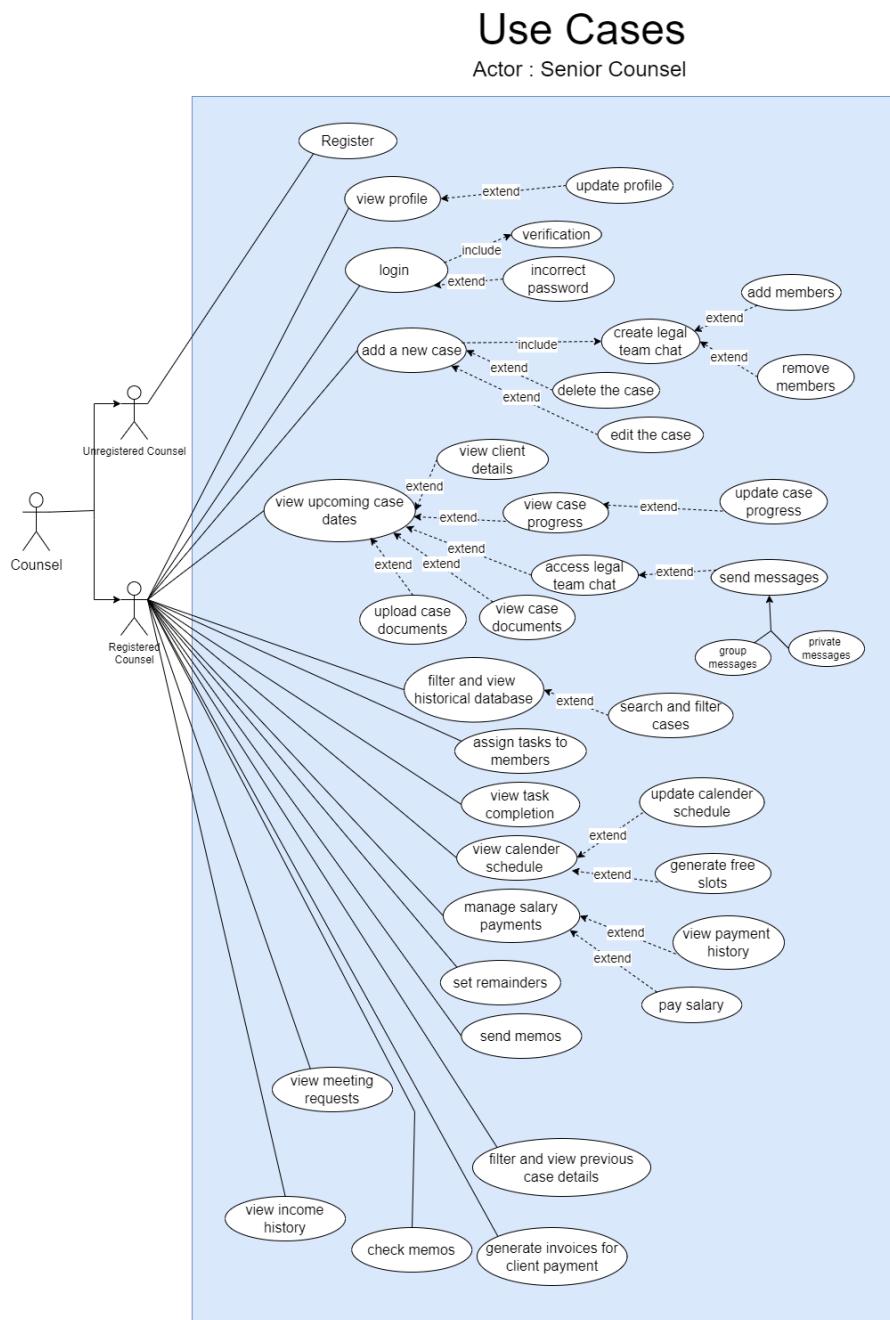
- Views link to assets like CSS, JavaScript, and images stored in the **Public** directory.
 - These assets are referenced using either the ROOT constant or direct paths.

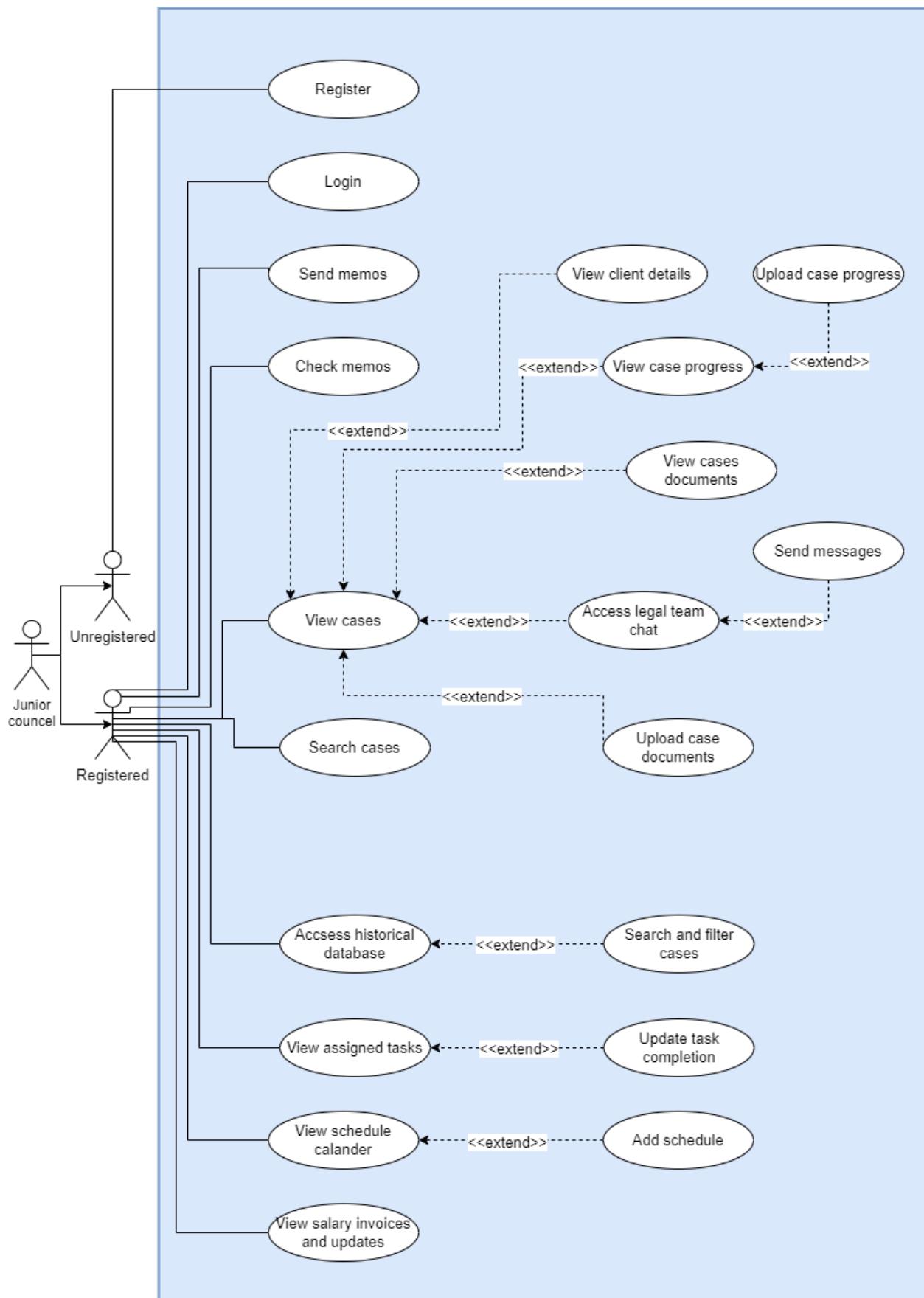
7. Final Response to the User

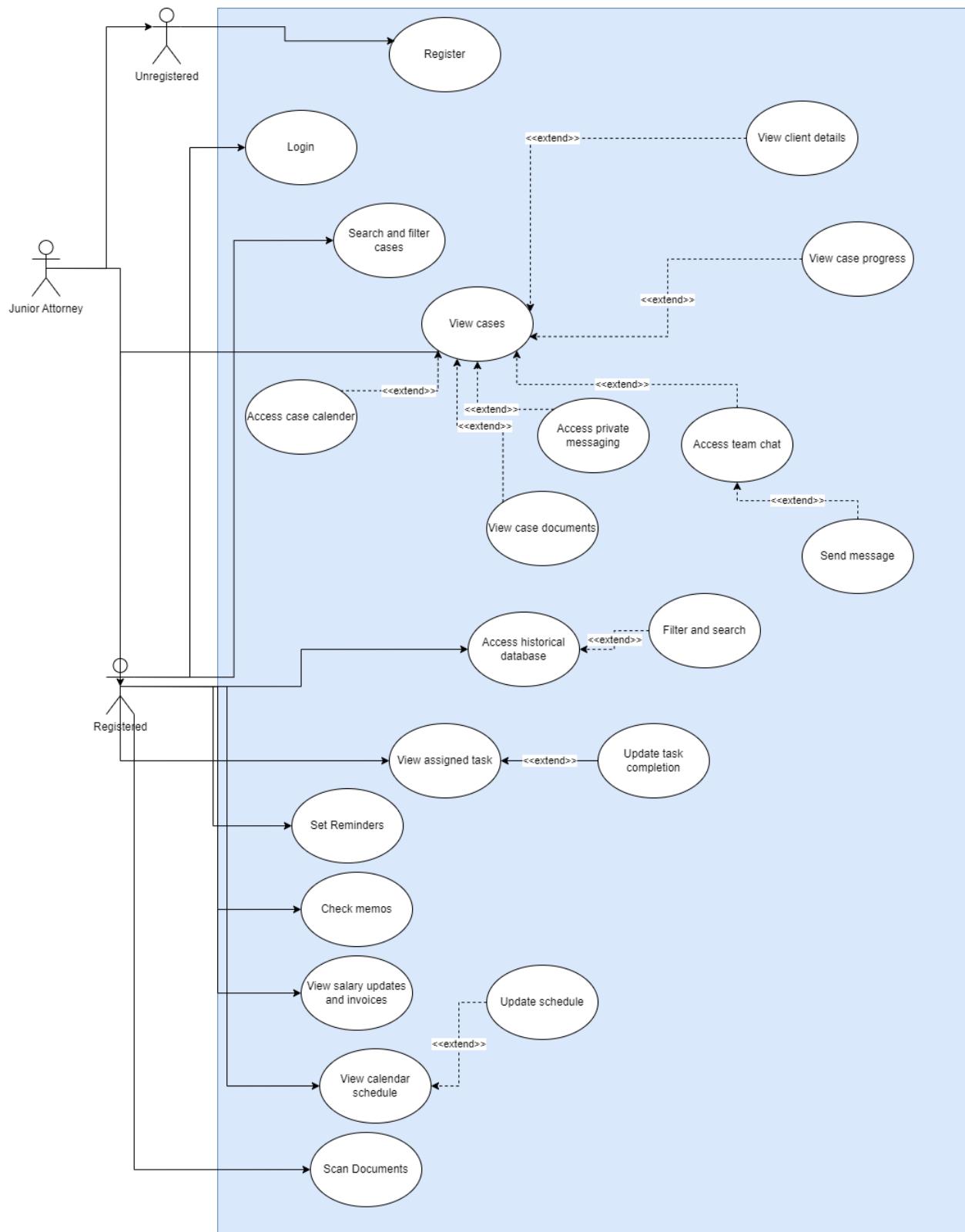
- The rendered View, complete with data and styled using assets, is sent back to the browser as an HTML response.

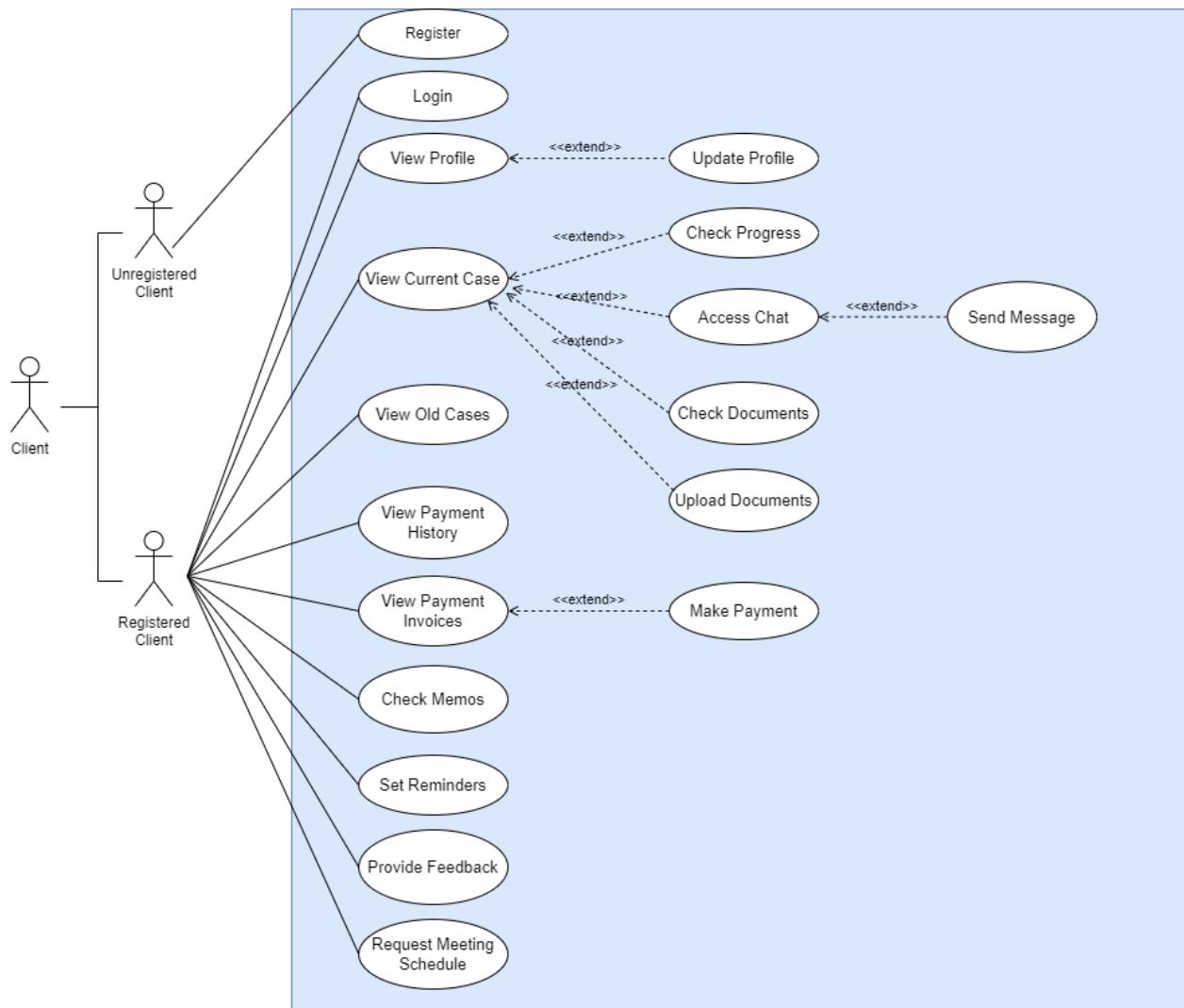
5. System Design Diagrams

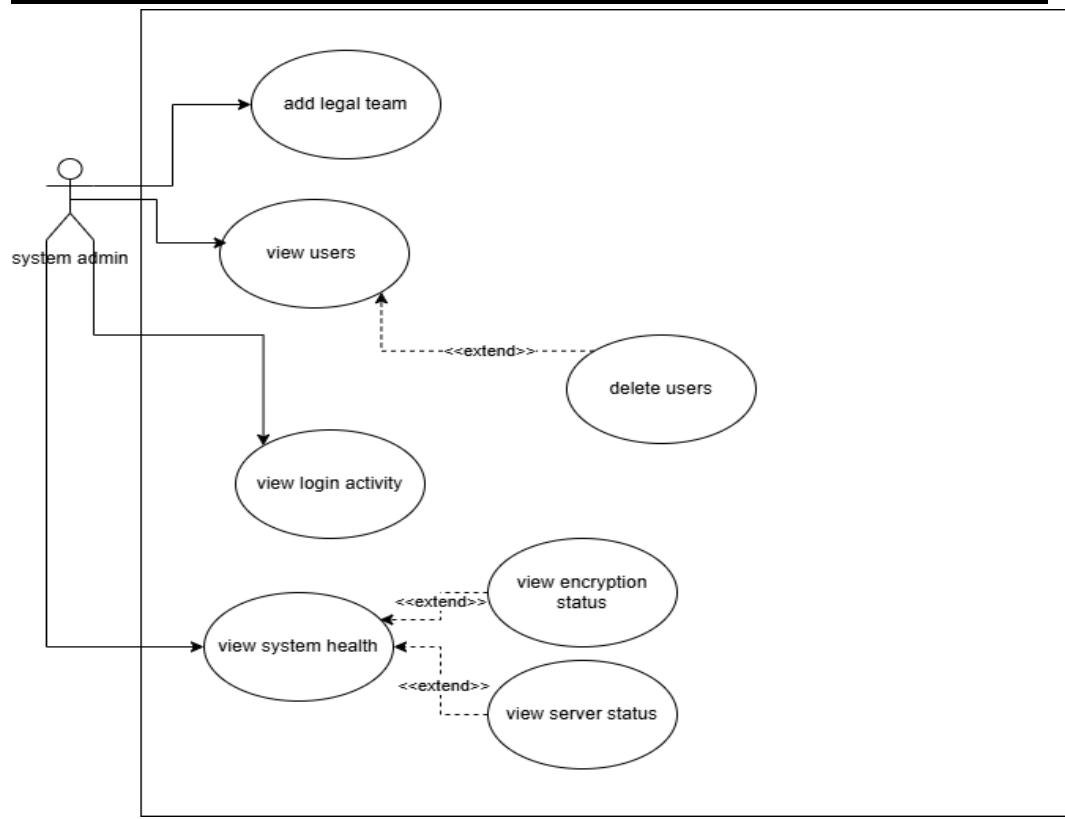
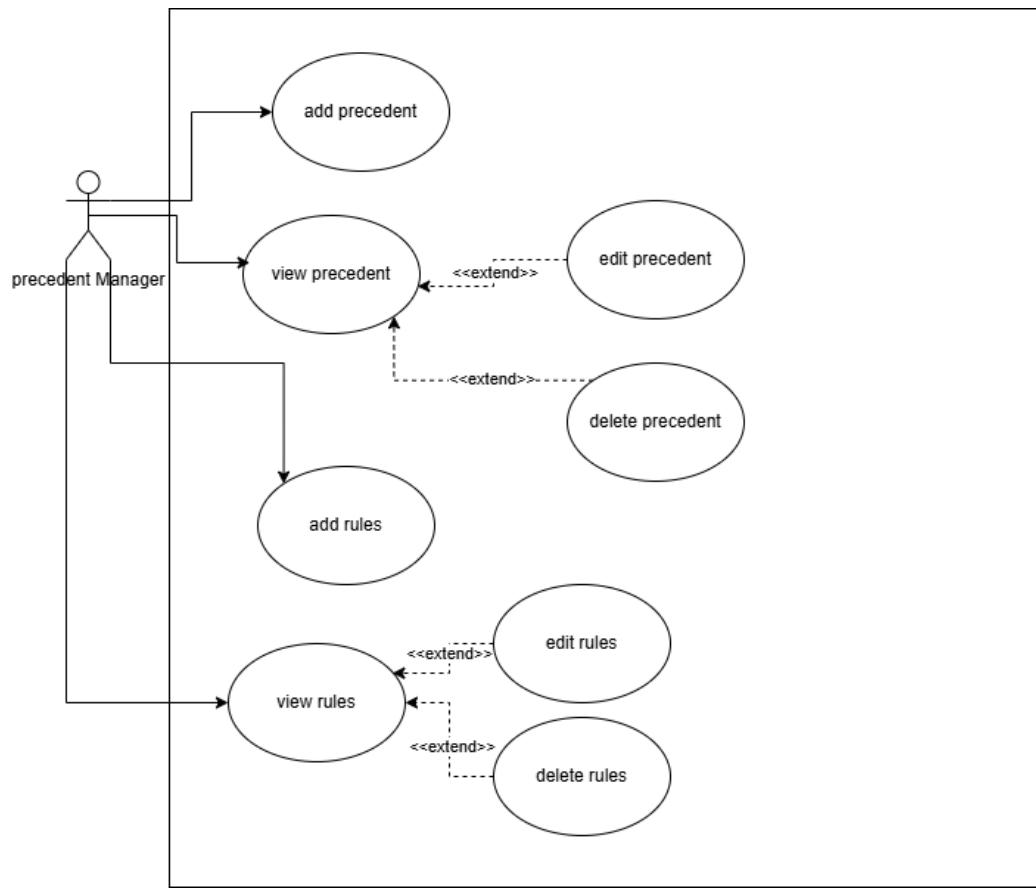
5.1. Use case diagram



