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Submission By:
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1.
SELECT
  user_id,
  date,
  SUM(CASE WHEN activity_type = 'enquiry' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS
count enqs,
  SUM(CASE WHEN activity_type = 'transaction' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS
count txns
FROM enquiry txn
GROUP BY user_id, date;
2
Assumptions:
We have two tables:
• enquiries(enquiry_id, user_id, date)
   transactions(txn id, user id, date)
WITH txn_with_enq AS (
  SELECT
    t.txn_id,
    t.user id,
    t.date AS txn date,
    e.enquiry_id,
    e.date AS enquiry date,
    ROW_NUMBER() OVER (
```

```
PARTITION BY t.txn_id
      ORDER BY e.date
    ) AS rn
  FROM transactions t
  JOIN enquiries e
   ON t.user_id = e.user_id
  AND e.date <= t.date
  AND e.date >= t.date - INTERVAL '30 days'
),
linked_txns AS (
  SELECT
    enquiry_id,
    txn_id
  FROM txn_with_enq
  WHERE rn = 1
),
txn_grouped AS (
  SELECT
    e.enquiry_id,
    e.date,
    e.user_id,
    ARRAY\_AGG(l.txn\_id) \ AS \ txn\_ids
  FROM enquiries e
  LEFT JOIN linked_txns 1
   ON e.enquiry_id = 1.enquiry_id
```

```
GROUP BY e.enquiry_id, e.date, e.user_id
)

SELECT
enquiry_id,
date,
user_id,
COALESCE(txn_ids, ARRAY[]::VARCHAR[]) AS txn_ids
FROM txn_grouped;
```