



Virtual Base Class in C++ | C++ Tutorials for Beginners #44



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In this tutorial, we will discuss virtual base class in C++

Virtual Base Class in C++

The virtual base class is a concept used in multiple inheritances to prevent ambiguity between multiple instances. For example: suppose we created a class “A” and two classes “B” and “C”, are being derived from class “A”. But once we create a class “D” which is being derived from class “B” and “C” as shown in figure 1.

Virtual base class:
↑
class A Grandt
-----a+-----;

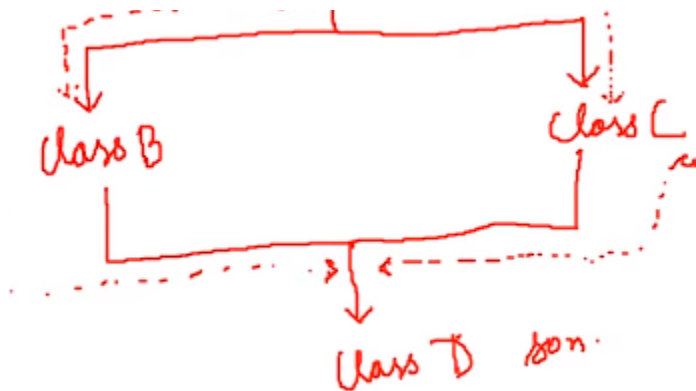


Figure 1: Virtual Base Class Example Diagram

As shown in figure 1,

1. Class “A” is a parent class of two classes “B” and “C”
2. And both “B” and “C” classes are the parent of class “D”

The main thing to note here is that the data members and member functions of class “A” will be inherited twice in class “D” because class “B” and “C” are the parent classes of class “D” and they both are being derived from class “A”.

So when the class “D” will try to access the data member or member function of class “A” it will cause ambiguity for the compiler and the compiler will throw an error. To solve this ambiguity we will make class “A” as a virtual base class. To make a virtual base class “virtual” keyword is used.

When one class is made virtual then only one copy of its data member and member function is passed to the classes inheriting it. So in our example when we will make class “A” a virtual class then only one copy of the data member and member function will be passed to the classes “B” and “C” which will be shared between all classes. This will help to solve the ambiguity.

The syntax of the virtual base class is shown in the code snippet below,

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
class A {  
public:  
    void say()  
    {  
        cout << "Hello world"<<endl;  
    }  
};  
class B : public virtual A {  
};  
class C : public virtual A {  
};  
class D : public B, public C {  
};
```

Code Snippet 1: Virtual Base Class Syntax Example Code

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