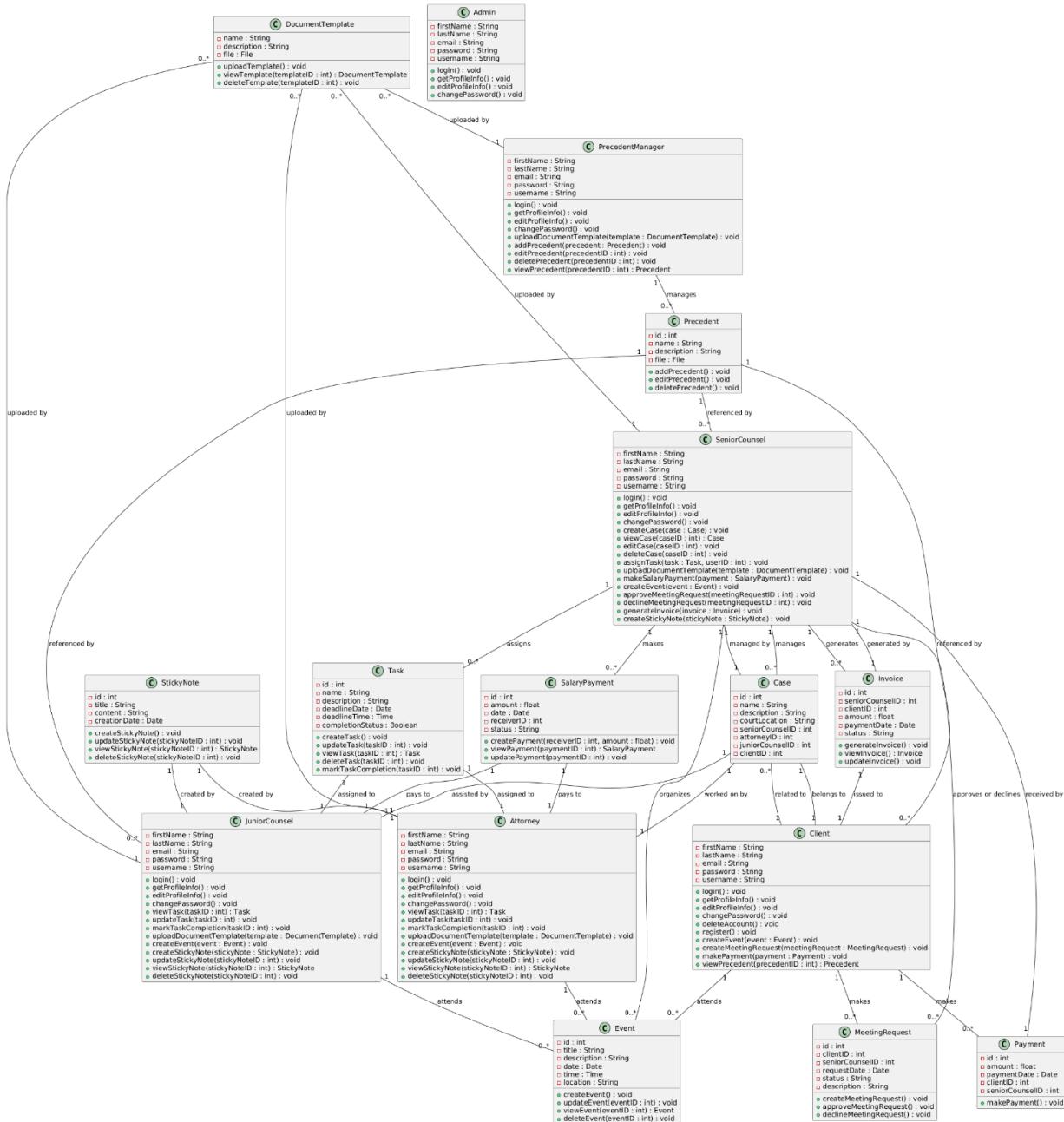








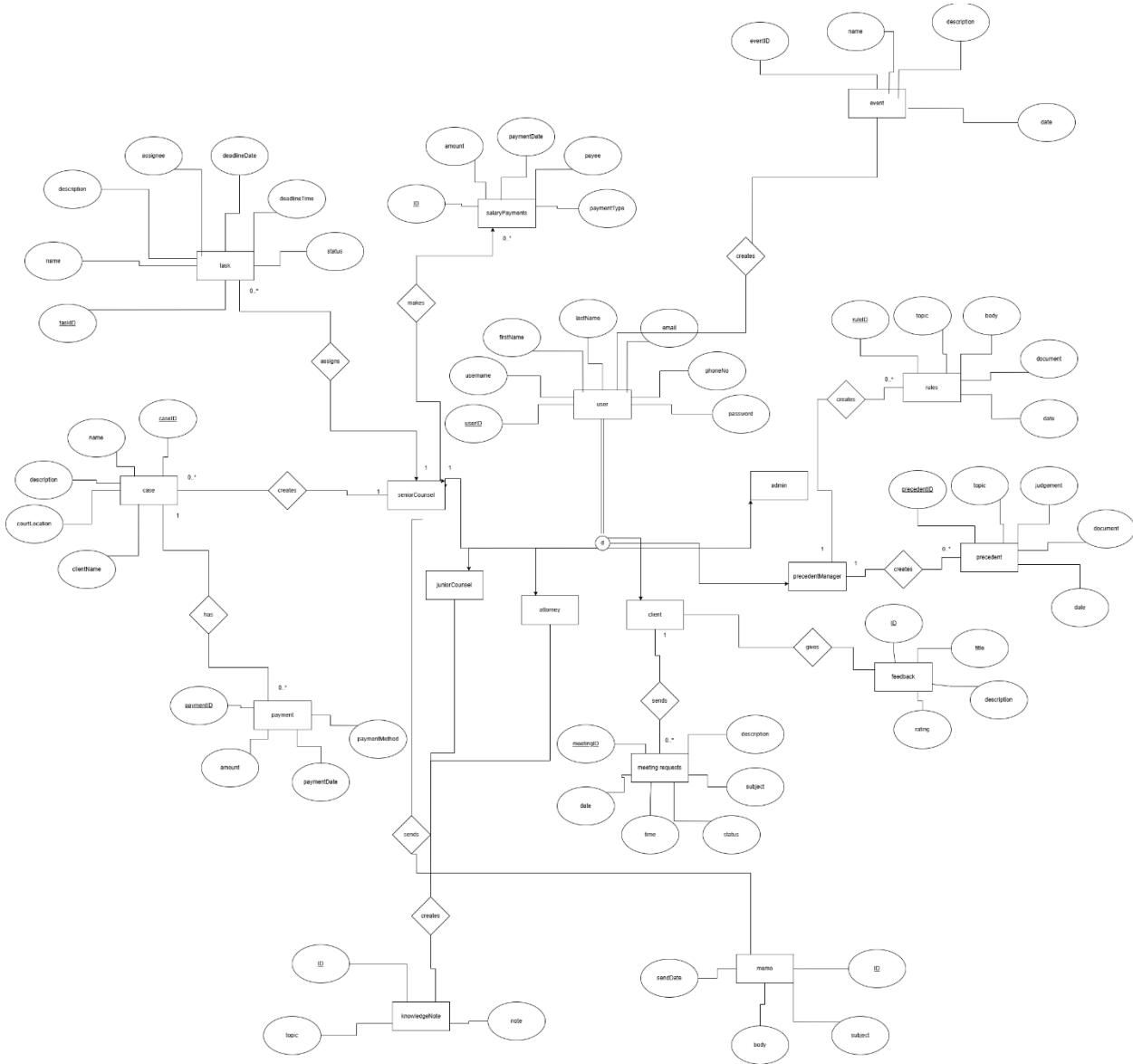
5.2. Class diagram



for a more clearer view ->

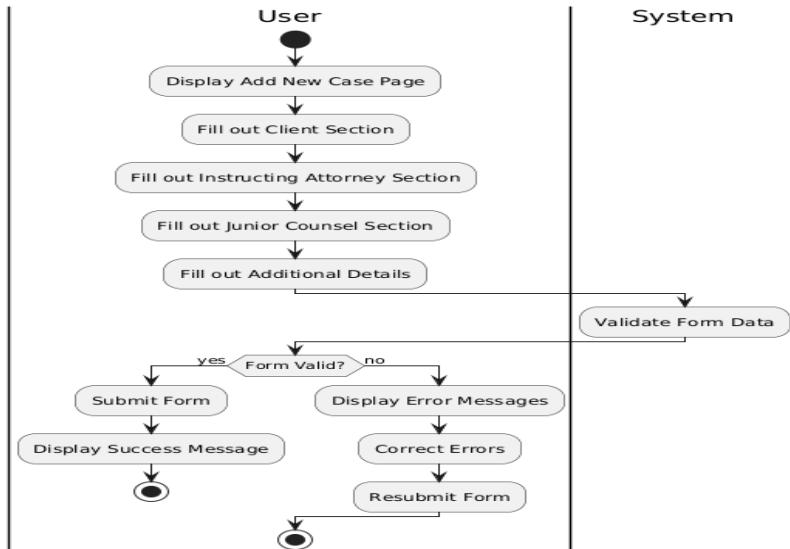
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5.3. ER diagram

