7TH AUGUST RECURSION

Q1: Given an integer, find out the sum of its digits using recursion.

```
public class DigitSum {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int n = 1234;
    int sum = sumOfDigits(n);
    System.out.println("Sum of digits: " + sum);
  }
  public static int sumOfDigits(int n) {
    if (n == 0) {
      return 0;
    }
    return n % 10 + sumOfDigits(n / 10);
  }
}
```

Q2: Given a number n, find the sum of natural numbers till n but with alternate signs.

```
public class AlternateSum {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int n = 10;
    int result = alternateSignSum(n);
    System.out.println("Alternate sign sum: " + result);
  }

public static int alternateSignSum(int n) {
    if (n == 0) {
        return 0;
    }
    if (n % 2 == 0) {
```

```
return -n + alternateSignSum(n - 1);
     } else {
       return n + alternateSignSum(n - 1);
    }
  }
Q3: Print the max value of the array [13, 1, -3, 22, 5].
```java
public class MaxValueArray {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
 int[] array = \{13, 1, -3, 22, 5\};
 int max = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
 for (int num : array) {
 if (num > max) {
 max = num;
 System.out.println("Max value: " + max);
}
Q4: Find the sum of the values of the array [92, 23, 15, -20, 10].
```java
public class ArraySum {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int[] array = {92, 23, 15, -20, 10};
     int sum = 0;
    for (int num : array) {
       sum += num;
```

```
}
    System.out.println("Sum of array values: " + sum);
  }
}
Q5: Given a number n, print if it is an Armstrong number or not.
```java
public class ArmstrongNumber {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
 int n = 153:
 boolean isArmstrong = isArmstrongNumber(n);
 if (isArmstrong) {
 System.out.println("Yes");
 } else {
 System.out.println("No");
 public static boolean isArmstrongNumber(int n) {
 int originalNumber = n;
 int sum = 0;
 int totalDigits = String.valueOf(n).length();
 while (n > 0) {
 int digit = n % 10;
 sum += Math.pow(digit, totalDigits);
 n /= 10;
 }
 return sum == originalNumber;
 }
```