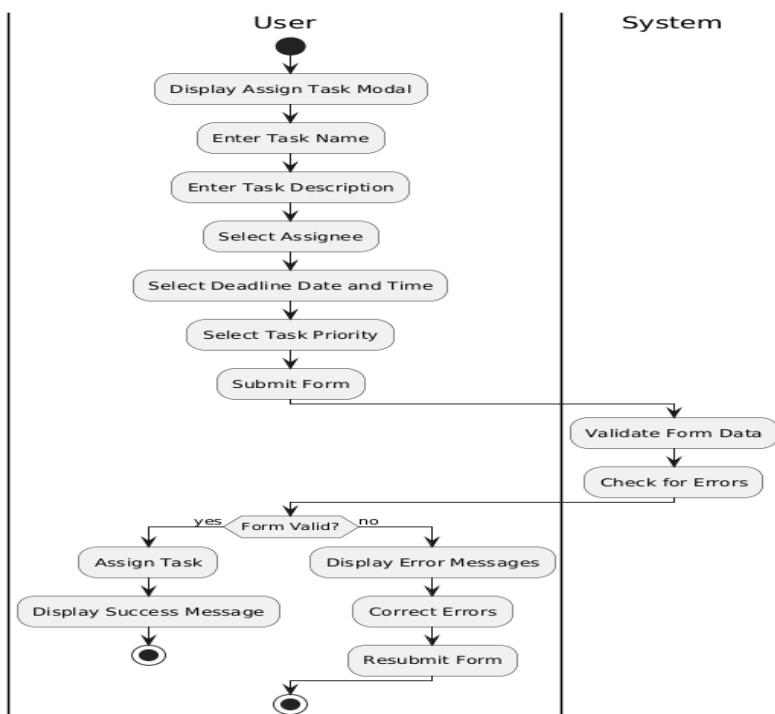


5.4. Activity diagram

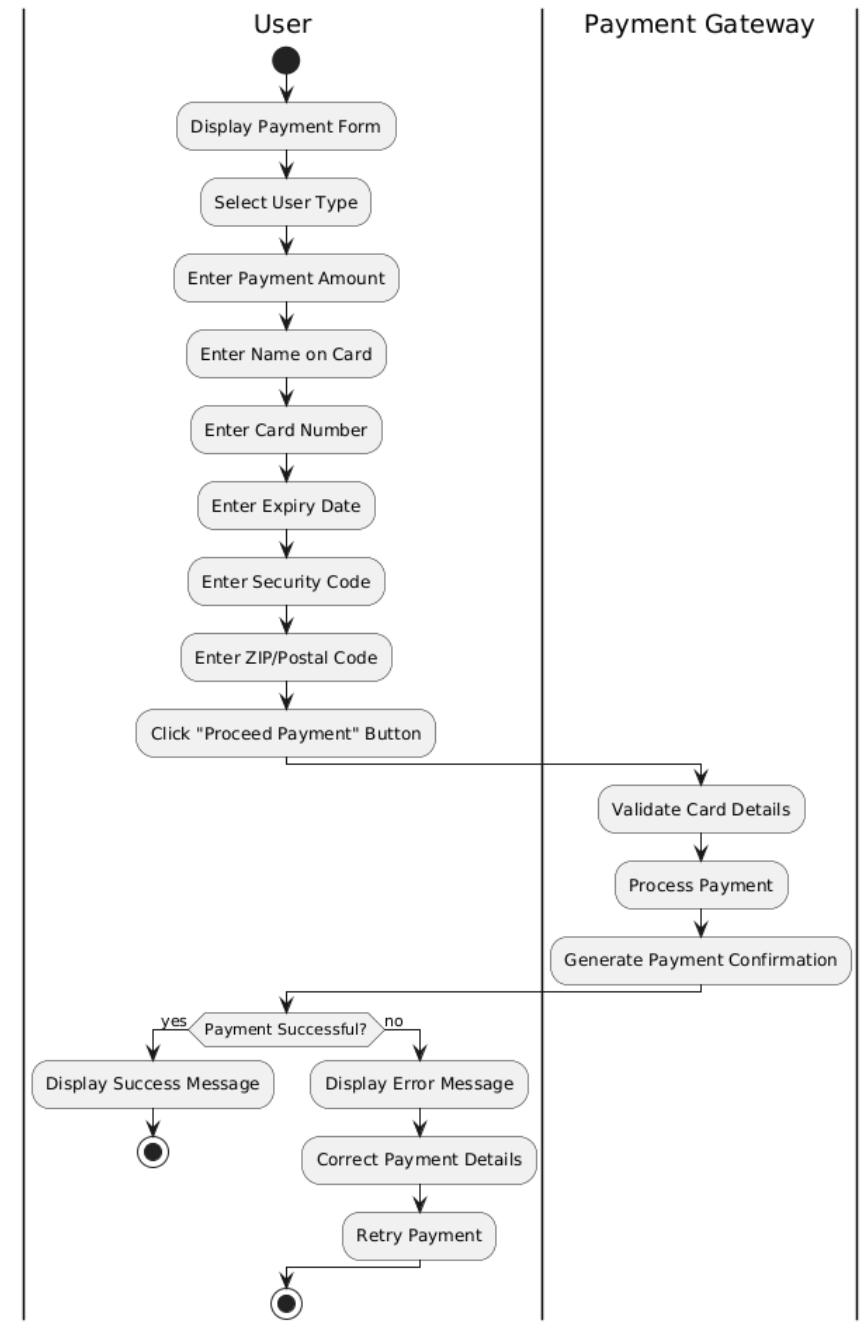
Create cases



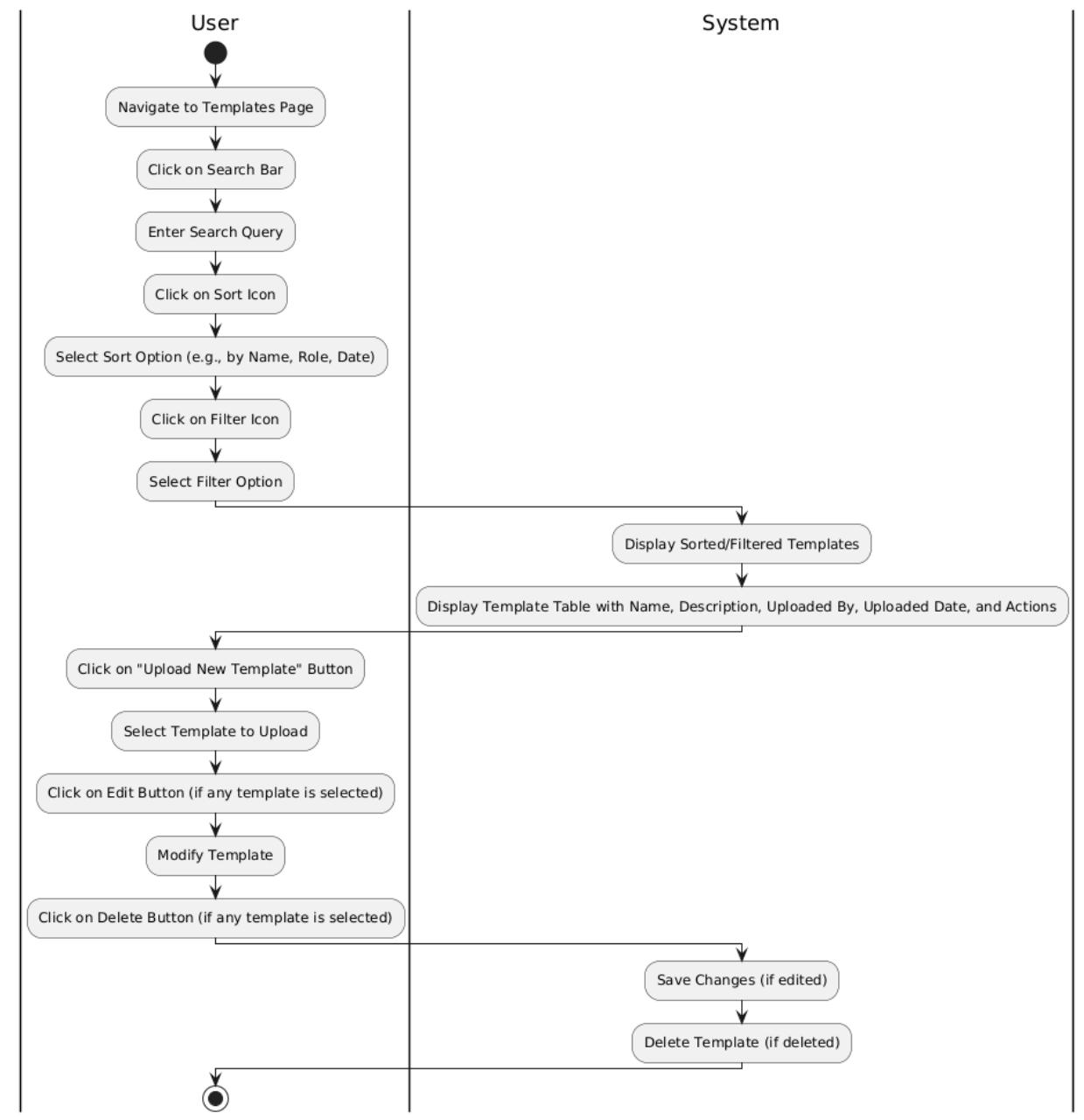
Assign Tasks



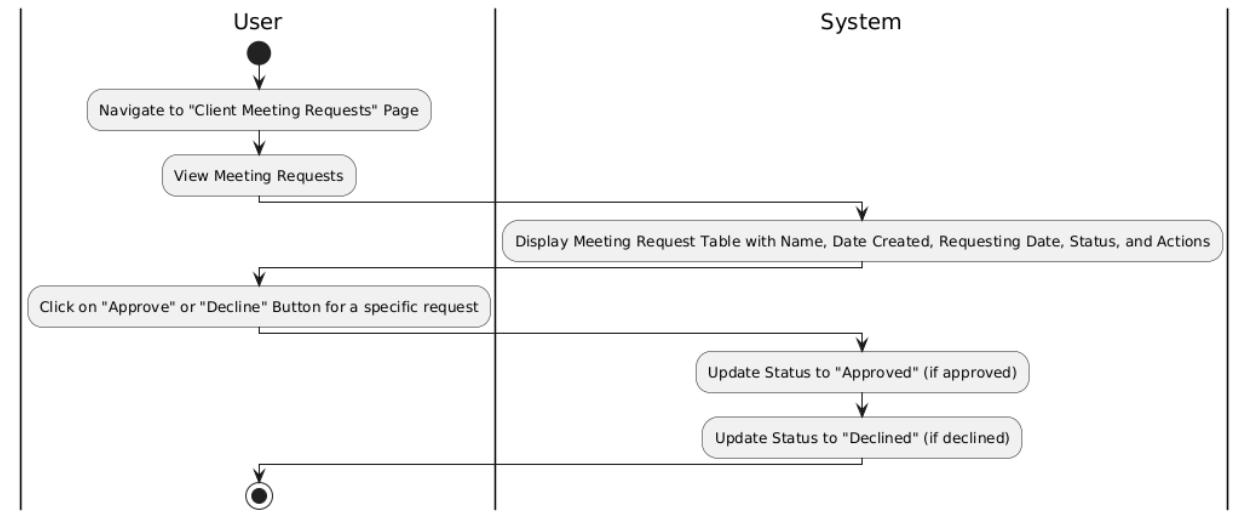
Make Payments



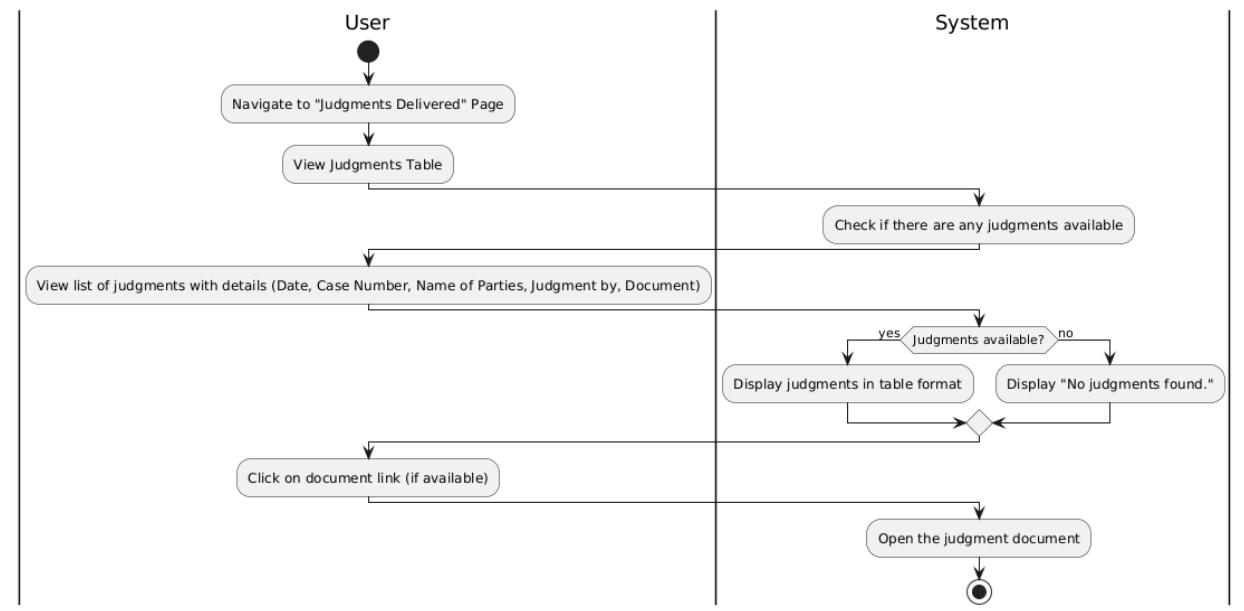
Create and view documents and templates



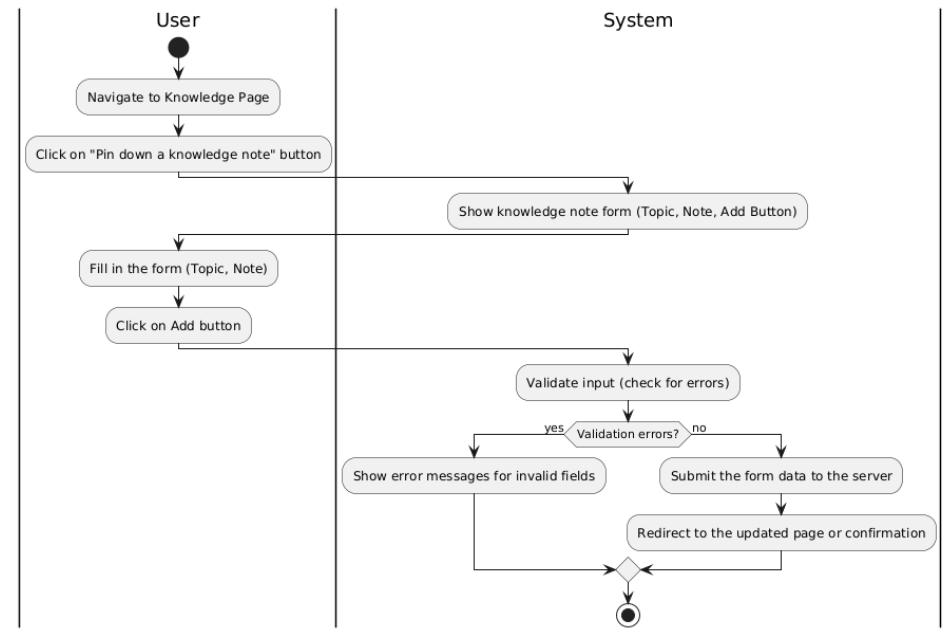
Meeting requests



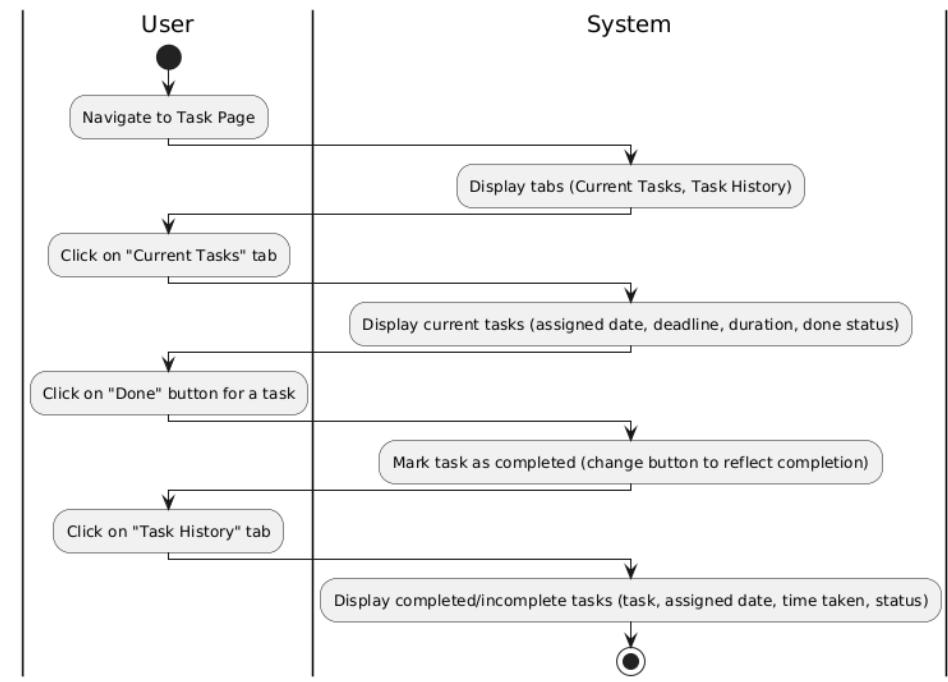
View Precedents



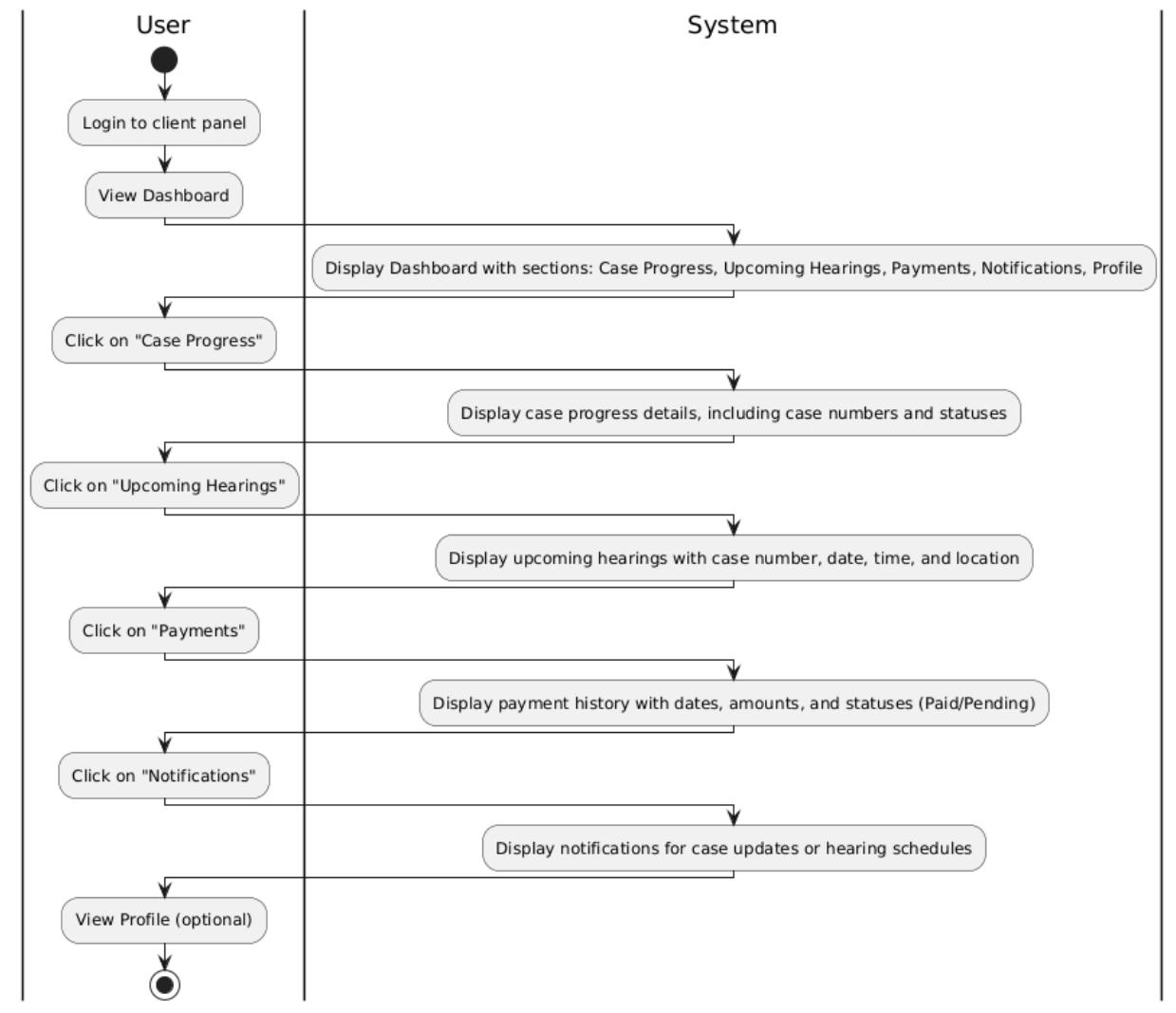
Create knowledge notes



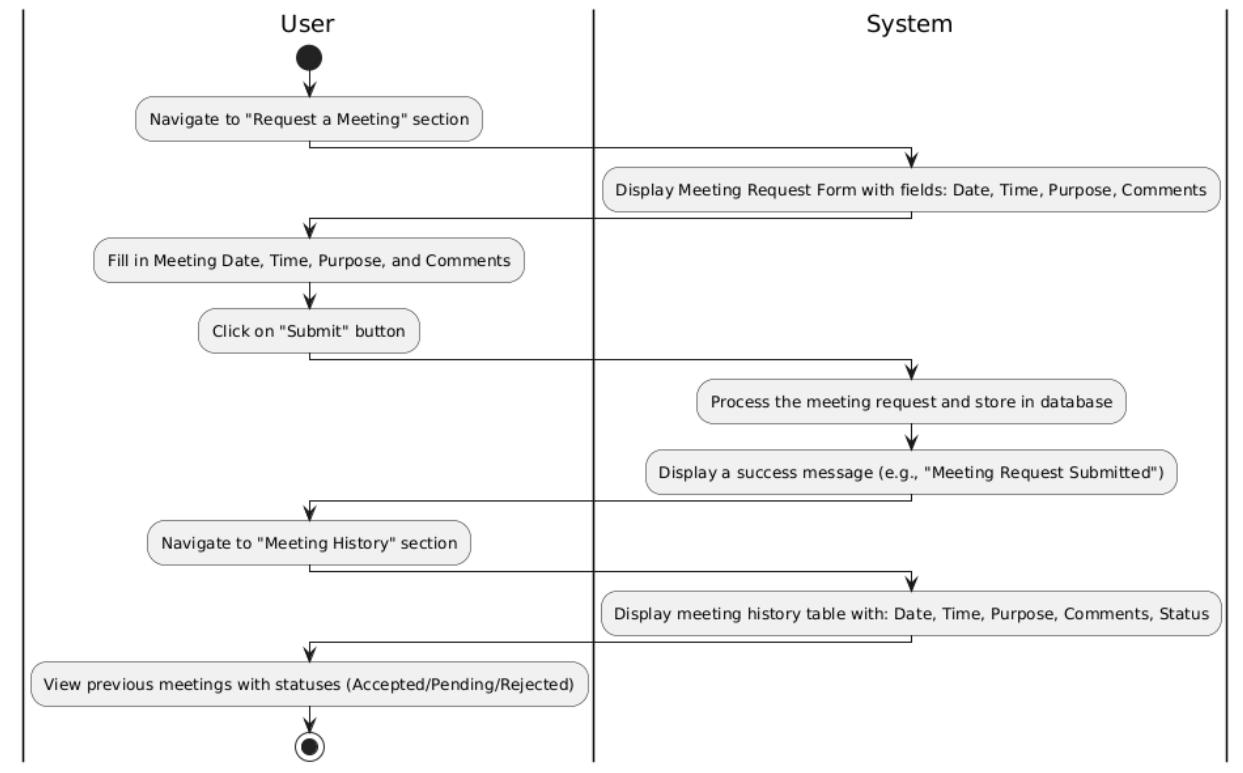
Task completion update



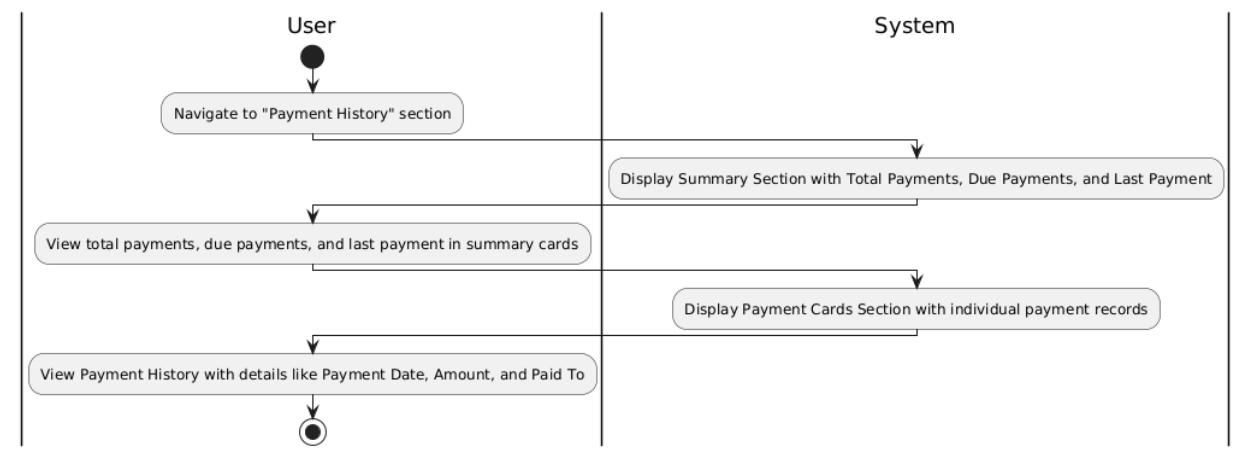
View case details for the client side



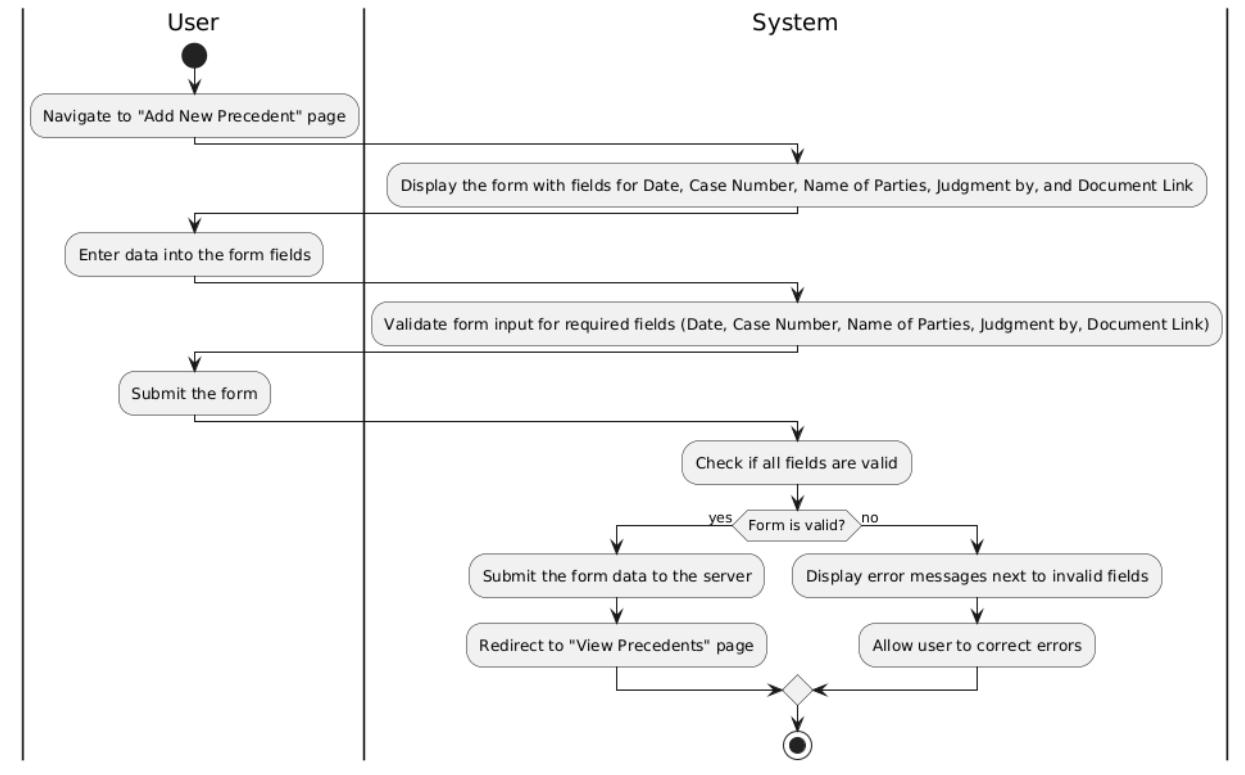
Request meeting



Client payment view



Create precedents



6. Completeness of the project

6.1. Functionalities completed

All core functionalities planned for *Themis*, the legal case management system, have been successfully implemented and tested. These include:

Frontend Functionalities

- Navigation & Layout: Nav Bar, Side Bar
- Dashboards & Interfaces: Lawyer Homepage, Admin Panel Homepage, Precedents Manager Homepage
- Case & Document Management: All case UIs, Precedents Pages, Document Template Pages, Document Management UIs
- Task & Meeting Features: Task Assignment Pages, Meeting Management Interfaces, Calendar Integration
- User Interactions: Client Meeting Request Pages, Contact Us Page, Live Chat
- Authentication & Profiles: Login/Register Pages, Forgot Password UI, Lawyer Profile Pages, Junior's Knowledge Panel
- Admin Features: Login Activity Page, User Management, System & Security Maintenance Pages
- Other Pages: Landing Page, Invoice Pages, Payment Page

Backend Functionalities

- Authentication & Security: Login/Register, Forgot Password, Login Activity Logs
- Core CRUD Operations: Cases, Case Documents, Precedents, Blogs, Court Rules, Document Templates, Knowledge Panel
- Task & Meeting Logic: Task Assignment, Meeting Requesting and Management
- Enhanced Features: Search, Sort, Filter Functionality, Notifications System

- Analytics: Lawyer's Graph Generation Functionality
- Payment Integration: Payment Gateway, Invoice Generation
- Live Chat & Contact: Chat System and Contact Us Form

6.2. Remaining tasks

While all planned functionalities have been completed, the following tasks remain as part of the final deployment and enhancement phase:

- Hosting and Deployment of the application

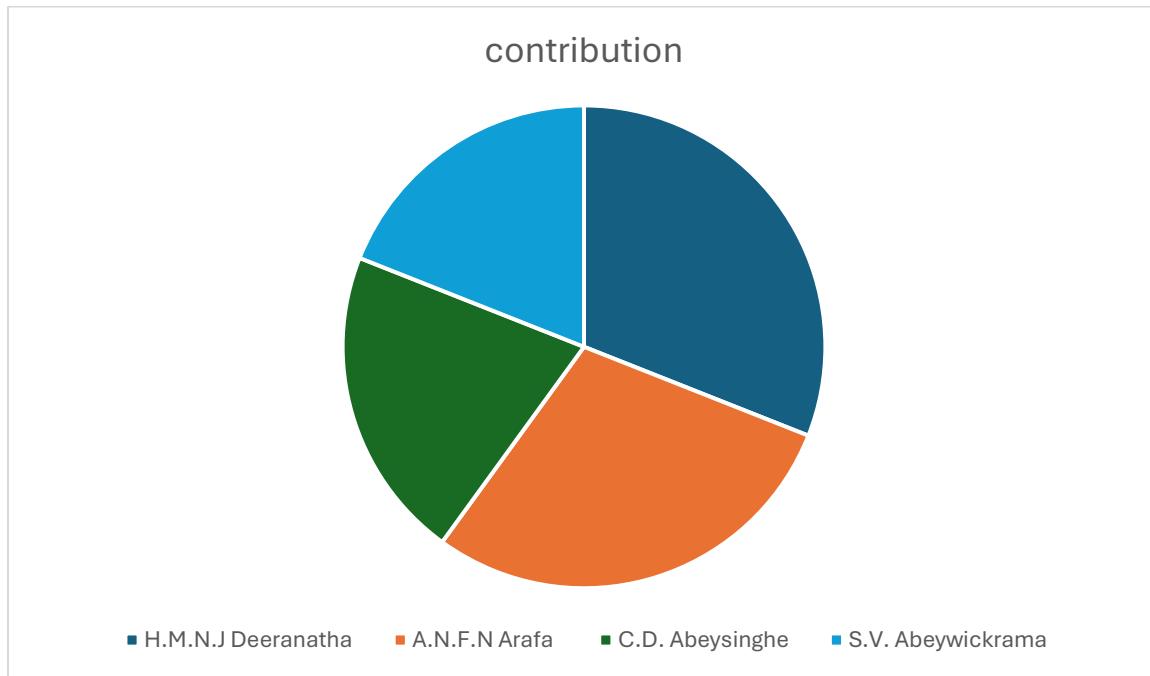
6.3. Individual contributions of team members

Name	Index No
A.N.F.N Arafa	22000151
H.M.N.J Deeranatha	22000364
S.V. Abeywickrama	22000089
C.D. Abeysinghe	22000046

	H.M.N.J Deeranatha	A.N.F.N Arafa	C.D. Abeysinghe	S.V. Abeywickrama
frontend	Nav Bar	Landing page	Precedents Manager homepage	contact us page
	Side Bar	Invoice pages	Precedents pages	client meeting requesting page
	Lawyer homepage	Task assignation pages	Court rules pages	Junior's knowledge panel pages
	Cases pages all UIs	Document template page	Profile pages	Admin's login activity page
	Payment page for client	Admin panel homepage	Bug report pages	Client feedback pages
	Calendar pages UIs	Admin user management pages	Document templates pages	
	Lawyer's meeting management pages	Admin's system and security maintenance page		
	Lawyer's user display page	Document management page all UIs		
		Login, register UI		

backend	login and register	case documents CRUD	precedents CRUD	blogs CRUD
	Forgot password functionality	payment invoice generation functionality.	document templates	contact us form functionality
	cases CRUD	task assignation functionality	court rules CRUD	knowledge panel CRUD
	calendar integration	Live chat functionality	search, sort, filter	profile pages backend
	Meeting requesting functionality	notifications functionality	Bug complaints CRUD	Client feedback CRUD
	payment gateway integration	Login activity logs functionality		
	Lawyer's graph generation	User blocking and unblocking functionality		
	MVC architecture			

	Final Contribution (%)
H.M.N.J Deeranatha	31%
A.N.F.N Arafa	29%
C.D. Abeysinghe	21%
S.V. Abeywickrama	19%



1. Test Cases – Case Management CRUD Operations

Test Case ID	Description	Test Steps	Expected Results	Status
TC_CASE_01	Verify that a new case can be successfully created.	1. Navigate to add new case page. 2. Fill required fields. 3. Select attorney and junior. 4. Click "Add Case".	1. Case saved with encryption. 2. Success message shown. 3. Redirect to case list. 4. New case visible.	PASSED
TC_CASE_02	Verify creation with existing client.	1. Go to add new case. 2. Select existing client. 3. Fill other fields. 4. Click "Add Case".	1. Case saved with client ID. 2. Client data linked. 3. Success message. 4. Case appears in list.	PASSED
TC_CASE_03	Verify listing of created cases.	1. Navigate to case list page.	1. All active cases displayed. 2. Info decrypted properly. 3. Assigned names shown.	PASSED
TC_CASE_04	Verify case details view.	1. Go to case list. 2. Click on a case.	1. Full details shown. 2. Data decrypted. 3. Linked users displayed.	PASSED
TC_CASE_05	Verify case update.	1. Go to edit page. 2. Update fields. 3. Click "Update Case".	1. DB updated with new data. 2. Data encrypted. 3. Success message. 4. Updated info shown.	PASSED
TC_CASE_06	Verify case deletion.	1. Go to case list. 2. Click "Delete". 3. Confirm.	1. Case soft-deleted. 2. Success message. 3. Removed from UI. 4. Still in DB (flag=1).	PASSED
TC_CASE_07	Verify case status update.	1. Open case. 2. Change status. 3. Save.	1. DB status updated. 2. UI updated. 3. Confirmation shown.	PASSED
TC_CASE_08	Prevent deletion of closed cases.	1. Attempt to delete a closed case.	1. Error message. 2. Case not deleted. 3. DB unchanged.	PASSED
TC_CASE_09	Prevent editing closed cases.	1. Try editing a closed case.	1. Error message. 2. Redirect to list. 3. No edit access.	PASSED

TC_CASE_10	Verify case search.	1. Open case list. 2. Enter search terms. 3. Select criteria. 4. Submit.	1. Correct results shown. 2. Works with encrypted data. 3. Dynamic updates.	PASSED
TC_CASE_11	Validate required fields.	1. Leave required fields blank. 2. Click "Add Case".	1. No form submission. 2. Error messages shown. 3. No case created.	PASSED
TC_CASE_12	Verify access control.	1. Access case URLs without login. 2. Login as invalid role.	1. Redirect to login. 2. Unauthorized error page. 3. No access granted.	PASSED
TC_CASE_13	Verify encryption of client data.	1. Create case. 2. Check DB directly. 3. View case in UI.	1. Data encrypted in DB. 2. Decrypted in UI. 3. Seamless encryption.	PASSED
TC_CASE_14	Verify extended view.	1. Open extended case details.	1. All info displayed. 2. Relationships shown. 3. Data decrypted.	PASSED
TC_CASE_15	Verify client notification.	1. Add registered client to case. 2. Check notifications.	1. Notification created. 2. Correct message shown.	PASSED

Case Management User Interfaces

ADD NEW CASE

Fill the form details to add a new case to the system. Please ensure the **Emails** and **Phone** numbers are correct.

CLIENT INFORMATION

- Select Client: New Client (Not Registered)
- Name: Enter client name
- Client name required
- Whitelabel Number: Enter whitelabel number
- Client whitelabel number must be exactly 10 numbers digits
- Email: Enter email address
- Client email is valid
- Address: Enter Address
- Client address is valid

INSTRUCTING ATTORNEY

- Select Attorney: Select an attorney
- Please select an attorney

JUNIOR COUNSEL

- Select Junior Counsel: Select a junior counsel

CASE DETAILS

- Case Number: Enter case number

LIST OF ALL CASES

Click here to add a new case or to view details in **tabular view**.

All Cases **Ongoing Cases** **Closed Cases**

Case Number	Client Name	Court	Status	Action
PE/2323	Hadia Naresh	Supreme Court	Ongoing	Open Case Update Status
SE/1453	Kalun Perera	Supreme court kotte	Closed	Open Case Update Status
400-h-34	Priyanka Choppa	paradura	Ongoing	Open Case Update Status
xVrcGTTnsfl...	Hariinda Khan	paradura	Ongoing	Open Case Update Status
Ewb98SR6yJN...	Hariinda Khan	paradura	Closed	Open Case Update Status
KGddn0A13+Ur...	Priyanka Choppa	supreme court kotte	Closed	Open Case Update Status
0xSnqVTuR12L...	Minali Khan	paradura	Closed	Open Case Update Status

Are you sure?
Do you really want to delete this case? This action cannot be undone!

[Yes, delete it!](#) [Cancel](#)

LIST OF ALL CASES

Click here to add a new case or to view details in tabular view.

Add New Case | Tabular View

Search cases

All Cases Ongoing Cases

Case Number: PE/3233 Client Name: Nadia Nashath Court: Galle STATUS: ONGOING Notes: Land case

Case Number: SE/3453 Client Name: Kezun Perera Court: Badulla STATUS: ONGOING Notes: accident case

Case Number: 400-h-34 Client Name: client client Court: Badulla STATUS: ONGOING Notes: bonert

Case Number: +XvRcGTnsfl... Client Name: Hemangi Khan Court: panchayat STATUS: ONGOING Notes: legal items possession

Case Number: PE/3233 Client Name: Nadia Nashath Court: Galle STATUS: ONGOING Notes: Land case

Case Number: SE/3453 Client Name: Kezun Perera Court: Badulla STATUS: ONGOING Notes: accident case

Case Number: 400-h-34 Client Name: client client Court: Badulla STATUS: ONGOING Notes: bonert

Case Number: +XvRcGTnsfl... Client Name: Hemangi Khan Court: panchayat STATUS: ONGOING Notes: legal items possession

CASE DETAILS

Click here to add or view case documents

Nadia Nashath : PE/3233

Case Number: PE/3233 Client Name: Nadia Nashath

Client Number: 076881077 Client Email: nadianashath@gmail.com

Attorney Name: attorney attorney

Junior Counsel Name: Nishagi Deenanatha

Court: Galle Case Address: Ambewela

Case Status: ongoing

Notes: Land case

Edit Case Delete Case

EDIT CASE

Case: PE/3233

Client Information

Select Client: Nadia Nashath (nadianashath@gmail.com)

Client Name: Nadia Nashath Client Number: 076881077

Client Email: nadianashath@gmail.com Client Address: Ambewela

Counsel Information

Attorney Name: attorney attorney Junior Counsel Name: Nishagi Deenanatha

Case Details

Case Number: PE/3233 Court: Galle

Case Status: Ongoing Notes: Land case

Update Case

Update Case Status

Change status to CLOSED?

Yes, update it! Cancel

Success!

Case status updated successfully

OK

LIST OF ALL CASES

Click here to add a new case or to view details in tabular view.

Add New Case | Tabular View

Search cases

All Cases Ongoing Cases Closed Cases

Case Number: PE/3233 Client Name: Priyanka Chopra Court: Galle STATUS: ONGOING Notes: Land case

Case Number: SE/3453 Client Name: Kezun Perera Court: Badulla STATUS: ONGOING Notes: accident case

Case Number: 400-h-34 Client Name: client client Court: Badulla STATUS: ONGOING Notes: bonert

Case Number: +XvRcGTnsfl... Client Name: Hemangi Khan Court: panchayat STATUS: ONGOING Notes: legal items possession

2. Test Cases – Payments Management CRUD Operations

Test Case ID	Title	Test Steps	Expected Results	Status
TC_PAY_01	Access Payments Page (Authenticated User)	1. Login as a client. 2. Navigate to the "Payments" page.	- Payments form and Stripe elements are displayed. - Client's active case numbers load correctly.	PASSED
TC_PAY_02	Block Unauthenticated Access	1. Logout or clear session. 2. Try to access payments page URL directly.	- Redirected to login page. - No payment-related content shown.	PASSED
TC_PAY_03	Create Stripe Checkout Session	1. Login as client. 2. Select case. 3. Input remarks and valid amount. 4. Click "Proceed to Payment."	- Stripe checkout session is created. - Redirect to Stripe payment page with correct info.	PASSED
TC_PAY_04	Payment Form Validation	1. Leave mandatory fields empty. 2. Click "Proceed to Payment."	- Inline error messages displayed. - Form submission blocked. - No Stripe session created.	PASSED
TC_PAY_05	Successful Payment Flow	1. Follow TC_PAY_03 steps. 2. Enter valid test card. 3. Complete payment.	- Redirected to Success page. - Confirmation message. - Payment saved in DB as paid.	PASSED
TC_PAY_06	Cancel Payment at Stripe	1. Start payment. 2. Cancel from Stripe page.	- Redirected back to Payments page. - Cancellation message shown. - No payment recorded.	PASSED
TC_PAY_07	Payment with Declined Card	1. Attempt payment with Stripe test card that causes failure.	- Stripe displays decline error. - User remains on Stripe checkout. - No DB record created.	PASSED
TC_PAY_08	Minimum Payment Validation	1. Enter amount less than minimum	- Client-side or server-side error.	

		allowed. 2. Attempt payment.	- Submission prevented. - No Stripe session.	PASSED
TC_PAY_09	Retrieve All Payment Records (Lawyer)	1. Login as Lawyer. 2. Navigate to Paid Receipts page.	- List of all completed payments displayed. - Data shown accurately.	PASSED
TC_PAY_10	Payment Search and Filter	1. Enter search term in payments page. 2. Apply filters (date range, client).	- Results update dynamically. - Only matching payments visible.	PASSED
TC_PAY_11	Correct Payment-to-Case Linkage	1. Complete a payment. 2. View associated case in Receipts.	- Payment correctly associated with selected case. - Case info displays properly.	PASSED
TC_PAY_12	Access Client Invoices	1. Login as client. 2. Navigate to Invoices section.	- All personal past payment records listed. - Invoice downloadable (if supported).	PASSED
TC_PAY_14	Validate Monthly Revenue Calculation	1. Perform multiple payments. 2. Check lawyer dashboard.	- Monthly total accurately computed. - Displayed correctly for Lawyer.	PASSED
TC_PAY_15	Stripe Metadata Storage	1. Pay for a case with remarks. 2. Inspect Stripe dashboard metadata.	- Metadata (case_id, remarks) stored in Stripe session and DB.	PASSED
TC_PAY_17	Client-specific Payment Records	1. Login as a client. 2. Access Invoices/Receipts page.	- Only that client's payments visible. - No access to other users' data.	PASSED
TC_PAY_18	Responsive Payment Page	1. Open payments page on mobile, tablet, desktop.	- All elements load correctly. - Payment form usable and readable.	PASSED
TC_PAY_19	Prevent Unauthorized Payment Attempts	1. Try creating payment for another user's case. 2. Manipulate case IDs in frontend.	- Server-side validation blocks unauthorized creation. - Error returned. - No unauthorized record created.	PASSED

Payments Management User Interfaces

The collage consists of several screenshots illustrating different user interface elements:

- Top Left:** A "Pay Invoice" form titled "MAKE A SECURE PAYMENT". It includes fields for Case Number (400-h-34), Remarks (Enter payment remarks), Payment Amount (LKR Enter amount), and a "Proceed to Payment" button.
- Top Right:** A similar "Pay Invoice" form with a "Click here to view payment invoices" button and a "Invoices" link.
- Middle Left:** Another "Pay Invoice" form with the same structure as the others.
- Middle Right:** A payment gateway interface with a "G Pay" button, a "Pay with O Link" button, and a card input field showing "1234 1234 1234 1234 MM/YY CVC". It also includes a "Cardholder name" field, a "Country or region" dropdown set to "Sri Lanka", and a "Securely save my information for 1-click (Optional)" checkbox.
- Bottom Left:** A "Payment Success" confirmation screen featuring a large orange checkmark icon, the text "Payment Success", and the message "Your payment received. Thank you for paying with us! Click button below to go back to Home page". It has a "Go to Home" button.
- Bottom Right:** A "PAID RECEIPTS" section titled "View all payment records and manage receipts". It shows a table with one row of data: CASE NUMBER (400-h-34), CLIENT NAME (client client), CLIENT NUMBER (0773467805), COURT (badulla), AMOUNT (3,000.00), PAYMENT STATUS (paid), and DATE (Apr 26, 2025). The table has columns for CASE NUMBER, CLIENT NAME, CLIENT NUMBER, COURT, AMOUNT, PAYMENT STATUS, and DATE.
- Bottom Center:** A detailed view of the "PAID RECEIPTS" table with a search bar ("Search by case number, client name"), sort options ("Sort by: Latest First, Oldest First"), filter controls ("Amount: Min to Max", "Reset Filters"), and a "Back to Payments" button.

3. Test Cases – Meetings Management CRUD Operations

Test Case ID	Description	Test Steps	Expected Results	Status
TC_MTG_01	Verify that a client can request a new meeting.	1. Login as a client. 2. Navigate to the meeting page. 3. Fill in all required fields (date, time, purpose, comments). 4. Click "Submit" button.	1. Meeting request is saved in the database. 2. Success message "Meeting request submitted successfully!" is displayed. 3. New meeting appears in the meeting history table with "Pending" status.	PASSED
TC_MTG_02	Verify form validation for meeting request.	1. Login as a client. 2. Navigate to the meeting page. 3. Leave one or more required fields empty. 4. Click "Submit" button.	1. Form submission is prevented. 2. Error messages are displayed for empty required fields. 3. No meeting is created in the database.	PASSED
TC_MTG_03	Verify that client can view their meeting history.	1. Login as a client. 2. Navigate to the meeting page.	1. Meeting history table displays all meetings requested by the client. 2. Meetings are sorted by date in descending order. 3. Each meeting shows date, time, purpose, comments, and status.	PASSED
TC_MTG_04	Verify that meeting status is visually indicated.	1. Login as a client. 2. Navigate to the meeting page. 3. Observe meetings with different statuses.	1. "Pending" status is displayed with appropriate styling. 2. "Accepted" status is displayed with appropriate styling. 3. "Rejected" status is displayed with appropriate styling.	PASSED
TC_MTG_05	Verify that lawyer can view all client meeting requests.	1. Login as a lawyer. 2. Navigate to the client meetings page.	1. All client meeting requests are displayed. 2. Each meeting shows client name, date created,	PASSED

			requested date, purpose, comments, phone number, and status. 3. Data is properly formatted.	
TC_MTG_06	Verify that lawyer can update meeting status.	1. Login as a lawyer. 2. Navigate to the client meetings page. 3. Change the status of a meeting from the dropdown (Pending to Accepted or Rejected). 4. Observe the change.	1. Meeting status is updated in the database. 2. Status change is reflected in the UI immediately. 3. The row's styling updates to match the new status.	PASSED
TC_MTG_07	Verify meeting filtering by status.	1. Login as a lawyer. 2. Navigate to the client meetings page. 3. Click on filter buttons (All, Pending, Accepted, Rejected).	1. Only meetings with the selected status are displayed. 2. "All" filter shows all meetings. 3. Filter buttons show active state for the selected filter.	PASSED
TC_MTG_08	Verify meeting search functionality.	1. Login as a lawyer. 2. Navigate to the client meetings page. 3. Enter search terms in the search field.	1. Only meetings matching the search criteria are displayed. 2. Search works for client name, purpose, and other text fields. 3. Results update dynamically as you type.	PASSED
TC_MTG_09	Verify meeting sorting functionality.	1. Login as a lawyer. 2. Navigate to the client meetings page. 3. Use the sort dropdown to sort by different criteria (newest, oldest, client name, meeting date).	1. Meetings are reordered according to the selected sort option. 2. Sorting works correctly for all options.	PASSED
TC_MTG_10	Verify "No meetings found" message.	1. Login as a lawyer. 2. Navigate to the client meetings page. 3. Apply filters or	1. "No meetings match your search criteria" message is displayed. 2. Table is empty but properly formatted.	PASSED

		search that result in no matches.		
TC_MTG_11	Verify access control for client meetings.	1. Attempt to access client meeting URLs without logging in. 2. Log in as a client and attempt to access lawyer meeting management URLs.	1. Unauthenticated users are redirected to login page. 2. Clients cannot access lawyer meeting management pages. 3. Appropriate error or redirect occurs.	PASSED
TC_MTG_12	Verify that a client cannot see other clients' meetings.	1. Login as a client. 2. Navigate to the meeting page.	1. Only meetings requested by the logged-in client are displayed. 2. No meetings from other clients are visible.	PASSED
TC_MTG_13	Verify date and time validation for meeting requests.	1. Login as a client. 2. Navigate to the meeting page. 3. Attempt to request a meeting with a past date or invalid time.	1. Form validation prevents submission. 2. Error message indicates date/time must be valid. 3. No meeting is created with invalid date/time.	PASSED
TC_MTG_14	Verify meeting request with minimum required data.	1. Login as a client. 2. Navigate to the meeting page. 3. Fill in only the required fields with minimal valid data. 4. Submit the form.	1. Meeting is created successfully. 2. Meeting appears in history with the provided minimal data.	PASSED
TC_MTG_15	Verify meeting request with maximum length data.	1. Login as a client. 2. Navigate to the meeting page. 3. Fill in fields with maximum allowed length of text. 4. Submit the form.	1. Meeting is created successfully. 2. Long text fields are stored and displayed correctly without truncation.	PASSED
TC_MTG_16	Verify that meeting status updates are persistent.	1. Login as a lawyer. 2. Update a meeting status. 3. Logout and login again. 4. Navigate to the client meetings page.	1. Meeting status change is saved permanently. 2. Updated status is still visible after re-login.	PASSED

TC_MTG_17	Verify responsive design of meeting forms and tables.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Access the meeting pages on different devices (desktop, tablet, mobile). 2. Check layout and usability. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Meeting forms and tables are usable and properly displayed on all device sizes. 2. All elements are accessible and functional. 	PASSED
TC_MTG_18	Verify that client information is displayed with meeting requests.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Login as a lawyer. 2. Navigate to the client meetings page. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Client name and phone number are correctly displayed with each meeting. 2. This information is pulled correctly from the users table. 	PASSED
TC_MTG_19	Verify "No results" message when filtering meetings.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Login as a lawyer. 2. Navigate to the client meetings page. 3. Apply filters that result in no matches. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. "No meetings match your search criteria" message is displayed. 2. Message is properly styled and positioned. 	PASSED
TC_MTG_20	Verify that meeting data is properly sanitized.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Login as a client. 2. Submit a meeting request with HTML or script tags in text fields. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Meeting is created successfully. 2. HTML/script tags are properly escaped when displayed. 3. No XSS vulnerabilities exist. 	PASSED

Meetings Management User Interfaces

Request a Meeting

Meeting Date:

Meeting Time:

Purpose:

Comments:

Submit

Request a Meeting

Meeting Date:

April 2023

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	Today

Submit

Meeting History

#	DATE	TIME	PURPOSE	COMMENTS	STATUS	ACTION
1	2025-04-27	17:59:00	fwf	fwefewf	Pending	
2	2025-04-23	22:30:00	ekjgr	wlekgj	Accepted	
3	2025-02-22	02:09:00	meeting	meeting	Pending	

Purpose:

Comments:

Are you sure?
You won't be able to revert this!

Yes, delete it! Cancel

Meeting History

#	DATE	TIME	PURPOSE	COMMENTS	STATUS	ACTION
1	2025-04-27	17:59:00	fwf	fwefewf	Pending	
2	2025-04-23	22:30:00	ekjgr	wlekgj	Accepted	
3	2025-02-22	02:09:00	meeting	meeting	Pending	

CLIENT MEETING REQUESTS

Here you can view the client meeting requests and their status. Select buttons to filter the details

Sort by: Newest First

Search by client name, purpose... All Pending Accepted Rejected

CLIENT NAME	DATE CREATED	REQUESTED DATE	MEETING PURPOSE	COMMENTS	PHONE NUMBER	STATUS
client client	2025.04.26	2025.04.27	fwf	fwefewf	0773467805	Pending
Kasun Perera	2025.04.25	2025.04.30	jgcjfy	tfl	076771077	Accepted
client client	2025.04.22	2025.04.23	ekjgr	wlekgj	0773467805	Accepted
client client	2025.02.20	2025.02.22	meeting	meeting	0773467805	Pending
meeting(pew123) testing	2025.02.13	2025.02.03	testing ban	test test	0572222345	Rejected

CLIENT MEETING REQUESTS

Here you can view the client meeting requests and their status. Select buttons to filter the details

Sort by: ✓ Newest First
Oldest First
Client Name
Meeting Date

Search by client name, purpose... All Pending Accepted Rejected

CLIENT NAME	DATE CREATED	REQUESTED DATE	MEETING PURPOSE	COMMENTS	PHONE NUMBER	STATUS
client client	2025.04.26	2025.04.27	fwf	fwefewf	0773467805	Pending Accepted Rejected
Kasun Perera	2025.04.25	2025.04.30	jgcjfy	tfl	076771077	Accepted

HOME CASES PAYMENTS PRECEDENTS

Calendar Task Board Meeting Document templates Users S.C Rules

All Pending Accepted Rejected

CLIENT NAME	DATE CREATED	REQUESTED DATE	MEETING PURPOSE	COMMENTS	PHONE NUMBER	STATUS
client client	2025.04.26	2025.04.27	fwf	fwefewf	0773467805	Pending Accepted Rejected
Kasun Perera	2025.04.25	2025.04.30	jgcjfy	tfl	076771077	Accepted

4. Test Cases – User Login Functionality

Test Case ID	Description	Test Steps	Expected Results	Status
TC_LOGIN_01	Verify successful login with valid username and password.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the login page. 2. Enter valid username/email. 3. Enter valid password. 4. Click 'Log In' button. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. User is authenticated successfully. 2. Session variables are set (user_id, username, role, etc.). 3. User is redirected to appropriate dashboard based on role. 4. Login attempt is logged in login_logs table with 'Success' status. 	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_02	Verify login failure with invalid username.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the login page. 2. Enter invalid/non-existent username. 3. Enter any password. 4. Click 'Log In' button. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Authentication fails. 2. Error message 'Invalid username/email or password' is displayed. 3. User remains on login page. 4. No session variables are set. 	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_03	Verify login failure with invalid password.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the login page. 2. Enter valid username/email. 3. Enter incorrect password. 4. Click 'Log In' button. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Authentication fails. 2. Error message 'Invalid username/email or password' is displayed. 3. User remains on login page. 4. No session variables are set. 	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_04	Verify login form validation for empty fields.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the login page. 2. Leave username/email field empty. 3. Leave 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Form submission is prevented. 2. Browser's native validation messages appear for required fields. 	PASSED

		<p>password field empty.</p> <p>4. Click 'Log In' button.</p>	<p>3. No authentication attempt is made.</p>	
TC_LOGIN_05	Verify role-based redirection after login.	<p>1. Login as admin user.</p> <p>2. Logout and login as client user.</p> <p>3. Logout and login as lawyer user.</p> <p>4. Logout and login as attorney user.</p> <p>5. Logout and login as junior user.</p> <p>6. Logout and login as precedent user.</p>	<p>1. Admin is redirected to homeadmin with success parameter.</p> <p>2. Client is redirected to homeclient with success parameter.</p> <p>3. Lawyer is redirected to homelawyer with success parameter.</p> <p>4. Attorney is redirected to homejunior with success parameter.</p> <p>5. Junior is redirected to homejunior with success parameter.</p> <p>6. Precedent is redirected to precedentscontroller/index with success parameter.</p>	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_06	Verify password visibility toggle.	<p>1. Navigate to the login page.</p> <p>2. Enter a password.</p> <p>3. Click the eye icon next to password field.</p> <p>4. Click the eye icon again.</p>	<p>1. Password is initially masked with asterisks/dots.</p> <p>2. Clicking eye icon changes field type to text, making password visible.</p> <p>3. Clicking eye icon again masks the password.</p> <p>4. Icon changes between show/hide states.</p>	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_07	Verify 'Forgot password' link functionality.	<p>1. Navigate to the login page.</p> <p>2. Click on 'Forgot password?' link.</p>	<p>1. User is redirected to forgotpassword page.</p> <p>2. Password reset form is displayed.</p>	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_08	Verify 'Register' button functionality.	<p>1. Navigate to the login page.</p> <p>2. Click on 'Register' button.</p>	<p>1. User is redirected to registeruser page.</p> <p>2. Registration form is displayed.</p>	PASSED

TC_LOGIN_09	Verify successful login after password reset.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Complete password reset process. 2. Navigate to login page with reset=success parameter. 3. Login with new password. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Success message about password reset is displayed. 2. User can login successfully with new password. 3. User is redirected to appropriate dashboard. 	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_10	Verify login success message after registration.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Complete registration process. 2. Navigate to login page with register=success parameter. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. SweetAlert success message about registration is displayed. 2. Login form is available for the user to login. 	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_11	Verify login attempt logging.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Login successfully with valid credentials. 2. Check login_logs table in database. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. New record is created in login_logs table. 2. Record contains correct user_id, current timestamp, IP address, and 'Success' status. 	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_12	Verify session data after successful login.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Login successfully. 2. Check session variables. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Session contains user_id, username, role, first_name, last_name, email, and phone variables. 2. Session data matches the logged-in user's information. 	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_13	Verify XSS prevention in error messages.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Attempt login with invalid credentials containing HTML/script tags. 2. Observe error message display. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Error message is displayed. 2. HTML/script tags are properly escaped and not executed. 3. No XSS vulnerabilities exist. 	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_14	Verify login page access	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Login successfully. 2. Attempt to 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. User is redirected to their dashboard based on role. 	PASSED

	when already logged in.	navigate to login page again.	2. Login page is not displayed to already authenticated users.	
TC_LOGIN_15	Verify login with different case username.	1. Register with username 'TestUser'. 2. Attempt to login with 'testuser' (all lowercase).	1. Login behavior is consistent with application's case sensitivity policy. 2. If case-insensitive, login succeeds; if case-sensitive, login fails with appropriate message.	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_16	Verify login with email instead of username.	1. Navigate to login page. 2. Enter registered email instead of username. 3. Enter correct password. 4. Click 'Log In' button.	1. Authentication succeeds if application supports email login. 2. User is redirected to appropriate dashboard. 3. Session variables are set correctly.	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_17	Verify login page UI elements.	1. Navigate to login page. 2. Observe all UI elements.	1. Page contains Themis logo. 2. Page has 'Welcome Back!' heading. 3. Form has username/email field, password field with visibility toggle. 4. Page has 'Log In' button, 'Forgot password' link, and 'Register' button. 5. All elements are properly styled.	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_18	Verify login with trailing/leading spaces in username.	1. Navigate to login page. 2. Enter valid username with extra spaces (e.g., 'username '). 3. Enter correct password.	1. Login behavior is consistent with application's space handling policy. 2. If spaces are trimmed, login succeeds; otherwise, appropriate behavior occurs.	PASSED

		4. Click 'Log In' button.		
TC_LOGIN_19	Verify browser back button after logout.	1. Login successfully. 2. Navigate to a protected page. 3. Logout. 4. Click browser back button.	1. Protected page is not accessible. 2. User is redirected to login page or shown appropriate message.	PASSED
TC_LOGIN_20	Verify login page responsiveness.	1. Access login page on different devices (desktop, tablet, mobile). 2. Resize browser window to different dimensions.	1. Login form is usable and properly displayed on all device sizes. 2. All elements are accessible and functional. 3. Layout adjusts appropriately to screen size.	PASSED

LoginUser Interfaces

The image displays two side-by-side screenshots of the Themis Lawyer login page. Both screenshots feature a dark blue header with the Themis logo on the left and a "Welcome Back! Login to your account" message in the center. The first screenshot shows a successful login attempt where the user has entered their credentials and clicked the "Log in" button. The second screenshot shows an unsuccessful login attempt where the user has entered invalid credentials and received an "Invalid username/email or password" error message below the login form.

The image shows a screenshot of the Themis Lawyer home client interface, accessed via a browser at localhost/themisrepo/public/homeclient?login=success. The main content area features a "Welcome, meeting!" message at the top. Below it, there are sections for "Case Progress" (showing "No Cases Found"), "Recent Invoices" (showing "No Invoices Found"), "Recent Login Activity", and "Recent Meeting Requests". A prominent white pop-up window in the center displays a green checkmark icon and the message "Welcome Back! You have successfully logged in." The browser's address bar and various tabs are visible at the top.

5. Test Cases – User Registration Functionality

Test Case ID	Description	Test Steps	Expected Results	Status
TC_REG_01	Verify successful user registration with valid data.	<p>1. Navigate to the registration page.</p> <p>2. Fill in all required fields with valid data:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - First name: "John" - Last name: "Doe" - Username: "johndoe123" - Email: "john.doe@example.com" - Phone: "1234567890" - Password: "password123" - Confirm password: "password123" <p>3. Click "Create account" button.</p>	<p>1. User is registered successfully.</p> <p>2. User data is saved in the database with password hashed.</p> <p>3. User is redirected to login page with success parameter.</p> <p>4. Success message is displayed on login page.</p>	PASSED
TC_REG_02	Verify form validation for empty fields.	<p>1. Navigate to the registration page.</p> <p>2. Leave all fields empty.</p> <p>3. Click "Create account" button.</p>	<p>1. Form submission is prevented.</p> <p>2. Error messages are displayed for all empty required fields.</p> <p>3. No user is created in the database.</p>	PASSED
TC_REG_03	Verify validation for existing username.	<p>1. Register a user with username "testuser".</p> <p>2. Attempt to register another user with the same username "testuser".</p>	<p>1. Registration fails.</p> <p>2. Error message "This username is already taken" is displayed.</p> <p>3. Form retains other entered values.</p> <p>4. No new user is created in the database.</p>	PASSED
TC_REG_04	Verify validation for existing email.	<p>1. Register a user with email "test@example.com".</p> <p>2. Attempt to register another user with the</p>	<p>1. Registration fails.</p> <p>2. Error message "This email is already registered" is displayed.</p>	

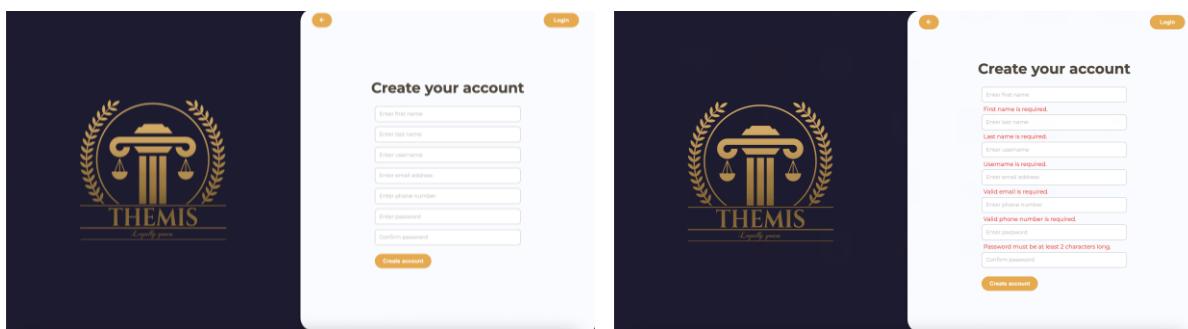
		same email "test@example.com".	3. Form retains other entered values. 4. No new user is created in the database.	PASSED
TC_REG_05	Verify validation for existing phone number.	1. Register a user with phone "1234567890". 2. Attempt to register another user with the same phone "1234567890".	1. Registration fails. 2. Error message "This phone number is already registered" is displayed. 3. Form retains other entered values. 4. No new user is created in the database.	PASSED
TC_REG_06	Verify password confirmation validation.	1. Navigate to the registration page. 2. Fill in all fields with valid data. 3. Enter "password123" in password field. 4. Enter "password456" in confirm password field. 5. Click "Create account" button.	1. Registration fails. 2. Error message "Passwords do not match" is displayed. 3. Form retains other entered values. 4. No user is created in the database.	PASSED
TC_REG_07	Verify email format validation.	1. Navigate to the registration page. 2. Fill in all fields with valid data except email. 3. Enter invalid email format (e.g., "invalidemail"). 4. Click "Create account" button.	1. Registration fails. 2. Error message "Valid email is required" is displayed. 3. Form retains other entered values. 4. No user is created in the database.	PASSED
TC_REG_08	Verify phone number format validation.	1. Navigate to the registration page. 2. Fill in all fields with valid data except phone. 3. Enter invalid phone format (e.g., "123" or "abcdefghijkl"). 4. Click "Create account" button.	1. Registration fails. 2. Error message "Valid phone number is required" is displayed. 3. Form retains other entered values. 4. No user is created in the database.	PASSED

TC_REG_09	Verify password length validation.	1. Navigate to the registration page. 2. Fill in all fields with valid data except password. 3. Enter "a" as password (less than minimum length). 4. Enter "a" as confirm password. 5. Click "Create account" button.	1. Registration fails. 2. Error message "Password must be at least 2 characters long" is displayed. 3. Form retains other entered values. 4. No user is created in the database.	PASSED
TC_REG_10	Verify 'Login' button functionality.	1. Navigate to the registration page. 2. Click on 'Login' button.	1. User is redirected to login page. 2. Login form is displayed.	PASSED
TC_REG_11	Verify 'Home' button functionality.	1. Navigate to the registration page. 2. Click on the home button (arrow left icon).	1. User is redirected to landing page.	PASSED
TC_REG_12	Verify registration with minimum valid data.	1. Navigate to the registration page. 2. Fill in all required fields with minimum valid data: - First name: "A" - Last name: "B" - Username: "ab" - Email: "a@b.com" - Phone: "1234567890" - Password: "ab" - Confirm password: "ab" 3. Click "Create account" button.	1. User is registered successfully. 2. User is redirected to login page with success parameter.	PASSED
TC_REG_13	Verify registration with maximum valid data.	1. Navigate to the registration page. 2. Fill in all fields with maximum length valid data. 3. Click "Create account" button.	1. User is registered successfully. 2. User is redirected to login page with success parameter. 3. All data is stored correctly without truncation.	PASSED

TC_REG_14	Verify XSS prevention in form fields.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the registration page. 2. Fill in fields with HTML/script tags. 3. Submit the form. 4. Login with the created account. 5. Check profile or user data display. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Registration succeeds. 2. HTML/script tags are properly escaped when stored/displayed. 3. No XSS vulnerabilities exist. 	PASSED
TC_REG_15	Verify default role assignment.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Register a new user. 2. Check the user's role in the database. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. User is assigned the default role 'client'. 	PASSED
TC_REG_16	Verify form field persistence after validation error.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the registration page. 2. Fill in all fields with valid data except email (use invalid format). 3. Submit the form. 4. Observe the form after error. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Error message is displayed for email field. 2. All previously entered valid data is retained in the form fields. 	PASSED
TC_REG_17	Verify registration page UI elements.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the registration page. 2. Observe all UI elements. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Page contains Themis logo. 2. Page has 'Create your account' heading. 3. Form has all required fields and buttons. 4. All elements are properly styled. 	PASSED
TC_REG_18	Verify registration with special characters in text fields.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the registration page. 2. Fill in text fields with special characters (e.g., "O'Connor" for last name). 3. Complete other fields with valid data. 4. Submit the form. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Registration succeeds. 2. Special characters are properly stored and displayed. 	PASSED
TC_REG_19	Verify registration page responsiveness.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Access registration page on different devices (desktop, tablet, mobile). 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Registration form is usable and properly displayed on all device sizes. 	

		<p>2. Resize browser window to different dimensions.</p>	<p>2. All elements are accessible and functional. 3. Layout adjusts appropriately to screen size.</p>	PASSED
TC_REG_20	Verify password hashing.	<p>1. Register a new user. 2. Check the password field in the database.</p>	<p>1. Password is stored as a secure hash, not plaintext. 2. Hash uses PASSWORD_DEFAULT algorithm.</p>	PASSED

Register User Interfaces



Create your account

This username is already taken.

This email is already registered.

This phone number is already registered.

Create account

Create your account

Passwords do not match.

Create account

6. Test Cases – Forgot Password Functionality

Test Case ID	Description	Test Steps	Expected Results	Status
TC_FPW_01	Verify forgot password page access.	1. Navigate to the login page. 2. Click on "Forgot password?" link.	1. User is redirected to forgot password page. 2. Email input field and "Send Reset OTP" button are displayed.	PASSED
TC_FPW_02	Verify email validation on forgot password page.	1. Navigate to forgot password page. 2. Leave email field empty. 3. Click "Send Reset OTP" button.	1. Form submission is prevented. 2. Error message "Email is required" is displayed. 3. No OTP is generated or sent.	PASSED
TC_FPW_03	Verify reset request with non-existent email.	1. Navigate to forgot password page. 2. Enter an email that doesn't exist in the system. 3. Click "Send Reset OTP" button.	1. Error message "Email not found in our records" is displayed. 2. User remains on forgot password page. 3. No OTP is generated or sent.	PASSED
TC_FPW_04	Verify successful OTP generation and email sending.	1. Navigate to forgot password page. 2. Enter a valid registered email. 3. Click "Send Reset OTP" button.	1. 6-digit OTP is generated. 2. OTP is saved in database associated with the email. 3. Email with OTP is sent to the user. 4. User is redirected to OTP verification page.	PASSED
TC_FPW_05	Verify OTP verification page access without session.	1. Attempt to access OTP verification page directly without going through forgot password flow.	1. User is redirected to forgot password page. 2. No OTP verification form is displayed.	PASSED
TC_FPW_06	Verify OTP validation on	1. Complete steps to request password reset and	1. Form submission is prevented. 2. Error message "OTP	PASSED

	verification page.	<p>reach OTP verification page.</p> <p>2. Leave OTP field empty.</p> <p>3. Click "Verify OTP" button.</p>	<p>"is required" is displayed.</p> <p>3. User remains on OTP verification page.</p>	
TC_FPW_07	Verify OTP verification with incorrect OTP.	<p>1. Complete steps to request password reset and reach OTP verification page.</p> <p>2. Enter an incorrect OTP.</p> <p>3. Click "Verify OTP" button.</p>	<p>1. Error message "Invalid OTP. Please try again." is displayed.</p> <p>2. User remains on OTP verification page.</p> <p>3. No session variable for OTP verification is set.</p>	PASSED
TC_FPW_08	Verify successful OTP verification.	<p>1. Complete steps to request password reset and reach OTP verification page.</p> <p>2. Enter the correct OTP received via email.</p> <p>3. Click "Verify OTP" button.</p>	<p>1. OTP is verified successfully.</p> <p>2. Session variable 'otp_verified' is set to true.</p> <p>3. User is redirected to reset password page.</p>	PASSED
TC_FPW_09	Verify reset password page access without session.	<p>1. Attempt to access reset password page directly without going through forgot password and OTP verification flow.</p>	<p>1. User is redirected to forgot password page.</p> <p>2. No password reset form is displayed.</p>	PASSED
TC_FPW_10	Verify password validation on reset page.	<p>1. Complete steps to verify OTP and reach reset password page.</p> <p>2. Enter a password shorter than 2 characters.</p> <p>3. Enter the same short password in confirm field.</p>	<p>1. Form submission is prevented.</p> <p>2. Error message "Password must be at least 2 characters long" is displayed.</p> <p>3. User remains on reset password page.</p>	PASSED

		4. Click "Reset Password" button.		
TC_FPW_11	Verify password confirmation validation.	<p>1. Complete steps to verify OTP and reach reset password page.</p> <p>2. Enter "newpassword" in password field.</p> <p>3. Enter "differentpassword" in confirm password field.</p> <p>4. Click "Reset Password" button.</p>	<p>1. Form submission is prevented.</p> <p>2. Error message "Passwords do not match" is displayed.</p> <p>3. User remains on reset password page.</p>	PASSED
TC_FPW_12	Verify successful password reset.	<p>1. Complete steps to verify OTP and reach reset password page.</p> <p>2. Enter valid new password in password field.</p> <p>3. Enter same password in confirm password field.</p> <p>4. Click "Reset Password" button.</p>	<p>1. Password is updated in the database.</p> <p>2. Session variables 'reset_email' and 'otp_verified' are cleared.</p> <p>3. User is redirected to login page with success parameter.</p> <p>4. Success message is displayed on login page.</p>	PASSED
TC_FPW_13	Verify login with new password after reset.	<p>1. Complete full password reset process.</p> <p>2. Navigate to login page.</p> <p>3. Enter email/username and the new password.</p> <p>4. Click "Log In" button.</p>	<p>1. Authentication succeeds.</p> <p>2. User is logged in successfully.</p> <p>3. User is redirected to appropriate dashboard based on role.</p>	PASSED
TC_FPW_14	Verify "Request again" functionality on OTP page.	<p>1. Complete steps to request password reset and reach OTP verification page.</p>	<p>1. User is redirected to forgot password page.</p> <p>2. User can request a new OTP.</p>	PASSED

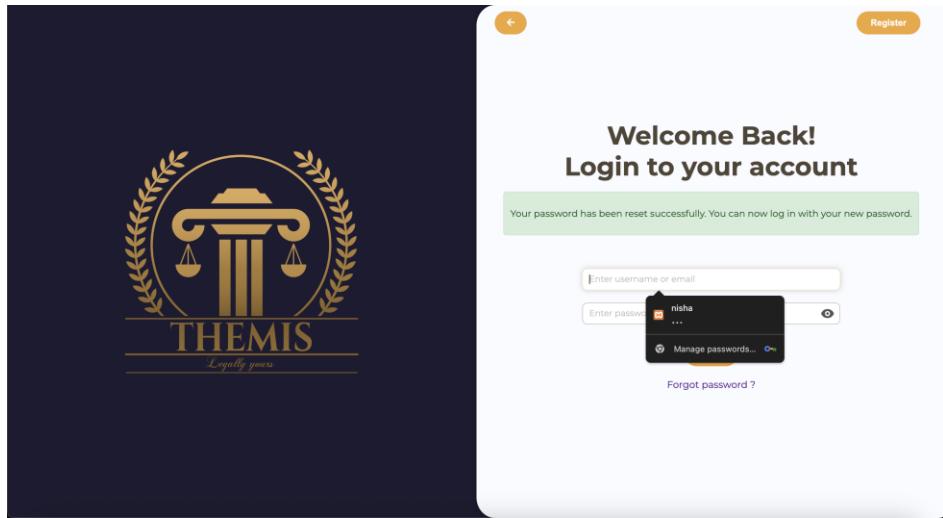
		2. Click "Request again" link.		
TC_FPW_15	Verify "Back to Login" link on forgot password page.	1. Navigate to forgot password page. 2. Click "Back to Login" link.	1. User is redirected to login page.	PASSED
TC_FPW_16	Verify back button on forgot password page.	1. Navigate to forgot password page. 2. Click the back arrow button.	1. User is redirected to login page.	PASSED
TC_FPW_17	Verify password visibility toggle on reset password page.	1. Complete steps to verify OTP and reach reset password page. 2. Enter a password. 3. Click the eye icon next to password field. 4. Click the eye icon again. 5. Repeat for confirm password field.	1. Password is initially masked. 2. Clicking eye icon makes password visible. 3. Clicking eye icon again masks the password. 4. Icon changes between show/hide states. 5. Same behavior works for confirm password field.	PASSED
TC_FPW_18	Verify OTP email content.	1. Complete steps to request password reset. 2. Check the email received.	1. Email has correct subject "Password Reset OTP - Themis". 2. Email contains Themis logo. 3. Email has the 6-digit OTP clearly displayed. 4. Email includes instructions and expiration information.	PASSED
TC_FPW_19	Verify responsiveness of forgot password flow pages.	1. Access forgot password, OTP verification, and reset password pages on different devices (desktop, tablet, mobile).	1. All pages are usable and properly displayed on all device sizes. 2. All elements are accessible and functional. 3. Layout adjusts	PASSED

		2. Resize browser window to different dimensions.	appropriately to screen size.	
TC_FPW_20	Verify security of reset flow with direct URL manipulation.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Start password reset process for email A. Reach OTP verification page. Manually change session email to email B. Complete the reset process. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> System prevents unauthorized password changes. Either the process fails with appropriate error or the original email's password is changed (not email B). 	PASSED

Forgot Password User Interfaces

The image displays a 3x2 grid of screenshots illustrating the Themis Law Firm's forgot password user interface. The screenshots show the following sequence:

- Row 1, Left:** The Themis logo on a dark background.
- Row 1, Right:** The "Forgot Password" page with the heading "Enter your email to reset password". It includes an input field for "Enter your email address", a "Send Reset OTP" button, and a "Back to Login" link.
- Row 2, Left:** The Themis logo on a dark background.
- Row 2, Right:** The "Forgot Password" page with the heading "Enter your email to reset password". It includes an input field for "Enter your email address" (with a red error message "Email not found in our records"), a "Send Reset OTP" button, and a "Back to Login" link.
- Row 3, Left:** The Themis logo on a dark background.
- Row 3, Right:** The "Verify OTP" page with the heading "Enter the OTP sent to your email". It includes an input field for "Enter OTP", a "Verify OTP" button, and links for "Didn't receive the OTP? Request again".
- Row 4, Left:** The Themis logo on a dark background.
- Row 4, Right:** A screenshot of a Gmail inbox showing an email from "Themis Law Firm" with the subject "Password Reset OTP - Themis". The email body contains a "Password Reset Request" with the OTP "796076".
- Row 5, Left:** The Themis logo on a dark background.
- Row 5, Right:** The "Reset Password" page with the heading "Create a new password for your account". It includes two input fields for "Enter new password" and "Confirm new password", and a "Reset Password" button.
- Row 6, Left:** The Themis logo on a dark background.
- Row 6, Right:** The "Verify OTP" page with the heading "Enter the OTP sent to your email". It includes an input field containing the OTP "796076", a "Verify OTP" button, and links for "Didn't receive the OTP? Request again".



7. Test Cases for Google Calendar Integration

Test Case ID	Description	Test Steps	Expected Results	Status
TC_CAL_01	Verify initial calendar access without authentication.	1. Navigate to the calendar page without prior Google authentication.	1. User is redirected to Google OAuth consent screen. 2. Google requests permission to access calendar data.	PASSED
TC_CAL_02	Verify successful Google Calendar authentication.	1. Navigate to calendar page. 2. Complete Google authentication when prompted. 3. Grant calendar access permissions.	1. Authentication is successful. 2. Access token is saved to token.json. 3. User is redirected back to calendar page. 4. Calendar events are displayed.	PASSED
TC_CAL_03	Verify calendar events display.	1. Navigate to calendar page after successful authentication.	1. Calendar interface loads correctly. 2. Upcoming events are displayed in both calendar view and list	

			<p>view.</p> <p>3. Event details (title, date, time, location) are correctly shown.</p>	PASSED
TC_CAL_04	Verify adding a new event.	<p>1. Navigate to calendar page.</p> <p>2. Click "Event" button.</p> <p>3. Fill in event details: - Title: "Test Meeting" - Start date: [tomorrow's date] - Start time: "10:00" - End date: [tomorrow's date] - End time: "11:00" - Location: "Office" - Description: "Test description"</p> <p>4. Click "Save Event" button.</p>	<p>1. Event form submits successfully.</p> <p>2. Success message "Event added successfully!" is displayed.</p> <p>3. New event appears in the calendar view and upcoming events list.</p> <p>4. Event is added to Google Calendar.</p>	PASSED
TC_CAL_05	Verify event creation by clicking on a date.	<p>1. Navigate to calendar page.</p> <p>2. Click on a specific date in the calendar view.</p> <p>3. Fill in event details in the modal.</p> <p>4. Click "Save Event" button.</p>	<p>1. Event modal opens with the selected date pre-filled.</p> <p>2. Event is created successfully.</p> <p>3. Event appears on the selected date in calendar view.</p>	PASSED
TC_CAL_06	Verify event creation by selecting a date range.	<p>1. Navigate to calendar page.</p> <p>2. Click and drag to select multiple days in the calendar.</p> <p>3. Fill in event</p>	<p>1. Event modal opens with the selected date range pre-filled.</p> <p>2. Event is created successfully.</p> <p>3. Event appears</p>	PASSED

		<p>details in the modal.</p> <p>4. Click "Save Event" button.</p>	<p>spanning the selected dates in calendar view.</p>	
TC_CAL_07	Verify editing an existing event.	<p>1. Navigate to calendar page.</p> <p>2. Click on an existing event in the calendar or list view.</p> <p>3. Modify event details in the edit modal.</p> <p>4. Click "Update Event" button.</p>	<p>1. Edit modal opens with current event details pre-filled.</p> <p>2. Event updates successfully.</p> <p>3. Success message is displayed.</p> <p>4. Updated event details are reflected in calendar and list views.</p> <p>5. Changes are synced to Google Calendar.</p>	PASSED
TC_CAL_08	Verify deleting an event.	<p>1. Navigate to calendar page.</p> <p>2. Click on an existing event.</p> <p>3. Click "Delete Event" button in the edit modal.</p> <p>4. Confirm deletion in the confirmation dialog.</p>	<p>1. Event is deleted successfully.</p> <p>2. Success message is displayed.</p> <p>3. Event is removed from calendar and list views.</p> <p>4. Event is deleted from Google Calendar.</p>	PASSED
TC_CAL_09	Verify deleting an event from event card.	<p>1. Navigate to calendar page.</p> <p>2. Find an event in the upcoming events list.</p> <p>3. Click the trash icon on the event card.</p> <p>4. Confirm deletion in the confirmation dialog.</p>	<p>1. Event is deleted successfully.</p> <p>2. Success message is displayed.</p> <p>3. Event is removed from calendar and list views.</p> <p>4. Event is deleted from Google Calendar.</p>	PASSED
TC_CAL_10	Verify editing an event from event card.	<p>1. Navigate to calendar page.</p> <p>2. Find an event in the upcoming events list.</p>	<p>1. Edit modal opens with current event details pre-filled.</p> <p>2. Event updates successfully.</p>	

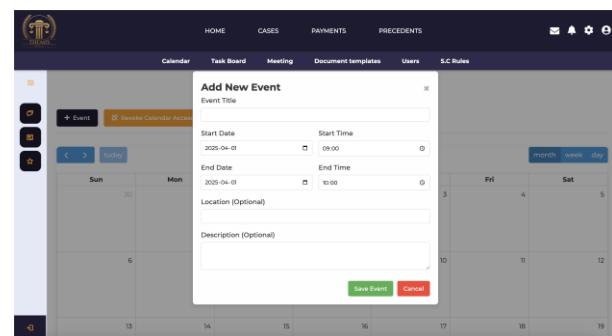
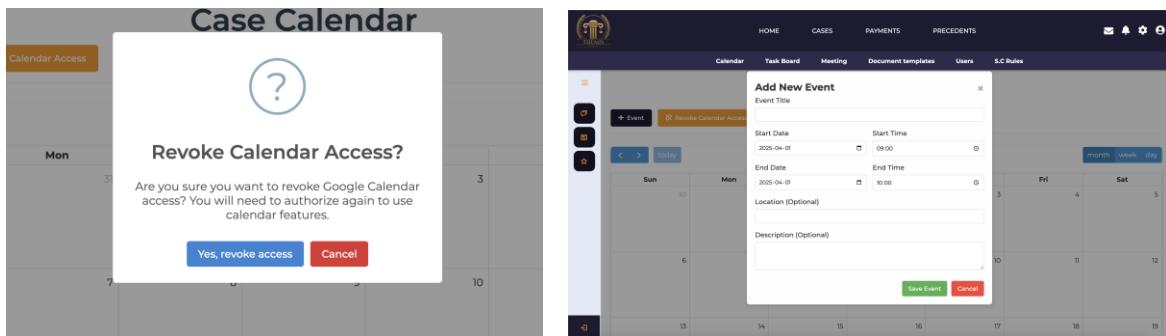
		<p>3. Click the edit icon on the event card.</p> <p>4. Modify event details.</p> <p>5. Click "Update Event" button.</p>	<p>3. Success message is displayed.</p> <p>4. Updated event details are reflected in calendar and list views.</p>	PASSED
TC_CAL_11	Verify form validation when adding an event.	<p>1. Navigate to calendar page.</p> <p>2. Click "Event" button.</p> <p>3. Leave required fields empty (title, dates, times).</p> <p>4. Click "Save Event" button.</p>	<p>1. Form submission is prevented.</p> <p>2. Error messages are displayed for empty required fields.</p> <p>3. No event is created.</p>	PASSED
TC_CAL_12	Verify calendar view switching.	<p>1. Navigate to calendar page.</p> <p>2. Click on different view options: "month", "week", "day".</p>	<p>1. Calendar view changes according to selection.</p> <p>2. Events are displayed correctly in each view.</p> <p>3. Active view button is highlighted.</p>	PASSED
TC_CAL_13	Verify calendar navigation.	<p>1. Navigate to calendar page.</p> <p>2. Click "prev", "next", and "today" buttons.</p>	<p>1. Calendar navigates to previous month/week/day when "prev" is clicked.</p> <p>2. Calendar navigates to next month/week/day when "next" is clicked.</p> <p>3. Calendar returns to current month/week/day when "today" is clicked.</p> <p>4. Events display correctly after navigation.</p>	PASSED
TC_CAL_14	Verify token refresh when expired.	<p>1. Manually modify token.json to set an expired access token.</p>	<p>1. System detects expired token.</p> <p>2. Token is refreshed using refresh token.</p> <p>3. New access token is</p>	PASSED

		2. Navigate to calendar page.	saved. 4. Calendar loads successfully with events.	
TC_CAL_15	Verify revoking calendar access.	1. Navigate to calendar page. 2. Click "Revoke Calendar Access" button. 3. Confirm revocation in the confirmation dialog.	1. Access is successfully revoked. 2. Token.json file is deleted. 3. User is redirected to no access page. 4. Success message "Google Calendar access successfully revoked" is displayed.	PASSED
TC_CAL_16	Verify reconnecting after revoking access.	1. Complete steps to revoke calendar access. 2. Click on the authentication link on the no access page.	1. User is redirected to Google OAuth consent screen. 2. After authentication, user is redirected back to calendar page. 3. Calendar loads successfully with events.	PASSED
TC_CAL_17	Verify handling of authentication errors.	1. Modify the redirect URI in the code to an invalid value. 2. Navigate to calendar page. 3. Attempt to authenticate with Google.	1. Authentication fails. 2. Error is logged. 3. User is shown calendar_auth_error view.	PASSED
TC_CAL_18	Verify event time zone handling.	1. Navigate to calendar page. 2. Add an event with specific time. 3. View the event details.	1. Event is created with the specified time in the correct time zone (Asia/Kolkata). 2. Time is displayed correctly in the UI according to user's local time zone.	PASSED
TC_CAL_19	Verify calendar interface responsiveness.	1. Access calendar page on different	1. Calendar interface is usable and properly displayed on all device	

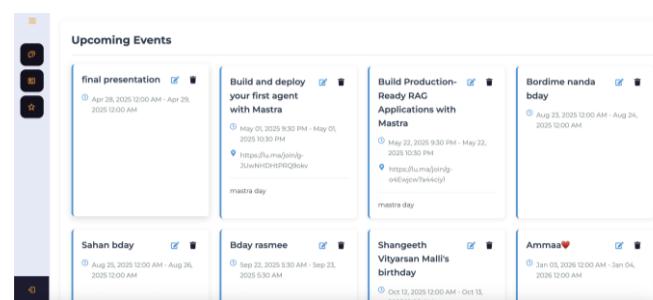
		<p>devices (desktop, tablet, mobile).</p> <p>2. Resize browser window to different dimensions.</p>	<p>sizes.</p> <p>2. All elements are accessible and functional.</p> <p>3. Layout adjusts appropriately to screen size.</p>	PASSED
TC_CAL_20	Verify calendar functionality without network connection.	<p>1. Navigate to calendar page and authenticate.</p> <p>2. Disconnect from network.</p> <p>3. Attempt to perform calendar operations.</p>	<p>1. Appropriate error messages are displayed for operations requiring network.</p> <p>2. Previously loaded events are still visible if cached.</p> <p>3. Application handles offline state gracefully.</p>	Failed

Case Calendar User Interfaces

The figure consists of four screenshots arranged in a 2x2 grid. The top-left screenshot shows the Lawyer dashboard with sections for 'Recent Cases' (listing Case ID, Client, Status, Next Hearing), 'Add New Case' (button), and payment summaries ('you have 2 Ongoing Cases', '\$ you have \$7500.00 Monthly Payments', 'you have No Delayed Cases'). The top-right screenshot shows the Google Calendar integration with profiles for Jeewantha de Herath, Jeewantha Herath, and MR. DEERANATHA H.M.N.J. The bottom-left screenshot is a Google sign-in dialog for Themis, asking for permission to access the user's Google Account. The bottom-right screenshot shows the Themis Case Calendar interface for April 2025, displaying a weekly calendar view with event markers.



The screenshot shows a calendar view with a modal window asking, "Are you sure?". It states, "You won't be able to revert this!". Two buttons are shown: "Yes, delete it!" (blue) and "Cancel" (red). The background calendar shows dates from April 29 to May 26.



Case documents CRUD

Test case id	desc	Test steps	Expected results	status
TC_DOC_01	Verify that a new document can be successfully created.	1. Fill in all required fields. 2. Click on the "Upload" button.	1. Document is saved in the database. 2. The document is visible in the document list.	pass
TC_DOC_02	Verify that all created documents are listed.	Navigate to the document list page.	All documents are displayed correctly.	pass
TC_DOC_03	Verify that clicking the download button downloads the document	Click on a download document in the list.	The correct document is downloaded and displayed.	pass
TC_DOC_04	Verify that an existing document can be updated.	1. Navigate to the edit page of a document. 2. Modify a field. 3. Click "Update"	Document details are updated in the database.	pass
TC_DOC_05	Verify that a document can be deleted.	1. Click on the "Delete" button for a document. 2. Confirm the deletion	Document is removed from the list and database.	pass
TC_DOC_06	Create Document with more than maximum file size	Upload file larger than max size	An error message is shown	pass
TC_DOC_10	Access Edit/Delete without Login	Open edit/delete URLs directly without logging in	Redirect to login page	pass

The screenshot shows the Case Management System interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for HOME, CASES, PAYMENTS, PRECEDENTS, and various user and system settings. Below the navigation is a secondary header with links for Calendar, Task Board, Meeting, Document templates, Users, and S.C Rules. The main content area is titled "CASE ID: 38 DOCUMENTS". It features a search bar, sorting options (Date (Newest)), and a filter for All Documents. A large button labeled "+ Upload" is present. Below the search bar is a table with columns for Description, Date, Uploaded By, and Receipt. One row is visible: "Marriage agreement" uploaded by "lawyer" on "2025-04-24 21:46:47". To the right of the table are download and delete icons. On the far left, there's a vertical sidebar with several icons.

This screenshot shows a file upload dialog box overlaid on the Case Management System. The dialog has a title "File too large!" and a message: "Please upload a file smaller than 10MB." It contains an "OK" button. Behind the dialog, the system interface is visible, showing the same document list as the previous screenshot. A red circular icon with a white letter "M" is located on the right side of the screen.

This screenshot shows the Case Management System interface again. The main content area is titled "CASE ID: 38 DOCUMENTS". The search bar, sorting, and filtering options are at the top. A message below the table states: "No documents found for this case." The rest of the interface is identical to the first two screenshots, with the vertical sidebar and the red "M" icon.

This screenshot shows a file upload dialog box with a large red "X" icon. The message "File too large!" is displayed above the error message "Please upload a file smaller than 10MB.". An "OK" button is at the bottom. The background shows the Case Management System's document upload page for Case ID: 38. It includes fields for Document Name (with a note about 10MB limit), Description (containing "test"), and an "Upload Document" section with a file input field showing "Choose File | 673429370-Inspire-International-Computing-Year-7.pdf" and a "Upload Document" button. The interface is consistent with the previous screenshots.

Senior lawyer Task assignation functionality to his juniors.

Test Case ID	Description	Test Steps	Expected Results	Status
TC_TASK_01	Verify that a new task can be successfully assigned.	1. Fill in task details and select a user to assign. 2. Click the "Assign Task" button.	1. Task is saved in the database. 2. the assignee gets a notification 2. Task appears under the assigned user's task list.	pass
TC_TASK_02	Verify that all assigned tasks are listed for a user.	Navigate to the assigned user's task list page.	All assigned tasks are displayed correctly.	pass
TC_TASK_03	Verify that a pending assigned task can be updated by the lawyer	1. Navigate to the edit page of a task. 2. Modify task details. 3. Click "Update".	Task details are updated in the database and reflected in the task list	pass
TC_TASK_04	Verify that a pending assigned task can be deleted by the lawyer	1. Click on the "Delete" button for a task. 2. Confirm deletion.	Task is removed from the list and database.	pass
TC_TASK_05	Verify that task assignment fails if mandatory fields are missing.	1. Leave required fields empty. 2. Click "Assign Task".	Appropriate error messages are displayed, and task is not created.	pass
TC_TASK_06	Access Task Edit/Delete without Login	Open task edit/delete URLs directly without logging in.	Redirect to login page.	pass

localhost/themisrepo/public/homejunior?login-success

The screenshot shows the Thimis web application homepage. At the top right, there is a red circle highlighting the 'Notifications' section. The notifications list says: 'Task: Fill out the forms attached and print it has been assigned to you. Check your task board.' Below this, there are sections for 'Recent Cases' (No Cases Assigned), 'Open Cases' (0), and 'Closed Cases' (0). A 'Case Analytics' section is also visible at the bottom.

localhost/themisrepo/public/task

The screenshot shows the Thimis Task Board page. It features a 'Current Tasks' table with one item: 'Fill out the forms attached and print it' assigned to 'you' on '2025-04-26' with a duration of '4 day[s]' and a status of 'Done' (indicated by a green checkmark).

Task	Assigned Date	Deadline Date	Duration	Done
Fill out the forms attached and print it	2025-04-26	2025-04-30	4 day[s]	✓

localhost/themisrepo/public/addTask

The screenshot shows the Thimis 'Assign a Task' form. It includes fields for 'Task Name' (with an error message 'Task name is required'), 'Description' (with an error message 'Description is required'), 'Upload Task PDF (optional)' (with a 'Choose File' button and 'No file chosen' message), 'Assign To' (a dropdown menu with 'Select a user' placeholder), and 'Deadline Date' (with an error message 'Assignee is required').

Junior lawyer task completion functionality

Test Case ID	Description	Test Steps	Expected Results	Status
TC_TASKCOMP_01	Verify that a junior lawyer can mark a task as completed.	1. Navigate to assigned tasks. 2. Click on a task. 3. Click the "Mark as Completed" button.	Task status changes to "Completed" in the database and on the task list.	pass
TC_TASKCOMP_02	Verify that completed tasks are listed separately.	Navigate to the "task history" section.	Only tasks marked as completed are shown.	pass
TC_TASKCOMP_03	Verify that once a task is completed, it cannot be edited by the senior lawyer	1. Try to edit a completed task.	editing is disabled.	pass
TC_TASKCOMP_04	Verify that a junior lawyer cannot mark an already completed task again.	1. Find the mark completed button	Button is disabled	pass
TC_TASKCOMP_05	Verify that marking a task as completed without login redirects to login page.	Try to access task completion URL directly without logging in.	Redirected to login page.	pass

The screenshot shows the THEMIS application interface. At the top, there is a dark header bar with the THEMIS logo, navigation links for HOME, CASES, SALARY, and PRECEDENTS, and a set of small icons for messaging, notifications, settings, and user profile.

The main content area has a sidebar on the left with three icons: a magnifying glass, a document, and a gear. The main panel displays a "Task Description" section. It includes a text input field containing "attached", a "Task Document for reference" section, a "Download" button, a yellow warning message about a deadline, and a green "Mark as Complete" button.

This screenshot shows the THEMIS application interface with the "Task History" tab selected. The header and sidebar are identical to the previous screenshot.

The main panel displays a "Task History" table with the following data:

Task	Assigned Date	Time Taken	Status
Fill out the forms attached and print it.	2025-04-26	4 day(s)	Completed
summarize the document	2025-04-26	4 day(s)	Completed
eff	2025-04-25	8 day(s)	Completed
court document review	2025-04-24	8 day(s)	Completed
Client meeting summary draft	2025-04-24	1 day(s)	Completed

This screenshot shows the THEMIS application interface after the task has been completed. The header and sidebar are identical to the previous screenshots.

The main panel displays a "Task Description" section with the same content as before, but the "Mark as Complete" button has been replaced by a blue "Task Completed" button.

At the bottom of the page, the browser's address bar shows the URL `localhost/themisrepo/public/task/details/67`.

Payment invoice generation functionality

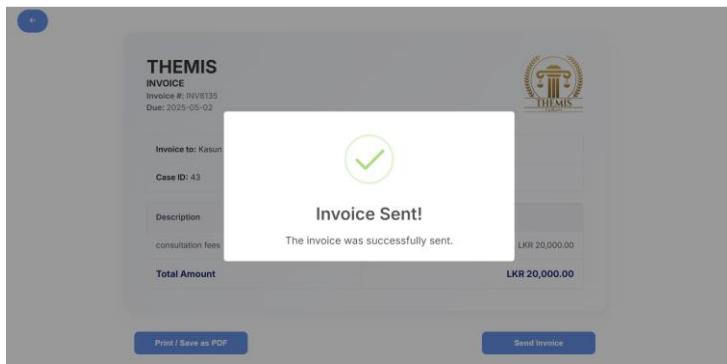
Test Case ID	Description	Test Steps	Expected Results	Status
TC_INVOICE_01	Verify that a new invoice can be generated before payment.	1. Fill in invoice details (client, amount, due date). 2. Click "Generate Invoice".	Invoice is created, saved in the database, and ready to be sent.	pass
TC_INVOICE_02	Verify that the invoice generated can be sent to the client.	2. Click "Send Invoice" button. 3. Confirm sending.	Invoice is sent to the client successfully and client gets notification	pass
TC_INVOICE_03	Verify that an invoice cannot be generated with missing mandatory fields.	Try to generate an invoice without filling required fields.	Error messages are shown; invoice is not created.	pass
TC_INVOICE_04	Verify that unauthorized users cannot generate or send invoices.	Try to access invoice generation/send URL without login.	Redirected to login page.	pass

localhost/themisrepo/public/invoice/createinvoice

THEMIS
INVOICE
Invoice #: INV8135
Due: 2025-05-02

Invoice to:	Kasun	Address:	kasun@gmail.com
Case ID:	43	Comments:	prompt payment appreciated
Description	Amount		
consultation fees	LKR 20,000.00		
Total Amount	LKR 20,000.00		

[Print / Save as PDF](#) [Send Invoice](#)



localhost/themisrepo/public/invoice

THEMIS
HOME CASES PAYMENTS PRECEDENTS [Email](#) [Bell](#) [Settings](#)

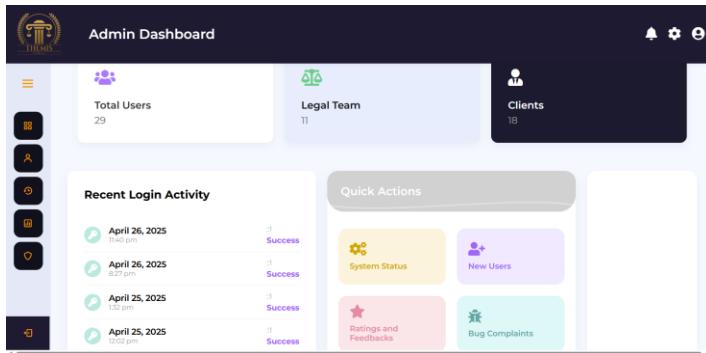
Calendar Task Board Meeting Document templates Users S.C Rules

Invoice Information

Bill to:	Payment Description:
Client Name: Kasun Perera	Enter payment details...
Case Number: SC/CHC/2567	Payment description is required.
Comments: Enter any additional comments here...	Payment Amount:
	Enter amount Payment amount is required.
	Payment Due Date: mm/dd/yyyy <input type="text"/>
	Payment due date is required.
	Generate Invoice

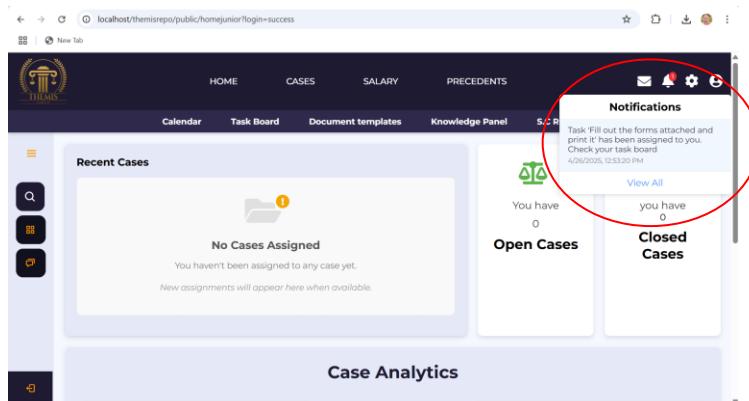
Login logs functionality

Test Case ID	Description	Test Steps	Expected Results	Status
TC_LOGINLOGS_01	Verify that a login activity is logged after a successful login.	1. Enter valid username and password. 2. Click "Login" button.	A new login entry (timestamp, user ID) is recorded in the login activity logs.	pass
TC_LOGINLOGS_02	Verify that a failed login attempt is logged.	1. Enter invalid username or password. 2. Click "Login" button.	A failed login attempt with timestamp and user identifier (if available) is recorded in the logs.	pass
TC_LOGINLOGS_03	Verify that unauthorized users cannot access login activity logs.	1. Try accessing the "Login Activity Logs" URL without login or with a non-admin account.	User is redirected to login page.	pass
TC_LOGINLOGS_04	Verify that login activity logs show correct timestamps.	1. Log in at a known time. 2. Check the login activity logs.	The recorded login timestamp matches the actual login time (with minimal delay).	pass



Notifications functionality

Test Case ID	Description	Test Steps	Expected Results	Status
TC_NOTIFICATIONS_01	Verify that a user receives a notification after a successful event	1. Complete an action that triggers a notification (e.g., send an invoice).	A new notification appears in the user's notification panel.	pass
TC_NOTIFICATIONS_02	Verify that a user can mark a notification as read.	1. Open the notification panel. 2. Click on an unread notification.	Notification status changes to "read" and appearance updates.	pass
TC_NOTIFICATIONS_03	Verify that notifications are displayed in chronological order.	1. Trigger multiple notifications at different times. 2. Open the notification panel.	Notifications are listed from newest to oldest.	pass



Admin user blocking and unblocking functionality

Test Case ID	Description	Test Steps	Expected Results	Status
TC_ADMINBLOCK_01	Verify that an admin can block a user successfully.	1. Log in as admin. 2. Navigate to the "User Management" section. 3. Select a user. 4. Click "Block User" and confirm.	User is blocked; access to login and other activities is restricted.	pass
TC_ADMINBLOCK_02	Verify that an admin can unblock a previously blocked user.	1. Log in as admin. 2. Go to "Blocked Users" list. 3. Select a user and click "Unblock". 4. Confirm the unblocking.	User regains normal access after unblocking.	pass
TC_ADMINBLOCK_03	Verify that a blocked user cannot log in.	1. Admin blocks a user. 2. Try to log in using the blocked user's credentials.	Login fails with a message like "Your account has been blocked. Contact admin."	pass
TC_ADMINBLOCK_05	Verify that only admins can block or unblock users.	1. Log in as a regular user. 2. Try to access blocking/unblocking functionality via URL or UI.	Access is denied; regular users cannot perform block/unblock operations.	pass

Blog Management CRUD

Test case id	desc	Test steps	Expected results	status
TC_BLOG_01	Verify that a new blog post can be successfully created.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the blog add page. 2. Fill in all required fields (title, content). 3. Click on the "Save Blog" button. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Blog post is saved in the database. 2. User is redirected to the blog view page. 3. The new blog post is visible in the blog list. 	pass
TC_BLOG_02	Verify that all created blog posts are listed in the view page.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Create multiple blog posts. 2. Navigate to the blog view page. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. All blog posts are displayed correctly. 2. Blog posts are sorted with newest first (by blog_id DESC). 	pass
TC_BLOG_03	Verify that an existing blog post can be edited.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the blog view page. 2. Click on the "Edit" button for a blog post. 3. Modify the title and content. 4. Click "Update Blog" button. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Blog post details are updated in the database. 2. User is redirected to the blog view page. 3. The updated blog post is visible with the new details. 	pass

TC_BLOG_0 4	Verify that a blog post can be deleted.	<p>1. Navigate to the blog view page.</p> <p>2. Click on the "Delete" button for a blog post.</p> <p>3. Confirm the deletion in the confirmation dialog</p>	<p>1. Blog post is removed from the database.</p> <p>2. The deleted blog post is no longer visible in the blog list.</p>	pass
TC_BLOG_0 6	Verify image validation for invalid file types.	<p>1. Navigate to the blog add page.</p> <p>2. Fill in required fields.</p> <p>3. Upload a file with invalid extension (e.g., .txt, .pdf).</p>	<p>1. An error message is displayed.</p> <p>2. The blog post is not created.</p> <p>3. User remains on the add blog page.</p>	pass

Feedback Management CRUD

Test case id	desc	Test steps	Expected results	status
TC_FEED_01	Verify that a new feedback can be successfully	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the feedback page. 2. Click "Add New Feedback" button. 3. Select a rating (1-5 stars). 4. Enter description text. 5. Click "Submit Feedback" button. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Feedback is saved in the database. 2. Success message is displayed. 3. The new feedback appears in the feedback list. 	pass
TC_FEED_02	Verify that all user feedbacks are listed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Create multiple feedback entries. 2. Navigate to the feedback page. 	All feedback entries from the current user are displayed correctly in descending order by creation date.	pass
TC_FEED_03	Verify that an existing feedback can be edited	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the feedback page. 2. Click "Edit" on an existing feedback. 3. Change the rating and description. 4. Click "Update Feedback" button. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Feedback details are updated in the database. 2. User is redirected to the feedback list. 3. Success message is displayed. 4. The updated feedback is visible with new details. 	pass

TC_FEED_04	Verify that a feedback can be deleted.	<p>1. Navigate to the feedback page.</p> <p>2. Click "Delete" on an existing feedback.</p> <p>3. Confirm the deletion in the dialog.</p>	<p>1. Feedback is removed from the database.</p> <p>2. Success message is displayed.</p> <p>3. The deleted feedback is no longer visible in the list.</p>	pass
TC_FEED_05	Verify star rating display for existing feedback	<p>1. Create feedback with different star ratings (1-5).</p> <p>2. View the feedback list.</p>	<p>1. Each feedback shows the correct number of filled (yellow) stars.</p> <p>2. The remaining stars are unfilled (gray).</p>	pass
TC_FEED_06	Verify senior counsel can view all feedback.	<p>1. Log in as a lawyer/senior counsel.</p> <p>2. Navigate to the feedback page.</p>	<p>1. User is redirected to all-feedback view.</p> <p>2. All client feedback entries are displayed with client names.</p>	pass
TC_FEED_08	Verify senior counsel cannot edit feedback.	<p>1. Log in as a lawyer/senior counsel.</p> <p>2. Attempt to access the feedback edit functionality.</p>	Senior counsel is prevented from editing feedback.	Pass
TC_FEED_09	Verify senior counsel cannot delete feedback.	<p>1. Log in as a lawyer/senior counsel.</p> <p>2. Attempt to access the feedback delete functionality.</p>	Senior counsel is prevented from deleting feedback.	Pass

The screenshots illustrate the 'My Feedback' feature across five stages:

- Stage 1:** The 'My Feedback' list page displays five entries. Each entry includes a rating (e.g., ★★★★☆), date (e.g., April 26, 2025), description (e.g., nice), and edit/delete buttons.
- Stage 2:** A modal dialog titled 'Add Your Feedback' is open. It contains a rating section (★★★★☆) and a description input field containing 'you are awesome'. It also has 'Submit Feedback' and 'Cancel' buttons.
- Stage 3:** The 'My Feedback' list page shows a success message: 'Feedback submitted successfully'. The list now includes the new entry: 'you are awesome' (rating ★★★★☆, date April 26, 2025).
- Stage 4:** An 'Edit Feedback' dialog is open for the entry 'you are awesome'. It shows the original rating and description. The description field is pre-filled with 'you are awesome'.
- Stage 5:** The 'My Feedback' list page shows a success message: 'Feedback deleted successfully'. The list now excludes the entry 'you are awesome'.

Profile Management CRUD

Test case id	desc	Test steps	Expected results	status
TC_PROF_01	Verify profile information display	Login and navigate to profile page	Personal info (name, email, phone) and login history are displayed correctly	pass
TC_PROF_02	Verify profile information update	1. Edit profile information 2. Submit changes	Profile is updated and changes are immediately visible	pass
TC_PROF_03	Verify password change	1. Enter current password 2. Enter new matching passwords 3. Submit	Password is updated successfully and can be used for next login	pass

TC_PROF_04	Verify unauthorized access prevention	Try to access profile page without login	User is redirected to login page	pass
TC_PROF_05	Verify role-specific profile access	Access profile page with different user roles	Each role can access their appropriate profile view	pass

The screenshots illustrate the profile management features of a software application:

- Screenshot 1: Personal Info View**
Shows the personal information of a user named "sawani vihang". Fields include First Name: sawani, Last Name: vihang, Email: sawani123@gmail.com, Phone: 0773212321, and Location: Not set. A "Change Password" button is visible.
- Screenshot 2: Edit Profile Dialog**
A modal dialog titled "Edit Profile" allows editing of personal information. It contains fields for First Name (sawani), Last Name (vihang), Email (sawani123@gmail.com), Phone (0773212321), and Location (tissa). A "Update Profile" button is at the bottom.
- Screenshot 3: Change Password Dialog**
A modal dialog titled "Change Password" allows changing the password. It has fields for "Current Password", "New Password", and "Confirm New Password". A "Change Password" button is at the bottom.

Knowledge Management CRUD

Test case id	desc	Test steps	Expected results	status
TC_KNOW_01	Verify that a new knowledge note can be successfully created.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the knowledge page. 2. Click "Add Note" button. 3. Enter a topic and note content. 4. Upload an image (optional). 5. Click "Add" button. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Knowledge note is saved in the database. 2. User is redirected to the knowledge list page. 3. The new note appears in the knowledge list. 	pass
TC_KNOW_02	Verify that all knowledge notes are listed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Create multiple knowledge notes. 2. Navigate to the knowledge page. 	All knowledge notes are displayed correctly in the table.	pass
TC_KNOW_03	Verify that an existing knowledge note can be edited.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Navigate to the knowledge page. 2. Click the edit icon for a knowledge note. 3. Modify the topic and note content. 4. Click "Update Knowledge" button. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Knowledge note details are updated in the database. 2. User is redirected to the knowledge list page. 3. The updated note is visible with new details. 	pass

TC_KNOW_04	Verify that a knowledge note can be deleted	<p>1. Navigate to the knowledge page.</p> <p>2. Click the delete icon for a knowledge note.</p> <p>3. Confirm the deletion in the dialog.</p>	<p>1. Knowledge note is removed from the database.</p> <p>2. The deleted note is no longer visible in the list.</p>	pass
------------	--	--	---	------

The top screenshot displays the 'Knowledge Notes' page. The table has three columns: 'TOPIC', 'NOTES', and 'ACTIONS'. There are two rows of data:

TOPIC	NOTES	ACTIONS
year 1962 murder case	It involves parties such as plaintiffs, defendants, or petitioners who seek a legal remedy or defense. Legal cases can range from civil disputes, like contract disagreements, to criminal prosecutions for offenses against the law. Each case follows a strict procedure to ensure fairness and adherence to legal principles.	
land	Legal cases can address a wide range of matters, including criminal offenses, civil disputes, or constitutional questions, and follow established procedures to ensure fairness and adherence to legal principles.	

The bottom screenshot shows the 'Edit Knowledge Note' dialog box. It contains fields for 'Topic' (set to 'Year 1962 murder case') and 'Note' (containing the same text as the table). A large text area at the bottom is empty. At the bottom right is a 'Update Knowledge' button.

Precedents CRUD

Test case id	desc	Test steps	Expected results	status
TC_PRE_01	Verify that a new precedent can be successfully created.	1. Fill in all required fields in the create precedent form. 2. Click on the "Upload document" button. 3. Upload the document 4.Click on the “Save Precedent” button	1. Precedent is saved in the database. 2. The precedent is visible in the precedents table.	pass
TC_PRE_02	Verify that all created precedents are listed.	Navigate the Precedents page.	All precedents are displayed correctly.	pass
TC_PRE_03	Verify that clicking the “view document” button views the document	Click on a view document button in the table.	The correct document which is relevant to that precedent is displayed.	pass
TC_PRE_04	Verify that an existing document can be updated.	1.Click on to the view more button of a precedent. 2.Click on the “Edit precedent” button. 3.Modify the precedent by the edit form 4. Click "Update"	Precedent details are updated in the database.	pass
TC_PRE_05	Verify that a precedent can be deleted.	1.Click on to the view more button of a precedent. 2.Click on the “Delete precedent” button. 3.Confirm deletion	Precedent is removed from the list and database.	pass
TC_PRE_06	Try to add an empty record while adding a precedent	Click Save Precedent button when all the fields of the form are empty	Error messages are shown below each field	pass

localhost/themisrepo/public/PrecedentsController/create



- [HOME](#)
- [PRECEDENTS](#)
- [ADD NEW PRECEDENT](#)
- [SC RULES](#)
- [ADD NEW SC RULE](#)
-
-
-
-

Date:
01/09/2024

Case Number:
SC/CHC/84/2014

Case Description:
 and Mary Viljitha. The case centered on whether a property transfer was an outright sale or held in constructive trust as security for a loan. The Supreme Court found that the lower courts erred in upholding the constructive trust claim, set aside part of the judgment favoring the respondents, and partly allowed the appeal-highlighting issues of trust law and the burden of proof regarding property transfers.

Judgment by:
Hon. Janak De Silva, J

Case document:
 sc_hc_cala_367_16.pdf

localhost/themisrepo/public/PrecedentsController/retrieveOne/32

Precedent Details

Date:
2024-01-31

Case Number:
SC/FR/136/2022

Description:
 This is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka concerning a property dispute between siblings Malagodage Iranganie (plaintiff) and Malagodage Thilakeratne (1st defendant), with the Ceylon Electricity Board EPF also involved. The case concerns on whether a property transfer was a constructive trust to secure a loan, an outright sale. The Supreme Court, by majority, upheld the District Court's dismissal of the plaintiff's claim, but there was a strong dissent arguing a trust existed and the property should be returned to the plaintiff. The case is notable for its detailed analysis of constructive trusts and a split judicial decision.

Judgment By:
Hon. K. Priyantha Fernando, J

Document:
[View Document](#)

[Edit Case](#) [Delete Case](#)

localhost/themisrepo/public/PrecedentsController/retrieveAll

DATE	CASE NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	JUDGMENT BY	DOCUMENT LINK	VIEW MORE
2024-01-09	SC/CHC/84/2014	<p>This is a civil appeal case (SC(HC)C.A.L.A.NO. 367/16) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka, concerning a land dispute. The plaintiffs-appellants-petitioners are Yoganathan Ranjithkumar, his wife Venitta, and Selvarani (widow of Sinnatty Christo), while the defendants-respondents include Kidinan Rajah (deceased), his wife Amalaranjini, and Mary Vijitha. The case centered on whether a property transfer was an outright sale or held in constructive trust as security for a loan. The Supreme Court found that the lower courts erred in upholding the constructive trust claim, set aside part of the judgment favoring the respondents, and partly allowed the appeal-highlighting issues of trust law and the burden of proof regarding property transfers.</p> <p>This is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka concerning a property dispute between siblings Malagodage</p>	Hon. Janak De Silva, J	View Document	View more

localhost/phpmyadmin/index.php?route=/sql&pos=0&db=themis&table=judgmentsyearwise

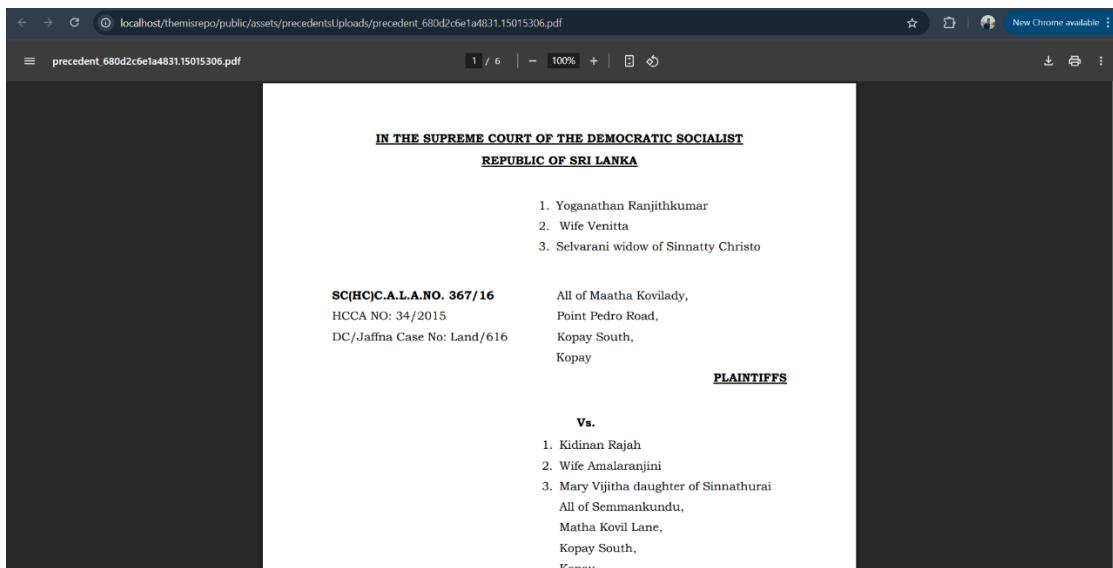
Showing rows 0 - 6 (Total, Query took 0.0004 seconds.)

```
SELECT * FROM `judgmentsyearwise`
```

	id	judgment_date	case_number	description	judgment_by	document_link
	27	2025-01-30	SC/FR/170/2022	This is a fundamental rights case (SC FR 170/2022).	HON. P. PADMAN SURASENA, J.	/themisrepo/public/assets/precedentsUploads/preced...
	28	2025-01-30	SC/FR/51/2021	This is a fundamental rights case (SC FR 51/2021).	HON. P. PADMAN SURASENA, J.	/themisrepo/public/assets/precedentsUploads/preced...
	29	2025-02-28	SC/APPEAL/169/2015	This is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before t...	HON. S. THURAIRAJA, PC, J WITH HON. A.H.M.D. NAVAZ...	/themisrepo/public/assets/precedentsUploads/preced...
	30	2025-02-25	SC/CHC/Appeal/5/2007	This is a contempt of court case (SC Contempt No ...	Hon. Arjuna Obeysekere, J	/themisrepo/public/assets/precedentsUploads/preced...
	31	2025-02-20	SC/APPEAL/37/2014	his is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before th...	Hon. Justice Mahinda Samayawardhana	/themisrepo/public/assets/precedentsUploads/preced...
	32	2024-01-31	SC/FR/136/2022	This is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before t...	Hon. K. Priyantha Fernando, J	/themisrepo/public/assets/precedentsUploads/preced...
	33	2024-01-09	SC/CHC/84/2014	This is a civil appeal case (SC(HC)C.A.L.A.NO. 367...	Hon. Janak De Silva, J	/themisrepo/public/assets/precedentsUploads/preced...

localhost/themisrepo/public/PrecedentsController/retrieveAll

DATE	CASE NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	JUDGMENT BY	DOCUMENT LINK	VIEW MORE
2024-01-31	SC/FR/136/2022	<p>This is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka concerning a property dispute between siblings Malagodage Iangarie (plaintiff) and Malagodage Thilakearatchy (defendant), with the Ceylon Electricity Board EEP as a party. The case centered on whether a property transfer was a constructive trust to secure a loan or an outright sale. The Supreme Court, by majority, upheld the District Court's dismissal of the plaintiff's claim, but there was a strong dissent arguing that the transfer created a trust and the property should be returned to the plaintiff. The case is notable for its detailed analysis of constructive trusts, burden of proof, and a split judicial decision.</p>	Hon. K. Priyantha Fernando, J	View Document	View more
2025-02-20	SC/APPEAL/37/2014	<p>his is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka involving a property dispute between Malagodage Iangarie (plaintiff) and her brother, Malagodage Thilakearatchy (defendant), with the Ceylon Electricity Board EEP as a party. The case centers on whether a property transfer was meant as a constructive trust to secure a loan or an outright sale. The Supreme Court upheld the District Court's dismissal of the plaintiff's claim, but there was a strong dissent arguing that the transfer created a trust and the property should be returned to the plaintiff. The case is notable for its detailed analysis of constructive trusts, burden of proof, and a split decision among the judges.</p>	Hon. Justice Mahinda Samayawardhana	View Document	View more
2025-02-25	SC/CHC/Appeal/5/2007	<p>This is a contempt of court case (SC Contempt No. 09/2004) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka. The Registrar of the Supreme Court brought the case against Wickramage Don Dharmasiri Karunaratne, an Attorney-at-Law, for professional misconduct-specifically, accessing a Court of Appeal case file under a false name and tearing out two pages. The case is notable for involving both disciplinary proceedings for professional misconduct and criminal contempt, with the respondent accused of making derogatory statements about the court and the judicial process.</p>	Hon. Arjuna Obeysekere, J	View Document	View more
2025-02-28	SC/APPEAL/169/2015	<p>This is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka involving a property dispute between Malagodage Iangarie (plaintiff) and her brother, Malagodage Thilakearatchy (defendant), with the Ceylon Electricity Board EEP as a party. The case centers on whether the property transfer was a constructive trust to secure a loan or an outright sale. The Supreme Court, with a majority, upheld the original District Court's dismissal of the plaintiff's claim, but there was a strong dissent arguing that the transfer created a trust and the property should be returned to the plaintiff. The case is notable for its detailed analysis of constructive trusts and the burden of proof regarding consideration in property transfers.</p>	HON. S. THURAIRAJA, PC, J WITH HON. A.H.M.D. NAVAZ, J DISSENTING	View Document	View more
2025-03-30	SC/FR/5/2021	<p>This is a fundamental rights case (SC FR 5/2021) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka. Petitioners include W.U.C. Premasiri (a Sub-Inspector of Police) and his wife, versus respondents such as Gotabaya Rajapaksa (then President/Minister of Defence) and senior police officials. The case challenged the legality of Premasiri's arrest and detention under the Prevention of Terrorism Act for alleged involvement in drug trafficking. The Court found the arrest and detention lawful and dismissed the petition, also questioning Premasiri's reinstatement as a police officer despite serious allegations.</p>	HON. P. PADMAN SURASENA, J.	View Document	View more



All Precedents

DATE	CASE NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	JUDGMENT BY	DOCUMENT LINK	VIEW MORE
2025-04-26	SC/TestCase/123	This is a test case	Hon. ABC	View Document	View more
2024-01-09	SC/CHC/84/2014	This is a civil appeal case (SC(HC)C.A.L.A.NO. 367/16) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka, concerning a land dispute. The plaintiffs-appellants-petitioners are Yoganathan Ranjithkumar, his wife Venitta, and Selvarani (widow of Sinnatty Christo), while the defendants-respondents include Kidinan Rajah (deceased), his wife Amalaranjini, and Mary Vijitha. The case centered on whether a property transfer was an outright sale or held in constructive trust as security for a loan. The Supreme Court found that the lower courts erred in upholding the constructive trust claim, set aside part of the judgment favoring the respondents, and partly allowed the appeal-highlighting issues of trust law and the burden of proof regarding property transfers.	Hon. Janak De Silva, J	View Document	View more

Precedent Details

Date: 2025-04-26

Case Number: SC/TestCase/123

Description: This is a test case

Judgment By: Hon. ABC

Document: [View Document](#)

Are you sure?

Do you really want to delete this case? This action cannot be undone!

Yes, delete it! **Cancel**

Edit Precedent **Delete Precedent**

All Precedents

DATE	CASE NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	JUDGMENT BY	DOCUMENT LINK	VIEW MORE
2024-01-09	SC/CHC/84/2014	<p>This is a civil appeal case (SC(HC)C.A.L.A.NO. 367/16) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka, concerning a land dispute. The plaintiffs-appellants-petitioners are Yoganathan Ranjithkumar, his wife Venitta, and Selvarani (widow of Sinnatty Christo), while the defendants-respondents include Kidinai Rajah (deceased), his wife Amalaranjini, and Mary Vijitha. The case centered on whether a property transfer was an outright sale or held in constructive trust as security for a loan. The Supreme Court found that the lower courts erred in upholding the constructive trust claim, set aside part of the judgment favoring the respondents, and partly allowed the appeal-highlighting issues of trust law and the burden of proof regarding property transfers.</p> <p>This is a civil appeal, before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka concerning a property dispute between siblinos Malacodade Iranoanie (plaintiff) and</p>	Hon. Janak De Silva, J	View Document	View more

Precedents

Date is required.

Case number is required.

Description is required.

Judgment by is required.

Document link is required.

SC rules CRUD

Test case id	desc	Test steps	Expected results	status
TC_SCR_01	Verify that a new SC rule can be successfully created.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Fill in all required fields. Click on the "Upload" buttons and upload the tri lingual documents 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> SC rule is saved in the database. SC rule is visible in the SC rules list. 	pass

		3. Click on the “Save SC Rule” button		
TC_SCR_02	Verify that all created SC rules are listed.	Navigate to the SC rules page.	All SC rules are displayed correctly.	pass
TC_SCR_03	Verify that clicking the Sinhala, Tamil and English buttons displays the relevant documents	Click on a button in the list.	The correct document is displayed.	pass
TC_SCR_04	Verify that an existing SC rule can be updated.	1. Click on the “Edit SC Rule” button of a SC rule. 2. Modify a field. 3. Click "Update"	SC rule details are updated in the database.	pass
TC_SCR_05	Verify that a rule can be deleted.	1. Click on the "Delete" button for a SC rule. 2. Confirm the deletion	SC Rule is removed from the list and database.	pass
TC_SCR_06	Create SC Rule with empty fields	Click Save SC Rule button when all the fields of the form are empty	Error messages are shown below each field	pass

localhost/themisrepo/public/SCRules/create



HOME PRECEDENTS ADD NEW PRECEDENT SC RULES ADD NEW SC RULE

Rule Number:
No.2092/53

Published Date:
11/10/2018

Sinhala document:
 2092-53_ss.pdf

Tamil document:
 2092-53_tt.pdf

English document:
 2092-53_ee.pdf

localhost/themisrepo/public/SCRules/retrieve



HOME PRECEDENTS ADD NEW PRECEDENT SC RULES ADD NEW SC RULE

Supreme Court Rules

No.2212/54	2021-01-29	Sinhala	Tamil	English	<input type="button" value="Edit Rule"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete Rule"/>
No.2195/28	2020-09-30	Sinhala	Tamil	English	<input type="button" value="Edit Rule"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete Rule"/>
No.2174/04	2020-05-06	Sinhala	Tamil	English	<input type="button" value="Edit Rule"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete Rule"/>
No.2092/53	2018-11-10	Sinhala	Tamil	English	<input type="button" value="Edit Rule"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete Rule"/>

localhost/themisrepo/public/SCRules/retrieve



HOME PRECEDENTS ADD NEW PRECEDENT SC RULES ADD NEW SC RULE

Supreme Court Rules

test/123	2025-04-25	Sinhala	Tamil	English	<input type="button" value="Edit Rule"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete Rule"/>
No.2212/54	2021-01-29	Sinhala	Tamil	English	<input type="button" value="Edit Rule"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete Rule"/>
No.2195/28	2020-09-30	Sinhala	Tamil	English	<input type="button" value="Edit Rule"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete Rule"/>
No.2174/04	2020-05-06	Sinhala	Tamil	English	<input type="button" value="Edit Rule"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete Rule"/>
No.2092/53	2018-11-10	Sinhala	Tamil	English	<input type="button" value="Edit Rule"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete Rule"/>

The screenshot shows a web application interface for managing Supreme Court Rules. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for HOME, PRECEDENTS, ADD NEW PRECEDENT, SC RULES, and ADD NEW SC RULE. On the right side of the header are icons for email, notifications, settings, and user profile.

The main content area is titled "Supreme Court Rules". On the left, there is a list of rule numbers: test/123, No.2212/54, No.2195/28, No.2174/04, and No.2092/53. On the right, there is a table listing rules in Sinhala, Tamil, and English, each with "Edit Rule" and "Delete Rule" buttons.

A central modal dialog box is displayed, containing a large exclamation mark icon and the text "Are you sure? Do you really want to delete this rule? This action cannot be undone!". It has two buttons at the bottom: "Yes, delete it!" (red) and "Cancel" (blue).

This screenshot shows the same web application after the deletion process. The modal dialog is no longer present. The list of rule numbers on the left now includes No.2212/54, No.2195/28, No.2174/04, and No.2092/53. The table on the right also reflects the removal of the previously deleted rule.

The top half of the image shows the phpMyAdmin interface for the 'sc_rules' table. The table has columns: id, rule_number, published_date, sinhala_link, tamil_link, and english_link. There are four rows with data. The bottom half shows the 'SCRules' create page. It has fields for Rule Number (required), Published Date (required), Sinhala document (choose file, required), Tamil document (choose file, required), and English document (choose file, required). All fields have validation errors displayed.

Templates CRUD

Test case id	desc	Test steps	Expected results	status
TC_TMP_01	Verify that a new template can be successfully created.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Fill in all required fields. Click on the "Upload" buttons and upload the document Click on the “Save Template” button 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Template is saved in the database. Template is visible in the Templates list. 	pass

TC_TMP_02	Verify that all created templates are listed.	Navigate to the templates page.	All templates are displayed correctly.	pass
TC_TMP_03	Verify that clicking the “view document” button views the document	Click on the download button in the dropdown list.	The correct document is displayed.	pass
TC_TMP_04	Verify that an existing Template can be updated.	1. Click on the “Edit” button of a template. 2. Modify a field. 3. Click "Update"	Template are updated in the database.	pass
TC_TMP_05	Verify that a template can be deleted.	1. Click on the "Delete" button for a template. 2. Confirm the deletion	Template is removed from the list and database.	pass
TC_TMP_06	Create a template with empty fields	Click Template button when all the fields of the form are empty	Error messages are shown below each field	pass

localhost/themisrepo/public/template/create

HOME CASES PAYMENTS PRECEDENTS

Calendar Task Board Meeting Document templates Users S.C Rules

Name:
test doc 4

Description:
testing....

Template document:

2212-54_t.pdf

localhost/themisrepo/public/Template/retrieve

HOME CASES PAYMENTS PRECEDENTS

Calendar Task Board Meeting Document templates Users S.C Rules

Current Templates of You			
NAME	DESCRIPTION	UPLOADED DATE	ACTIONS
test doc 4	testing....	2025-04-27 02:22:46	⋮
test doc 3	this is for a testing	2025-04-27 02:21:00	⋮
test	this is a testing	2025-04-27 02:18:09	⋮
test doc	testing one	2024-12-17 13:11:10	⋮
test doc 1	this is a test template	2024-12-11 13:17:56	⋮
Client Agreement Template	Template for client agreements	2024-09-15 00:00:00	⋮

localhost/themisrepo/public/template/edit/15

Edit Template

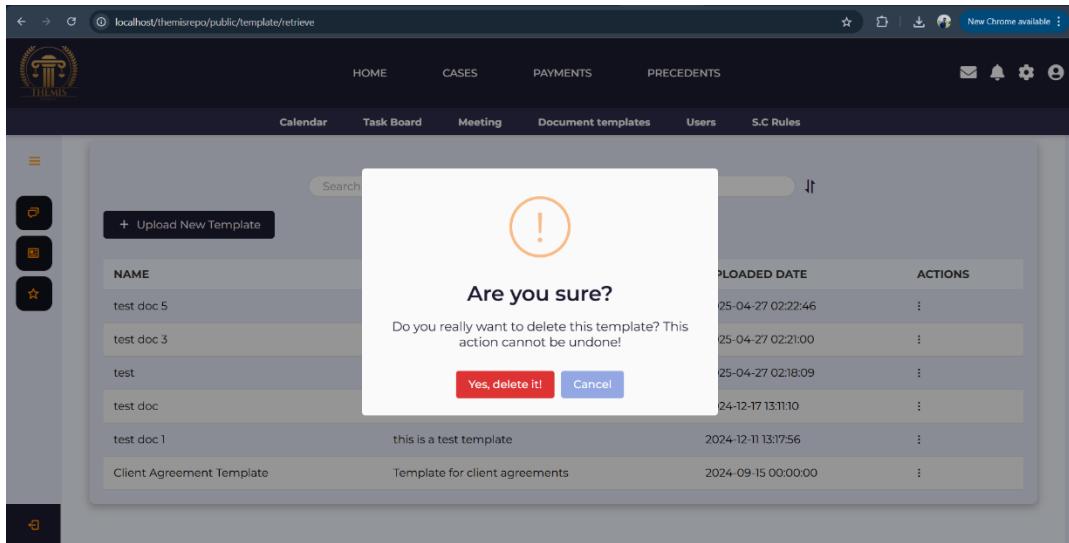
Name:
test doc 5

Description:
testing....

Current Document:
[View Document](#)

Or upload a new document (optional):

No file chosen



The screenshot shows the main "DOCUMENT TEMPLATES" page. At the top, there is a search bar with the placeholder "Search here for templates". Below the search bar is a "Current Templates of You" section header. A "Upload New Template" button is located above the list of templates. The table below lists the templates with columns for NAME, DESCRIPTION, UPLOADED DATE, and ACTIONS.

NAME	DESCRIPTION	UPLOADED DATE	ACTIONS
test doc 3	this is for a testing	2025-04-27 02:21:00	⋮
test	this is a testing	2025-04-27 02:18:09	⋮
test doc	testing one	2024-12-17 13:11:10	⋮
test doc 1	this is a test template	2024-12-11 13:17:56	⋮
Client Agreement Template	Template for client agreements	2024-09-15 00:00:00	⋮

Showing rows 0 - 4 (5 total, Query took 0.0002 seconds)

SELECT * FROM `templates`

	Edit	Copy	Delete	id	name	description	uploaded_by	uploaded_date	document_link
<input type="checkbox"/>	Edit	Copy	Delete	2	Client Agreement Template	Template for client agreements	Jane (Admin)	2024-06-15 00:00:00	/themisrepo/public/assets/templateUploads/template...
<input type="checkbox"/>	Edit	Copy	Delete	8	test doc 1	this is a test template		2024-12-11 13:17:56	/themisrepo/public/assets/templateUploads/template...
<input type="checkbox"/>	Edit	Copy	Delete	11	test doc	testing one		2024-12-17 13:11:10	/themisrepo/public/assets/templateUploads/template...
<input type="checkbox"/>	Edit	Copy	Delete	13	test	this is a testing		2025-04-27 02:18:09	/themisrepo/public/assets/templateUploads/template...
<input type="checkbox"/>	Edit	Copy	Delete	14	test doc 3	this is for a testing		2025-04-27 02:21:00	/themisrepo/public/assets/templateUploads/template...

Name: template name is required.

Description: description is required.

Template document: Choose File No file chosen Document is required.

[Save Template](#) [Cancel](#)

Search

Test case id	desc	Test steps	Expected results	status
TC_SER_01	Verify that when a date is typed on the search bar, all the records with that text are only appeared on the page	1.Type the date “02-28” on the search bar of precedents page	The record/records with the date 02-28 is/are only appeared	pass
TC_SER_02	Verify that when a name is typed on the search bar, all	1.Type the date “Janak” on the search bar of precedents page	The record/records with the judge	pass

	the records with that text are only appeared on the page		Hon.Janak De Silva is/are only appeared	
TC_SER_03	Verify that when any other text is typed on the search bar, all the records with that text are only appeared on the page	1.Type the date “property” on the search bar of precedents page	The record/records with the word “property” is/are only appeared	pass

localhost/themisrepo/public/PrecedentsController/retrieveAll

THEMIS

HOME PRECEDENTS ADD NEW PRECEDENT SC RULES ADD NEW SC RULE

All Precedents

Janak

DATE	CASE NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	JUDGMENT BY	DOCUMENT LINK	VIEW MORE
2024-01-09	SC/CHC/84/2014	This is a civil appeal case (SC(HC)C.A.L.A.NO. 367/16) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka, concerning a land dispute. The plaintiffs-appellants-petitioners are Yoganathan Ranjithkumar, his wife Venitta, and Selvarani (widow of Sinnatty Christo), while the defendants-respondents include Kidinan Rajah (deceased), his wife Amalaranjini, and Mary Vijitha. The case centered on whether a property transfer was an outright sale or held in constructive trust as security for a loan. The Supreme Court found that the lower courts erred in upholding the constructive trust claim, set aside part of the judgment favoring the respondents, and partly allowed the appeal-highlighting issues of trust law and the burden of proof regarding property transfers.	Hon. Janak De Silva, J	View Document	View more

localhost/themisrepo/public/PrecedentsController/retrieveAll



HOME PRECEDENTS ADD NEW PRECEDENT SC RULES ADD NEW SC RULE

property

DATE	CASE NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	JUDGMENT BY	DOCUMENT LINK	VIEW MORE
0205-02-28	SC/APPEAL/169/2015	<p>This is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka involving a property dispute between Malagodage Iranganie (plaintiff) and her brother, Malagodage Thilakeratne (1st defendant), with the Ceylon Electricity Board EPF as a party. The case centers on whether the property transfer was a constructive trust to secure a loan or an outright sale. The Supreme Court, with a majority, upheld the original District Court's dismissal of the plaintiff's claim, but there was a strong dissent arguing the transfer created a trust and the property should be returned to the plaintiff. The case is notable for its detailed analysis of constructive trusts and the burden of proof regarding consideration in property transfers</p>	HON. S. THURAIRAJA, PC. J. WITH HON. A.H.M.D. NAWAZ, J DISSENTING	View Document	View more
2025-02-20	SC/APPEAL/37/2014	<p>his is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka involving a property dispute between Malagodage Iranganie (plaintiff) and her brother, Malagodage Thilakeratne (1st defendant), with the Ceylon Electricity Board EPF as a party. The case centered on whether a property transfer was meant as a constructive trust to secure a loan or an outright sale. The Supreme Court upheld the District Court's dismissal of the plaintiff's claim, but there was a strong dissent arguing the transfer created a trust and the property should be returned to the plaintiff. The case is notable for its detailed analysis of constructive trusts, burden of proof, and a split decision among the judges.</p>	Hon. Justice Mahinda Samayawardhena	View Document	View more

localhost/themisrepo/public/PrecedentsController/retrieveAll



HOME PRECEDENTS ADD NEW PRECEDENT SC RULES ADD NEW SC RULE

All Precedents

Samaya

DATE	CASE NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	JUDGMENT BY	DOCUMENT LINK	VIEW MORE
2025-02-20	SC/APPEAL/37/2014	<p>his is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka involving a property dispute between Malagodage Iranganie (plaintiff) and her brother, Malagodage Thilakeratne (1st defendant), with the Ceylon Electricity Board EPF as a party. The case centered on whether a property transfer was meant as a constructive trust to secure a loan or an outright sale. The Supreme Court upheld the District Court's dismissal of the plaintiff's claim, but there was a strong dissent arguing the transfer created a trust and the property should be returned to the plaintiff. The case is notable for its detailed analysis of constructive trusts, burden of proof, and a split decision among the judges.</p>	Hon. Justice Mahinda Samayawardhena	View Document	View more

Sort

Test case id	desc	Test steps	Expected results	status
TC_SOR_01	Verify that when we select a sorting category, then the items appear according to the Ascending order or earliest dates first	1.Select “Sort by Date”	The records with the earliest dates are showing first	pass

DATE	CASE NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	JUDGE	DOCUMENT LINK	VIEW MORE
2024-01-09	SC/CHC/84/2014	This is a civil appeal case (SC(HC)C.A.L.A.NO. 367/16) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka, concerning a land dispute. The plaintiffs-appellants-petitioners are Yoganathan Ranjithkumar, his wife Venitta, and Selvarani (widow of Sinnatty Christo), while the defendants-respondents include Kidilan Rajah (deceased), his wife Amalaranjini, and Mary Vijitha. The case centered on whether a property transfer was an outright sale or held in constructive trust as security for a loan. The Supreme Court found that the lower courts erred in upholding the constructive trust claim, set aside part of the judgment favoring the respondents, and partly allowed the appeal-highlighting issues of trust law and the burden of proof regarding property transfers.	Hon. Janak De Silva, J	View Document	View more
2024-01-31	SC/FR/136/2022	This is a civil appeal, before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka concerning a property dispute between siblings Malagodage Irangeanie (plaintiff) and Malagodage Thilakarathne (1st defendant), with the Ceylon Electricity Board EPF also involved. The case centers on whether a property transfer was a constructive trust to secure a loan or an outright sale. The Supreme Court, by majority, upheld the District Court's dismissal of the plaintiff's claim, but there was a strong dissent arguing a trust existed and the property should be returned to the plaintiff. The case is notable for its detailed analysis of constructive trusts and a split judicial decision.	Hon. K. Priyantha Fernando, J	View Document	View more
2025-02-20	SC/APPEAL/37/2014	This is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka involving a property dispute between Malagodage Irangeanie (plaintiff) and her brother, Malagodage Thilakarathne (1st defendant), with the Ceylon Electricity Board EPF as a party. The case centered on whether a property transfer was meant as a constructive trust to secure a loan or an outright sale. The Supreme Court upheld the District Court's dismissal of the plaintiff's claim, but there was a strong dissent arguing the transfer created a trust and the property should be returned to the plaintiff. The case is notable for its detailed analysis of constructive trusts, burden of proof, and a split decision among the judges.	Hon. Justice Mahinda Samayawardhana	View Document	View more
2025-02-25	SC/CHC/Appeal/52/2007	This is a contempt of court case (SC Contempt No: 09/2024) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka. The Registrar of the Supreme Court brought the case against Wickramage Don Dharmasiri Karunaratne, an Attorney-at-Law, for professional misconduct—specifically, accessing a Court of Appeal case file under a false name and tearing out two pages. The case is notable for involving both disciplinary proceedings for professional misconduct and criminal contempt, with the respondent accused of making derogatory statements about the court and the judicial process.	Hon. Arjuna Obeyesekere, J	View Document	View more

DATE	CASE NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	JUDGE	DOCUMENT LINK	VIEW MORE
2024-01-09	SC/CHC/84/2014	This is a civil appeal case (SC(HC)C.A.L.A.NO. 367/16) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka, concerning a land dispute. The plaintiffs-appellants-petitioners are Yoganathan Ranjithkumar, his wife Venitta, and Selvarani (widow of Sinnatty Christo), while the defendants-respondents include Kidilan Rajah (deceased), his wife Amalaranjini, and Mary Vijitha. The case centered on whether a property transfer was an outright sale or held in constructive trust as security for a loan. The Supreme Court found that the lower courts erred in upholding the constructive trust claim, set aside part of the judgment favoring the respondents, and partly allowed the appeal-highlighting issues of trust law and the burden of proof regarding property transfers.	Hon. Janak De Silva, J	View Document	View more
2024-01-31	SC/FR/136/2022	This is a civil appeal, before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka concerning a property dispute between siblings Malagodage Irangeanie (plaintiff) and Malagodage Thilakarathne (1st defendant), with the Ceylon Electricity Board EPF also involved. The case centers on whether a property transfer was a constructive trust to secure a loan or an outright sale. The Supreme Court, by majority, upheld the District Court's dismissal of the plaintiff's claim, but there was a strong dissent arguing a trust existed and the property should be returned to the plaintiff. The case is notable for its detailed analysis of constructive trusts and a split judicial decision.	Hon. K. Priyantha Fernando, J	View Document	View more
2025-01-30	SC/FR/170/2022	This is a fundamental rights case (SC FR 170/2022) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka. The petitioner, P.W.T. Dhanushka, a police sergeant, alleged unlawful arrest and detention by officers of the Criminal Investigation Department (CID), including C.D. Wickramaratne (Inspector General of Police) and others, under the Prevention of Terrorism Act. The Court found the arrest and detention justified, dismissed the petition, and questioned the petitioner's reinstatement as a police officer despite serious allegations.	HON. P. PADMAN SURASENA, J.	View Document	View more
2025-01-30	SC/FR/51/2021	This is a fundamental rights case (SC FR 51/2021) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka. Petitioners include W.U.C. Premasiri (a Sub-Inspector of Police) and his wife, versus respondents such as Gotabaya Rajapaksha (then President/Minister of Defence) and senior police officials. The case challenged the legality of Premasiri's arrest and detention under the Prevention of Terrorism Act for alleged involvement in drug trafficking. The Court found the arrest and detention lawful and dismissed the petition, also questioning Premasiri's reinstatement as a police officer despite serious allegations.	HON. P. PADMAN SURASENA, J.	View Document	View more

This screenshot shows the THEMIS Precedents Controller interface. At the top, there are navigation links: HOME, PRECEDENTS, ADD NEW PRECEDENT, SC RULES, and ADD NEW SC RULE. Below the header is a search bar labeled "Search precedents...". A dropdown menu titled "Sort by" offers three options: Sort by Date, Sort by Case Number, and Sort by Judge. The main content area displays a table with the following columns: DATE, CASE NUMBER, DESCRIPTION, JUDGES, DOCUMENT LINK, and VIEW MORE.

DATE	CASE NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	JUDGES	DOCUMENT LINK	VIEW MORE
2025-02-28	SC/APPEAL/169/2015	This is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka involving a property dispute between Malagodage Irangamie (plaintiff) and her brother, Malagodage Thilakarathne (1st defendant), with the Ceylon Electricity Board EPF as a party. The case centers on whether the property transfer was meant as a constructive trust to secure a loan or an outright sale. The Supreme Court, with a majority, upheld the original District Court's dismissal of the plaintiff's claim, but there was a strong dissent arguing the transfer created a trust and the property should be returned to the plaintiff. The case is notable for its detailed analysis of constructive trusts, burden of proof, and the split decision among the judges.	HON. S. THURAIRAJA, PC, J. WITH HON. A.H.M.D. NAWAZ, J DISSENTING	View Document	View more
2025-02-20	SC/APPEAL/37/2014	This is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka involving a property dispute between Malagodage Irangamie (plaintiff) and her brother, Malagodage Thilakarathne (1st defendant), with the Ceylon Electricity Board EPF as a party. The case centered on whether a property transfer was meant as a constructive trust to secure a loan or an outright sale. The Supreme Court upheld the District Court's dismissal of the plaintiff's claim, but there was a strong dissent arguing the transfer created a trust and the property should be returned to the plaintiff. The case is notable for its detailed analysis of constructive trusts, burden of proof, and a split decision among the judges.	Hon. Justice Mahinda Samayawardhena	View Document	View more
2024-01-09	SC/CHC/B4/2014	This is a civil appeal case (SC(H)C.A.L.A.NO. 367/16) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka, concerning a land dispute. The plaintiffs-appellants-petitioners are Yoganathan Ranjithkumar, his wife Venita, and Selvarani (widow of Sinnatty Christo), while the defendants-respondents include Kidinan Rajah (deceased), his wife Amalaranjini, and Mary Vijitha. The case centered on whether a property transfer was an outright sale or held in constructive trust as security for a loan. The Supreme Court found that the lower courts erred in upholding the constructive trust claim, set aside part of the judgment favoring the respondents, and partly allowed the appeal-highlighting issues of trust law and the burden of proof regarding property transfers.	Hon. Janak De Silva, J	View Document	View more
2025-02-25	SC/CHC/Appeal/52/2007	This is a contempt of court case (SC Contempt No: 09/2024) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka. The Registrar of the Supreme Court brought the case against Wickramage Don Dharmasiri Karunaratne, an Attorney-at-Law, for professional misconduct-specifically, accessing a Court of Appeal case file under a false name and tearing out two pages. The case is notable for involving both disciplinary proceedings for professional misconduct and criminal contempt, with the respondent accused of making derogatory statements about the court and the judicial process.	Hon. Arjuna Obeyesekere, J	View Document	View more

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DATE	CASE NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	JUDGES	DOCUMENT LINK	VIEW MORE
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2025-02-20	SC/APPEAL/37/2014	This is a civil appeal (SC Appeal 169/15) before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka involving a property dispute between Malagodage Irangamie (plaintiff) and her brother, Malagodage Thilakarathne (1st defendant), with the Ceylon Electricity Board EPF as a party. The case centered on whether a property transfer was meant as a constructive trust to secure a loan or an outright sale. The Supreme Court upheld the District Court's dismissal of the plaintiff's claim, but there was a strong dissent arguing the transfer created a trust and the property should be returned to the plaintiff. The case is notable for its detailed analysis of constructive trusts, burden of proof, and a split decision among the judges.	Hon. Justice Mahinda Samayawardhena	View Document	View more
2024-01-31	SC/FR/136/2022	This is a civil appeal, before the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka concerning a property dispute between siblings Malagodage Irangamie (plaintiff) and Malagodage Thilakarathne (1st defendant), with the Ceylon Electricity Board EPF also involved. The case centers on whether a property transfer was a constructive trust to secure a loan or an outright sale. The Supreme Court, by majority, upheld the District Court's dismissal of the plaintiff's claim, but there was a strong dissent arguing a trust existed and the property should be returned to the plaintiff. The case is notable for its detailed analysis of constructive trusts and a split judicial decision.	Hon. K. Priyantha Fernando, J	View Document	View more

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Test case id	desc	Test steps	Expected results	status
TC_FIL_01	When selected a year, the cases regarding to that year will only	1.Select “2007”	The record with the date 2007 is only appeared	pass

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